"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair today and Sunday; light to moderate south winds.
For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,622. ... NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1914.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

CARSON MADE CHIEF BY ULSTER 'SENATE'

"Provisional Government" Empowers Him to Call Province to Arms, if Necessary.

LONDON PAPERS AT WAR

Tory Papers Accused of Promoting Fake Irish Crisis: Liberal Organs of Suppressing Grave News.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, July 11.—Following the arrival in Belfast yesterday of Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster Unionist leader, the so-called Provisional Government held its first formal meeting and authorized Sir Edward to take whatever steps were deemed necessary to enforce opposition to Home Rule control in Ulster. Nothing sensational developed.

The Ulster question, however, has provoked at least one lively war—a newspaper one. As a rule each London morning paper professes to ignore the existence of competitors. The recent circulation controversy between The Times and The Daily Telegraph was a notable exception. Now The Daily Mail is at loggerheads with The Chronicle and Daily News.

Papers Accuse One Another.

The Mail this morning accuses the Liberal papers of suppressing news about Ulster, while the Liberal organs declare that the Northcliffe section of the Tory press is deliberately creating a "scare" which has no basis in facts.

The Mail has completely altered its usual make-up in order to feature the Ulster situation. "Ready for Action, Ulster's Plans Settled, Provisional Government's Decision No Subjection to Home Rule," are some extracts from the headlines to an article, to which the most prominent position on the editorial page is given. The Mail's usual leading news page is given up to photographs showing "Ireland Under Arms. The War Preparations." Several of these pictures are devoted to the women of Ulster, who are described as being as full of the fighting spirit as are the men.

Editorially The Mail replies to the charges of the Liberal papers that it is concocting scare news by charging that the Liberal press is suppressing news from Ireland.

"Nobody would imagine," says The Mail, "from glancing at the average metropolitan Radical daily newspaper, at within telephone reach of the metropolis there exists in these realms what practically is a state of war. For reasons that are not far to seek, few of the Liberal papers have had the courage to send competent and truthful special correspondents.

"If their correspondents had told the truth they would have belied the editorial utterances of the past few months, for most of our Radical contemporaries from the outset have underestimated and ridiculed the intentions of the Ulster loyalists, and as a result are now ashamed to present the facts to their readers they have thereby duped."

Says Readers Are Deserting.

The Mail goes on to say that new readers from the Liberal ranks are flocking to its standard because it does not suppress the news, and that "figures shortly will be published of the great net increase in the sale of the newspaper during the past few weeks, which will serve as a lesson to the Liberal newspaper conductors and warn them that they cannot perpetually burke a great public issue by trying to cover their misrepresentations by silence."

The Liberal papers seem ready enough to take up the challenge thrown to them. The Daily News, after describing yesterday's proceedings at Belfast as a fiasco, "Carson's great day ending in an empty farce," says editorially:

"A glance at the newspapers of Lord Northcliffe yesterday revived memories of the eve of the Boer War. Owing to the wicked determination of the Liberal journals to suppress news about the gravity of things in Ulster, these stern disciples of truth have resolved to open the eyes of the English people to the horrid facts. A corps of war correspondents has been dispatched to the scene of carnage, and we may look for such an avalanche of thrilling incident as should make our flesh creep—that is, if we don't remember the past exploits of those veracious chroniclers.

"We can only say that judging from yesterday's proceedings they will find it difficult to disturb the equanimity with which the country throughout has watched the theatrical proceeding in Ulster."

"Thunderbolt Fell—Flat."

The Chronicle takes much the same line. It says:

"On the eve of Orangemen's day the Ulster Provisional Government met. All the world waited all day for news of its tremendous decrees. At evening the thunderbolt fell—flat."

A Belfast dispatch in the same journal says:

"I do not wish to minimize the gravity of the situation. Tonight the temper of the men with rifles is serious. They are anxious to take over the Government province at once, but at present they are under control and there is no menace to peace.

"This has been the situation for

Continued on Page 4.

GLYNN TAKES THE FIELD.

Will Run for Governor if the Nomination Is Offered.

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 10.—Gov. Martin H. Glynn will accept the nomination for Governor on the Democratic ticket if his friends offer it to him, it was announced officially this afternoon at a clambake given in the Governor's honor by automobile clubs of this city, Newburgh, and Kingston.

Edward E. Perkins, Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee made this announcement:

"You can say with authority that if the Governor's friends see fit to tender him the nomination for Governor he will accept it. This is the first official statement that has been made regarding Gov. Glynn's candidacy to succeed himself."

Gov. Glynn made a speech in which he defended the workmen's compensation law.

"This law will do more to throttle socialism in this State," he said, "than all the sermons that can be preached or all the editorials that can be written. Socialism has been marching forward in this State and the only way to stifle it is by this law."

"His creed," Gov. Glynn said, "was to give everybody a chance to walk on his own legs."

ALBANY, July 10.—Gov. Glynn declined to make any comment on the statement of Edward E. Perkins, when it was read to him tonight.

LAST INCOME TAX RUSH.

About $5,000,000 Received in the Closing Ten Days.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The receipts from corporation and individual income taxes up to the close of yesterday's business, as shown in the Treasury Department statement today, indicate that if it were not for the ten days' period of grace allowed in which to pay these taxes there would have been a surplus at the close of the fiscal year of $3,900,058.15.

This was the last day of the ten-day period. If the reason generally assigned for delay in paying corporation and individual income taxes, that business men having large payments to make prefer to let their money lie in bank to get interest on daily balances up to the last moment, is correct, the receipts today were unusually large, probably $1,000,000, and would bring the total paid since June 30 up to $5,000,000.

As shown by the total receipts of corporation and individual income taxes in July the grand total of receipts from these sources for the last fiscal year really was $76,296,550. Of this amount $71,386,156 only will appear in the business of the year ending June 30, 1914, the collections in July going into the business of the present fiscal year. It is thus clear that the estimate of $73,000,000 made a year ago to be derived from these two sources was well within the mark. The excess collected will not be more than $5,000,000. Secretary McAdoo's estimate in July this year the receipts from corporation and individual income taxes will be $100,000,000.

To-day's Treasury statement shows increasing custom receipts collections. Thus far this month they exceed those of last year by $1,124,040. Treasury receipts from all sources this month were $19,953,691, as compared with $15,645,600 for the same days last year.

LABOR BILLS ADVANCED.

House Committee Acts on Anti-Efficiency and Wage Measures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Members of the House Committee on Labor, of which Representative David J. Lewis of Maryland is Chairman, today acted favorably on two bills, which, if passed, are expected to line up the labor vote in the coming Congressional elections. The committee voted to report favorably the Dietrich bill for the abolition of the so-called Taylor or "efficiency" system in Government works, and also the Maher bill for the regulation of the wages of mechanics and laborers engaged in Government work.

The Dietrich bill would prohibit the employment of the Taylor system in any Government yard, arsenal, or workshop, and would bar the use of the stopwatch as an efficiency promoter in such works. Labor organizations have been opposing the general introduction of the Taylor system in navy yards and arsenals.

The Maher bill provides for the regulation of the wages of laborers and mechanics employed "in or under any and all departments of the Government." It would provide a new method of fixing wages for employes in all the arsenals and navy yards and elsewhere under the Government. While the scale of wages is to be fixed by each of the Government departments, the bill as agreed upon today provides that the schedules upon which the wages are to be based must be prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, which is to act as a wage board and furnish the data upon which the heads of departments are to make the wage adjustments.

IN PERIL FROM STRAY BOLT.

Red Hot Bar from Equitable Building Crashes Through Office Window

Miss Glenn, Librarian of the American Bankers' Association, sits, when not otherwise engaged, at a desk right next to the window in her office on the twelfth floor of the Hanover Building commanding a fine view of the new Equitable Building in process of erection immediately across Pine Street.

Yesterday afternoon she left her desk for a moment and as she went from the room she heard a heavy crash of glass behind her. The thick window was shattered and the heavy fragments were scattered about her desk. A fiery missile suggestive of a bolt of lightning hurtled across the room, fell about twelve feet from the window and at once set fire to the hardwood floor. It proved to be a red-hot bolt intended for use in putting together the steel structure of the Equitable Building and apparently had been missed by the man with the tin can when it was thrown to him.

Col. Fred E. Farnsworth, General Secretary of the association, was out at luncheon, but his assistant, Major Fitzwilson, threw a cup of water over the bolt and put out the blaze.

COMPENSATION LAW UPHELD

New Jersey's Highest Court Says Act Is Constitutional.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 10.—The constitutionality of the employers' liability law, enacted when President Wilson was Governor, was upheld by the Court of Errors and Appeals today.

It was the first time that the State's highest court has passed on the measure. The case was that of Mrs. Elizabeth Sexton against the Newark District Telegraph Company. Her husband was killed while in the company's employ and she sued for compensation.

"DID MRS. CARMAN KILL MRS. BAILEY?"

The Brooklyn Sunday Eagle, July 12th (tomorrow) will contain a special illustrated article by Frederick Boyd Stevenson on Freeport's sensational murder case.—Adv.

QUIET ON ISLAND; MISS DAVIS THERE

Visits Penitentiary After New Mutiny of Convicts and Lays Down the Law.

UPHOLDS WARDEN HAYES

Keeps Ringleaders on Bread and Water—Sleeps in Prison Herself —To Call Militia If Needed.

Another outbreak in the Blackwell's Island Penitentiary, which kept surgeons busy sewing up heads for an hour, occupied the attention of Commissioner of Correction Katharine B. Davis yesterday. It was the fourth mutiny since the Fourth of July, and was apparently planned with precision. Three prisoners went to the hospital, and many were attended for bruises. The keepers on this occasion got the better of the fight.

This latest assault upon discipline took place at 9 o'clock in the morning, and the turmoil continued for several hours, but by nightfall a remarkable change had come over the institution. There was quiet from end to end of it.

The Commissioner went through the penitentiary from top tier to basement, she interviewed nearly a hundred prisoners, and she slept in the penitentiary last night, so as to be on the spot in case there are more disturbances today. Her last announcement to the 1,400 men in the prison before the lights were extinguished was this:

"Order will be maintained in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island, even if it necessitates the calling out of the militia. You fellows must behave. I'll have it no other way."

As the result of the series of outbreaks there are now in so-called "solitary confinement" eighteen of the worst prisoners in the penitentiary. This list includes Frank Tannenbaum, the I. W. W. agitator, who received a year's sentence for raiding a church. These eighteen ringleaders have had one slice of bread and one drink of water in the last twenty-four hours, but they were still obstreperous last night. In addition, 625 men are in their cells on a somewhat more liberal bread-and-water diet, and all privileges withdrawn.

There were indications last night that the insurrection would not die out for some time and that there would be new trouble today if the authorities permitted any of the ringleaders or any of the other 625 offenders to leave their cells. If the prisoners themselves can be believed, the trouble will never die out until Patrick Hayes, the seventy-year-old Warden of the penitentiary, leaves his post.

A squad of reporters had the freedom of the Island yesterday, and were permitted, at the direction of Commissioner Davis, to interview representative prisoners in the various wings of the prison. The general expression among the prisoners was that "Patty" Hayes was to blame for all the trouble. They pleaded with the Commissioner to discharge the Warden, and promised that order would be restored if that were done.

Miss Davis Stands By Warden.

Commissioner Davis, it can be said on her own authority, has no intention of discharging Warden Hayes. She thinks the Warden, as a strict disciplinarian, is just the man she wants for the place, and she announced that she would stand by him through the present difficulties. She praised him for the admirable way he has handled the situation so far.

"I don't care if all of the 1,400 men in the penitentiary want him to go," said the Commissioner last night. "That doesn't make any difference. Such complaints don't constitute grounds for discharge. The Grand Jury investigated Mr. Hayes for a year and found nothing against him, and I am not going to grant the requests of a lot of prisoners who feel that they can't get along with him. And we will have order."

Warden Hayes, moreover, has no desire to leave. He is a civil war veteran, and likes the fight. He was on bread and water diet himself at times when he was fighting for Lincoln, he said, and he thinks he is good for some years more. He has been more than twenty-five years in the prison service, and has been at Blackwell's Island nearly six years. Under these conditions, therefore, prophecies of more trouble seemed well founded. It will now be a fight for the supremacy of the desires of Commissioner Davis against the demands of a bad-looking lot of men in stripes.

If Warden Hayes had his way he would administer the most rigid hunger and thirst punishment. In the promulgation of this policy he clashed a little with Commissioner Davis yesterday, and last night it was decided that Tannenbaum and the other seventeen ringleaders should hereafter have three slices of bread a day instead of one, and all the water they want.

"I don't believe in starvation or thirst," Miss Davis told the warden. "I want the men to get enough food to sustain them and I insist particularly on their having plenty of water. No matter how bad a man is I don't believe he should suffer from thirst. I have had much experience and I don't believe that you can do any good by making a man thirsty."

Forty-four prisoners figured in yesterday morning's fight. They were the men on the ground floor of the north wing. They had whispered their plans from cell to cell during the night and were all prepared for trouble when ten keepers arrived at 9 o'clock to march them to a late breakfast in the mess hall.

The Battle Begins.

No sooner had the lever releasing the bars been raised at one end of the cell block than these forty-four men burst open their doors and rushed out with their heavy metal buckets. They dashed straight for the ten keepers and most of them hurled their buckets. Five keepers were struck, but the others dodged the missiles. Several pails went flying through the glass windows to be stopped when they struck the iron bars.

The keepers drew their clubs and began to beat about right and left. Prisoners fell all around them, and though some revolvers were drawn it was not found necessary to fire a shot. The noise attracted other keepers and Warden Hayes came running. The reserves pitched into the battle with their clubs, and gradually drove those who were

Continued on Page 3.

America Steadily Draining England of Her Book Treasures.

Biggest buyers at recent important sales, and at those now going on, are from this country. Read of it IN TOMORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

Also Henry Arthur Jones on shortcomings of our drama, and Mrs. Simon Baruch on how our women shirk their duties.

MARCONI NEW LINK UNDER FINAL TEST

Engineers Tune Up Apparatus in Powerful Jersey Plant of World System.

BIG CUT IN RATES COMING

Messages Which Cost 25 Cents a Word by Cable to be 17 Cents —Deferred Rate 8 Cents.

Engineers, electrical and mechanical, antennae riggers, and a half-dozen other kinds of workmen skilled in the erection of wireless equipment, went to the two stations of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company at Belmar and New Brunswick, N. J., last night to make the first tests of the apparatus by which the Marconi Company expects to establish a direct transatlantic service by Sept. 1 between this country and Wales, and from there with England and the Continent. When communication between these stations has been brought about, the most important link in the round-the-world wireless, which is to be known as the "imperial chain," will have been completed.

The tests of the New Jersey stations, which are among the most powerful in the world, will be continued without interruption throughout the twenty-four hours for many days until the efficiency of the system under all conditions has been demonstrated.

They were begun immediately after the arrival here of three Marconi engineers who completed recently twenty-four-hour tests of the stations at Towyn and Carnarvon, Wales.

Edward J. Nally, General Manager for the Marconi Company of America, said last night that he did not know exactly how long it would require to get the two stations ready for sending and receiving messages. The dynamos, which will generate the power, must be tried out, transformers and storage batteries will have to be regulated, antennae must be tested, the sending and receiving apparatus must be adjusted, and finally when everything is in order perhaps the most delicate and tedious task will be to "balance" the current.

When the new transatlantic service has been established there will be a reduction of about 40 per cent. in the present rates for Marconi messages, according to Mr. Nally, who said that the rates between the United States and Wales had been worked out on a basis that would apply to every link of the Marconi world circuit.

"The rate for first class messages will be 17 cents a word as compared with 25 cents a word by cable," said Mr. Nally. "Furthermore, a deferred plan has been worked out for plain language messages for which the rate will be 8 cents a word, or about half the rate for first-rate messages. In addition to these cuts arrangements have been made for reductions in the rates for night letters, and a similar reduction will apply to week-end letters.

"We have rented an office at 42 Broad Street, near the Stock Exchange, for the accommodation of the financial district. Next we expect to open a branch office in Twenty-third Street, near Madison Square, and this office will be intended to accommodate the woolen and light goods trade. In time, as business requires it, we will open other branches."

When the service is inaugurated in September, the messages will all be received at the Broad Street office. Direct connections will be established between the Broad Street office and the sending station at New Brunswick. An operator sitting at his key in the office here in Manhattan will break the sparks that start the wireless waves rippling from the New Jersey station to the receiving station on the other side of the Atlantic. This achievement has been made possible by the application of a very simple electrical principle. The ordinary key used by wireless operators would not break the spark that will be used in the New Brunswick, hence the key operates a disk which breaks the current and gives off the spark. The operator in the Broad Street office will be able to send about 30 words a minute, and at this rate 42,200 words can be transmitted in twenty-four hours.

The receiving station at Belmar will be able to take at the rate of 100 words a minute the messages it receives from the other side of the Atlantic. This is made possible by an automatic sender, which will relay these messages about three times as fast as they could be transmitted by an operator.

In order to maintain the twenty-four-hour service at the Belmar receiving station, Mr. Nally said a staff of fifty-five men would be necessary. They will work in three relays of eight hours, and each shift is made up of operators and electrical and mechanical engineers, who will keep the equipment in order. For the comfort and convenience of this large staff of wireless men the Marconi Company has built a hotel and club, and at both places the men held a housewarming yesterday before they started the tests of the equipment.

The New Jersey stations are only two of eighteen that are now nearing completion in the world circuit. About a year and a half will be required to put all into working order. Messages across the United States will be sent between the New Jersey stations and two high-power stations at Bolinas and Marshall, Cal. California is linked to the Orient by stations in Japan and Honolulu. With the exception of the stations in England, China, and Japan, which are under Government control, all the others are owned by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company.

The Marconi Company has under construction two other high power wireless stations at Marian and Chatham, at Cape Cod, which will be completed in October. Communication will be established between these stations and another high power station at Stavenger, Norway, which has been erected by the Norwegian Government. The Cape Cod and Stavenger stations will handle all the North European service including messages for Russia.

At present the Marconi Company's transatlantic wireless service is between Glace Bay, Nova Scotia, and Clifden, Ireland. A message from New York to London is sent by wire 700 miles to Glace Bay and relayed by wire from Clifden 500 miles to London. This takes under the best conditions five minutes. When the new stations were opened Mr. Nally said a message could be sent direct from Broad Street through the New Brunswick station to Towyn, Wales, a distance of approximately 3,000 miles, and then sent by wire 150 miles to London, in less than three minutes.

HOST OF POLICE TO CHECK ANARCHISTS

Memorial Demonstration in Union Square Today, but No Parade.

MUST NOT DISPLAY URNS

Captain and 40 Men in Each Precinct Ordered to be Ready for Trouble.

The Police Department ordered last night that a Captain, a Lieutenant, two Sergeants, and forty patrolmen from every police station in Manhattan be held in readiness for duty in Union Square this afternoon to see that the law is not violated during the demonstration that the anarchists, I. W. W. agitators, and others of similar organizations purpose to hold in memory of three anarchists killed in the Lexington Avenue explosion last Saturday.

Alexander Berkman, the anarchist leader and editor of Mother Earth, announced last night that the parade which was to have been held in connection with the demonstration had been abandoned, and that the only ceremony of any kind would be the memorial meeting in Union Square. This announcement followed a statement by Mayor Mitchel to the effect that the police had been instructed to prevent the anarchists and others parading in the city.

The Mayor held a conference in the City Hall with Police Commissioner Woods, City Chamberlain Bruere and Corporation Counsel Polk.

"There will be no parade tomorrow," said Mayor Mitchel, "and the Police Commissioner and I agree that to permit such a parade as planned would lead to disorder and a possible breach of the peace. Furthermore, it is the general policy of the city, so far as I know, has been not to permit private persons to hold funerals in the public streets or parks. I will also state that the free speech policy of the administration will be continued and these and other persons may meet in peaceable public assemblage under the conditions laid down in the statutes and will be protected in their constitutional rights."

Not only will the parade be prohibited but the anarchists have been told that they must not exhibit during the meeting the urns containing the ashes of Arthur Caron, Frank Hanson, and Charles Berg, the three men killed in the bomb explosion last Saturday.

When Berkman was informed of the Mayor's statement he called a meeting of the members of the committee that is arranging the memorial demonstration in the offices of Mother Earth at 74 West 119th Street, and at its conclusion Berkman issued the following statement:

"In view of the evident discrimination of the authorities against us in the matter of forcing us to remove the bodies, though we hold that there were good reasons for keeping them as there was incomplete identification and lack of various parts of bodies, and also in view of the police determination to prevent our plain, dignified and impressive funeral procession, the Anti-Militarist League and Mother Earth Association, whose auspices the memorial demonstration is to take place, have decided to abandon the funeral procession because we do not want to precipitate any violence at the present time, however indignant resentment on our part may be.

"Our sole purpose is to pay fitting tribute to our dead comrades. We will concentrate all our efforts on our memorial demonstration at Union Square, which will take place as originally planned at 2 P. M. Saturday, July 11."

The speakers at the meeting this afternoon will include Berkman, Charles W. Plinkeet, Rebecca Edelson, Leonard Abbott, and Emma Goldman, if she arrives in the city from the West in time.

PRESIDENT IS CAPTURED.

Seeks to Elude Secret Service Guards and Walk Alone, but Fails.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10. — Shortly after 10 o'clock this morning a distinguished looking man came out of the White House and stood for a moment on the portico at the main entrance. He was attired in a linen suit and carried a small bundle of papers. Soon he swung into a brisk walk toward the East front gate, nodding pleasantly to those he met. Many turned to watch him as he strode along.

It was, of course, the President of the United States. But where were the secret service guards? Never since the days when Col. Roosevelt used to slip away occasionally had a Chief Executive gone out from the White House without these sleuths about him.

Suddenly there was a commotion in the vicinity of the Executive Offices. Two husky men of the secret service ranks were seen rushing across the lawn. The President quickened his pace, appeared to be about to run, and then gave up the race. As the men, out of breath, caught up with him, he said:

"I came very near getting away that time."

The President was out on a little personally conducted shopping expedition. He stpped at his bank, inquired about his balance, and then looked over some new clothes at a down-town tailor's.

PROTESTS AT OUR FIRE.

Bordas of Santo Domingo Complains of Gunboat's Action.

SANTO DOMINGO, July 10.—The National steamer Viking, which arrived here today from Puerto Plata, reports that the United States battleship South Carolina and the gunboat Machias recently bombarded the Bordas camp at San Marcos. President Bordas has been engaged in an attempt to drive out the revolutionists at Puerta Plata.

The Dominican Government, it is understood, has entered a protest against the action of the United States warships.

Revolutionists who invaded the Santo Domingo district have been routed and are being pursued by Government troops. Reports from the north say that conditions there are quiet and that the rebels at La Vega and Santiago de los Caballeros have disbanded.

It was officially reported from Washington on Wednesday that the Machias had been hit by shots from shore and had replied, silencing the guns there.

"DANCE ON THE NEW STEAMER "Mandalay." See Time Table. Adv.

DR. CARMAN BLOCKS SEARCH FOR WOMEN

Closes Books When Names of Two Who Fled from Murder Scene Are Sought.

CRITICISED BY PROSECUTOR

Bardes, Leading Witness, Under Fire of Defense—Bailey Says Police Work Is Inefficient.

Special to The New York Times.

FREEPORT, L. I., July 10.—District Attorney Lewis J. Smith was checkmated in his effort to trace the two women patients who fled from the waiting room of Dr. Edwin Carman when Mrs. Lulu D. Bailey was murdered in the office, to discover whether Mrs. Bailey had visited there before and to get a list of other women who might be connected with the shooting. His work was halted abruptly by Dr. Carman himself, it was learned here late this evening.

District Attorney Smith announced that Dr. Carman, after consenting to allow him to examine his books for the information he desired, suddenly said that he had changed his mind and refused to permit the examination.

"We started to do it, but he stopped us," the District Attorney said. "I feel that Dr. Carman can tell us a great deal more. If Dr. Carman would tell us what we believe he knows I feel we could clear up this thing in five minutes."

The District Attorney said he feared the doctor, by pleading professional privilege, might permanently defy any efforts to get at the office records. He also said he would not be surprised if his investigation would establish definitely that Dr. Carman and Mrs. Bailey were better acquainted than the Doctor and Mrs. Bailey's relatives testified they were at the Coroner's inquest.

Thomas Murray, County detective, and a Burns detective, in searching the office of Dr. Carman and the rest of the house for the revolver with which the murder was committed, used a magnet strong enough to lift a .38 calibre weapon fully loaded. This magnet, they let down in the inside of the walls of the house. The search was rewarded in a measure when the magnet fished up the metal headpiece of the dictograph which had been used by Mrs. Carman, and which had been concealed in the attic.

Mrs. Carman in Conferences.

In her cell in the County Jail at Mineola, Mrs. Carman, the physician's wife, charged with murder, spent a quiet and apparently comfortable day. She received a visit from her husband, and held a conference with him and with her attorney.

It was announced by the District Attorney that he and the Carman lawyer had agreed to postpone until Tuesday, July 21, the examination of Mrs. Carman before Justice of the Peace Norton, who ordered her arrest on the murder charge. Meanwhile, beginning on next Tuesday, it was said, the Grand Jury would take up the case.

Determined efforts were made to-day by the Carman lawyer to break down the testimony of Elwood T. Bardes, the insurance collector who said that immediately after the shot killed Mrs. Bailey, he saw a woman whose description fitted that given of Mrs. Carman on the evening in question, walking away from the window of the office where the murder was done. To discredit Bardes, Garland Gaden, the actor who alone accompanied and corroborated Dr. Carman in the automobile on the night he alleged a murderous attack was made on him, was busy all day seeking persons who might be able to tell things of Bardes.

Following Gaden's findings, a conference was held here to-night by him, Dr. Carman, the Carman lawyer, and Val O'Farrel, detective, at which counsel was taken about how Bardes might be identified by persons Gaden had seen and how his testimony might be discredited with affidavits. The District Attorney insisted that he himself had had Bardes's character looked up, and that he was perfectly satisfied with the reliability and credibility of the witness.

District Attorney Smith early this afternoon said he would give out only this brief typewritten statement about the Carman case:

"The examination before the Magistrate in the case of The People versus Florence C. Carman has been adjourned by stipulation to July 21. The District Attorney has consented that the attorney for the defendant may if he desires interview the witness Bardes.

"Bardes is in the Mineola jail as a material witness. The case will be presented to the Grand Jury on Tuesday, July 14, and proceeded with as speedily as possible."

Mr. Smith Checkmated

Later it was brought to Mr. Smith's attention that the Carman lawyer had boasted that the District Attorney hereafter would issue no statement without his knowledge. Mr. Smith proceeded to disprove this by telling as much about the case as his duties of office permitted. He said so far he had been unable to find any trace of the two women who had been in the waiting room and told how Dr. Carman had blocked him last night by suddenly refusing to permit the examination of his books, to which he had first consented. He did this himself, said Mr. Smith, and not through his lawyer.

"And I fear he can plead professional privilege and that the statute allows him to do so, as a physician, just as it allows a lawyer to refuse to divulge anything that may reveal the secrets of his clients."

"Could you not subpoena his books?" he was asked.

"I fear not," answered Mr. Smith.

"Has your investigation established definitely that there was a previous acquaintance between Dr. Carman and Mrs. Bailey?" he was asked.

Mr. Smith did not answer.

"Or do you think it will show such a previous acquaintance?"

"I wouldn't be at all surprised if it would," was all the District Attorney would answer. He added that he thought the previous acquaintance would turn out to have been in a professional relation.

"I feel that Dr. Carman can tell a

Continued on Page 2.

ASHORE ON LABRADOR COAST

Steamer Invermore, with Passengers and Freight from St. John's.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 10.—The steamer Invermore of the Reid Newfoundland Railway Company is ashore near Brig Harbor, on the Labrador coast. She carries passengers, mail and freight from this city. No particulars of her condition have been received.

The Invermore is an iron single-screw steamer, built in 1881, by Barclay Curle & Co., of Glasgow, and first named Dromedary. She is 250 feet, seven inches long, with thirty-foot beam, fourteen feet seven inches depth of hold, and 975 gross tonnage. The Invermore is commanded by Capt. J. Kanel. She carries wireless apparatus and has an electric light installation.

PERIL FROM FORT'S FIRE.

Residents of Hull, Mass., Want Practice Shelling Stopped.

HULL, Mass., July 10.—Excited by the dropping of two shells from harbor forts on a thickly populated district at Allerton Hill today, citizens of the town tonight held a protest meeting and telegraphed to the Secretary of War at Washington to have firing stopped. The telegram, signed by the Selectmen, declared that the residents were hysterical.

One of the shells fell within a few feet of a child, which was struck by some of the dirt it threw up. Another dropped near the building of the Beacon Club.

MAYOR HELD IN CONTEMPT.

Federal Judge Imposes $100 Fine on Terre Haute Executive.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 10.—Don M. Roberts, Mayor of Terre Haute, was fined $100 and costs by Judge Francis E. Baker in the Federal District Court today. Roberts was accused of contempt of court because he interfered with the work of cleaning a Terre Haute sewer ordered by United States Judge A. B. Anderson.

After hearing the testimony and the arguments in the case, Judge Baker found Mayor Roberts guilty of technical contempt, and imposed the fine. He accepted Mayor Roberts's apology.

FAILED FOR $9,750,000.

Wolf Wertheim Stores Assets Not Enough for a Dividend.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 10.—The failure of the Wolf Wertheim Department Stores, which were owned by the "Princes' Trust," came up in the Bankruptcy Court today.

All previous forecasts in regard to the dimensions of the failure were exceeded by the revelation that there are $9,750,000 liabilities owing to 3,000 creditors with not sufficient assets in sight to make possible the declaration of any dividend whatever.

Wolf Wertheim, who is now in London, and who is to be prosecuted here for alleged slanderous references to the "Princes' Trust," the Deutsche Bank and others, affirms that the defunct concern owes him $3,400,000.

UNION SUES FOR COSTS.

Gets Picketing Injunction Dissolved and Wants Lumber Co. to Pay.

CHICAGO, July 10.—A suit by a labor union against a group of companies described as "the Lumber trust," asking $350,000 damages, was filed here today. The suit was the result of the action of Circuit Judge Heard, a few hours before, in dissolving an injunction which for two years restrained the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners from picketing and other action in its strike against the Anderson & Lind Manufacturing Company.

The damages were asked to cover attorney's fees, court expenses, salaries of officers, loss of time for union members, and reimbursement for the alleged loss of contracts during the term of the injunction.

The list of defendants included the Anderson & Lind Manufacturing Company, Chicago; Payne Lumber Company, Oshkosh, Wis.; the McMillen Lumber Company, Racine, Wis., and other firms and corporations to be named later."

TO LOSE DAY OFF AS FINE.

Cash Levy on Firemen Hurts Only Their Families, Says Adamson.

Fire Commissioner Adamson announced yesterday that he would adopt a new policy in dealing with firemen for infractions of the rules of the Fire Department. In the past the firemen have been fined several days' pay and this had worked a hardship on their families. Hereafter, instead of fining a fireman in money, he will be deprived of his day off until the amount of the fine is paid.

"The system of fining in the department has been very unsatisfactory," said Commissioner Adamson. "I have noticed that firemen generally break the rules of the department following their day off.

"When they are brought up on charges and fined from five to ten days' pay, according to the offense, it has worked a hardship on their families. The loss of pay, because of the fine, directly affects the mother and children and not the fireman. Under the new plan the fireman will be the real sufferer and not his family. The plan is used in the United States Army with great success."

GREEK NAVY BARS RUM

And Count Tsukalas Says It Caused a Big Improvement.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—The recent order issued by the Secretary of the Navy prohibiting the use of intoxicating liquors aboard warships was praised today by Count P. D. Tsukalas of the Greek Navy. The Count, who is a navy Captain, said the order ought to make a big improvement in the efficiency of the service.

Count Tsukalas said that Greece had enforced a similar order for many years and had found it beneficial in every way. The officers, he said, were permitted to partake of beer and light wines on land and at mess on the ships. The crew were never permitted to have liquors of any kind, and even the officers were not allowed to use them between meals.

"Since the promulgation of the order the efficiency of the navy has increased 50 per cent.," said the Count. "The men are keener of mind and brighter, more alert and more active. A man with a befuddled brain should not have charge of anything, because he hasn't even charge of himself. It is plain to be seen that a man even partly under the influence of liquor is not in condition to obey his orders intelligently and perform his duties efficiently."

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH Holds pipe and tobacco. At the Schulte stores.—Adv.

HUERTA NAMES FRIEND OF REBELS

Chief Justice Carbajal Made Foreign Minister, and Therefore in Line of Succession.

PAVES THE WAY FOR PEACE

Facilitates Establishment of Provisional Government Required by Protocol.

MOHENO ATTACKS WILSON

Holds Him Solely Responsible for Huerta's Downfall — To Denounce President Here.

CONFERENCE PLAN REJECTED

Washington Awaits Formal Reply to Mediators, Knowing How Carranza's Generals Voted on It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 10.—What is regarded as the first step in the organization of the new Provisional Government which is expected to succeed President Huerta's was taken when Chief Justice Francisco Carbajal was appointed Minister of Foreign Relations, and with other appointees to Cabinet vacancies took the oath of office at the National Palace this evening.

The other Ministerial appointments are: Salome Botello, Minister of Commerce and Industry; Arturo Alvaradejo, Communications, and Carlos Rincon Gallardo, Agriculture.

Roberto Esteva Ruiz, Sub-Secretary of Foreign Relations, who has been Acting Secretary for some time past, was slated for Minister of Commerce and Industry, but at the last moment it was decided to keep him in the Foreign Office.

Huerta's other Ministers retain their portfolios.

The ceremony of swearing in was simple, each new Minister protesting before President Huerta his allegiance to the Constitution. All military officers who were not on active service were present in full uniform.

"I come to this department animated by a desire to maintain the most cordial understanding with foreign Governments and compatibly with the honor and dignity of the Republic to facilitate the re-establishment of our relations with the Government of the United States."

This statement was made by the new Foreign Minister to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent at the Foreign Office immediately after he had taken the oath of office this evening.

When asked about the revolutionists Señor Carbajal said he had as yet no programme, but that he would always be on the side of the policy of the broadest nationalism.

The Cabinet reorganization this evening came as a complete surprise, the swearing in of new Ministers having generally taken place at noon. The appointment of Francisco Carbajal is regarded as an olive branch held out to the revolutionists, as he is known as a sympathizer with the revolution, and his assignment to the premiership places him in the direct line of the Presidential succession in case of a vacancy in the supreme magistracy. The other appointees, Arturo Alvaradejo, Salome Botello, and Carlos Rincon Gallardo are all Huetistas; but these appointments are without particular significance, for in the event of a Provisional Government being organized they would naturally be succeeded by other men acceptable to the revolutionists.

The main fact is that Carbajal's appointment shows a disposition on the part of the Huerta Government to facilitate an agreement with the revolutionists and pave the way for the establishment of the Provisional Government called for by the Niagara Falls protocol.

Roberto Esteva Ruiz will leave here tomorrow for Vera Cruz, en route to Europe. It is expected that he will go later to South America to thank the Argentine, Brazilian, and Chilean Governments for their mediation. The Brazilian Minister has communicated with Consul Canada at Vera Cruz bespeaking courtesies for him.

A special train is in readiness tonight at the Mexican Railway station, and it is expected that important persons will depart.

MEXICO CITY, July 10.—The Chamber of Deputies will meet on Monday to discuss the Presidential elections. It is understood that they will be declared null and void, but what further steps will be taken in connection with the elections is a matter of conjecture.

BLANQUET "WITHOUT NEWS."

War Minister's Only Answer When Questioned About Guadalajara.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 10.—"We are without news" was the only statement Gen. Blanquet would make when THE NEW YORK TIMES dispatch announcing the capture of Guadalajara was shown to him this morning.

The fact is common knowledge here,

but it is not published in the newspapers, which merely announces that fighting occurred near Guadalajara, the rebels claiming the advantage.

MEXICO CITY, July 10.—Adolfo de la Lama, Mexican Minister of Finances, left the capital at 7 o'clock this morning for Vera Cruz, whence he is to sail on board the French liner Espagne for Europe. It was reported that his object was to carry out a financial mission for the Federal Government.

The train was divided into two sections, owing to the large number of French citizens and Mexicans on their way to the coast to depart on the Espagne. A strong military escort accompanied each section.

REBELS' REJECTION CERTAIN.

Formal Answer to the Mediators Momentarily Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, First Chief of the Constitutionalist forces in Mexico, will not accept the invitation of the mediators to send representatives to confer with the Huerta delegates and agree upon a provisional President and Government for Mexico.

The final answer of Gen. Carranza is expected to reach Washington momentarily, and will be transmitted at once to Dr. Romulo S. Naon, the Argentine Minister, one of the mediators, who left this afternoon for Buena Vista, Penn., where his family is spending the Summer. Though Gen. Carranza's answer to the mediators has not been received, the members of the Constitutionalist confidential agency are now satisfied as to what its character will be.

A message came today from Gen. Carranza to Señor Zubaran, confirming the news report from Laredo, Texas, several days ago that the Generals of the Eastern and Central Armies, consulted by Gen. Carranza, had voted against accepting the mediators' invitation for conferences with the Huerta delegates respecting the internal affairs of Mexico. The message stated that all the Generals and chiefs, except those of Gen. Obregon, had been heard from in the Carranza referendum, and that they had voted solidly in favor of maintaining the Plan of Guadalupe, and continuing the Constitutionalist campaign until Mexico City had been captured or evacuated.

Although Gen. Obregon has not been officially heard from, a telegram received from him by Gen. Carranza and forwarded to Washington shows that he is also in favor of standing by the Plan of Guadalupe. The replies received by Gen. Carranza from many of his Generals indicated that they considered the proposals for meetings between Carranza and Huerta delegates as essentially a phase of mediation, while others felt that acceptance of the proposals would in some way be interpreted by Mexicans as involving the Constitutionalists in the mediation movement.

Word has reached the Constitutionalist confidential agency here that the leaders in the rebel army are now anxious to carry their campaign forward toward the capture of Mexico City, and that they think the Plan of Guadalupe should be observed. This would mean that after the capture of Mexico City, the Constitutionalists would install a military Government headed by Gen. Carranza as First Chief, who would take charge of the executive power, and arrange for the elections for a new Congress, which, when elected, would enact legislation calling for special elections for the regular President and Vice President.

Constitutionalists here are jubilant over the capture of Guadalajara by Gen. Alvaro Obregon's Army of the Northwest. They feel that the capture, coming swiftly on the heels of the taking of Zacatecas and the decisive character of both victories, combined with the disinclination of the Generals of the Eastern, Northern, and Central Armies to favor conferences with the Huerta delegates, render it impossible for the Constitutionalists to enter upon any discussion of Mexican internal affairs with the Huerta delegates. Constitutionalists asserted tonight that the situation had reached the point where the Huerta Government must surrender its control to the Constitutionalists.

Members of the junta think the fall of Guadalajara is the beginning of the end of Huerta. They say that the city is the centre of a rich country upon which the Mexican capital has been depending for most of its food supplies, and that these will now be cut off.

The rebel representatives in Washington expect the American Government to recognize the Government that they plan to set up in the Mexican capital.

CARRANZA IS SATISFIED.

Results of Torreon Conference Please Him—Villa 'Vindicated,' Too.

SALTILLO, July 10.—The conference in Torreon which met to adjust differences between Carranza and Villa has completed its labors to the satisfaction of the First Chief of the Constitutionalists, according to announcement made tonight by Gustavo Ezpinosa Morelos, Gen. Carranza's private secretary. Details of the conference were not made public.

It was announced, however, that all Generals of the Division of the North, commanded by Villa, had reaffirmed their recognition of Carranza's authority and again expressed their adherence to the plan of Guadalupe.

It was stated that the troops under Gen. Villa and those under Gen. Pablo Gonzales would move southward tomorrow in a combined campaign with Mexico City as their goal.

The expressions from Villa's Generals came in long telegrams of a congratulatory nature, to which Carranza replied similarly.

TORREON, July 10.—Vindication of the conduct of Gen. Villa, his speedy return to the front of the central advance on Mexico City, with Gen. Felipe Angeles as chief of artillery and the clear definition of Gen. Villa's attitude toward the First Chief of the Constitutionalists, Gen. Carranza, are reported to be the cardinal points of a statement of their discussions soon to be issued.

The statement will be based upon a protocol covering the transactions of the conferees, which was signed before the adjournment.

The Carranza delegates immediately on signing the protocol departed for Saltillo.

VILLA WIRES HE'S ALIVE.

"Better Than Ever for Fighting the Foes of the People."

In reply to a message of inquiry sent him by THE NEW YORK TIMES, after the receipt of press dispatches announcing his assassination at the hands of a woman, Gen. Francisco Villa has sent the following:

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TORREON, July 9, via El Paso, July 10.—It is not true that I am dead. At present I feel better than ever for fighting the foes of the people.

FRANCISCO VILLA,
General-in-Chief.

DEPORTS A CORRESPONDENT.

Secretary Garrison Orders Fred Boalt Out of Vera Cruz.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Secretary Garrison has enforced for the first time the new army regulations governing war correspondents in the case of Fred Boalt, a Cleveland newspaper man with Funston's brigade at Vera Cruz. Boalt was charged with sending out sensational and untrue dispatches. Secretary Garrison has revoked his credentials as a correspondent with the field army and ordered his deportation to the United States.

As the dispatches in question also involved the navy, Secretary Garrison has stayed the execution of his order until Secretary Daniels has had opportunity for investigation.

MOHENO DENOUNCES WILSON'S POLICY

Coming Here to Expose "The Greatest Injustice Ever Done a Nation."

CHARGES ANNEXATION PLOT

"Secret Platform" of Roosevelt, He Says, Provided for Seizure—Wilson Implicated.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, July 10.—Querido Moheno, formerly President Huerta's Foreign Minister, arrived from Puerto Mexico on the French liner Espagne this morning, and issued a statement violently attacking President Wilson for his part in the downfall of the dictator's Government. While holding the President solely responsible for Mexico's present difficulties, however, he said that his course was the logical consequence of what Mexicans considered the imperialistic policy of the United States which led to the occupation of the Panama Canal Zone. He said that Mexicans would inevitably cherish bitter hatred for Americans for many years to come, since they would be unable to attribute their actions toward the republic to any motives other than those of national selfishness.

Señor Moheno intimated that President Huerta was about to grant an oil concession, possibly carrying a monopoly, to a large concern which had befriended his Government, adding that this was the reason for his own resignation, since he was unable to agree with the President's policy. However, he defended President Huerta personally, denying that he was guilty of the death of Madero, and saying that the United States had done Mexico the greatest injustice which any nation had suffered in the whole history of the civilized world.

The ex-Minister said that the present American policy threatened the civilization of all Latin America, and that he was going to the United States to write a book in defense of Huerta and his administration, and to expose in lectures and interviews the motives of the American Government in the present situation and the events leading up to it.

He said he was unable to say whether Gen. Huerta thought of resigning, since he had not spoken to him for more than a month, but he had seen no indication of such an intention. He added, however, that he considered the fall of the Huerta Government inevitable, as he would that of any which had been established by violence and based its hopes of permanence upon force of arms rather than the consent of the governed.

Señor Moheno showed much feeling regarding the American occupation of Vera Cruz, asserting that this was not justified by any known precedent, and had been carried out by taking a base advantage of the trust of Gen. Huerta, who had allowed American warships to remain here longer than international usage permitted.

Shakes His Fist at Our Flag.

By The Associated Press.

VERA CRUZ, July 10.—Querido Moheno, on his way to Cuba and the United States, today on board the Espagne bitterly denounced the policy of the United States toward Mexico.

As he sat in the forward saloon of the French liner, Moheno looked through a porthole toward the American flag flying in Vera Cruz and shook his fist in rage.

He insisted that he was in a position to produce proofs that there existed a "secret platform" of the Progressive Party in the United States, of which Col. Roosevelt was cognizant and in which he concurred, looking to the disruption of Mexico and the ultimate acquisition by the United States of all the territory between the Rio Grande and Panama.

The ex-Minister said that Francisco Escudero, who was Minister of Foreign Relations in Carranza's Cabinet, had letters which were conclusive evidence of his allegations, and he said he hoped to be able to produce these letters at the proper time. He added:

"And not only were the leaders of the Progressive Party pledged to this policy, but politicians of both the Republican and Democratic Parties had promised their secret support.

"That President Wilson himself had subscribed to this iniquitous conspiracy is evidenced by his attitude toward Mexico. Does it not appear so to you?

"Not a single American in all the hundred million population of the United States can give a satisfactory answer as to why those troops are there on shore in Vera Cruz."

As he said this he shook his hand in the direction of the city.

Señor Moheno frankly admitted that armed intervention in Mexico would come finally.

One of the revelations he promises to make in New York is of the manner in which President Madero and Vice President Pino-Suarez were killed. He said:

"I will say this now: I am confident Gen. Huerta had nothing to do with the assassination of these men. It was a political blunder, and it was inevitable that it should result in a revolution which all thinking Mexicans now concede practically to have triumphed."

Refuses to Land in Vera Cruz.

When asked if he was going ashore while the ship remained in port, Señor Moheno replied:

"Going ashore? No, not I! It is not a pleasant spectacle for any patriotic Mexican. However, do not think I am afraid to do so. I do not fear the Americans, nor do I fear my own people.

"I left President Huerta's Cabinet because I was asked to," continued Señor Moheno. "Huerta did not give me a reason. I am not running away because I fear the rebels when they get there—and their coming is inevitable. In the first place, I do not fear them because I am not a military man, and, in the second, I have always befriended any poor devil who was persecuted by the Government. No crime of that character can be attributed to me, as it was in the case of Urrutia."

Traveling on the same boat as the ex-Minister are Gen. Joaquin Maass and Col. Mario Maass, relatives of Huerta, and their families. The only apparent reason for the flight of the Maass brothers was to escape from the capital before its fall, which they admitted to be inevitable.

Brig. Gen. Funston sent an officer aboard the Espagne before the ship docked to ascertain the intentions of Señor Moheno and Gen. Maass. He feared to have them come ashore on account of the probability of an unfriendly reception by the Mexicans of this port. Both were assured, if they cared to come ashore, that they would receive military protection against their own people.

Señor Moheno trembled visibly while talking to the Lieutenant, and he was apparently holding himself in restraint. He assured the officer that he had no desire to leave the ship.

Gen. Maass was very surly. He thanked the Lieutenant for Gen. Funston's offer, but with noticeable sarcasm assured him that none of his party would land under the American flag.

Ridiculous, Says Colonel's Secretary.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, July 10.—Col. Roosevelt was in conference with ex-Secretary Joseph B. Bishop of the Panama Canal Commission tonight when THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent sought an interview in connection with the charges made by Querido Moheno, formerly Mexican Minister of Commerce and Labor. Mr. Moheno asserted that there was a secret platform of the Progressive party, of which the Colonel was cognizant, looking to the disruption of Mexico and the ultimate annexation of Panama. The Colonel refused to be disturbed except on a matter of importance.

His secretary, John McGrath, read the dispatch and then characterized it as too ridiculous and preposterous to bother the Colonel about.

PANAMA BROADSIDE BY ROOSEVELT SOON

Colonel Consults with Ex-Secretary Bishop of the Commission.

THE ATTACKS ANNOY HIM

Plays Some Tennis and Refuses to Discuss the Sulzer Bugaboo—Laughs at "Bill-Ted" Personal.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, July 10.—A reply to those who have been attacking his policy in laying the ground for the building of the Panama Canal may soon be expected from Col. Roosevelt. He had as his guest at dinner tonight Joseph B. Bishop, who was secretary of the Panama Canal Commission under Roosevelt.

While the Colonel has refused to enter into any controversy as yet with those who have attacked him in connection with the Canal, it has become more and more evident that he has been much annoyed. It is understood that he went over the whole situation tonight with Mr. Bishop in preparation for firing a broadside, and to refresh his memory on certain points so that he will be stocked fully with ammunition when he begins campaigning.

A personal advertisement published in a newspaper, which read, "Bill, if you are in trouble, come to see me. Ted," was shown to the Colonel. He was asked whether the "Bill" meant "Bill" Taft, "Bill" Barnes, or "Bill" Sulzer. The Colonel made no comment, but he laughed heartily.

The reports that ex-Gov. Sulzer would enter the Progressive primaries and make a fight for the nomination for Governor unless Col. Roosevelt consented to enter the race were met with grim silence at Sagamore Hill. Even a statement in an afternoon newspaper that the action taken by the Colonel would play a big part in the course he (Sulzer) was to follow failed to bring forth so much as a murmur.

Followers of Roosevelt here came to the conclusion that the Colonel, realizing the many complications which the latest development has brought about, felt that the wisest course to pursue was to ignore the matter entirely until it had been thoroughly discussed with the leaders.

The discussion about Sulzer and his chances of beating any other candidate than Col. Roosevelt in the Progressive primaries was general today among the Nassau County followers of Roosevelt. Robert Seaman, Secretary of the County Committee, said tonight that he had read the interview with Sulzer.

"Yes, I think it would be a bad thing for the Progressive Party if Sulzer captured the nomination," he said. "I am not convinced yet that he could do so, even if Col. Roosevelt does not run. Therefore I am not satisfied that the Colonel should enter the race, and I hope that we can get some other strong man. However, nothing is settled in my mind on that point. I see Sulzer says he has not decided yet whether he will enter the Bull Moose primaries. We can tell more about how things shape up in a little while."

Some of Col. Roosevelt's close friends in the county are clinging to the belief that the Colonel should not run, despite the reports of the "Sulzer danger." Among them is ex-Congressman W. W. Cocks. He said tonight that he thought the Colonel ought to keep out of the race, and that he was with the Nassau County delegation in the first stand they took when they saw the Colonel last Wednesday.

"Those men were all close friends of Roosevelt," he said, "and they thought it would be a big mistake for him to enter the race."

Col. Roosevelt went in for some vigorous exercise today and played three sets of tennis with his son Archie, the first tennis he has played since his return from South America. He seemed in robust health.

SAYS COLONEL CAN'T RUN.

Perkins Says He Should Not Be Forced Into State Race.

ELMIRA, N. Y., July 10.—At a banquet of the Progressives of this Congressional District here tonight, George W. Perkins, Chairman of the National Executive Committee of the party, said that Col. Roosevelt's work was of national scope and that he should not be forced into a State campaign as a candidate for Governor. Mr. Perkins assailed the Wilson Administration, saying it sought to force upon the country conditions which prevailed many years ago and out of which present national evils had grown.

Mr. Perkins had little to say on the situation in New York State, his general theme being the reason why the Progressive Party is in the field.

BUNAU-VARILLA HERE.

Head of Old Panama Co. Thinks Engineers Have Conquered Slide.

Philippe Bunau-Varilla, director general of the old French Panama Canal Co. and negotiator of its sale to the United States government, arrived yesterday from Paris on the French liner France on his way to Panama to see a ship go through the Canal.

"It will be thirty years on the sixth of next October," said M. Bunau-Varilla, "since I first went to the Isthmus of Panama and when I see with my own eyes a ship passing through the Canal from the Pacific to the Atlantic I shall believe it."

"Do you think that the United States Army engineers have conquered the big slides in the Culebra Cut and that they will be able to open the Canal according to schedule," he was asked.

"Yes, I believe the worst difficulties have been overcome," he replied, "and that ships will be able to go through from one ocean to the other at the end of the wet season about December or January."

"Are you still in favor of a sea level canal in preference to a lock canal?"

"Yes. My opinion has always been in favor of the sea-level canal, but I would build a lock canal first, because it is more economical to dig a narrow canal in the dry, and then widen it out afterward by water works into a sea-level canal.

"Working with dredges and transporting dirt and machinery by water is far cheaper than it is by land. It has been stated that it would be necessary to have a lock for the canal on the Pacific Coast, but that is incorrect. There are no locks needed at the mouth of the Thames or the Seine, where the rise and fall of the tide is the same as it is at Panama. If the canal was afterward made as wide as those rivers there would be no need of a lock.

"In my opinion there would not have been any trouble with the slides in the Culebra Cut if it had been built higher. By that I mean digging down 150 feet from the top, and having the level of the water at 110 feet instead of having it at 80 feet."

"What do you think of the repeal of the Panama Canal tolls?" he was then asked.

"It was the only satisfactory solution that President Wilson could make of the problem which confronted him. There is nothing to prevent the United States from taking money from its treasury to reimburse its own shipping companies if it is deemed necessary to do so, but it would have been very undignified for a great nation like the United States to go in for making little profits from its dealings with foreign nations."

"What is your opinion of the Colombian treaty?"

"I was glad to hear that it had not been ratified by the Senate. There is no need for the United States to apologize to Colombia."

"What have you to say about the charges in connection with the Panama deal?"

"I cannot say exactly because I have not read all the articles on the subject, but I will say this: If the statements made correspond with those written in my book, then they are correct, but not otherwise."

M. Bunau-Varilla added that he would stay in New York next week to see his friends and would probably sail for Colon on Saturday.

SAY JONES WILL WIN BEFORE THE SENATE

Administration Forces Believe Chicagoan Will Be Confirmed for Bank Board.

BLIND ATTACK ON WARBURG

Senators Seek Authorship of an Anonymous Document Aimed at New York Nominee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Administration supporters in the Senate are now optimistic as to the ultimate confirmation of Thomas D. Jones of Chicago as a member of the Federal Reserve Board. The Committee on Banking and Currency, which disapproved of the appointment yesterday by a vote of 7 to 4, is expected to report the nomination adversely to the Senate on Monday, if there is an executive session. Then a motion will be made to disregard the committee's report and proceed to confirm the appointment at once. It is believed that this motion will prevail.

It has been said that Mr. Jones had a majority of one or two on the floor of the Senate, but today, probably as a result of the President's insistence, the estimated majority had increased to six or eight. It is expected, however, that there will be extended debate, although the Administration forces will do all they can to force a vote, so as to hasten the organization of the Federal Reserve Board.

The Senate agrees with the committee, however, in its postponement of all consideration of Warburg's appointment until Mr. Warburg feels at liberty to appear in response to the committee's invitation. It is possible that a motion may be made to discharge the committee from further consideration of his nomination and allow the fight to be made in the Senate, but such a motion would be opposed even by Mr. Warburg's friends, and would be overwhelmingly rejected.

Members of the committee today received two telegrams with several almost identical expressions indorsing both Mr. Warburg and Mr. Jones, and protesting against the committee's action. The telegrams follow:

The Illinois Manufacturers' Association, through its Board of Directors, respectfully protests against the action of the Senate Committee in refusing to confirm Thomas D. Jones and Paul M. Warburg to the Federal Reserve Board. From its knowledge of the situation it does not seem that the position of the Senate Committee is tenable or that the facts warrant its action. It believes that both gentlemen are honest, high-minded men, who are especially fitted by their experience for the position, and that they should be confirmed unless the Senate Committee has information disqualifying them which has not been published.

H. G. HERGET, President.

Manufacturers' News, representing a strong constituency of business men in Middle West, most respectfully protests against the action of the Senate Committee on Banking in refusing to confirm Thomas D. Jones and Paul M. Warburg to the Federal Reserve Board. Are not both gentlemen honest, able business men, and will they not measure in character and standing very much above the average? We respectfully ask that the reasons why they were rejected be given to the public. The Federal Reserve Board should be composed of men of ability and success. Mr. Jones and Mr. Warburg have the qualifications.

JOHN GLENN, President.

JONES SILENT IN CHICAGO.

Won't Discuss Senate Fight—At Harvester Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Thomas D. Jones returned from Washington and New Yorw to-day and refused to discuss the Senate committee's rejection of his appointment by President Wilson as a member of the Federal Reserve Board. Mr. Jones intimated that he preferred to let his statement before the Senate Committee on Banking represent his attitude in the controversy, rather than indulge in an informal discussion of the position in which he had been placed.

After spending a few minutes in his office in the Marquette Building Mr. Jones went to a meeting of the board of directors of the International Harvester Company, and subsequently went to his brother's country home at Lake Forest, Ill.

STRANGE ATTACK ON WARBURG

Mysterious Document Used in Fight Against the Banker.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Members of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency expressed interest tonight in the authorship of a document of fourteen typewritten pages containing many questions presumably to be put to Paul M. Warburg if he appeared before the committee for examination in connection with his nomination as a member of the Federal Reserve Board.

The report was circulated in Washington that this document had been sent to the committee by a New York banking house and that it had formed the basis of some of the questions asked by Senator Pomerene of Ohio in a letter to Mr. Warburg. Inquiry among members of the committee tonight failed to show that any of them had seen the inquisitorial document. Senator Pomerene said he had heard of it, but had never set eyes on it, and therefore was not guided by it in writing his letter to Mr. Warburg. He expressed a desire to see the document, and it is probable that the committee will make an effort to ascertain its authorship.

Senators Hitchcock and Bristow, other members of the committee, also said they had never seen the paper. Mr. Bristow said he had been asked about it, but had no knowledge concerning it.

A copy of the document which came into the possession of THE TIMES correspondent was typewritten on thin glazed paper bound in thick sheets of a pale blue tint such as are used in inclosing legal documents. There is nothing about it to show its origin.

The document is in the form of questions to Mr. Warburg and his supposed replies. The questions, which contain much more alleged information than Mr. Warburg's hypothetical answers, are apparently intended to show that Mr. Warburg's firm, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., has made enormous profits by selling stocks to railroads and other corporations which the firm influenced through personal relations.

One of the "answers" mentions Jacob H. Schiff, Mortimer L. Schiff, Otto H. Kahn, Jerome H. Hanauer and Felix M. Warburg as partners of the banking house. The next few questions touch on Mr. Kahn's English citizenship, while an unanswered question relates to the apparent supposition that Mr. Kahn recently stood for election to the British House of Commons and advocated higher tariffs against American goods.

Most of the questions asked in the document relate to sales by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. of the stock of various railroads to the Union Pacific at prices which are compared with present prices to indicate that there were large profits to the seller and losses to the buyer.

A suggestion that David Lamar was opposing the nomination of Mr. Warburg was denied tonight by Hermann Schulteis, counsel of the Anti-Trust League, an organization in which Lamar appears to be the moving spirit. Mr. Schulteis was asked if he knew anything about the mysterious document concerning Mr. Warburg. He thought at first that the inquiry related to a document opposing interlocking directorates which he said had been filed with the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee by Lamar, Henry B. Martin and himself in behalf of the Anti-Trust League, but so far as he could recollect there was no reference in this to Mr. Warburg.

When Mr. Schulteis understood that another document was meant and its contents had been explained to him, he said that he knew nothing of it and did not believe that it had been sent to the committee by Lamar. The Anti-Trust League was opposed to Mr. Warburg's nomination as a member of the Federal Reserve Board, said Mr. Schulteis, but it did not see any necessity of making a fight in the matter as it was certain that Mr. Warburg could not be confirmed.

Through Mr. Schuteis it was learned that Lamar had left Washington and was now at Lanesboro, Mass. Lamar took up his residence here prior to his indictment by a Federal Grand Jury in New York on the charge of impersonating Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania and other public men in telephone conversations. His appeal from the effort to extradite him from Washington to New York for trial is pending.

It was the Senate Lobby Investigation Committee that exposed Lamar's personation of Mr. Palmer and others and his efforts to become a factor in the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific dissolution proceedings. The committee brought out through his own testimony and that of Edward Lauterbach, the efforts made to have Kuhn, Loeb & Co. name Lauterbach as attorney in the dissolution case.

WARBURG'S SENATE LETTER.

Banker's Reply to Questions Propounded by a Senator.

Inasmuch as extracts of the correspondence between Senator Pomerene of the Committee on Banking and Currency and Paul M. Warburg have been printed, the full text of the correspondence was given out yesterday. The letters are as follows:

United States Senate
Committee on
Civil Service and Retrenchment.

Mr. Paul M. Warburg, care Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York City, N. Y.

June 24. 1914.

Dear Sir: A member of the sub-committee of the Committee on Banking and Currency of the Senate, having under consideration your nomination, writes me under date of June 22 as follows:

"I would like to know when Mr. Warburg's connection began with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and what his views are upon the methods of financing railroads and industrial enterprises; and what of these enterprises have been financed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., since his connection with the firm. What are his views as to the legitimacy of the financing of the Alton System by Harriman, Gould, Schiff, and Stillman; his views of the reorganization of the Frisco, the Rock Island, the New Haven, and the consolidation and financing of the Steel Trust and similar concerns?"

And under date of June 23 as follows:

"In addition to the information I asked you yesterday in regard to Mr. Warburg, I would like to know how much money the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. has loaned the New York and New Jersey Tube Company—I think that is the name of the institution; how much, if any, it has loaned Mr. McAdoo and his business associates; when Mr. Warburg became a citizen of the United States; how much he or the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. contributed to the last Democratic campaign, if any. P. S.—Also what are his political affiliations, and how many times and where he has voted for Congressmen and President."

The committee will appreciate any information that you may see fit to give it in answer to the above quoted letters.

Very sincerely yours,
(Signed) ATLEE POMERENE.

June 26. 1914.

Hon. Atlee Pomerene, United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir: Referring to your letter of the 24th instant, submitting to me some questions put by a member of the sub-committee of the Committee on Banking and Currency of the Senate, I beg to advise you as follows:

In order to deal intelligently with the questions it is necessary that they should be subdivided.

First question—"I would like to know when Mr. Warburg's connection began with Kuhn, Loeb & Co."

Answer—In October, 1902, when I became a member of the firm, shortly after coming to this country from Hamburg, Germany, where I had theretofore resided.

Second question—"And what his views are upon the methods of financing railroads and industrial enterprises; and what of these enterprises have been financed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. since his connection with the firm. What are his views as to the legitimacy of the financing of the Alton System by Harriman, Gould, Schiff, and Stillman; his views on the reorganization of the Frisco, the Rock Island, the New Haven, and the consolidation and financing of the Steel Trust and similar concerns?"

Answer—In order to give my views upon the methods of financing railroads and industrial enterprises it would be necessary for me to write a lengthy essay. While, broadly speaking, one might say that in financing railroads and industrial enterprises care must be taken that fixed charges do not exceed a safe proportion of the net earnings; that the obligations be well secured by actual value, and that due provision be made for the future growth of the properties, any such statement, in order to be of value, would have to be reviewed from a different angle in each individual class of cases. Railroads in thickly settled sections of the country are different propositions from railroads in undeveloped territories; industries in staple or well-known products require a different point of view from industries manufacturing untried products or articles of luxury. A coal mine and an automobile factory cannot be covered by one rule. Moreover, different methods apply in a nation's life during a period of rapid development than at a later stage of settled conditions.

The Federal Reserve Bank system cannot deal in nor grant advances upon bonds and stocks of corporations; bond and issuing houses cannot become members of the system, and I fail to see the pertinency of the question and do not see my way to answer it in more than this general fashion. I might add, however, that my general views are fairly well known to leading business men and economists, and that I have publicly stated them with regard to some phases of this question as early as 1908 in an article entitled "American and European Banking Methods Compared," (pages 143 to 147,) of which I inclose three copies.

Most of the transactions specifically mentioned by your associates (such as the Chicago & Alton, the United States Steel, and the Rock Island) were carried through before I came to this country, and for none of the transactions named (other than the Chicago & Alton) was my firm the bankers, but quite apart from these considerations I would, for reasons which I am sure will occur to you, be unwilling to enter upon such a discussion of the business transactions of others as would be involved in answering your associate's questions. Of course, with the aid of hindsight, which is so much easier than foresight, it would not be difficult for me to give as my judgment what meanwhile may have become established in the case of some of the enterprises by such events as receiverships or reorganizations, but I should be unwilling to have such an expression of judgment on my part used in connection with the consideration of my name for a public office—an office which I have not sought, which I am not seeking now, and the dignity of which I am desirous to preserve, being particularly mindful of the important precedent that we are creating with regard to future members of the Federal Reserve Board.

Third Question.—"I would like to know how much money the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. has loaned the New York and New Jersey Tube Company—I think that is the name of the institution—how much, if any, it has loaned Mr. McAdoo and his business associates?"

Answer.—Ordinarily I would not be free to answer a question as to loans which my firm has made to its customers. It happens, however, that I am free to answer this question, inasmuch as my firm has never made any loans to the corporations to which your associate refers, nor to Mr. McAdoo, nor, as far as I know, to any of his business associates. Our only connection with the Hudson and Manhattan Tube enterprise was as readjustment managers with two other banking firms, under the plan and agreement dated Jan. 14, 1913, and as syndicate managers with the same associates under an agreement of the same date, of both of which agreements I enclose printed copies. I feel free to furnish these copies inasmuch as they are practically public property. This reorganization was undertaken by us at the request of important holders of securities of the old Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, the financial position of which had become involved. Since the consummation of the plan for the readjustment of the debt of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, one of my partners has been a Director of that company.

Fourth Question.—"When Mr. Warburg became a citizen of the United States?"

Answer.—I became a citizen of the United States March 21, 1911, the declaration of my intention to become a citizen having been filed in November, 1908.

Fifth Question—How much he or the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. contributed to the last Democratic campaign, if any?

Answer—My firm, as such, makes it a rule not to contribute to campaign funds, and did not contribute, nor did I, although upon my return from Europe shortly before the election I offered to contribute $2,500, but was told that no further contributions were needed.

Sixth Question—P. S. Also what are his political affiliations, and how many times and where he has voted for Congressmen and Presidents?

Answer—Prior to the last Presidential election by affiliations were with the Republican Party. Since I became an American citizen there has been but one election for Congressmen and President—the election of 1912. I was not qualified to vote at that election because I had not been able to register by reason of absence in Europe.

I beg to remain, with assurances of high esteem,

Faithfully yours,
PAUL M. WARBURG.

In his article, "American and European Banking Methods Compared," to which Mr. Warburg refers in his letter to Senator Pomerene, he says:

"'Stock watering,' that is, capitalization of earning power and of good will, is permitted in England and France, while it is not allowed in Germany. While, personally, I prefer the German system, it is a mistaken idea to think that the capitalization of earning power necessarily means taking advantage of somebody. If the German sells at 200 per cent. an industrial stock paying 10 per cent. dividends, it amounts to the same as if the Englishman had sold at par twice the amount of shares on which 5 per cent. dividend is paid. But whether we adopt the one system or the other, it is of the first importance that the public should be fully informed as to the real value of the stock which it acquires, and that the law should be clear and definite in its terms and equal, rather than erratic, in its enforcement." He then goes on to say that in Germany the law makes all public offerings of securities and applications for listing on the stock exchange dependent on the publication of a full prospectus. He points out that this document must contain all the facts of importance concerning the security and must be approved by a State commissioner. After explaining Germany's rigid laws regarding dummy directors and the safeguards against overcapitalization, he says:

"With us, on the other hand, the laws and usages regulating the relations of director to stockholder need much modernizing. We do not pay our directors, for ten dollars or so per meeting cannot be considered a remuneration, and no remuneration at all should be paid unless it be earned. Under the old system it was considered good style to be on the board of a bank, as it was to be on philanthropic, religious, or educational boards; membership was, in fact, largely a social function. Or, on the other hand, some individuals were willing to join a board without any compensation, because it was their own business that they were managing; e.g. their own railroad, for which they had to supply the wherewithal themselves, and the territory of which they had to open by taking up farming or mining or by starting other industries. In such cases they sometimes made money and sometimes suffered heavy losses; but on the whole, it was this system of directors as chief stockholders and ever active prospectors, assuming large risks themselves, that developed the country and made it what it is today.

"In the course of time, however, as the corporations grew in size and number, directorship ceased to be a social function, and the corporations ceased to be the property of a few. They became the property of a large community of stockholders, and the directors, from being majority stockholders, slowly became trustees.

"With the evolution of the modern conception of trusteeship has come the present tendency to endeavor to tie the Director hand and foot and to hold him liable if anything goes wrong with the corporation. But let me ask, what right has one shareholder substantially to say to the other: 'Go on the board, worry for me, give your time and spend your energy; we shall not pay for it; but I shall hold you strictly accountable if anything happens to my company. If you chance to have a business of your own, and if you find any time left for it, be very careful not to do any business with my company. Leave that privilege to me. Because you work for me, you lose that privilege and because I do not work for you—I retain it.

"That is virtually the present attitude of the American stockholder and to a certain degree the legal status of the Director. Let us do as the Europeans do, let us remunerate our Directors in proportion to the dividends they can earn for us, and then we shall not only have the full right to hold them liable and to ask them to give up certain privileges, but we shall at the same time have greater certainty that every Director will be careful to do his best.

"Banking, like almost all other commercial transactions, is in reality an insurance business. For each risk we ask and receive a premium commensurate with the hazard of the transaction. In a city built on volcanic ground the insurance premium is high. Bankers' profits in America are higher than in Europe; but they must be high so long as, for lack of modern banking methods and of uniform and well-established laws, we live financially on volcanic ground. We have just passed through a pretty lively earthquake, and the losses which wiped out the profits of years show conclusively that the premiums earned were not too large in proportion to the risk. Do not let us blame the insurance company, but let us be doubly careful to build only in steel and stone and let us build on solid ground. For, luckily, in this instance it is within our power to transform that volcanic ground into a solid foundation."

LONGSHOREMAN STABS BOY.

Negro with Open Knife Runs Into Police Captain's Arms.

Tony Laico, sixteen, of 33 Cherry Street, was taken to the Hudson Street Hospital last night, dying from a stab wound in the abdomen, and Henry Mason, a negro longshoreman of 90 South Street, was locked up in the Old Slip Station in connection with the assault, which took place on Pier 8, North River. The police do not know exactly what happened, except that the boy suddenly cried out that he had been stabbed and the negro ran from the pier with an open knife in his hand. He was pursued by longshoremen and ran directly into the arms of Capt. Fahey as the latter was coming out of the Old Slip Station.

The mob of pursuers gathered outside the door and shouted for a chance to get at the negro. When questioned by the police, the prisoner said no more than that he was annoyed by the boy and became so angered that he used his knife. Coroner Hellenstein was notified and efforts will be made to get an ante-mortem statement from the wounded boy if he revives sufficiently.

DR. CARMAN BLOCKS SEARCH FOR WOMEN

Continued from Page 1.

great deal more," he said. "If he would only tell what we believe he knows, I feel we could clear up this case in five minutes. Dr. Carman seems to have had only t[wo] ideas after the shooting. The first was to get Dr. Runcie over, and the other, and stronger, was to get hold of Theodore Bedell. Why?

"Just after the shooting he told me that he had seen Mrs. Bailey at the home of her cousin, Mrs. Kimball. Now he says he doesn't remember having seen her there at all. He testified at the inquest that she had told him she first saw him there, but I understood him to say nothing of the sort on the night of the shooting.

"Why, then, did he call on Mr. Bedell before he did anything else, sending first Archie Post, and then going over himself and fetching Bedell? He now gives as his excuse for procuring the identification of Mrs. Bailey through Bedell the fact that he recalled that Bedell's son married a daughter of Mrs. Kimball. But, as I asked him on the night of the murder, why should he show such a feverish eagerness, first of all to identify Mrs. Bailey and only long afterward notify and call in the police, the Coroner, and other officials? I asked him on that night:

"'If, as you say, you thought the shot was intended for you, why in God's name didn't you try to establish who was the person who fired the shot and to make possible the arrest of that person. Moreover, the woman was dead, and you, as a physician, knew she was dead. Why, then, did you call in Dr. Runcie before calling the police and letting them know what had happened?'"

Long Delay After Shooting.

Dr. Carman at the inquest testified that he called in Dr. Runcie because he "thought it would look better to have another physician there." According to the District Attorney, the police were not notified for full three-quarters of an hour after the shooting. He said he could not understand, either, how Dr. Carman could fail to see more than two fingers of the hand that fired the murder shot.

"The hole broken in the window was big enough to enable the murderer to put a whole head through, and it seems probable that Dr. Carman must have seen a whole arm thrust through it, and been able to distinguish plainly if it was a man's arm with a coat sleeve or a woman's arm in a dress sleeve. The course of the bullet, too, would indicate, as judged from the position at the window where the shot was fired and which we have had surveyed and measured, that the shot was aimed at the woman and not at the doctor. For, we found, the figure of the doctor, at the position mentioned by him, would have been almost obscured by the jutting out of the instrument case near the window, whereas the figure of the woman in the position described by him would have not been so obscured. The murderer, apparently, took good aim, steadying the arm that held the revolver on the window sill."

Mr. Smith was asked whether he believed, in view of the age and appearance of Mrs. Variance, the nurse mentioned at the inquest, that the alleged kissing of Dr. Carman by her could have been the sole concrete cause that led Mrs. Carman to have the dictograph installed in her husband's office. Mr. Smith said he did not believe that, and he could not understand how that incident alone could have led Mrs. Carman to install the dictograph. She mentioned no other, either to the dictograph officials or at the inquest.

"Yet it must have been an abnormally fierce jealousy that could make her slap the old nurse's face as she testified she did," said Mr. Smith.

The District Attorney said he did not look upon as a very productive clue the possibility that Mrs. Carman might have hired a gunman from New York to bring the murder revolver. Mrs. Carman, he said, did not seem the kind of a woman who would hire a gangster. He added that he was investigating as important the statement made by Mr. Boissonnault at the inquest that Mrs. Carman had shown him a slip of paper bearing the name of some person and an address far down in West Thirty-second Street written beneath the name of his dictograph company.

Mr. Smith was asked about the rumor that there had been a quarrel between Mrs. Carman and the doctor because he had danced with another woman at the Freeport Club, but he said that had proved to have no bearing on the case.

Investigates Rumor of Quarrel.

Dr. Carman took a large bouquet to Mrs. Carman in the jail and remained with her from luncheon till evening. Her lawyer, too, was at the jail, and told her that he had had Bardes, the star witness at the inquest, investigated.

"Why in the world did they not investigate his reputation before they put me in here?" Mrs. Carman asked.

Mrs. Stephen P. Pettit, the Sheriff's wife, a neighbor and close friend of Mrs. Carman, visited her and read to her. Mrs. Carman did a little sewing for her daughter Elizabeth, and read with silent joy a letter the child had written to her telling that she was waiting for her home-coming and that her mother should not worry. Mrs. Carman's physical condition was found by Dr. Cleghorn, the physician of the jail, to be improved.

The attempt to discredit Mr. Bardes's testimony, of which her lawyer told Mrs. Carman, was carried on by Mr. Gaden, who by coincidence had been a companion and corroborator of Dr. Carman on the night of the alleged shooting at the physician. Mr. Gaden said he had spent all day in New York masquerading as "Mr. Murphy," and that he had got enough information about Mr. Bardes to discredit his statement. Some of this information, he said, would be put in affidavit form. He said he found that Mr. Bardes frequently went to a saloon at 231 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn, whose proprietor, William Aumann, and his brother Ferdinand, had been interviewed. He mentioned as another man he had seen Franklin Clifford of 664 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, and as another who might give an affidavit against Bardes, John J. Mahoney of the New York Sales Company of 1,104 Broadway, Brooklyn, who once employed Mr. Bardes. He mentioned in the same connection George W. Winnett of 1,402 Broadway, Manhattan, who was to try to identify Mr. Bardes later.

E. H. Gates, Superintendent of the Brooklyn branch of the John Hancock Insurance Company, for which Mr. Bardes worked, visited him in the Mineola jail and voluntarily called on District Attorney Smith. He was accompanied by H. E. Barker, the Assistant Superintendent, who had immediate charge of Mr. Bardes's work. The two said that they knew Mr. Bardes well and had absolute faith in his probity.

In his financial dealings they said they knew him to be honest. They questioned him about the report that he had told the Carman lawyer a different story from the one he told on the stand and on coming out of the prison they said there was absolutely no truth in the assertion.

"I, personally, am willing to bank on Bardes," said Mr. Gates.

Mr. Bardes was employed by the Prudential company and worked in Brooklyn before he came here. He had excellent references from his former employers, Mr. Gates said.

Rumor of New Counsel.

It was from Mr. Gaden that there came a hint that the Carman lawyer might be supplanted by a lawyer from New York. He said William T. Jerome had seen him, but he thought Stephen C. Baldwin, the lawyer of the late Mayor Gaynor, might be retained.

"Dr. Carman told me on the night of the attack on his automobile," the actor said, "about Mrs. Carman's jealous questions concerning the nurse, Mrs. Variance. And as he described her questions and his answers my wife and I laughed till tears ran down our cheeks. Mrs. Carman objected that Mrs. Variance came very often, and the doctor laughingly answered, 'Maybe she's in love with me.'

"Thereupon Mrs. Carman asked, uneasily: 'How do you feel about it?'

"And the doctor, still jesting with her, answered, soberly: 'I can't tell that to you.'"

Mr. Gaden said that two of his friends, Charles Maynard, former District Attorney of Pittsburgh, and Detective O'Farrell, had gone to the Carman house with him last night.

There was a report that Celia Coleman, the negro maid at the Carman home, had told a friend, Mrs. Alfred Parris, of 38 Washington Street, Rockville Centre, a story quite different from that she told on the witness stand. Instead of being in the kitchen when the murder shot was fired, according to this story, she was upstairs, and on running down from her room she met Mrs. Carman going upstairs, who, the story had it, told her to go to her room and be quiet.

Mrs. Parris, at her home in Rockville Centre, denied that she ever knew Celia Coleman or had ever spoken to her. The District Attorney said he would not be surprised if the maid would change her story in important respects when she testified before the Grand Jury.

It was reported that Coroner Norton would be supplanted as Magistrate at the hearing on July 21, inasmuch as he was a Justice of the Peace of the town of Hempstead, whereas the Police Magistrate at Freeport was Police Judge Clinton M. Flint. District Attorney Smith on finding that Judge Flint refused to take the case and conduct the examination looked up the statutes, and decided that Coroner Norton as a Justice of the Peace and Coroner could conduct the examination.

At the Carman home it was said the condition of Mrs. Conklin, mother of Mrs. Carman, was somewhat improved. Mrs. Powell, the sister of Mrs. Carman, was at the bedside, taking the place of Mrs. Carman in the house.

Harry F. De Beau, a real estate man living at Hempstead and having an office in Mineola, appeared as the last person who say Mrs. Bailey alive before she entered the house of Dr. Carman. Mr. De Beau said he was on a trolley car which started from the Freeport Club at 7:10 o'clock on the night of the murder, and that at Grove Street and the Merrick Road, two blocks south, he saw and pointed out to a business associate Mrs. Bailey as she crossed in front of the car and walked toward the Carman home.

"What in the world is Bill Bailey's wife doing here?" Mr. De Beau says he exclaimed. He had known Mrs. Bailey for fifteen years, he said. He was sure it was not later than 7:15 o'clock when he saw her last. She was then in front of the Wilson house, just east of the Carman house.

For the first time since the murder of Mrs. Bailey of Hempstead, her mother, Mrs. Jennie Duryea, and her husband, William B. Bailey, today criticised the work of the Freeport authorities.

"Why is it," Mrs. Duryea said, "that the Freeport authorities let valuable moments for gathering evidence slip by? The shot was fired at 8 o'clock. Dr. Carman did not notify the police until 9 o'clock. When the police arrived they talked to him about the shooting and went away without searching the house that night, and the next morning they let him ride all over the country in his automobile, carrying a black bag. There is hardly a road in this county which doesn't pass by swamps and clumps of bushes where a piece of metal as heavy as a revolver would sink forever."

Finger Prints Ignored.

"A point which has never been explained," Mr. Bailey said, "is why Dr. Carman did not notify the police any sooner. It would be foolish to suppose that in the hour that intervened incriminating evidence could not have been temporarily disposed of. Another point apparently overlooked by the Freeport authorities was the probability of finding on the window sill or casing, or on the broken pane, the finger prints of the person who fired the shot. The authorities allowed everybody on the lawn to handle the window and the sill as much as they wanted, making it impossible to distinguish between the confusion of prints later. In fact, not even a later attempt to find the prints was made."

Mrs. Duryea said her daughter never had been a friend of Dr. Carman, as had been implied by some persons, and had met him only twice when she was visiting at the home of her cousin, Mrs. Charles D. Kimball of Hempstead.

"I did not know she was going to see Dr. Carman," she added. "I don't think she knew it until a few minutes before she went. I had been urging her to go to a doctor for several days and Tuesday afternoon she went to call on a friend in Rockville Center, telling me to prepare supper and not wait for her as she might be a little late. The trip to Rockville Center and back would take two hours, and she would have been a little late if she stayed there only a short time. She left the house of Mrs. John Grabau, the Rockville friend, shortly after six, our supper time. I think she must have seen a trolley car for Freeport approaching and having said she might be late for supper decided to run over to Freeport and consult Dr. Carman to satisfy me.

"Passing through Baldwin on the car, half way to Freeport, she saw Theodore Bedell on the street. She waved her handkerchief to him. He waved back. No woman, making a covert trip to see a man for a wrong purpose would attract the attention of a relative to the fact that she was on her way to the town in which he lived and in which she had no other acquaintances."

MRS. CARMAN HER TEXT.

Suffragist Exploits Freeport Woman in Talk for Ballot.

Members of the Woman Suffrage Party in an automobile made speeches in front of the Centre Street and other courts yesterday. Mrs. Helen Hoy-Greeley, a lawyer, was the chief speaker. Mrs. Lillian Griffin, who has had legal training, presided at the meetings. Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain was to have been another speaker, but she was ill and unable to be present.

Mrs. Greeley told her crowd of interested listeners at the Tombs that the trial of women in the Night Court for Women, at Jefferson Market, was a travesty of justice.

"And I am speaking now not as a sentimental woman, but from absolute knowledge as a lawyer of conditions there," she said. "Think of that woman in Freeport, Mrs. Carman. She was arrested by a man, taken to jail by a man, her keeper in the jail is a man, and her physician a man. It is a man who takes her her food, and if she goes to the Grand Jury she will find all men there. If her case comes to trial she will be tried by a jury of men, and there will be a man Judge. And yet it is a law of this country that no one shall be tried except by a jury of his peers. No man can be the peer of a woman. With his different feelings, thoughts, and actions, how can he understand her? How would you men like to be arrested by a woman, taken to jail by a woman, kept there by a woman, taken to a court of women, and tried by Judge and jury of women? The only way to get better conditions for women is to give them the ballot."

The women visited the Children's Court, the Night Court, and the Domestic Relations Court, and talked to large audiences in each place. Little Corporal Klatschken of the W. S. P. kept the crowd in order and sold "Voters," and so did Miss Flora Gapin. Miss Lavinia Dock helped to organize the meeting at the Tombs and then went to a meeting on Broadway, where Miss Alice Carpenter was the speaker.


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You don't have to choke your legs with tight garters.
There's no rubber in the leg band of the new Boston Garter—just a little tension strip in front to make them fit.
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THE BROWN BOX

AEROPLANE CAMERA GOT FORT SECRETS

Government Starts Its First Prosecution Under Law Protecting National Defenses.

HOLDS MAGAZINE WORKERS

Article Assailing Panama Canal Conditions Raises Question of Jurisdiction Over the Upper Air.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 10.—Warrants for the arrest of Charles K. Field, editor of The Sunset Magazine and former President of the Bohemian Club; Robert J. Fowler, an aviator; Ray S. Duhem, a photographer, and Riley A. Scott, a writer, were issued today at the request of John W. Preston, United States Attorney here.

The warrants were served on Messrs. Field, Duhem and Scott this afternoon and they were taken before United States Commissioner Francis Krull. They were released upon their own recognizance. At a special session of the Federal Grand Jury to-morrow the Givernment will present its evidence against the defendants and ask for indictments.

In April The Sunset Magazine published an article entitled "Can the Panama Canal Be Destroyed from the Air?" Reproductions of photographs taken from an aeroplane, showing some of the fortifications of the Canal Zone and of the San Francisco Presidio, accompanied the text. As soon as a copy of the number was called to the attention of the War Department it requested Mr. Preston to make an investigation.

The editorial comment of The Sunset Magazine on one of the photographs about which the War Department complained was as follows:

This is one of the most significant photographs ever published in this country. Below the aeroplane from which the photograph is taken lie the Naos Islands, in the Bay of Panama, on which the United States Government is now mounting batteries of the heaviest artillery in the world, to protect the Pacific approach to the Panama Canal.

On the island, almost directly under the aeroplane, can be seen the emplacement for the most powerful weapon ever constructed, the first sixteen-inch disappearing gun, which has an effective range of about twelve miles.

Here is the significance of the photograph: The aeroplane might have come in time of war from a battleship out of range of the big gun, flying at a safe height and carrying 500 pounds of high explosive instead of a camera. Would not the big gun be helpless against such a foe?

The editors go on to describe the circumstances in which the photograph was taken and who took it, adding:

Shortly afterward President Wilson issued an executive order forbidding such flights under heavy penalty. The photographs made on this flight are probably the only pictures that will ever be taken of the canal from the air, except for purposes of war.

Mr. Field said today that the photographs showed no actual fortifications or artillery, but only the emplacement for a gun and the preliminary work for a fort. To this Mr. Preston replied:

"I think the case has merit. By the act of March 3, 1911, Congress strengthened the regulation so that it is now a violation of a plain statute for a civilian to take or publish photographs of any fortification, whether complete or in process of construction."

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The action in the case of the employes of The Sunset Magazine marks the beginning of the first criminal prosecution under the National Defense act of 1911 for disclosure of military secrets. The War Department in the past has found it necessary to warn several publishers who printed articles and pictures dealing with the coast defense system of the country, but because the element of intent to do mischief was lacking no attempt was made to prosecute the offenders.

In the present instance, however, department officials say the publication specifically directed attention to alleged shortcomings of the defense system of the Panama Canal. When the magazine reached Washington headquarters from the Western department Judge Advocate General Crowder decided that it was a case warranting prosecution, and accordingly the Secretary of War forwarded the papers to the Attorney General, who caused the arrests.

The act provides for a punishment of $1,000 fine or one year's imprisonment for any person who, for the purpose of obtaining information respecting the national defense to which he is not entitled lawfully, goes upon any vessel or Government station or fort, or takes photographs or sketches thereof, or who receives photographs, knowing them to have been illegally taken.

Soon after the work of building defenses in the Canal Zone was begun Col. Goethals issued an order prohibiting any person from entering these defenses or taking sketches or photographs without permission.

The fact that the pictures complained of in the case were taken from an aeroplane raises for the first time an interesting point of jurisdiction by the national authorities over the upper air and involves a decision as to whether a person sailing over a reservation can be held to have entered it unlawfully. This point is quite important in a military view, because a military expert merely by passing over a fortress can observe enough to enable him afterward to draw an accurate sketch of the defenses.

BRITAIN WARNS CHINA.

Must Sign Convention Relating to Tibet, or There Will Be Trouble.

LONDON, July 10.—A warning that trouble is likely to result from China's refusal to sign the convention in regard to what territory shall compose Outer and Inner Tibet reached by the recent convention at Darjeeling, India, was issued to China today by Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary. Sir Edward was speaking on the subject of the appropriations for the Foreign Office in the House of Commons and he said:

"If China does not sign, but resorts to an aggressive policy the consequences must be disastrous for China. There certainly will be grave trouble on the Indian frontier which will require Great Britain to take up the matter seriously with the Government of China."

Sir Edward then remarked that much complication had arisen in China through concessions which had been made to various groups and which he had been recently engaged in disentangling. He believed these arrangements between groups would enable the different countries concerned to go ahead more freely in those parts of China in which they had particular interests.

In conclusion Sir Edward said China's agreement with Great Britain not to alienate the Yang-tse valley to another power still held good.

The Darjeeling conference, at which representatives of Great Britain, Tibet and China have been discussing the subject to Tibetan autonomy, has been in session since last Fall, and a convention was recently drafted and presented for signature to the three governments.

Cape Haitien Forts Repulse Rebels.

CAPE HAITIEN, Haiti, July 1.—The rebels in the north of Haiti today made an unsuccessful attack on the forts of this city, which are held by the Government troops.

Panama Government's Majority Large.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, July 10.—The final results of the election from the provinces show that the Government won by a large majority.

NELMS MYSTERY DEEPENS.

Countrywide Search On for Mrs. Eloise Dennis and Her Sister.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 10.—A mysterious message received by Mrs. J. W. Nelms of this city saying that her daughter, Mrs. Eloise Dennis, had murdered her sister, Beatrice Nelms, and intended to kill her brother, Marshall Nelms of San Francisco, has resulted in a countrywide search for Mrs. Dennis and Miss Nelms.

A new element of confusion was injected into the case by press dispatches today which brought Victor Innes, a Nevada lawyer, into the case. Mrs. Nelms, after reading these dispatches, said that Mrs. Dennis was engaged to marry Innes when she left Atlanta.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 10.—The aid of Victor Innes, ex-Assistant Attorney General of Nevada, in finding Mrs. Eloise Dennis of Atlanta, Ga., was suggested today by her brother, Marshall Nelms. Advices from Carson City, Nev., were that Innes had gone to Seattle with his wife and two children some months ago, but efforts made last night to find him there were fruitless. Innes was counsel for Mrs. Dennis in divorce proceedings at Reno.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 10.—Mrs. Elois Dennis was in this city on June 13 with her sister, Beatrice Nelms. On that date the sisters cashed at the Commercial National Bank a draft on a New York bank for $1,450.

Special to The New York Times.

HOUSTON, Texas, July 10.—Mrs. Elois Dennis and her sister, Miss Nelms, are believed to have been in Houston on June 20. The report that a man from Carson City met one of the women here the latter part of June cannot be verified. A man by the same name, but different initials, registered at a hotel in Houston from June 13 to 18, and again on June 30. He left no forwarding address.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 10.—City detectives today vainly sought Victor Innes in connection with the disappearance of the two daughters of Mrs. J. W. Nelms. The Chief of Police of Atlanta telegraphed an inquiry about Innes.

SIEGEL TRIAL EXPENSIVE.

Whitman Asks $50,000 Appropriation for That and Other Cases.

District Attorney Whitman sent a request to the Board of Estimate yesterday for $50,000 in special revenue bonds to carry on the trials of Henry Siegel and Frank E. Vogel and for the appeals of Charles Becker and Hans Schmidt. The letter of the District Attorney said that the Siegel and Vogel cases involved an immense amount of examination of books and accounts and that, as the trial would be held in Livingston County, it meant much extra expense.

President McAneny said the District Attorney already had received an appropriation of $30,000 for the Becker and Schmidt cases and he thought that more details as to just what the money was to be expended for should be forthcoming before the bonds were voted. Referring to the Siegel and Vogel cases, Mayor Mitchel said:

"These are extraordinary cases and their preparation must involve extensive examination of books, accounts and records. It is a business case and involves an extensive examination."

Controller Prendergast said he didn't think the District Attorney would ask for the appropriation unless he absolutely needed it, but he also thought that it would be well to get more details. He called up the District Attorney's office by telephone, but Mr. Whitman was not in and the matter was laid over until July 30.

DANISH REFORM WINS.

Elections to Upper House Assure Amendment of Constitution.

COPENHAGEN, July 10.—The elections for the upper house of the Danish Parliament, held today, resulted in the return of twenty members of the Right, five less than before dissolution; five Free Conservatives, twenty members of the Left, five Radicals, and four Socialists.

Of the twelve members nominated by the King nine are supporters of the Government bill for the amendment of the Constitution on a democratic basis, the passage of which is now assured. In the upper house, as it is now constituted, this bill has 38 supporters and 28 opponents.

The upper house of the Danish Parliament was dissolved early in June because of the deadlock over the Constitutional Amendment bill, which abolishes all property qualifications for electors of members of the upper chamber and takes away from the Crown its right to nominate twelve members. The twelve members of the House appointed by the King were not included in the decree of dissolution.

THE AMERICA FAILS TO FLY WITH FLOATS

Curtiss Returns to the Use of Biplane Fins to Lift the Big Craft from the Water.

TRIALS DISAPPOINT PORTE

But the Builder Is Not Discouraged and Other Airmen Believe He Will Perfect Ocean Flier.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., July 10.—After two unsuccessful trials of the America with large floats for lifting surfaces today, Glenn H. Curtiss returned tonight to the plan of using biplane fins to enable the America to climb out of the water.

For the morning trial two floats, each weighing 260 pounds, had been fitted to the sides of the America. They caused the tail of the America to drag, according to Lieut. Porte. He could not make the craft plane with them, and on the afternoon trial they were refitted at a different angle. In the afternoon trial the America planed well with both Mr. Curtiss and Lieut. Porte at the helm, but they found it impossible to make the America leave the water. The large floats produced a suction, which glued the keel of the airboat to the surface of the water. This was the first time in his experience, Mr. Curtiss said, that an airboat, after planing perfectly, refused to fly.

On these two trials the America was carrying a load of less than 1,500 pounds, between 400 and 500 pounds less than the load which it would have to carry in its flight from Newfoundland.

Today's showing was a great disappointment to Lieut. Porte, who had placed great hopes in the floats and was expecting to leave Hammondsport tomorrow if the trials were encouraging.

The floats used today were temporary contrivances of rough pine and it was intended to replace them, if they proved successful, with carefully made floats of the same dimensions and about one-third the weight. Lieut. Porte still believes that floats are the best device for meeting the hydroplaning problem, but Mr. Curtiss said tonight that in view of the showing of the floats he thought the plan would have to be given up.

Mr. Curtiss and several of his men were at work tonight enlarging the biplane fins which were tested several days ago. Tomorrow the aliel will have two flat hydroplane boards or fins, on each side one set under the other. The upper board will aid the America to rise to the surface of the water and the lower one is expected to keep it up until flying speed has been attained.

Lieut. Porte said today that he had not considered the plan of launching the America from wheels as if it were a land machine and attempting to fly directly to Ireland.

"I had great hopes for these floats," said Lieut. Porte. "I don't know what we will try next. Perhaps we will hitch a float of trained eagles to the America or else try to lift it out of the water with a big balloon."

Mr. Curtiss is not discouraged, and believes that the America will be flying out of the water with a ton of load in a few days. In trying to find a way to lift the America, which, with its load, will weigh 5,000 pounds, he is undertaking something which has never been done, and has to grope for his first principles by patient experimenting.

Although none of the many aviators and aviation experts in Hammondsport seems to doubt that Mr. Curtiss will overcome all the difficulties which have interfered with the America's trials, many think it may take weeks of experimenting, and that the date of the America's start from Newfoundland is still remote.

Lawrence Sperry will arrive here tomorrow to demonstrate the Sperry drift measuring instrument, and to make plans for equipping the America with the Sperry stabilizers.

Lieut. Porte continued to receive requests to carry passengers and to carry mail. One collector wanted him to carry a set of post cards across the ocean and mail them back to him. Lieut. Porte has paid no attention to such applications.

Lieut. Porte was asked today if he had made his will.

"No. Why should I?" he said. "My banker has been urging me to. He says a will saves such a lot of work afterward. But that is not worrying me."

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 10.—The probable point from which Lieut. Porte will start on his transatlantic trip in the flying boat America was found today by W. D. Walker, his agent. The place is at Cape Broyle, about forty miles from this city, where there is a shelving beach with smooth water, well protected from winds and currents. In a motor trip of exploration today Mr. Walker was accompanied by Finance Minister Cashin and President Reid of the Reid-Newfoundland Railway Company.

GERMANY OUSTING DANES.

Driving Farmhands and Servants from Schleswig-Holstein.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, July 11.—The Daily Chronicle's Berlin correspondent says:

"The iron hand is being applied in the administration of Schleswig-Holstein—two Danish duchies annexed by Germany—as well as in Alsace-Lorraine. It will be remembered that early in May there were reports alleging it to be the German Government's intention to expel Frenchmen from Alsace-Lorraine. That policy, however, was not put into effect save in the case of a number of 'politically undesirable' persons.

"In Schleswig-Holstein, however, the police authorities are actually engaged now in carrying out the expulsions of Danes and Danish sympathizers, and the matter has assumed already considerable dimensions. During the present week a large number of notices were served throughout the district giving the people warning that they must leave the country immediately. The actual expulsions carried out are already fairly numerous.

"The people concerned are for the most part workers and domestic servants employed by families of Danish extraction. At Toftland, yesterday, for instance, forty persons were summoned to the town hall and informed that they must either obtain employment with German families or leave Schleswig-Holstein within eight days.

"It is evidently hoped in that way to Prussianize them and at the same time make it uncomfortable for the more wealthy Danish inhabitants by preventing them from obtaining domestic servants and sufficient farm labor."

STEEL TUBE MEETING FAILS.

German Concerns Unable to Agree —Conference Off Till September.

BERLIN, July 10.—Hopes that today's negotiations at Duesseldorf would result in the formation of a German steel tube syndicate were disappointed. The Upper Silesian works insisted that nothing should be done in this direction unless the other finished steel products were likewise syndicated.

The negotiations were adjourned until Sept. 15, and in the meantime the doors have been opened to renewed rate cutting, which is thought here likely to depress the already unsatisfactory iron and steel market.

FISHED FOR HATS ON ROOF.

Two with Grappling Irons Took Up a Collection "for Fun."

Policeman Frank See, of the East 104th Street Station, on post last night shortly after 9 o'clock, noticed an elderly man with a top hat. As he passed the three-story apartment at 339 East 103rd Street, See was astonished to see the hat lifted by some invisible means from the man's head and vanish into the air. The policeman started to investigate and he was joined by several other hatless men who told him that their hats had disappeared by the same eerie process.

See went into the house and up on the roof. There he found two young men with a collection of three straw hats, a derby, two soft hats, and the top hat which the policeman himself had seen ascend. The young men had a long string, with a pair of wire grappling hooks attached to the end. They admitted that they had devised the apparatus, but asserted that they were lifting the hats with it "just for fun."

They told the same thing to Magistrate Corrigan in Night Court, but the Magistrate fined them $10 each, which they were unable to pay up to midnight. The two prisoners described themselves as Dominick Mandreachio, 26 years old, of 1,957 First Avenue, and Augustus Genese, 29 years old, of 160 East 110th Street.

THREE DIE AS STORM SWEEPS SCRANTON

Flood of Rain as from Cloudburst Does $100,000 Damage in Mountains.

TIES UP RAILROAD TRAINS

Washouts Described as Worst in Lackawanna's History—Telephone and Telegraph Lines Crippled.

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, Penn., July 10.—In an hour this afternoon a fierce electric storm, which was especially severe in the mountains east of this city, took three lives and caused property damage of $100,000 at least.

All railroads entering the city, except the Jersey Central, were tied up, a Sunday school excursion was marooned at a mountain resort, telephone and telegraph lines were put out of commission and a coal miner was carried a quarter of a mile through an underground airway, and shot up on railroad tracks outside. Twenty-five miners in the same mine were entrapped by the flood and a dozen houses and one church were struck by lightning.

Ray Ellis, aged 18, it is known was drowned. Others are missing. They with many others were watching the swollen Roaring Brook, when the bank on which they were standing gave way, throwing all into the stream. The storm was described by many persons as similar to a Western cloudburst.

Of the railroads, the most seriously crippled was the Lackawanna. The tracks from Nay Aug to Moscow and also near Gouldsboro were covered deep with earth from landslides. Trains were sent tonight over the Lehigh Valley, by way of Wilkes-Barre. The fill at Moscow was washed out.

General Manager F. M. Rine said tonight that the washout was the worst in the company's history. The damage could not be repaired for several days, he said, and for that period no coal would be shipped East over the Lackawanna. Passengers and manifest freight would be sent over the Lehigh Valley, he said.

The Erie tracks which run parallel to the Lackawanna for some distance in the mountain district also suffered from the roaring brook, which runs between the two lines.

LEBANON, Penn., July 10.—The storm did great damage to crops and property here this evening. A cloudburst was accompanied by hail which stripped the corn and wheat and destroyed growing fruit.

Raymond, the twenty-year-old son of Martin Rodearmal of this city, at the height of the storm, stepped on a live wire and was killed instantly.

Samuel Zellers, a tenant on the Stockdale farms of R. G. Hynicka, in Bethel Township, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Zellers was 45 years old.

George A. Cullen, Passenger Traffic Manager of the Lackawanna Road, said last night that the service today from New York west bound certainly would be uninterrupted through the Pocono Mountains and Water Gap section. It probably would be in good shape through to Scranton and the West. Definite information as to service through to Scranton and the West, he said, could be obtained by telephone at any of the company's ticket offices this morning.

SERVIAN STUDENTS FREED.

Berlin Police Find No Evidence of Plot at Raided Club.

BERLIN, July 10.—An order for the release from custody of the President and members of the Servian Students' Club in Berlin, who were arrested on Wednesday on suspicion of being engaged in a Pan-Servian conspiracy, was issued today.

After a search had been made of the headquarters of the club and the rooms occupied by the students the suspicions were found by the authorities to be groundless.

PITTSBURGH FEELS A BOOM.

Returning to a Prosperity Basis, Says Senator Oliver's Paper.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 10.—The Chronicle-Telegraph, Senator Oliver's newspaper, prints the following today:

"Pittsburgh is the first of American cities to recover from the depression in business which has affected the entire country. In this manufacturing district the ebb tide in the commercial and industrial field caused by the change in the nations tariff policy, the changes wrought in the banking and currency system and the uncertainty in the railroad rate situation has been reached. Pittsburgh is returning to its old time prosperity. This is the opinion voiced by leading manufacturers, bankers, and business men of the community.

"All branches of trade are feeling the stimulus of the return of normal conditions. The Pittsburgh pay roll measured on the unexampled standard of $1,000,000 a day, again is making itself felt in the home commercial mart. This unrivaled asset in Pittsburgh business—and especially in guaranteeing the stability of the community's mercantile trade—is growing greater.

"Reports in the iron and steel industry for July in the Pittsburgh district show an increase over June of 10 per cent. For August the outlook is still better. In the Fall many new industries located here. All told, they will give year-round employment to 6,000 skilled mechanics of the highest wage-earning capacity. This will give at least 4,000 additional families, who will augument the receipts of Pittsburgh merchants."

FORD EMPLOYES' WEALTH.

Increase Bank Deposits by $3,000,000 Under Profit-Sharing Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., July 10.—The statement of the condition of the Highland Park State Bank, the Henry Ford bank, indicates that since the last report made on March 4 Ford employes who benefit by the profit-sharing plan have deposited approximately $3,000,000 in the institution. The total footings on March 4 were $3,811,575.60, on June 30 they were $6,338,311.90. The increase is nearly all in the savings department, and the officials of the bank ascribe it to increased deposits by employes of the Ford Motor Company.

Part of the increase may represent savings which Ford employes formerly had in downtown banks, though this amount would be relatively small. This theory is borne out by the fact that increases in many of the city banks are not as large as they were last year, though they all show substantial gains.

GIVES ORDERS FOR RAILS.

Steel Corporation Gets the Largest Contract for the Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company today awarded contracts for 100,000 tons of steel rails to cover the requirements of the system for 1914, for which bids were requested ten days ago. The orders were placed with the following companies: United States Steel Corporation, 44,000 tons; Pennsylvania Steel Company, 22,000; Cambria Steel Company, 22,000; Lackawanna Steel Company, 6,000; Bethlehem Steel Company, 6,000.

All these rails will be 100 pounds except 15,000 tons of 120 pounds, which will be used on the main line.

The Aristocrat of Cigarettes

RAMESES

Largest Selling 20c Cigarette

Also in "Week End" Tins of 100 each



Stephano Brothers

GETTING NEW ENGINES OUT.

The St. Paul Prepares for an Increase in Business.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 10.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad has placed an order for five of the biggest type locomotives built by the American Locomotive Company for freight service in order to be ready to handle the expected enormous grain business from the West this Fall.

The road is busily preparing to put its locomotives now in shops into commission, and is overhauling freight cars to make certain of enough rolling stock to handle the business about to be offered. The road recently announced it had ninety-five idle locomotives formerly used constantly on regular freight business.

Big Stock Issue Authorized.

TOPEKA, Kans., July 10.—The Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railway Company today was authorized by the public utilities commission to issue $45,000,000 worth of common stock. The company also obtained permission to issue an additional $6,000,000 in gold notes for expenses of the recent receivership, improvements and operating cost. The road's application to issue $31,000,000 in bonds was held up pending a more complete shdwing by the company.

AUTO GANG ACCUSE DOCTOR.

Say He Has Altered Twenty-five Stolen Cars for Sale.

Charges involving a physician in the lower West Side in the operations of a band of automobile thieves, have been made to Assistant District Attorney Deuel by several members of the gang who are under arrest. The physician, according to the information which comes to Mr. Deuel, has disposed of many stolen cars.

At least twenty-five stolen cars, Mr. Deuel has been told, have been altered by the physician and sold in the last nine months. The buyers, it is asserted, are chiefly Tenderloin gamblers.

REFUSE TO CUT ARMAMENTS

Powers Resent Britain's Proposal, Sir Edward Grey Says.

LONDON, July 10.—Criticisms of the bloated armaments of the European powers were directed at Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, in the House of Commons today.

In reply Sir Edward declared that Great Britain had done her best, but her direct suggestions to foreign countries as to the limitation of armaments had been without any good result. On the contrary, they had been regarded, he said, as attempts to limit their control of their freedom of action, and had been resented accordingly.

Sir Edward added that the most notable thing in Europe during the past year had been not the naval but the military increase, and Great Britain had not been responsible for that.

Sir Edward Grey also referred to the invitation sent by the Netherlands Government on July 2 asking the nations which participated in the second peace conference to appoint delegates to a committee to formulate a definite programme for the third conference. He said that when the United States had first proposed the appointment of a committee he had replied sympathetically, but had criticised its size as being unwieldy. He had suggested a smaller body, which he thought probably would deal with the matter more expeditiously.

Today he said he would repeat the same criticism in accepting the invitation from the Dutch Government.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

No payment accepted unless successful.

FREDERIC N. WHITLEY
Engineer and Contractor
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

QUIET ON ISLAND; MISS DAVIS THERE

Continued from Page 1.

not stretched out on the floor back into their cells. The injured were strewn about on the cement and doctors treated them where they lay.

Two prisoners had their heads split open and blood streamed in the corridor. Ten others complained of body bruises. None of the keepers was seriously injured. All of the forty-four disturbers, among whom were ten negroes, were locked in their cells and deprived of all privileges. Those who were picked out as the principal assailants later took "solitary" cells and thus swelled the number of ringleaders to eighteen.

The shouting and cursing continued long after the fight, and could be heard on the Queensboro Bridge. The Warden was roundly abused and many keepers were denounced as spies of the Warden. There were shouts of "Kill the Warden!" and "Hang the old fool," and the Warden's presence only aggravated the situation.

"We want Commissioner Davis," was one of the popular cries shouted in concert, and it wasn't long before Commissioner Davis and Deputy Commissioner B. G. Lewis arrived on the Island.

Miss Davis's attitude toward the reporters had changed over night. She invited them to join her on a trip of inspection. She decided, she said, that it would be best for all concerned if the newspapers could get their news directly from the source of the insurrection. She explained that she wanted the reporters to go through the prison and talk to the prisoners as well as to the authorities. She wanted the people of New York to understand, she explained, just what kind of a situation she had to deal with.

It became obvious as soon as the Commissioner landed that she was popular among the prisoners, and this fact was accentuated in the course of the day, for everywhere she went she gave a willing ear to the prisoners and was greeted with cheers. She let the men know that she would hear their grievances, and requested that eight groups of men, with six men in each group, be selected by acclaim. This popular election was conducted in the presence of the newspaper men, and was very successful.

While walking through the cell block where the eighteen ringleaders were confined the newspaper men had no trouble in seizing out little Frank Tannenbaum, the I. W. W. orator and agitator. He held his face close to the bars, but was not one of those who shouted curses at the Warden. He admitted having taken a part in the disturbances, but said that he had no complaints to make.

Tannenbaum was in the brush shop when Wednesday's strike was called in the shoe and tailor shops. It was he who proposed a sympathetic strike in his shop. He got up on a table, and, with his oratorical manner, got the attention of all about him. He urged the men to strike, and also urged them to practice sabotage. While he was talking Warden Hayes came into the shop. Tannenbaum dared to shake his fist in the Warden's face, and forthwith he became the leader of the shop. But not for long, because Warden Hayes ordered him thrown into solitary confinement.

"Yes, I was in it all right," said Tannenbaum, smiling, yesterday, "but I don't mind it. I don't blame the Warden for locking us up. I congratulate him. You see, I only got into this to help my brothers. These fellows are all my brothers. I talked for them, and here I am. I am not complaining. In fact, I have no grievances. It is all in the game. I'm feeling fine, but I haven't had anything to eat for so long that I'd like to have a big loaf of bread. Maybe the good Commissioner will give me a bite."

"Give us bread! Give us water!" came the shouts from all around Tannenbaum. "We're dying for food, Commissioner!" others yelled.

Many of the ringleaders called for interviews with Miss Davis and she flitted from tier to tier and actually had a word with each of the 18 men. Most of them told her they were the victims of circumstances and that they were innocent of any wrongdoing.

"Of course," said the Commissioner in one instance, "nobody did anything wrong. In fact, nothing happened, I suppose. That is what all of you say. I tell you now that you must remain locked up until you are good."

"Hang the Warden," one prisoner rejoined as Miss Davis left the cell block.

The so-called solitary cells are not different from the other cells, except that they are isolated from the main cell block and have no electric lights. Their doors, however, face the light. The cells are 7 feet long, 7 feet high, and 3 feet two inches wide. The prisoners can talk to one another, but cannot see any one.

Cheers for Miss Davis.

From the cell blocks where the ringleaders and the 625 lesser offenders were confined Miss Davis went to the mess halls where 775 orderly prisoners were dining. These included 105 boys from 16 to 21 years of age. The Commissioner mounted a box and made two rousing speeches and was cheered to the echo. She congratulated the prisoners on their good conduct and urged them to spread about the word that it paid to be good. She promised that she would do everything she could to improve their conditions and that she would always be glad to hear their grievances. Miss Davis even told some funny stories which were especially appreciated. It was impressive to see a woman handling such a mob of men, and she did it well. Her auditors were as orderly as Sunday school children and more quiet.

After Miss Davis had left her words of encouragement in every part of the prison she went to the Warden's quarters and received the various delegations in the presence of Mr. Lewis and the reporters. Warden Hayes was not present, and the prisoners felt free to express their views. None of them gave his name and all adhered strictly to the criminals' code of ethics. They did not even give the names of the keepers they hated most, and only a few called the Warden by name.

One of the first to present his case said he was a college graduate and a business man. He had done nothing, he said, but was in sympathy with the innocent men who were compelled to suffer for the wrongs of a few. He told how Warden Hayes had taken all privileges from two tiers of cells because some men in those tiers had broken prison rules. Commissioner Davis said the Warden was justified in doing that, because none of the innocent would tell on the guilty.

"It is one of the laws of life," she told the college man in stripes, "that the innocent must suffer with the guilty. The wives, mothers, and fathers of you prisoners are all suffering now."

This prisoner was asked what he would do if he were the Commissioner, and he replied that he would classify the prisoners. Miss Davis said that was a good suggestion and one on which she had been working for a long time.

Another prisoner talked from experience and was very bitter. "During the disturbance this morning," he said, "I saw a keeper hit a man who could not support himself because of weakness. The keeper tried to make the man carry his bucket and the man couldn't carry it. The man asked for a doctor, but he got a club. The keeper is the same guy who did some of the shooting the other night. No, I won't mention his name. I've got four months to serve yet, and I don't want to lose any time."

A third man, who said that he had only sixteen days more to serve, complained that he had been unjustly picked out by a keeper during the Fourth of July melée, and that he had been made to suffer for doing nothing. "I went to the Warden and told him that I could prove by fifteen witnesses that I hadn't been doing a thing, but he didn't give me a chance. He just stuck me in the cooler. I lay in the cold floor for twenty-four hours."

"Aren't there any beds in the coolers?" asked Miss Davis.

"There wasn't in mine, and I have a bad cold now. After twenty-four hours the Warden came around to my cell and let me out, but then I found that he had deprived me of letter privileges. Commissioner, all I look forward to here in prison is my daily letter from home. Can't I have the privilege restored?"

Samples of Warden's Humor.

"We are like sheep without a shepherd," said a fourth prisoner. "The man we are supposed to go to won't listen to us. He's got all he wants in life, and doesn't care a rap about us. I want to tell you, Commissioner, that I'm pretty hungry. I have had only one piece of bread since Wednesday night."

This prisoner was an unusual character. He leaned forward and looked the Commissioner straight in the eye. He shook with emotion when he continued: "Commissioner, I was so hungry that I asked the Warden for something to eat. What do you think he told me? He said the expressman hadn't arrived yet."

"Oh, the warden says some things that are humorous, of course," explained Miss Davis. "For instance, the other day a fellow came to him and complained that he had a hole in one side of his shoe. The warden told him to cut a hole on the other side and then the water would run out all right. That was humor."

"Yes, but it isn't humor when he tells you that the expressman hasn't come yet," almost shouted the excited prisoner. "This man you've got here has starved all of the boys."

"What would you have done if you had been warden?"

"I would have let them out to breakfast."

"Suppose they attacked keepers with buckets?"

"Well, each keeper had five shots in his revolver. Let the keepers shoot them down if there's a fight."

"So you'd rather shoot them down than deprive them of breakfast?"

"Yes."

"That's what I thought," retorted Miss Davis. "You would shoot people without provocation."

"Yes, Miss Davis," said the prisoner, apparently realizing that he had gone too far, "but please remember the warden's feeling toward us. He has no feeling at all. He even hates himself. He hates us. If you didn't come here to help us he'd let us go without food for a week. I'm talking from experience. I've been in prisons all over the country and I never saw a man like this fellow you keep here."

Miss Davis suggested to this old timer that he put on a happier disposition, but the prisoner only snarled. When he passed out he tried to steal a newspaper which lay on the warden's desk. He sneaked away when detected.

"Why did you yell with the others?" the Commissioner asked one of the negro prisoners in a delegation.

"I yelled because I lost five days," he replied, "and because I lost my privileges for six weeks and was stuck in a cooler for doing nothing. I was framed-up and I fought to defend myself. My six weeks aren't up yet and last night I figured that I might as well yell and get six weeks more. I knew the warden wouldn't give me a square deal. If you don't fight you don't get nothing anyhow."

Another negro prisoner made the Commissioner smile. He said:

"The other day I saw three bowls fly near me in the mess room. When I saw the fourth fly I flew too. I got into bed and tried to read a book but the noise was so great that I couldn't get interested. So I pulled a cover over my head. I saw your secretary down in the corridor and I was sorry for the language she heard. It was terrible, Commissioner. I wouldn't want my own sister to hear such language."

The reporters asked a number of the prisoners whether there was any feeling against the administration or against Commissioner Davis personally. They all said there was no such feeling.

"The administration and you are all right," said one of the spokesmen, "but as long as Hayes shows his face around here there'll be trouble. When he goes it will quit. This trouble has been brewing for a year. It's the cooler for us if we make any complaint over the warden's head."

The reporters also asked whether the anti-drug campaign had aroused the enmity of any large part of the prisoners. They all replied that that notion was foolish. "They are getting their drugs just as always," said one prisoner. "There are 50,000 ways of getting drugs, and the conviction of Dr. Baxter won't make much difference. The men are stuffed with dope. I won't say, however, who is getting it."

At the close of the conference Miss Davis told the reporters she did not agree with the prisoners that any one man was to blame for the insurrections. She came to the rescue of Warden Hayes. "He is an elderly man and in a few years, I believe, he will retire," she said. "But he is a man of many fine qualities, and he has handled the situation splendidly. If he had not acted as he has there might have been much bloodshed. He is the best man I know for getting things done. If I came here I might do some things differently, but I would also insist on law and order. I want a strict disciplinarian here."

Miss Davis said the unrest had been stirred largely by the Grand Jury investigation recently conducted by Assistant District Attorney Du Vivier. The Grand Jury, she said, after a great deal of talk, had done nothing. The prisoners pointed at the keepers and the Warden, she said, with derision as the result of that investigation. Having found no signs of criminal wrongdoing on the part of any man in charge at the penitentiary, she said she would stand up for Warden Hayes to the last.

Warden Hayes is a civil service employe and is also a civil war veteran. If he were removed he would, under the law, have the right to go to the highest courts for a review of his case.

Seven Full Pages

—direct result of satisfactory returns, 1913

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THE NEW YORK TIMES: NEW YORK, July 9, 1914. 191

Kindly enter my order for seven full pages to appear in the Real Estate Directory published with the Sunday edition of the New York Times. These pages are to be used by Clawson & Hobbs, beginning July 19, 26, August 2, 9, 16, 23 and 30, and reservations of smaller space will follow later; the use of this amount of space, a large increase over 1913, is the direct result of the satisfactory returns from last years directory. The progressive spirit of the Times, and the splendid progress made in the rapid circulation growth is fully appreciated by my various clients, who know real advertising value and are willing to pay for it.

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The New York Times Real Estate Directory

First issue tomorrow (Sunday)

TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

$831,222 FOR BOOKS OF HUTH COLLECTION

Total at Conclusion of Sale of Part Four of the Collection in London.

TWO PARTS STILL TO GO

American Buyer's Aggressiveness Causes Rival British Dealers to Combine in Bidding.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 10.—More than $800,000 has now been realized by the sale of the Huth collection, which began in 1912, and two parts of which yet remain to be sold, so it is likely that the whole collection will bring upward of a million. It probably cost Mr. Huth less than one-fifth of that amount, so this is another instance of how collecting with discrimination pays.

The figures of the sale to date are as follows: Part One, sold in 1912, brought $254,105; Part Two, $30,170; Part Three, sold in 1913, $193,465; Part Four, concluded today, $93,055. Autograph letters brought $65,455, and engravings, $74,292. Grand total, $831,222.

Today's proceedings realized $21,290 out of which George D. Smith bought $10,300 worth, bringing the New Yorker's total purchases at the present sale to $37,455—nearly half the total. The American's aggressiveness caused the formation of a combination among the English dealers, and there were also reports that efforts were made to induce him to join a "knockout" ring which would have kept prices down. Mr. Smith, however, came determined to get the gems of the collection, and the records show his success.

He gave $120 for Joseph Paolo Lomazzo's "A Tracte containing the Artes of curious Paintinge, Carvinge & Buildings" in the translation of Richard Haydocke, which was published at Oxford in 1598, and $35 for "Londons Love, or, The Entertainment of the Parliament," an account of the reception given to the Houses of Lords and Commons at Grocers' Hall on Jan. 19, 1641.

For $50 he purchased English versions of two devotional works by the Venetian Giovanni Francesco Lorefano, "The Ascents of the Soul, or David's Mount towards God's House," and "La Scala Santa: or A Scale of Devotions Musical and Gradual," which were dated 1665 and 1681 respectively, and bound in one volume. Lorris and de Meun's "Le Rommant de la Rose nouvellement revue et corrigé oultre les précédentes impressions," was also knocked down to Mr. Smith for $120. This was published in 1529, and he gave $145 for another edition of the same work, printed in 1538.

Then for three works by Sir W. Lower, printed in 1656, 1658, and 1660 respectively, "The Enchanted Lovers: a Pastoral," "The Noble Ingratitude. A Pastoral Tragi-Comedy," and "The Amorous Fatasme, A Tragi-Comedy," Mr. Smith bid successfully $130, and for a copy of Lucan's "Pharsalia," supposed to have been printed in Verona about 1473, he gave $100.

An editio princeps of the "Dialogues of Lucian Samosatenus," printed in Florence in 1496, was knocked down to Mr. Smith for $335, and he then purchased two separate editions of what has been described as the first guide book to Jerusalem ever published. They consist of an account of the travels in the Holy Land of Ludolph de Suchen, and are both in Gothic characters. The first, which is considered the editio princeps, was bought for $210, and the second, which was also described as extremely rare, for $85. The first was published in 1470 and the second in the following year.

For the two parts of Thomas Lupton's "Too Good, to be True," an account of the manners and laws of the people of "Mauqsun," published in 1580 and 1581, Mr. Smith bid $190, and for the first issue of the first edition of Martin Luther's Hymn-book, "Etlich Cristlich lider Lobgesang, vn Psalm," he gave $135. Another Luther, a very rare copy of his "Deutsch Catechismus," which was printed in Gothic characters at Wittemberg in 1529, also fell to Mr. Smith for $92. No copy of this work had been offered at auction since 1888, and it was then sold for $40.

Mr. Smith bought two copies of works by John Lyly, the euphuist. The first was a fine copy of the first edition of his "A Most Excellent Comedie of Alexander, Campaspe, and Diogenes," which is believed to be the only copy extant. It was knocked down for $1,200. The second was a black-letter edition of "Euphues. The Anatomy of Wit," published in 1598, which was sold for $330.

Then for an excellent copy of William Lyndewode's "Constitutiones Provinciales Ecclesiae Anglica," published in 1496, Mr. Smith gave $565, and for one of the only three known copies of the 1628 edition of the Works of Sir David Lyndesay, $580. An extremely rare black-letter edition of Lyndesay's "Dialogue Betweene Experience and a Courtier, on the Miserable State of the Worlde" was sold to him for $150, and he bid the same price for Anthony Lynton's "Newes of the Complement of the Art of Navigation," printed in 1609.

The last lot of the sale also fell to Mr. Smith. It was an extra illustrated set of the Rev. Daniel Lyson's "Environs of London," published in 1910 as four volumes. It had been extended to twelve and contained nearly 1,800 engravings of portraits and views, many of considerable importance and rarity, as well as 550 water-color drawings, including a carefully executed series in sepia by J. C. Buckler. The price it realized was $2,900.

Among the other notable purchases were those by Quaritch. They were:

An illuminated manuscript on vellum of the "Statuta Ciuitatis Londonlarum" of the fifteenth century, $760.

"Look About You," a comedy, which had not figured in any sale since the same copy was sold at Corser's in 1869, $675.

Richard Lovelace's "Lucasta," a first edition of 1649, $725.

A fine large copy of the very rare 1470 edition of Lucan's "Pharsalia," $430.

A presentation copy from Martin Luther, the author, to "D. Mgr. Sebaldus" of his "Answer to Henry VIII.," printed in Wittenberg in 1522, $330.

A black letter copy of the 1586 edition of Lyly's "Euphues," $725.

A black letter copy of the same work in the 1587 edition, bound up with the same author's "Euphues and His England" of 1588, $325.

A black letter life by Sir David Lyndsay of the Archbishop of St. Andrews, Paris, 1558, $1,020.

A fine copy of the black letter first edition of the same author's life of William Meldrum, Laird of Cleische and Bynnis, Edinburgh, 1594, $1,050.

CAPT. COOK'S LETTERS SOLD.

His Comments on Antarctic Region Bring $2,650.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 10.—Two lots put in the sale today at Sotheby's of manuscripts relating to Australia, New Zealand, and the South Sea Islands were of exceptional interest. One consisted of four letters of Capt. James Cook, the circumnavigator, describing to his friend John Walker of Whitby his first voyage in H. M. S. Endeavour to Australia and New Zealand and his second voyage in H. M. S. Resolution. He speaks of the Maoris and tells of his three visits to the antarctic regions.

"We are now sure," he writes, "that no southern continent exists there, unless so near the pole that the coast cannot be navigated for ice, and, therefore, not worth the discovery."

This set of letters was knocked down to Maggs for $2,650.

Henry Stevens bought for $2,700 the other lot. This was the original unpublished diary of Lieut. Ralph Clark of the Marines, who went with the first fleet under Gov. Phillip to Botany Bay in Australia, and was afterward sent to Norfolk Island and St. Helena.

His diary is not only interesting, but of real historical value, dealing as it does with the convicts and their harsh punishments and the privations which the first settlers suffered in Australia and Norfolk Island. It is also interesting as displaying an intimate portrait of an estimable officer, who could weep over a romance but watch with equanimity the lashing of the convicts.

$7,350 FOR "WOMAN WEEPING."

Rembrandt School Painting Brings an Unexpected Price.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 10.—At a sale at Christie's today a panel picture attributed to the Rembrandt school, "Woman Weeping," 8½ by 6¼ inches, brought $7,350. The price caused a mild sensation, as the picture had attracted very little attention.

"Portrait of an Officer," by Laurence, brought $1,520; "Portraits of the Misses Murray," by Raeburn, $1,575; "A River Scene," by Van Ruysdael, $3,410; "Portrait of Sir Robert Harland," by Romney, $1,995; "Lady Hamilton as Bacchante," by Reynolds, $2,625; "Portrait of Captain MakGill," by Raeburn, $2,520; "Portrait of Mrs. Riddell," by Raeburn, $2,100; "Portrait of John Fenton Cawthorne," by Romney, $2,780; a pastel portrait of "Mrs. Morgan and Daughter," by I. Russell, $4,985.

FIRST FUTURIST DRAMA.

"Der Sohn" Is Accepted for Presentation by Max Reinhardt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 10.—A young Leipsic poet named Hasenclever has written what he describes as the first Futurist drama, which has been accepted for production by Max Reinhardt. It is entitled "Der Sohn," and describes the natural antagonism between the old and the new generation.

The peculiarity of the play, and that which is supposed to give it its Futurist flavor, is that all the characters are intentionally sketched only from the point of view of the son, who represents the younger generation. The whole perspective is shifted, and the author ceases to take an objective point of view.

LOAN SUBSCRIPTION WILL AID BUSINESS

Enormous Demand for the Latest French Issue a Sign of Better Conditions.

SHOWS PUBLIC OPTIMISM

Financial Experts Believe the Depression Was Due to Big Interests' "Marking Time."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 10.—That there is no hole in the traditional stocking of thrifty France was triumphantly demonstrated by the amazing success of the latest loan, for which no less than $7,000,000,000 was actually subscribed, although the sum required was under a fortieth of that amount.

From the earliest hours on Tuesday morning, and long before the doors were opened, dense files of eager investors blocked the sidewalk before the Ministry of Finance, the Bank of France and other offices where subscriptions were to be received.

Even the sharp rainstorms did not dampen the ardor and cheerfulness of the crowds, which included all classes of society, from the prosperous "rentier" to the hatless workingwoman bringing her husband's savings carefully hidden under her shawl. One saw workmen with baggy velveteen breeches, overalled engineers, soldiers in uniform, old women clutching reticules, and cooks with market baskets, all anxious to offer money to their country.

The real lesson to be learned from the loan, it is declared, is that the financial bad times are passing and that confidence has been restored. This success will re-echo through the Bourses of Europe, reviving the business paralyzed by the Balkan war and stimulating enterprises languishing for lack of public support.

Financial experts here consider that such a remarkable expression of public optimism immediately after the Sarajevo assassination, which might have been expected to throw the black cloud of threatened Austro-Servian hostilities across the international horizon, and despite also the long period of utter stagnation of the Bourse and the repeated Ministerial crises, indicates that the previous depression was due to the wish on the part of the big interests to mark time in order to watch the progress of events rather than to a real shortness of cash.

The big interests have now received an unmistakable pointer, which, combined with the predicted trade boom in America and the probable record crops, augurs well for a year of worldwide prosperity.

To put the situation briefly—when the whole French nation spontaneously adopts a bull position, bear financiers are likely soon to be undiscoverable.

SCOFF AT OUR DIPLOMATS.

Germans Deplore Decadence of the Service Under President Wilson.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 10.—The German press is full of scathing attacks on the decadence of the American Diplomatic Service under President Wilson's régime, as manifested by the George Fred Williams episode. No fewer than three prominent journals, the Frankfurter Zeitung, the Vossische Zeitung, and the Kreuz Zeitung, devote editorial articles to the subject of Williams's ill-starred excursion into Balkan politics, which they say shows "shirt-sleeve diplomacy."

The Frankfurter Zeitung, the well-known organ of the German financial and commercial classes, considers that the Williams incident, the Vopicka affair in Bohemia, the exposures in regard to Lind in Mexico, and the recall of the United States Minister to Haiti are the inevitable result of President Wilson's "ignoble return to the spoils system" in diplomatic appointments. The Zeitung goes on to say:

"President Roosevelt began to plant the seeds of a professional Diplomatic Service for the United States. His South American appointments, in recognition of the fact that the relations with the Latin republics are the country's paramount foreign affairs, were especially strong. President Taft somewhat undermined the service by political appointments, but it has remained for President Wilson to undo all the good work of his predecessors and fill important posts almost exclusively with men whose chief claims were party service.

"Inexperience stalks through the present American Diplomatic Service. There are even physicians and clergymen in it. The Williams affair is not an isolated case. The diplomacy of a great power is undoubtedly a matter with which the others powers have a right to concern themselves, for the interests of the whole world easily may be jeopardized by an incompetent representative of one important State.

"President Wilson's diplomatic fiascos are especially disappointing to the rest of the world because it would seem that the great Western democracy which we are accustomed to look up to as a model is falling back into its old ways."

C. A. Bratter, the well-known German journalist, asserts in tonight's Vossische Zeitung that the American Ambassador to Turkey in 1906 engaged in about the same sort of agitation as Williams has in Albania.

"It was his ambition to bring about American intervention for the solution of the Macedonian question, but his proposal was brusquely rejected by the Ottoman Government, much to the Ambassador's indignation."

Marye Now an Ambassador.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—George T. Marye, Jr., of San Francisco became Ambassador to Russia today when, following confirmation by the Senate, his credentials went before Secretary Bryan for countersigning. Plans for his departure to St. Petersburg are not complete.

MILITANT RUSHES KING'S MOTOR CAR

Troops Called Upon to Protect Her from Lynching by a Scottish Mob.

ARMED ONLY WITH PETITION

Another Suffragette Pitches a Bundle of Literature Into the Royal Automobile.

PERTH, Scotland, July 10.—A militant suffragette, uttering an exultant yell, sprang upon the footboard of an automobile in which King George and Queen Mary were driving through the streets of Perth today.

The woman, who was identified as Rhoda Fleming of Glasgow, in making her attempt to reach the King, seized the handle of the door of the royal automobile before the momentarily paralyzed police were able to act.

She was then seized by two policemen, and it required a score of mounted soldiers to hold at bay the angry mob bent on lynching her. It was found that she was armed only with a petition against the forcible feeding of imprisoned suffragettes. A large force of troops was requisitioned to protect her from the populace as she was conveyed to the police station.

Earlier in the day, while in Dundee, the King and Queen had received attentions from another militant, who pitched a bundle of suffragist literature into their automobile.

PLANS GREAT WAR FUND.

German Government Asks Banks to Keep 10 Per Cent. of Assets in Cash.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 10.—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is able to announce tonight that the German Government is endeavoring to perfect plans for mobilizing the empire's financial resources in the event of war. It is urging the banks of the country to agree voluntarily to keep 10 per cent. of their desposits and other assets on hand in actual money. The proposal emanates from the Reichsbank.

If the bankers decline to entertain this suggestion, as it is understood most of them will, the Government hints at the possibility of enacting legislation to give effect to its wishes.

The proposal is a development of the policy which during the last year or two has aimed to raise the Reichsbank's gold reserve to higher figures than ever before—the present reserve is $327,783,500—and increase the war chest from $30,000,000 gold to $60,000,000 in gold, and $30,000,000 in silver.

The Reichsbank's plans are likely to be pushed with especial vigor in view of the disappointing returns for the $250,000,000 war levy. It announced today that the entire proceeds of the levy, instead of being $300,000,000 as generally was predicted, cannot now be expected to exceed $250,000,000. Prussia's total return of $150,750,000 is especially disappointing.

The explanation of the disappointment is the unfavorable state of the German money market on Dec. 31 last, when the returns of incomes and fortunes were made, and also the alteration in the regulations for assessing inheritances and estates.

DIVORCE FOR C. H. HAMES.

Pittsburgh Wife Quitted Him in London for W. N. McCutcheon.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 10.—A decree of absolute divorce was granted today to Cecil Henry Hames against his wife, who is a member of a well-known Pittsburgh family. He named W. Norton McCutcheon, a wealthy Pittsburgh merchant, as co-respondent.

The marriage took place at Pittsburgh in 1906. The couple lived in America and England, where the husband has big estates. Returning from a hunting trip in the Midlands one day the petitioner found that his wife had gone back to America accompanied by an unknown man.

Mrs. Hames resided at her parents' home in Pittsburgh for some time. Hames then obtained evidence that she had gone through a form of marriage with McCutcheon at Los Angeles, Cal., on July 24, 1912. Evidence before the court showed that the couple now were living in Pittsburgh as Mr. and Mrs. Norton McCutcheon.

NO A B C ARMED ALLIANCE.

Chilean Press for Commercial and Political Entente Only.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, July 10.—The Chilean press says the Brazilian project of an A B C alliance for commercial and political purposes is realizable, but that an offensive and defensive alliance is impossible and dangerous.

Such an alliance, it is argued, would mean big navies and other ruinous expenditures for armaments.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

NAPLES, Italy, July 10.—The American schooship Newport arrived here today with 112 boys on board undergoing training for the merchant marine.

BELGRADE, July 10.—The Russian Minister to Servia, N. Hartwig, died suddenly today while conversing with the Austrian Minister at the Austrian Legation. He was appointed to that post in September, 1906.

CARSON MADE CHIEF BY ULSTER 'SENATE'

Continued from Page 1.

some weeks. We have had ominous declarations by the Unionists press that Ulster was reaching the breaking point, but Ulster has maintained herself admirably at the breaking point for six months and seems to love it, so she will not break loose just yet. In fact, Dublin last Summer and Tonypandy a few years ago were more dangerous than Belfast is today.

"The historic meeting of the Ulster Provisional Government at Ulster Hall naturally was attended by memorable scenes. The impudent illegality of the whole business could not fail to impress any detached spectator. When the yacht bringing Sir Edward Carson to Belfast cast anchor, armed volunteers lined the approaches to the landing stage. Revolver shots were fired in the air, traffic was at a standstill, and the police waved an approving hand toward the volunteer officers as they swept aside the pedestrians.

"It was 7 o'clock when the volunteers arrived, but King Carson, sleeping comfortably in his yacht, was not to appear until 8:30. When the great man appeared a corps of well-to-do dispatch riders armed and on motor bicycles formed an escort along the processional route to Craigavon. In passing he very graciously inspected his troops and waved his hat in response to cries of 'Three cheers for King Carson!' His motor car bore a horseshoe emblem of orange lilies.

Assembling of the Senate.

"It was about noon when the Senate assembled in Ulster Hall. In twos and threes the Lords of Ulster arrived for the historic meeting. They are said to be 500 strong. Eighteen failed to answer to their names. Among the notables were the Earl of Londonderry, the Duke of Abercorn, Viscount Helmley, Viscount Castlereagh, and a number of Ulster Unionist M. P.'s. At last came King Carson. Again he inspected some volunteers, including those who sloped arms wrongly and had mistaken sundry other commands.

"When the doors of Senate Hall were closed there was a sort of foreboding that the city would be under martial law within a few hours. After hours of deliberation the Senate dissolved and the public waited through the long afternoon for an announcement of its decrees. Late in the evening these were handed to the press at the old Town Hall, and when they were generally known a feeling of frank disappointment began to pervade. The Belfast revolution had been postponed."

In another article The Chronicle cites various Irish papers to show that they seem "oblivious of what a section of the Tory press would have us believe to be a fact, viz., that Ireland is absolutely on the verge of internecine war." It adds: "If there is any deliberate suppression of news, it is shared by the Irish press of both sides of opinion. It is rather surprising, too, that the discovery of the imminence of disaster made by the Northcliffes' papers is not shared by such organs as The Morning Post, The Telegraph, and The Standard."

"NO PEACE WITH SURRENDER."

Slogan of Sir Edward Carson in Address to "Provisional Government."

BELFAST, July 10.—The "Provisional Government" formed by the Ulster Unionists at its first meeting today gave Sir Edward Carson a free hand to take whatever action he might deem necessary in calling the Ulster Volunteers to arms. The men were declared ready for mobilization at a moment's notice.

Sir Edward Carson in a speech declared that the time had come for the loyalists of Ulster to translate their words into action. He said something must be done to compel the British Government to make up its mind. Ulster, he concluded, was anxious for peace, but was not going to accept peace with surrender.

The official report of the meeting of the "Provisional Government" announces that the executive has been instructed to act in accordance with the spirit of a declaration asserting that the Provisional Government's "well-grounded want of confidence in the bona fides of the Imperial Government compels it to press on with the completion of arrangements to resist by every means in its power every attempt to impose the authority of a Home Rule Parliament on Ulster."

A resolution also was adopted expressing willingness to consider any proposal on the Home Rule question which recognizes the loyalty of the Ulstermen to the Crown and Constitution and preserves their inalienable rights "under the Imperial Parliament."

Another resolution says:

Since our object is only to hold Ulster against a Home Rule Parliament in trust for the King and the British Constitution, we enjoin our people to see to it that all persons within our area, while it is under our jurisdiction, irrespective of class or creed, shall be subject to the same laws and have the same civil and religious freedom they now enjoy.

We earnestly desire to impress on all loyal Ulsterites that the same restraint that has heretofore characterized all our relations under grave provocation should be carried out, that the world may thereby be shown the steadfastness of Ulstermen when suffering for their God and their country.

Major Gen. Sir Cecil Macready, who is in command of the military in the Belfast district, has been in conference with Premier Asquith on the subject of the situation and the police have been instructed to act with great care so as to give no excuse for an outbreak.

LONDON, July 10.—A special despatch from Cairo, Egypt, says the Anglo-Egyptian members of the Ulster Volunteers have received cablegrams calling them back to Ulster.

PAID PRAYER CURING DECLARED ILLEGAL

Appellate Division So Holds in the Case of Cole, Christian Science Practitioner.

IS PRACTICE OF MEDICINE

Members of the Cult to Carry Decision to Court of Appeals—One Justice Dissents.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday affirmed the conviction of Willis Vernon Cole, the Christian Science healer, who was found guilty before a jury on March 30, 1912, of practicing medicine without a license and was fined $100. The fine was paid and Samuel Untermyer, Cole's counsel, said he would carry the case to the highest courts. Christian Science healers expressed pleasure at the conviction, because it gave them a chance to appeal to the higher courts and learn whether healing by prayer was unlawful.

"In the case at the bar," Justice Clarke said, "the sole concern of the court is whether the defendant was convicted of practicing medicine without being licensed and registered, and whether the conceded acts were the practice of the religious tenets of any church."

The Justice concluded that the acts complained of constituted the practice of medicine, and were not the practice of the religious tenets of any church. To authorize the defendant to administer the treatment which he conceded he did, he first must have been duly licensed and registered in accordance with the public health law.

In a concurring opinion Justice Laughlin said: "The acts of the defendant, if performed in a Christian Science Church, or in visiting the members of the church or others, and so administering to them without charge would not violate the statute."

The law under which the action was brought declares that a person practices medicine who holds himself as being able to diagnose and treat disease, and who shall either offer or undertake, by any means or method, to diagnose, treat, operate, or prescribe for such disease or ailment. But the stipulation is added that "this article shall not be construed to affect the practice of the religious tenets of any church."

"Is the commercialized use of prayer for the avowed purpose of treating all persons seeking cure for all kinds of bodily ills the practice of the religious tenets of a church?" asked Justice Clarke.

Justice Dowling, in dissenting, agreed with his colleagues that Cole's acts did not come within the stipulations of the law as being practices of the religious tenets of a church. They were not accompanied by any act of worship, prayer or devotion in which the person seeking relief participated.

But he differed in that he did not believe Cole's pursuit could be construed as the practice of medicine. The record showed, he said, that the defendant disavowed any mysterious element in his own practice. He emphasized his belief that God was the only healer, "the Great Physician." He also told the patient that by reading Mrs. Eddy's book she could master the means of restoring herself just as he had done. Disease, said Cole, was the lack of harmonious relations with the Almighty. His treatment was based on the negation of disease as a physical fact.

Justice Dowling Dissents.

"He made no diagnosis, no effort to determine the existence or non-existence of any specific disease," argued Justice Dowling. "He performed no manipulations, passes, or any physical acts tending to create a belief that he was exercising visibly any power to relieve the witness. He made no claim of any power resident in himself to relieve any condition which might exist in her. Herein, it seem to me, is where what he did fails to bring him within the scope of the statute.

"The four words, 'diagnose, treat, perform, or prescribe' seem to me to refer to acts performed by the practitioner, which imply not only affirmative action upon his part, but the assumption and claim of ability to produce results by his own intervention and skill.

The evidence against Cole was obtained by Mrs. Frances Benzecry, an investigator for the County Medical Society. She testified that she went to Cole's office at 225 Fifth Avenue, on January 19, 1911, told him she was having trouble with her eyes and asked him if he was a doctor. Mrs. Benzecry said that Cole replied he was a Christian Science healer. Cole then sat down in a chair, Mrs. Benzecry said, and covered his face with his hands. After a brief silence she said Cole told her to go away and to come again. Cole charged $2 for the treatment and told her that thereafter the charges would be only $1. Mrs. Benzecry said she had been wearing glasses for ten years and that Cole told her to take them off.

Mrs. Benzecry said she called on Cole again the next day and asked him if he could cure locomotor ataxia. Mrs. Benzecry said that Cole told her he could. She said she asked him if the pain in her back was caused by the disease and he replied that he could not tell, but that Christian Science would cure her. Mrs. Benzecry complained of other physical ailments, but Cole, according to her testimony, declared that prayer would cure all of them.

Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, a police matron, who had been sent out to gather evidence against palmists and other persons suspected of breaking the law by various arts, testified that she called on Cole and told him she suffered from palpitation of the heart and other ailments. She said that Cole seated himself in a chair, put his hands over his face for about fifteen minutes, charged her $2, and sent her away.

At the preliminary examination in the Magistrates' Court professional healers and others testified for Cole. Among them was Virgil O. Strickler, First Reader of the First Church of Christ, who made a specialty of healing the ill. In reply to questions Mr. Strickler said that his faith would cure the ill without any other aid. Asked if the Christian Scientists accepted the Bible as an inspired book he replied that they did absolutely.

"Christian Science teaches," he said, "that Christ never commanded an impossible or an unnecessary thing. Christian Scientists obey Christ's words, 'Go forth and heal the sick.'"

Asked if there was anything in the Bible that authorized the healers to charge a fee, Mr. Strickler's counsel replied:

"The laborer is worthy of his hire."

Possible to Raise the Dead

Mr. Strickler said that it was even possible to raise the dead. He admitted that there were cases in which the services of a surgeon might be needed but he denied that there were any cases in which a physician was needed. He also said that prayer was as efficacious in the case of animals as of human beings.

Cole, in his own behalf, testified that he had been practising for nine years and that in order to get a card in the Christian Science periodicals it was necessary to show three cures performed by the advertiser. Cole said he never used anything except prayer and he knew the method was serviceable because he had been cured himself of three diseases that were commonly considered incurable. He said he had often treated animals and that he had been particularly successful in the matter of dogs.

After Cole's conviction, Eugene R. Cox, of the Christian Science Committee on Publications, said that Christian Science does not on trial and he expressed regret that the court excluded evidence showing the efficacy of Christian Science treatment. He said that the State Constitution guaranteed freedom of religious belief so long as it was not inimical to public safety. Evidence showing that healing by prayer had been accomplished was excluded on the ground that the question was not whether the treatment favored by the Christian Scientists was successful but simply whether Cole had practiced medicine without a license.

Clifford B. Smith, Committee on Publication for the Mother Church in Boston, issued a statement in which he said that Christian Science was the most effective aid and reliable curative agent known to mankind. To illustrate its efficacy he said that more persons died every day under other kinds of treatment than the whole number who ever died under the Christian Science treatment. He also admitted he had no statistics to support that statement.

KURT ARAM STIRS GERMANS.

His New York Times Articles on Russia to Appear in Book Form.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 10.—Under the title "The Czar and His Jews," a compilation of the strong articles on Russia written by Kurt Aram for THE NEW YORK TIMES is about to appear in book form in Germany from the press of the well known Berlin publisher Karl Curtius.

Reviewing the advance sheets supplied to the press the Berliner Neueste Nachrichten predicts that Aram's exposure of the true state of affairs in Russia is destined to create a deep impression throughout Europe.

"The book contains much more than the title promises," says the Nachrichten. "It gives a truly terrifying but none the less veracious account of Russian conditions. Nothing, perhaps, so strikingly depicts the state of affairs as Aram's description of the secret newspaper edited specially for the Czar's misinformation."

Nelson Relics for Naval Hospital.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 10.—Thomas J. Barratt, managing Director of Pears, the well-known soap makers, who died in April, left an estate valued at $2,027,820. He bequeathed two pine coolers, two sauceboats, and a teapot formerly belonging to Nelson to the Royal Naval Hospital at Greenwich.

China to Seek New Loan.

LONDON, July 10.—A Peking dispatch to The Daily Telegraph says that China is about to apply to the bankers of the five-power group for another loan of $100,000,000.

Swedish Battleship Refloated.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, July 10.—The Swedish battleship Tapperheten was refloated today after being aground for six months near Sandham, where she went ashore on Jan. 28.

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One Can Have A Good Time At Table

without the usual cup of coffee, and feel a whole lot better between meals, too—free from that old "off color feeling"—biliousness, indigestion, nervousness and heart flutter.

The secret is

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—instead of coffee.

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You won't miss the old beverage, for Postum tastes much like rare old Java.

Further, there's the brisk, alert feeling,—free from the logyness of a lazy liver and disturbed digestion.

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Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

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The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

Grocers everywhere sell POSTUM.

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SYMPATHY SAVES $2,000,000 CONCERN

Printing Expert Finds That Sackett & Wilhelms Co. Needs Only a Tonic.

SOUND, BUT A BIT TANGLED

So W. I. L. Adams Is to Straighten Out the Finances of the Large Printing House.

Ten days ago W. I. Lincoln Adams, head of the stationery and printing house of Styles & Cash, was asked to examine the affairs of the two-million-dollar printing and lithographing firm of the Sackett & Wilhelms Company, one of the largest concerns of its kind in this country. The company had been making notes which had been renewed several times, and the banks holding them were undecided whether any more accommodation should be extended.

There were notes for $400,000. Most of them were held by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, the American Exchange National Bank, and the Pacific Bank. The concern has a plant at 1,013 Grand Street, Brooklyn; a sales department at 432 Fourth Avenue, and employs between 600 and 700 persons.

Representatives of the banks held a consultation. Frank Bailey, Vice President of the trust company, said that the credit of the concern had been extended beyond reasonable limits. Reports gathered by investigators for the banks were submitted. These reports showed that, while there evidently had been errors of judgment in managing the business, the concern still was in good financial condition.

A meeting of all the creditors of the company was held on June 22. Those present were the bankers, the holders of $350,000 of the company's bonds, and merchandise creditors representing about $100,000 of the $150,000 in outstanding debts. The bankers said they believed the company was financially sound, but that it seemed to need new and better management.

George W. Kenyon was President of the company. He was not a practical printer, and this fact was thought to be one of the reasons why the company had become embarrassed. All of those present at the meeting concurred in this view, and a committee of five was appointed to decide on the proper steps to take to save the firm and to protect its creditors. The committee included Frank Bailey, Walter H. Bennett, Vice President of the American Exchange National Bank; Orion H. Cheney, President of the Pacific Bank, and Adam Luke of the West Virginia Pulp and Paper Box Company.

The first thing the committee did was to search for a man competent to tell just what the company needed to restore it to a solid position and one whose opinion could be looked upon as authoritative and conclusive. In brief, they went looking for a business doctor. Mr. Adams consented to undertake the work, providing Mr. Kenyon and all of the Directors would resign. This condition was agreed to, but the only resignation Mr. Adams accepted was that of Mr. Kenyon. Then he put enough new Directors on the board to insure co-operation with his plans.

It was arranged that Mr. Adams should have sixty days in which to examine the affairs of the company, and if his report was satisfactory, all of the noteholders, bondholders, and merchandise creditors were to wait two years for a settlement of all claims. But it has taken Mr. Adams only ten days to give the assurance so eagerly awaited. He has found that the business is not only profitable at present, but nothing whatever ails the financial standing of the company. His statement of the company's condition was good enough to cheer everybody having any interest in the concern.

Mr. Adams found that the company had a cash balance in bank of $51,780; that it had about $1,000,000 business, and that its bills receivable on last month's account amounted to more than $150,000, and were bringing in from $4,000 to $8,000 a day in cash. Mr. Adams also said that the credit of the company was first class, and that in addition to the assets mentioned it had the exclusive American rights to the rotogravure process of printing. This particular asset was considered by experts to be of great value.

Mr. Adams, who has let this sunshine into the business of the concern, will entirely reorganize it and probably will remain in a commanding position at its head. He is one of the best-known printers in the country.

In speaking of his work Mr. Adams said that it had been a wonderful demonstration of what proper action could do in saving the life of a firm that was in perfectly healthy condition but which had fallen into a financial tangle. If it had not been for the wisdom and sympathy of the banks and the other creditors, the concern might have been forced to suspend, and this suspension might have resulted in the winding up of its affairs. Mr. Adams said:

"It would have been a crime if the house had been forced to go out of business, for I have already learned positively that the company is doing a profitable business. It did a business last year of $1,200,000, on which there was a good profit, but the company needed a practical printer at its head. I am now convinced that the company is in sound financial condition, and I see no reason for doubting the success of our present plans. Practically all of the creditors are so thoroughly in sympathy with this view that we believe we are going ahead with it to success."

BAXTER GETS THREE YEARS.

Former Workhouse Physician Sentenced to Prison for Taking Bribe.

Charles F. Baxter, formerly physician at the Blackwell's Island workhouse, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Crain in General Sessions to a term of not less than three nor more than four years in Sing Sing on his conviction for receiving a gratuity. The day before he had been sentenced to a year in the penitentiary and a fine of $500 for selling drugs to workhouse inmates.

The crime for which Baxter was sentenced yesterday was taking money on his promise to remove a woman inmate of the workhouse to the hospital, where she could take things easy. Baxter pleaded guilty to the charge. He will serve the penitentiary sentence first.

Thaddeus C. Sweet Resting Well.

ALBANY, July 10.—Hospital authorities said tonight that Thaddeus C. Sweet, Speaker of the Assembly, who underwent an operation for appendicitis last night, was resting well and that he was on the way to an early recovery.

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The book that has set the country laughing.

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is too good for anybody to miss who thinks five hours' joy is cheap at $1.25.

CALLS SMITH A MENACE.

Lawyer Says District Attorney Is More Dangerous Than an Anarchist

District Attorney Matthew J. Smith of Queens, against whom charges are now pending before Gov. Glynn, was criticised before Judge Burt J. Humphrey in the Queens County Court yesterday by George B. Honnecker, a lawyer of 309 Broadway, an ex-Congressman, and at one time a candidate for Governor of New Jersey, who said that the methods of the District Attorney made him more dangerous to the public than an anarchist with a red flag.

Frederick H. Cox of Springfield, L. I., is under indictment for grand larceny. The indictment was returned in December, 1912. Mr. Honnecker, who represented Mr. Cox, charged yesterday that the District Attorney had failed to prosecute the charge and that Mr. Cox had been injured greatly in consequence.

The trial was set for June 17. According to affidavits submitted by Mr. Honnecker, on that date the District Attorney was not ready, and the trial was set for June 22. At the request of the District Attorney it was adjourned then until June 24. When the defendant appeared on that date the District Attorney, through an assistant, said the trial could not proceed because it had been found that important papers had been taken from the County Clerk's office. The defendant, it is alleged, then offered to furnish certified copies of the papers, and had them in court at the time. But Assistant District Attorney Hetherington said that the trial could not proceed because the assistant who was to try the case was in Jamaica. In the afternoon of the same day when the case was called Mr. Hetherington said that Mr. Creamer was ill at his home. The case went over until the next day, when an affidavit was presented from a physician, saying that Mr. Creamer was too ill to come to court.

Judge Humphrey said yesterday that he would set the case down for trial on Sept. 14, which is the opening day of the criminal term of the court in the Fall. District Attorney Smith was represented before Judge Humphrey by Assistant District Attorney Hetherington, who told the Court that Mr. Smith was too busy preparing his own defense to the charges now before the Governor to attend to the prosecution of cases.

MUST PAY CHILDE HASSAM.

Artist Recovers $1,174 for Picture Lost in Transit.

When Childe Hassam, the artist, painted a picture about ten years ago and called it "A Rainy Day in Washington Square," he may have reflected on the old injunction about laying something aside for a rainy day, but he doubtless didn't expect to lay it quite so far aside.

The United States Express Company put Mr. Hassam's painting away so effectually that it was lost entirely. But yesterday the adage was justified for the artist by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, which upheld a verdict in his favor for $1,174.

Mr. Hassam sent the rainy day picture to the Boutwell Brooks Art Company in Denver, Col., in the Spring of 1905 for exhibition. On June 8, 1905, it was returned by this firm, being addressed to Mr. Hassam at 27 West Twenty-seventh Street. His correct address was 27 West Sixty-seventh Street. The other number was one of the entrances to the Metropolitan Hotel, that has since gone out of business. The clerk said on receiving it that no Mr. Hassam was stopping there, but that he would sign for the crate on the probability that the owner might be expecting to arrive.

The artist had no knowledge of the picture's having been shipped to him until April 1, 1906. On May 12 he notified the express company of his loss. The court held that under these circumstances the clause requiring a complainant to file his claim for a loss within sixty days did not apply. All five Justices concurred in the decision.

What became of the picture is unknown. It lay behind the desk in the hotel office until the building was abandoned. In the course of a century or two, if Mr. Hassam takes rank as an "old master," the picture will doubtless be dug up and become the subject of debates as to whether it is a "fake" or an original.

PHONE RATES NO HIGHER.

P. S. Commissioner Orders Latest Increase Disregarded.

Public Service Commissioner William Temple Emmet issued a statement yesterday in explanation of the misunderstanding which has arisen regarding telephone rates since the recent order of the up-State Commission which was aimed to do away with the charging of discriminatory rates in New York. The New York Telephone Company, it is stated, construed the order in a broader manner than the commission intended in its order and sent notices to many of its subscribers requiring them to make new contracts at higher rates than the old figures. Many subscribers refused to comply with this demand, but others signed the contracts.

The order of the up-State Public Service Commission has now been rescinded and a new order will shortly be issued. In discussing the difficulties which have arisen over the subject of rates, Commissioner Emmet said yesterday:

"The Public Service Commission afterward made an order suspending the one originally made until further action by the commission. It has informed the telephone company that another notice should immediately be sent saying the first notice might be disregarded. The commission has also informed the telephone company that in its opinion those subscribers who have already acted on the notice received from the telephone company, and who have made new contracts at higher rates, should be privileged to return to the old rates until further action by the Public Service Commission."

MACK NOT A CANDIDATE.

Says McCombs, Osborn, or Hearst Would Do—A Good Word for Glynn.

Norman E. Mack, editor of the Buffalo Evening Times, who has been boomed by his friends for the nomination for United States Senator in the Democratic primaries, announced yesterday that he would not be a candidate for that or any other nomination this fall. With Mrs. Mack he will sail for Europe today.

In a talk he said William F. McCombs, William Church Osborn and William R. Hearst had been suggested for the nomination. He thought any of them would make a good candidate. He also believed Gov. Glynn to be the logical candidate for Governor.

It was learned last night that within the next two or three days an authoritative statement will be forthcoming from Mr. McCombs in which he, too, will announce that he will not be a candidate for any nomination this fall.



HINMAN IS NOT TO RUN FOR GOVERNOR

Calder Denies Making Any Deal with Southern Tier Leader.

68,000 SIGN FOR WHITMAN

Hedges to Tour State and Speak in Every County Before Saratoga Gathering.

Word reached Republican leaders in this city yesterday that ex-Senator Harvey D. Hinman, of Binghamton, would not be a candidate in the primaries this fall for either the Gubernatorial nomination or the nomination for United States Senator to succeed Elihu Root. With Mr. Hinman out of the way as a candidate for Governor the anti-Barnes men will find it easier to support Whitman.

Congressman William M. Calder, of Brooklyn, who was in Binghamton this week, upon his return yesterday denied reports that he had effected a deal with Mr. Hinman to pool their interests in the primaries, with Hinman the candidate for Governor and Calder the candidate for Senator. Mr. Calder said he had not discussed politics with Mr. Hinman.

Mr. Hinman's withdrawal from the race leaves Congressman Calder alone in the field as candidate of the anti-Barnes element for United States Senator. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., former Speaker of the Assembly, undoubtedly will have the almost united support of the conservative element in the Republican organization.

George W. Aldridge, veteran Republican boss of Monroe County, told Chairman Barnes yesterday that he would not support Mr. Wadsworth. Mr. Aldridge's political bailiwick adjoins the territory in Western New York where the Wadsworths hold sway, and the Aldridge opposition to Wadsworth, Jr., is regarded as due to bitterness as a result of past political feuds.

It was said yesterday that Mr. Aldridge had told his friends he would be happy to support Mr. Whitman for Governor, if Job E. Hedges, Mr. Whitman's rival for the Governorship, could be assured of general support for the nomination for United States Senator in the Republican primaries. Mr. Aldridge's preference for Mr. Hedges is ascribed to his dislike for ex-Speaker Wadsworth.

Mr. Hedges believes he stands a good chance of landing the nomination for Governor. He will start on a tour of the State within a few days. In his trip he intends to repeat his performance of two years ago, when he made speeches in nearly every county of the State prior to the Saratoga Convention, and thus won a popularity which resulted in his nomination.

Friends of Mr. Hedges charge Whitman with making the Republican bosses throughout the State his allies in an attempt to foreclose the Gubernatorial nomination against other candidates. They say that Mr. Whitman has caused petitions by the wholesale to be sent to every Republican district club in this city and to the Republican leaders up State, with a view to having them signed up early. The Hedges men insist that the signing of petitions should be deferred by all candidates at least until after the unofficial Republican State Convention has been held.

Frederick C. Tanner, campaign manager for Mr. Whitman, said yesterday that while 68,000 signatures had already been obtained to Whitman petitions, the Hedges men were in error when they declared that as a general thing the Republican bosses had been instrumental in getting the petition signed or that their aid had been invoked.

"We have sent out petitions where petitions have been called for," said Mr. Tanner. "It is true that in the course of responding to widespread requests petition blanks have been sent out to practically every section of the State where the work of having them signed up is now making rapid progress."

Mr. Tanner said that in New York County many district leaders were holding aloof and not signing Whitman petitions.

Chairman Barnes spent a very busy day at State headquarters discussing the situation with leaders from many up-State counties who called in connection with the preparations now in progress for the unofficial Republican primaries for the election of delegates to to the unofficial convention. In most counties the primaries will be held on Aug. 6 or 7.

Senator Root was an early caller. Before leaving for Washington Senator Root expects to appoint the committee of twenty-five which is to draft a tentative Republican State platform. It is likely that the committee will be announced today.

Among the State leaders who called on Mr. Barnes yesterday were Lou Payn of Columbia, Philip Elting of Ulster, Senator Elon R. Brown of Jefferson, William L. Ward of Westchester, and ex-Judge Durham of Oneida. Judge Durham is anxious to have Frank S. Williams, former State Engineer and Surveyor, nominated for that office in the primaries.

SULZER OPENS CAMPAIGN.

Says He's a Jefferson-Lincoln-Roosevelt Party Man.

Ex-Gov. William Sulzer opened his campaign at Independence Hall, Osborne Street and Pitkin Avenue, East New York, last night. It was a mass meeting organized by the American Party of the 23d Assembly District, and about 1,000 persons greeted the speaker enthusiastically. Mr. Sulzer spoke for about fifty-five minutes. He said he had some new material which he "would pull on the crooks when they nominate their ticket." He said this matter had not been brought out at the impeachment trial, and that between the time he was elected, as he surely would be, and the time he took office, the "crooks" would be leaving this country for Canada so fast that his hearers, if they could be there, would be able to play pinochle on their coat-tails.

"I have eight planks in my platform," said the speaker. "They are the following: 1—Get the grafters. 2—Stop the stealing. 3—Take care of the taxpayers. 4—Give labor a lift and every man a square deal. 5—Prevent the pollution of the courts of justice. 6—Promote social justice, the general welfare and all progressive legislation. 7—Get equal rights for all and special privileges for none. 8—Free speech, free press, free public schools, and the perpetuity of our free institutions."

A man called from the audience, "What do you profess to be politically?"

"I profess to be a Thomas Jefferson Democrat," answered Mr. Sulzer, "not a Charles F. Murphy Democrat; an Abraham Lincoln Republican, not a William Barnes Republican; a Theodore Roosevelt Progressive, not a hidden government Progressive."

HONEST BALLOT MEN HEARD

Two of Association's Watchers Testify at Voorhis Inquiry.

Testimony from the watchers of the Honest Ballot Association during the last election was taken yesterday at the inquiry into the charges against Supt. of Elections John R. Voorhis in the Bar Association Building. Samuel L. Kaufman, a lawyer of 180 Orchard Street, stated that he was a watcher at the Fourth Election District of the Fourth Assembly District, and complained that he was treated roughly when he went to the Superintendent's office to serve a subpœna.

Asked to give more particulars, Mr. Kaufman said that he was asked to wait a few minutes, and was seized roughly by the arm and made to take a seat.

Then Prof. Walter Krumbeck of 911½ Ross Street, Brooklyn, who is now teaching in a Paterson high school, was called. He told how he was arrested by Deputy Supts. of Election McAleer and Boyd on the charge of delaying the registrations by unwarranted challenges, and was honorably discharged by Magistrate Naumer in a Brooklyn court. He explained that, as he was acting as a watcher for the Honest Ballot Association, he had angered the officials by challenging four voters.

Under cross-examination the professor said that his action produced protests of a somewhat vehement nature from the officials, the men challenged, and the other voters in line, whom his action delayed. His challenges were in accordance with instructions from the association, which bade him challenge on general principles any one who tried to register from two boarding houses, one in Bedford Avenue and the other in Grand Street. He admitted that he did not know the men he challenged or any specific reasons why they should not be registered.

The hearing was adjourned until Wednesday morning.

Democratic League for Women.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 10.—The Woman's Democratic League of the State of New York was incorporated today. Its purpose is to maintain Jeffersonian principles among women. The Directors are Bertie M. Crosby, Theresa E. Moran, Edna Lyon Hirst, Maria Theresa Minet, Roza I. Odell, Loretta Caruthers, M. Cecelia Gaffney, Olga Harding, Lanxman, Anna Quinn, Anna M. Skoog, Martha G. Hackney, Ella Ogorman Stanton, Julia L. Sanders, H. G. Hollenberg, and Louise G. Kleeman.

GIMBELS

Broadway and Thirty-third Street

The Store Will Be Open Today Until 12:30

Customers will have the comfort and convenience of shopping in a fine, modern, airy store filled on ten great selling floors with

Nearly $6,000,000 Worth Of Good Merchandise

Much of it is involved in the JULY CLEARANCE SALE at materially reduced prices.

All sorts of NEW THINGS are here, too, because we do not allow our stocks to run down in Summer.

It is particularly worth while to come here this morning to share in these

Important Saturday Specials

(A) For Men:—

Men's $20 two-piece Mohair Suits, $14.50.
Men's $5 and $6 Tennis Trousers, $3.75. Fourth Floor
Men's $2 and $2.50 Straw Hats, $1. Fourth Floor
Men's $1.50 Clermont Shirts, 85c. Main Floor
Men's $1.75 Lisle Thread Shirts and Drawers, 95c. Main Floor
Men's $7 English White Buckskin Oxfords, rubber soles, $4.75. Second Floor

(B) For Women and Children:—

Women's Salt-waterproof Satin Bathing Suits, $3.95. Third Floor
Women's $25 Crepe Dresses, combined with silk, $15. Third Floor
Women's $4 Embroidered Voile Blouses, $2. Third Floor
Women's 16-button White Tricot Silk Gloves, 55c pair. Main Floor
Women's $4.75 White Linen Dress Skirts, $3.25. Third Floor
Women's $5.75 Trimmed Panama Hats, $3.50. Third Floor
Women's Tan Rain Coats, set-in sleeves, $5. Third Floor
Women's $3.50 Maline and Taffeta Ruffs, $1.50. Main Floor
Women's 85c Black Lisle Bathing Tights and Bloomers, 50c. Main Floor
Women's $3 to $25 Parasols, $2 to $12. Main Floor
Children's $2.50 to $5.50 Wash Dresses, $1.50 to $3.75. Third Floor
Boys' $10 and $12 Norfolk Suits, $6.50.

(C) For the Home:—

70c to $1.35 Porch Screens, natural color, 50c to $1.20. Sixth Floor
$6.75 Colonial Table Glassware, 60 pieces, $3.50. Fifth Floor
$1.75 "White Mountain" or "Peerless" Ice Cream Freezers, $1.30.
30c to 50c Window Screens, any size in stock, 25c each. Fifth Floor
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COURT VOIDS HEARST RAILWAY INJUNCTION

Appellate Division Says N. Y. Central May Switch Trains Along Riverside Drive.

JUSTICE PHILBIN REVERSED

Decision Based on Argument That Yards Below Seventy-second Street Are Inadequate.

William R. Hearst will be unable to interfere with the New York Central in shunting freight trains below his home in Riverside Drive at Eighty-sixth Street, according to the decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court handed down yesterday.

Mr. Hearst had obtained a permanent injunction against the railroad from Supreme Court Justice Philbin. Yesterday's decision reverses that judgment.

Justice Francis M. Scott wrote the opinion, it being concurred in by Presiding Justice Ingraham and Justice McLaughlin. Justice Dowling joins in a strong dissenting opinion written by Justice Henry D. Hotchkiss.

The plea which seems to have moved the court most strongly to reverse Justice Philbin is the allegation that the terminal yard of the railroad, extending from Sixtieth Street to Seventy-second Street, is inadequate to handle the company's business. It finds that the railroad has submitted plans to the Board of Estimate for an extension of its yards, but that the board has failed to approve or disapprove. This inaction of the board has hindered the railroad from going ahead with its improvements, which include the purchase of about eleven acres of land from the city and two acres from private owners.

Mr. Hearst's property, the court notes, does not abut on the railroad. A public park and the Drive intervene. It is pointed out that the company says it moves its cars with as little delay as possible and does not "store" cars on the tracks between Seventy-second and Ninety-sixth Streets, as the word is commonly accepted.

In the opinion of the court, it would be laying the foundation for inevitable future litigation that could only be unsatisfactory if the injunction of Judge Philbin is permitted to stand. The railroad is acting in the capacity of a common carrier, a public servant, and its activities must be judged partly in this light, and not from the same viewpoint that one might regard an individual enterprise.

In his dissenting opinion Justice Hotchkiss says the Sixtieth Street yard is antiquated, no material change having been made in its arrangements for some thirty-five years. To this fact, and a greatly increased volume of traffic, may be attributed the necessity for the Seventy-second Street extension. "In consequence of the constant use, day and night, of the tracks north of Seventy-second Street for yard purposes," the opinion says, "residents along Riverside Drive, a street of unique beauty, are seriously disturbed in their comfort, rest and repose, which is broken by the noise from steam locomotives, their straining and puffing, bells and whistles, the switching and bumping of cars by unnecessary and preventable smoke from engines, and by offensive odors from the cars of live stock, which not only traverse the tracks, but are permitted to lie thereon for hours at a time pending their distribution to the main yard below."

PLEADS WEAK HEART IN VAIN

Term in Sing Sing Follows Untrue Tale of Family Solicitude.

In spite of his plea that he stole from his employers, Chubb & Son, to provide for his family when he thought that he was going to die of a weak heart, Thomas A. Reid, 55 years old, of 884 Seventieth Street, Brooklyn, was sent to Sing Sing yesterday by Judge Crain in General Sessions to serve from four to eight years.

Probation Officer Kimball's report did not bear out Reid's assertion that he was thinking only of his family. According to Kimball, Reid had been speculating, beginning with a small legacy, which he soon used up.

Reid was arrested in London, where he was living under an assumed name. He pleaded guilty last week to the larceny charge.

GOES TO FACE A JAIL.

Reginald Lloyd Says He's Indicted in Buenos Aires.

Reginald Lloyd, who said he was the English editor of a Buenos Aires newspaper, arrived yesterday from Liverpool on the Cunarder Lusitania on his way back to South America, where he said he was under indictment for criminal slander on account of the crusade he had carried on in his newspaper against the white slave traffic.

He is a tall, dark-complexioned, heavily built man, with wavy pompadour hair and was accompanied by his secretary, a little English woman, Miss Dorothy Stone. In explaining his troubles in Buenos Aires to the reporters Mr. Lloyd said that the charges of slander made against him arose from his articles over the Wango case.

"My position is a serious one," he went on to say, "because if I am convicted I may be sentenced to serve three years in a prison in Argentina, and the prospect is not an inviting one, but I am going through with it. Needless to say, the conditions which I have attacked are bad."

He said he intended to go to Chicago before sailing for Buenos Aires.

COATS TO BE SNUGGER.

Designers Decide to Give Men a Decided Waist Line.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 10.—American men who want to follow fashion's decree will wear English or form-fitting coats this Fall and Winter, according to the models approved today at the opening session of the National Association of Manufacturing Clothiers' Designers. The delegates were unanimous in approving of the form-fitting styles, and their decrees are accepted by most of the clothing manufacturers.

Overcoats will have the "French back" and will be double-breasted and button-through. The balmacan, popular last season, was also approved with slight modifications.

Coats are to be single-breasted, cut very snug at the waist line, and a trifle shorter than last season, with soft rolls and three buttons. Trousers are to be shapely and of medium width.

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THE NEW YORK TIMES

TOMORROW

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1914.

ORANGEMEN WARLIKE.

The idea that anti-home rule Ulster is demanding a fair share of home rule for itself, which the uninitiated might form from surface indications, is corrected by Sir EDWARD CARSON'S ingenious explanation that the object of the Ulster Provisional Government, which met in Belfast yesterday, is "to hold the province in trust for the United Kingdom." The Ulsterites are certainly putting on a brave front and promise to celebrate the anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne with more vigor than usual. The Government of Mr. ASQUITH is to be shown that Ulster must be absolutely excluded from the Home Rule bill. To secure this end "something serious is contemplated," to quote Sir EDWARD CARSON again.

Ulster demands much. It seems incomprehensible to outsiders that the accomplishment of the strongest desire of Irishmen for nearly a century, home rule, should so anger a part of the country. But the fact is plain, and it seems likely that the British Government will be compelled at length to let Ulster have its way, to release the northern counties from the operation of the Home Rule bill without specifying the time. Meanwhile there is danger of a clash of arms tomorrow, and what might happen after the spilling of blood nobody can surmise. The National Volunteers are armed and as determined as the Orangemen.

IS THIS A WOMAN'S WORK?

There may or may not be some sort of political influence underneath the outbreak of riotous spirit on Blackwell's Island. It seems incredible that any such influence would be exerted in that manner, but it is well to admit that there may be some ground for suspicion. The riots may have been caused by a sudden development of dislike for Warden HAYES or by the loss of the drugs which seem to have been obtained too freely hitherto. The one thing certain is that it ought not to be possible for such outbreaks to continue for six days, in the very heart of the city. The incident is discreditable to the management of the Penitentiary and Workhouse, past and present.

The accounts of the rioting, the hurling of missiles, and the volleys of filthy expletives shouted by the maddened prisoners; the descriptions of the men concerned in the outbreak, many of them utterly incorrigible, emphasize the deplorable folly of placing a woman in control of the Department of Correction. There is not a word to say against the theories of Commissioner DAVIS, or her judgment. But surely no decent man can believe that it is right for a woman, however "advanced" in ideas she may be, to be placed in contact with that horrible mob of besotted, degenerate, utterly vicious outcasts. Mayor MITCHEL yesterday asserted his confidence in Miss DAVIS'S ability "to handle the situation." Does he like to see her trying to handle it? It is a spectacle which might be expected to nauseate the most stalwart advocate of "woman's rights."

STABILIZED OCEAN FLIGHT.

The late Prof. A. LAWRENCE ROTCH, whose experiments at the Blue Hill Observatory enabled him to plot out the most feasible routes for transatlantic flight, declared in 1912 that, while the passage east was possible, in the then stage of the art it would be "hazardous and of no practical value." Until Lieut. PORTE asked the Navy Department to permit him to use the new gyroscopic stabilizer invented by the SPERRYS, Prof. ROTCH would have condemned the latest preparations to sail through the air across an ocean. The recognition in Paris of the gustproof device would have made him more hopeful.

The value of the great trial, if made, will be measured by what it points out as practicable in maintaining regular aerial communication over long distances. The test will take advantage of the trade winds across the Atlantic; they blow with greater regularity than on the continents; they are stronger, and they are remarkably free of gusts caused by irregularities of ground and by rising currents of heated air. The stabilizer that won the Paris award would have these advantages. It would be actually safer for the experimenters to try it out in a flight across the Atlantic than in a long flight overland. If the device withstood the test the risking of their lives would have some reasonable justification. The Navy Department could hardly devote the stabilizers for which it has contracted to a more instructive use.

ASPECTS OF THE FRENCH LOAN.

The world has been waiting for the French loan hardly less eagerly than France itself. Even more has been expected from it than from our own railway rate decision, upon which also more than national results are thought to depend. France asked for $161,000,000, and was offered it forty-fold. The loan is such a success that it is selling at a premium. Necessarily the situation is improved. So far as the money is attracted out of the peasants' stockings into banking circles there is as much addition to the world's gold as though it had been mined. There is even greater relaxation in the financial situation through the release of the deposits made upon that portion of the offering which will get no bonds.

As a loan the success is prodigious, and yet there is not that buoyancy which had been hoped for. The new loan succeeds at the expense of the old loan, which has been sacrificed to get means to take up the new loan. Rentes are lower than before the new loan was offered, and if the comparison is extended over a longer period the loss is prodigious. EDMOND THERY, the French economist, calculates the loss on rentes at 4,000,000,000 francs. If it were possible to confine the loss to rentes it would be serious, but the fact is that the loss on rentes affects every private balance sheet in France. There cannot be two prices for capital in the same credit. When the new loan was offered at a yield of 3.70 per cent., it was necessary that the old loan should sell down to that yield. And since all other French credit is inferior to the national credit, it follows that all other borrowers must pay more. Thus the rate of private profit is related to the price the Government has to pay, and all France is feeling the strain, as THERY expresses it, of spendthrift budgets.

There is a British saying that 10 per cent. will bring gold to London out of the earth. It is sure that when the French national loan shows a deterioration in price corresponding to a yield of income approaching 4 per cent., the strain is felt in every credit institution. It is a world problem now to find funds for both national and industrial necessities. The growing signs of revolt by the taxpayers in several countries is a more promising sign of private financial ease than any success whatever of national loans at constantly higher rates of yield. World finance cannot find relief until the competition between public and private borrowers is less keen.

MAYOR MITCHEL'S PLAN.

There is no longer the slightest doubt about the attitude or the intentions of Mayor MITCHEL, Collector MALONE and whatever other independent Democrats may be allied with them. The Mayor's statement clears the situation. Those Democrats for whom he speaks will make a fight at the primaries for the nomination of an anti-machine Democrat. If they fail, and a ticket of an objectionable stripe is nominated, they will oppose it at the polls. If a Murphy Democrat is nominated on one side and a Barnes Republican on the other, they are for an independent ticket. In such a case, they evidently look forward to making common cause with anti-Barnes Republicans and Progressives, for then they would have a fighting chance, while if they flocked by themselves they would not.

This has the merit of being a fighting programme, definite and comprehensible. Heretofore the anti-Tammany movement has been mooning along without anything to say for itself on which anybody could express an opinion, while Tammany has been going ahead with the extremely definite and purposeful manner which characterizes that organization. The independents have been looking to Washington for leadership and instruction; now they have decided to strike out for themselves.

Nothing is more evident than that the direct primaries have made the nomination of a straight machine ticket extremely probable. Even if there are more independent Democrats than machine Democrats in the State, they are reasonably sure to waste their strength among several candidates at the primaries, while the disciplined soldiers of the machine will vote according to the "tip" handed to them for men of whom they may never have heard. So sure is this that the independents have been trying desperately to find some device by which they can get an anti-machine ticket into the field without violating the spirit of the primary law—a "mass convention," a "conference," an "unofficial convention," or what not—and up to date have succeeded in nothing except in making more solid the certainty of their own helplessness and Tammany's imperturbable strength.

It is not usual to threaten a bolt in advance, as Mayor MITCHEL plainly does, but the direct primary is an untried experiment and it is conceivable that a ticket may be nominated so bad that a bolt might be unavoidable. Neither the Mayor, the Collector, nor any other anti-machine Democrat should be censured for recognizing such a possibility and making plans for what is to be done in case it happens.

LOUISIANA'S EXPERIMENT.

Into the motives of the Louisianans who are undertaking to make a breach in the Solid South it is not necessary to inquire. The end of their work, if it is successful, will be good. On the stand they are taking on the tariff we disagree with them wholly. The point is that the position of the State has long been anomalous; that its nominal Democracy has been an injury to the nation and to the Democratic Party itself.

The negro problem long made it necessary for Southern white men to stand together, no matter what the Democratic Party might advocate—free trade, protection, free silver, or socialism. When the party was invested with national power this resulted in disaster. It went into power, for instance, in 1892 pledged to an honest tariff revision. When the tariff came to be revised, the interests of a large part of the South being protectionist, the nominal Democrats from that part of the South stood by the interests of their constituents and ruined the revision. The nation blamed the party for not keeping its pledges. The nominal Democracy of Louisiana injured the party instead of helping it. The grim necessity which compelled the union of actual Republicans with real Democrats in one heterogeneous mass called the Democratic Party injured also the South; for, once a ticket had been named by the Democrats in any Southern State, it became impossible to bolt, and as a result the representatives of the South at Washington were often such as to reflect no credit upon it.

The dread of negro domination has passed away, and with it the need for the maintenance of this condition. But the condition remained; when negro domination was a deadly danger the men who refused to oppose it were regarded as traitors to their race, and hence a social stigma attached to the very name "Republican." Now, however, the name "Progressive," which carries no such stigma, offers a pretext for the men who really believe in a high tariff to stand under their true flag instead of under a false one, and they are seizing the opportunity by thousands. The Democratic Party will be stronger as a whole without the electoral vote of Louisiana than with it on the terms on which it has hitherto had it.

A noticeable development in the controversy over the two treaties now before the Senate for ratification is the ardent support of the Nicaraguan treaty by the very persons who are most severe in their denunciation of the Colombian treaty. This seems strange. Both treaties were drawn up under Secretary BRYAN'S eye. They ought not to stand for conflicting policies. Deliberate action, in view of the circumstances, seems to be the Senate's best course regarding both treaties.

What kind of an American citizen is it who can write to The London Daily Mail the letter quoted in the special cable dispatches to THE TIMES yesterday? "Your ASQUITH is not "unlike our WILSON in that he talks "a great deal and does very little," says this poor and dubious representative of the United States. Apart from his discourtesy in meddling with the affairs of others, this alleged American is woefully indiscreet and unpatriotic. Let him talk against President WILSON as much as he pleases at home, and vote against him, if he has a vote, but hold his peace when he is among people who will be likely to set him down as a cad for abusing his own country to strangers.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Piloting, Old and New. Probably no other accident involving small loss of property and none of life would have as much interest for as many people as will the running down yesterday morning of the little pilot boat New Jersey.

Of course the romance of piloting largely disappeared with the abandonment of the swift and beautiful schooners in which these guides of the big ships used to range far up and down the coast in vigorous and exciting competition for fees and glory. Magnificent seamanship and more magnificent indifference to wild weather marked the business in those days, and made it enviable by every boy with enough of the adventurous spirit to make him likely to grow up a real man. Of late years combination has replaced a noble rivalry, just as ugly little steamers hanging close about the harbor mouth have succeeded the graceful sailing craft whose lines recalled so vividly the long, low, rakish apparitions described in the old pirate stories.

But though piloting has lost much, something has still remained, and innumerable transatlantic travelers have watched with never-wearied attention the taking on and dropping off of the man who, usually so clumsily, but always so competently, clambered up or down the ship's side at the beginning or the ending of her journey. These arrivals and departures always rank high among the events of ocean voyages, and rare indeed is the traveler who is indifferent to them.

That a pilot boat was run down gives a mental shock something like the happening of a known impossibility. Their immunity from all the dangers of the sea is taken for granted, and their record supports the assumption—almost. That it does is highest proof of the skill and courage possessed by the pilots and their supporting crews, for they are constantly exposed to all the ocean perils there are, just where all the perils are greatest, in crowded waters and close to shore. If anybody thinks it a small and easy task to board a liner from a rowboat when the sea is running even moderately high, a single trial will convince him of his mistake. Not a man on the New Jersey was drowned, though she went down so quickly.

That speaks something for the rescuers, but much more for the readiness for any emergency that characterizes these last survivors of the old-fashioned sailor man.

Gunda Will Soon Be Unchained. Having a strong impression that truth should be told in verse, as in prose, the lines that have been placed on the bars of Gunda's cage do not fill us with admiration. Still less are we pleased by the fact that they have been allowed to remain there, which of course would not have been the case had not somebody's opinion been different from our own.

The times are not, and THE TIMES is not, "out of joint," because of an effort to save the big elephant from a form of captivity excessively, because unnecessarily, rigorous, and there has never been the slightest danger that before the "clamor" to which the anonymous poet refers is ended Gunda will lose his life. Inaccurate, also, is the assertion that "the throng" demands his death, and he would have been imperiled by his friends only if it had been impossible to give him more freedom without risk to his keepers and the public. The learned and experienced Dr. HORNADAY thought, or thought he thought so, at first, but reflection has convinced him, evidently, that besides keeping Gunda as he is and killing him, a third course is open, as the "sentimentalists" have believed from the beginning.

For behold, we now hear that "Our engineer is working on plans for a sliding door that can be operated from the outside, and when that is installed it will enable Gunda to pass from his cage to his yard without compelling his keepers to go into his cage when he is loose."

So this cruel war over the chained elephant ends, or will end, as soon as the engineer works out a problem well within his admirable art, and the strain that was brought on the friendly relations which have long existed between the head of the New York Zoological Park and THE TIMES relaxes without having produced any sign of fracture. Sensible people don't quarrel just because they differ; they argue the difference out, with a full accounting for all the facts in the case, and then one or the other gives up. This time, as it happens, we didn't have to do the giving up, but we have known the sensation it brings sufficiently often to refrain from undue exultation when it comes to somebody else.

Of Reading Notices Once More. To the elaborate and accurate disquisition on the "reading notice" which one of our readers contributed to this page yesterday, it may be well to add a few remarks. There is nothing intrinsically objectionable in the appearance in the news columns of a paper, or even in its editorial columns, of references long or short to facts or happenings which an advertiser likes to see there and considers to his advantage, pecuniary or other. Such facts or happenings may be and often are news, and good news, in the strict and legitimate sense of that word, and it is the poorest sort of journalism to suppress or refuse news merely because its publication will benefit an actual or potential buyer of "space."

The "reading notice" is improper only when what it contains is of so little interest to the general reader that it would not have been printed except as part consideration for the advertiser's money and at his demand, express or implied, for its insertion on threat of withdrawing or withholding his patronage. Then it becomes a part of the advertisement, and in morals we know, and in law we think, it should be plainly marked for what it is.

Whether a given "item" falls just within or just without the line between legitimate news and illegitimate puffing is a question on which opinions can honestly differ, and it is by no means necessarily proof of a dishonorable bargain when one paper prints about an advertiser or his wares or his enterprises what another sees fit to reject. Always, however, the editorial judgment should decide. When it doesn't, readers are deceived and the press prostituted.

PSYCHOLOGY OF SEX.

Its Sacredness Is in That Domain, Not in Physiology.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a result of my hospital training, the question of the teaching of sex hygiene in the public schools has become one of especial interest to me, and it was with a strong feeling of indignation that I read in Thursday's TIMES the short account of the reception that the suggestion received during a session of the National Educational Association in St. Paul.

I entirely agree with Dr. Keene in his statement that the "wealthy clubwoman who has no time to teach her child the fundamental truths of life, but would throw the responsibility upon a teacher or a football coach" merits "the strongest condemnation."

But the majority of children have not wealthy clubwomen for mothers. They have no mothers at all and no homes and no means of proper instruction except through the schools, public and institutional. Take the hundreds of children who fill our orphan asylums and homes scattered throughout the country, and the children of the poorer foreign population who crowd our cities, and of whom we expect to make desirable American citizens. Has the National Educational Association no consideration for them?

It seems to me that in talking on this subject, the greater number of critics have in mind the psychology of sex, rather than its physiology. I contend that the physiology of sex is no more "sacred" than the physiology of digestion, and that our children have an equal right to the knowledge of both.

Let the National Educational Association delegate the psychology of sex and the teaching of "the fundamental truths of life" to the homes, to the Sunday Schools, to whoever has the courage of his convictions to enter upon the subject with the individual child, but the mere physiology of the question let us bring out into broad daylight and teach side by side with algebra and history, and just as surely as right knowledge takes the place of wrong on this vital subject shall we see a decrease in disease and crimes, caused for the most part at present through that greatest of crimes—ignorance.

A TRAINED NURSE.

New York, July 10, 1914.

Du Bois on Hibbin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The courteous and classical statement of Paxton Hibbin, Esq., who is sufficiently known in Bogota, that appeared in THE TIMES this morning is so replete with nothing and abuse that I will not consider it further than to say that nothing this remarkably successful diplomat can say, and nothing that any of his kind may say, will halt me one moment in pursuing the work I am doing in the interest of the United States and the rights of nations.

My statement published in THE TIMES on July 2 has not been, and, I believe, will not be successfully controverted.

JAMES T. DU BOIS.

Hallstead, Penn., July 7, 1914.

SALE OF DICTAPHONES.

Should It Be Restricted in the Legal Interest of Privacy?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the unrestricted use of the dictaphone, especially emphasized in a recent murder case, it occurs that the indiscriminate sale of this machine is a violation of certain well established legal personal rights. In general, as laid down in the case of Pavesich versus New England Life Insurance Company, 122 Georgia 190, the right of privacy is a purely personal one, and it is the right of each individual to be let alone and not be dragged into publicity. The installation of a dictaphone in the home or office of any individual, unless there be a distinct public service to be rendered, is a definite violation of that right.

While it is admitted that in the case of tapping of telephone or telegraph wires the situation is complicated by infringement of property rights, nevertheless the fundamental principle of interference with private communication is identical.

More specifically ought this principle of privacy be doubly guarded in the case of persons who are legally authorized to receive privileged communications—physicians, lawyers, and priests. It is easy to see what a pernicious effect would follow the use of the dictaphone in tapping the confidences of patient and physician, client and lawyer, confessor and priest.

In these instances there is no question that the confidant is civilly liable for the confidences he receives, and if without his knowledge such confidences become public, he is exposed to unfair liability. For that reason the individual exposing him should be held criminally as well as civilly responsible.

While the matter is still moot, it might be advantageous to establish some method of control of the sale and use of all dictaphones. To a certain extent this machine is a public utility and consequently should be subject to license and inspection, and possibly held within the control of the police department and responsible detective bureaus.

MORRIS L. ERNST.

New York, July 10, 1914.

THE HECKLED BANKERS.

Action of Senate Committee Is Called Petty and Mischievous.

From The Boston Post.

The Senate Committee on Banks and Banking, by constituting itself a board of inquisition on Mr. Wilson's nominees, is not only affronting the President, but is meddling with the situation in a way that is likely to be very harmful. By calling one of the appointees before it and cross-questioning him as if he were suspected of a crime, they are taking the very course that will result in making men of the highest grade unwilling to accept appointments to the board.

Mr. Jones's Case.

From The Chicago Tribune.

Dr. Thomas D. Jones's statement before the Senate Banking Committee ought to strengthen his cause before that body, not weaken it. It was manly, unequivocal, straightforward. Does it offer any grounds for fair objection to his appointment as a member of the Federal Reserve Board? We do not believe it offers the slightest ground except in the eyes of the politician and of the impractical or fanatical.

A Task for the Democrats.

From The Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

Whether Mr. Warburg and Mr. Jones take their seats on the Reserve Board or not, the Democratic Party has a difficult task ahead of it to convince the public by its deeds that it is an effective friend of business.

A Self-Respecting Spirit.

From The Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

Mr. Warburg displayed only a proper spirit of self-respect when he declined to be heckled, or to prove his innocence of the crime of being a successful banker. It is a misfortune that the Senate is ruled to such an extent by a spirit of bigotry, intolerance, and narrow partisanship that his desire to be of service to his country has been construed as a suspicious circumstance.

Prying Distrust of Business.

From The Richmond News Letter.

The muddle over the confirmation of Mr. Warburg as a member of the Federal Reserve Board is typical of the small politician's prying distrust of business men. In this case it will probably cost the country the services of a man peculiarly equipped for an important technical task; in other cases, if persisted in, it will deter the men most needed by the Government from accepting its service.

A Refreshing Example.

From The Charleston Evening Post.

Mr. Warburg may have been supersensitive, according to accepted standards of the time, and to some will appear exacting of a deference that is not usually accorded to nominees for public office, yet his nicety is somewhat refreshing, both from the rarity of its exhibition and because it demonstrates an independence of preferment that must be carried far back to find a precedent. At least one man remains who can forego office that may not be had upon terms which, in his opinion, comport with his own dignity.

Bad for Monetary Experiment.

From The Boston Herald.

The President is to be commended for his persistence in trying to secure the services of Paul M. Warburg for the Federal Reserve Board, in spite of the opposition of the populistic element of the Senate. It augurs ill for the great monetary experiment on which the country is starting if men of standing and experience are to be excluded from its leadership because of their affiliations with large financial operations.

A Superogatory Role.

From The Baltimore American.

As Mr. Warburg has already submitted to other forms of intense catechising and as he is no politician and the process to which he is invited to submit is nothing more than a grill, he is acting with dignity and self-respect in refusing to undergo the needless and the demeaning ordeal.

The services of a man of the financial prominence of Mr. Warburg would give character to the board and would represent a distinctive sacrifice upon his part. So that the Senate by its persistence in assuming the role of inquisitor where there is no ground for inquiry, may deprive the nation of the services of one whose eminent fitness is generally recognized.

The Ulster Unionists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With the approach of Orangemen's Day (July 12) the publication of the following paragraph will be of interest. It is taken from the ultra-Unionist Weekly Irish Times of June 27, and as indicative of the fact that feeling in Ulster just now is not so alarmingly strained as cabled messages try to show, it needs little comment. It proves beyond question that as between the Unionists and the Nationalists there is much in common, and that, "outside influences" barred, a mutual adjustment of honest divergences in their respective political views is not a difficult problem:

> At a cock fight held at Killeshandra, County Cavan, some days ago, a number of Unionist and Nationalist volunteers attended, and after the various "battles" had been decided fell into line, one corps beside the other, and marched together for a considerable distance. The best of good feeling prevailed.

M. E. J. GILGANE.

New York, July 6, 1914.

A Low Comparison.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When George B. Morton lauds the fact that no women have been included among the assassins in history, he takes occasion to make light of the dastardly deeds of the English furies. It is to be regretted that he has to descend to such a low order of humanity as assassins in order to give the suffragettes the better of the comparison.

R. K. NIZEV.

Elizabeth, N. J., July 10, 1914.

LIFE INSURANCE LOANS.

Abnormal Increase in 1913 Gives Cause for Alarm.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Interest in the subject of increased borrowings on life insurance policies has been aroused again by a statement in a review of the distributions of life insurance money in 1913, published recently by The Insurance Press and quoted extensively by newspapers:

> The unfavorable feature of the transactions in all parts of the United States was the extent of the applications for loans on life insurance policies. The amount of the increase of the outstanding loan account at the close of the year was $63,725,000, against an increase of $43,244,000 in 1912, a difference of nearly $20,500,000.
>
> Since 1906 this review of the distribution of life insurance money has mentioned the applications for loans on policies as indications of the fluctuations of business conditions. The increases of the policy loan account have been: 1906, $37,280,000; 1907, $72,590,000; 1908, $55,270,000; 1909, $34,940,000; 1910, $44,600,000; 1911, $41,000,000; 1912, $43,244,000; 1913, $63,725,000. The disturbance of general business caused the increase of policy loans in 1907; the adverse conditions of general business in 1913 was indicated by the increase of policy loans in 1913.

The record of the variations of applications for loans on life insurance policies since 1906 and some of the particulars of the fluctuations of business conditions in the period of seven years make the impression that the increase of the loan account in 1913 would have amounted to more than $80,000,000 if the general business depression last year had been as intense as it was in 1907.

It is obvious that the writer of the review meant that adverse business conditions caused an increase of policy loans above the normal to the extent of $20,500,000 in 1913. The results of investigations substantiate the deductions from the statistics since 1906.

Readers of THE TIMES will remember that in December last the ultimate effect of an unrestricted right to borrow on life insurance policies was the subject of an address and a discussion at the annual meeting of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents, at which some of the announcements were that 90 per cent. of the policy loans were never repaid, and that the unprecedented tendency to borrow on policies, if allowed to go on unchecked, "might become a strong and perhaps powerful disintegrating force." In January a statistical report on the subject was issued by the association.

A reasonable conclusion of an analysis of the statistical evidence was that, under present policy provisions, "times of financial stringency lead to the destruction of a vast amount of insurance by placing loan incumbrances on policies which are never removed."

Taking the amount of the loans outstanding at the close of 1912 at $559,100,000, and 10 per cent. as the basis of repayment, a calculation was that $503,190,000 would not be repaid by the borrowers. That leads to the point of view that the borrower reduces the face amount of his policy when payable at maturity, either at the time of death or at the end of an endowment period. When a life policy is carried for family protection, the borrowing of money on it gives point to an expression, "You are borrowing from your own widow and your own orphans."

The question has been raised as to the number and amount of the policy loans deducted before the distribution of insurance money in 1913 or any previous year. Statistics are not available to show the amount of loans deducted from death claims or in settlement of endowments and surrenders. Such deduction is a matter of experience for each company, and the details are not reported to any insurance department. Begun as a special privilege, featured in competition and developed into a provision of insurance law, the policy loan privilege has been exploited to an unreasonable extent as a talking point. It is not a matter of wonder that Insurance Commissioners and company executives are awaiting concerted action for restriction of the privilege.

To cover a premium due at a time of temporary embarrassment or period of business depression, whether psychological or not, is a natural function of a policy loan. The automatic premium loan is not a new feature of life insurance.

To enable a policy holder to speculate with money taken from life insurance reserves or to purchase luxuries therewith is not a proper function of a policy loan, yet it continues as a privilege that is looked upon as a right.

In their canvassing life insurance agents must talk less about the "right to demand" policy loans. The business of the agents makes the business of the companies, and it is not good business to inculcate ideas that result in bad business through reduction of protection.

HENRY W. ODION.

New York, July 10, 1914.

PROTEST.

Why do men talk eternally of death
And change and the sad rune of Winter time?
Even the poet, gazing on the grass
Of early Spring, fortells the Winter's rime;
And of the thrush's song and rose's breath
Makes mournful prophecy that they must pass.

Then, looking sadly at the tiny leaves
That clothe with magic art each mighty tree—
Soft, tender, baby leaves, yet brave and strong—
Nothing in them save sadness does he see.
So over their brief stay his spirit grieves,
And on mutation does he ponder long.

But is there then nothing in the passing scene
To charm the poet's eye, and tinge his song
With gladness? Must we pass through life in gloom
That nothing, here below, may tarry long?
Does not each change a deeper glory mean?
Does not the fruit replace the fallen bloom?

Is there no beauty in the changing leaf,
The red and gold of Autumn's witchery;
The sapphires of the clear October sky
Crusted with stars of frosty brilliancy;
The full perfection of the golden sheaf,
The russet mantles that on hillsides lie?

Oh, poet, have you never seen a sky
Of violet, with a gold, crescent moon;
Black, leafless branches, limned in outline bold
In the late glow of Winter afternoon,
With one round, empty, lonely nest on high,
And marveled not at Nature's art untold?

ANNIE O'CONNOR.

HARMON WARNS NEW YORK.

Losing Supremacy from Lack of Civic Spirit, Says Real Estate Man.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penna., July 10—William E. Harmon of New York, told the 1,500 delegates to the seventh annual convention of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges today that he considered the Russell Sage Foundation home development on Long Island a failure in one of its principal aims, that of setting standards for suburban home building in other cities.

"The trouble is there is too much of the artistic and not enough of the practical about such work," he said.

He declared that the daily newspapers were the backbone of all lot plan development, observing that he did not think much of expensive circulars which "often times shoot over the heads" of their readers. "Exquisite printing has not much pulling power," he said. "What the peopel want to read is news."

Mr. Harmon was severe on his native New York for its small representation at the convention, saying: "New York has failed to meet the possibilities that this organization has offered to all of the real estate firms of this country, and New York is going to suffer from that and is suffering now, as she has suffered from her lack of civic spirit in this and many other directions. I have seen for 10 years the banner of supremacy being wrested from that great city simply because of her lack of 'pull-together' spirit."

The convention to-day adopted a code of ethics and launched a movement to obtain state license laws for real estate agents.

TAKE BOWDLE SERIOUSLY.

Washington Observers Say His Heiress-Taxing Bill May Be Passed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Members of Congress who discussed today the bill of Representative Stanley Bowdle of Ohio to tax the incomes of American girls marrying titled foreigners were curious to know how much local politics had been engrafted upon the measure, as it was recalled that a sister of Nicholas Longworth, who is to be Mr. Bowdle's opponent in the Fall election, is the Countess de Chambrun.

"I never thought of that until it was suggested to me today," said Mr. Bowdle when he was asked if he was trying to impose a tax on the family fortune of his political opponent.

Mr. Bowdle and Mr. Longworth have been personally on good terms, although they are politically hostile.

The bill introduced by the Cincinnati member created much comment in the House today. It was not treated as a joke. Members pictured American girls yielding to the lure of foreign titles and shipping their millions abroad, while American youths stood disconsolate; and the more they talked about it the less they were inclined to regard the bill in a humorous light.

The measure has been referred to the Ways and Means Committee. Mr. Bowdle said he would make an effort to have the committee report it. Belief was expressed by members today that should it come before the House it would be passed.

LIFTS MURRAY HILL BAN.

Apartment House Will Not Violate Covenant, Appellate Division Rules.

The Appellate Division in an opinion handed down yesterday decided that the erection and maintenance of an apartment house on the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street would violate neither the letter nor the spirit of the restrictive "Murray Hill Covenant," which was entered into in 1847. The old covenant prohibits the erection in that district of buildings other than brick or stone residences, at least two stories in height.

The site in question is now occupied by the old South Church. The officers of the church brought suit against the Madison Avenue Building Company because the company refused to fulfill a contract to buy the premises. The company held that the property was unmarketable because of the restrictions imposed by the old covenant. The Appellate Division held, however, that "dwelling houses," as mentioned in the covenant, includes apartment houses.

This decision is bound to cause agitation among the residents of the Murray Hill district, who have fought so many legal battles to keep business houses from intruding on their territory, the limits of which are defined by the covenant as Lexington and Madison Avenues on the east and west, and Thirty-fourth and Thirty-eighth Streets on the south and north.

CIVIL SERVICE EXEMPTIONS.

All Jobs Under the Palisades Park Board Are So Classified.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 10.—The Civil Service Commission has classified as exempt all places under the Palisades Interstate Park Commission; eighteen Assistant Deputy Commissionerships, at $1,800 each; one Inspector of Risks, at $4,000; one Examiner of Insurance Policies, at $1,800, and one assistant cashier, at $2,500, in the Workmen's Compensation Commission, subject to approval by Gov. Glynn. The exemption of these Compensation Commission places was opposed by the Civil Service Reform Association, the Consumers' League, and other organizations.

The request of the Public Administrator of Bronx County for the exemption of three clerkships, an investigator and a stenographer was denied.

A resolution was adopted suspending the rule requiring examination in the case of Dr. Oscar Teague, 414 East Twenty-sixth Street, New York City, for appointment as Director of the Bacteriological and Pathological Laboratory connected with the Department of Health.

MRS. SPRINGER LOSES.

Duveens Get Reversal in $20,000 Suit Over Tapestry Commission.

Mrs. Charlotte Springer, who sued Duveen Brothers for $20,000 for commission which she contended was due on tapestries sold to the late J. P. Morgan, and won her suit in the Supreme Court, lost it yesterday by a reversal by the Appellate Division. Mrs. Springer said in her complaint that in April, 1905, she arranged with Prince Ferdinand de Bourbon for the purchase of the "Don Quixote" tapestries belonging to King Alphonso of Spain. The price was fixed at $340,000.

The tapestries were an heirloom of the Bourbon royal house, and had been held as a cherished possession for centuries. Mrs. Springer says she interested Mr. Morgan in the tapestries and that he sent her to Duveen Brothers who agreed, she said, to pay her a commission of $20,000 in case the sale was made. Then, she said, the defendants bought the tapestries without notifying her and sold them to Mr. Morgan, reaping a profit of $50,000.

TOUR NEW WATERSHED.

Bensel Soon to Report on Advisability of Diverting Waters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 10.—John A. Bensel, State Engineer, and J. Waldo Smith, Chief Engineer of the New York Water Supply, today made an automobile tour of that section of the Schoharie County watershed which is desired by New York City for an additional source of water supply. The territory comprises several thousand acres. Mr. Bensel is to decide soon whether or not the barge canal will be crippled if the waters of this territory are diverted.

"If the turning over to the City of New York of the Schoharie watershed is going to interfere with the barge canal, I shall make an adverse report," said Mr. Bensel. "The principal thing to be considered is whether the diversion of this water from the Mohawk to the Hudson watershed will be of such proportion as to be detrimental to the canal's operation."

WOMEN HEAR STORY OF HOW NEWS IS GOT

Unromantic Side of World's Information and Its Transmission Holds Close Attention.

AIMS OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

Mrs. Wallace Springs a Surprise When She Praises Man Above Woman as a Housekeeper.

The Associated Press often is misunderstood, simply because it is the largest news-gathering organization in the world, according to Frederick Roy Martin, Assistant General Manager, who discussed the association's methods of gathering news, its purposes and ideals before more than one hundred interested women who attended the July meeting of the Associated Clubs of Domestic Science, at the Hotel Imperial yesterday afternoon.

The members of the Associated Clubs, banded together to make war upon the extravagances of domestic life, listened intently to Mr. Martin, particularly when he told them that The Associated Press didn't deal with "scandal and tittle-tattle" but with more serious news.

At the conclusion of his address Mr. Martin was plied with questions by the women. As a general answer to many of their interrogations, Mr. Martin explained that one of the biggest problems of The Associated Press was the matter of news selection. Divorce cases, automobile accidents, and similar incidents or accidents usually are not covered by The Associated Press, unless something more than a local interest is attached to them.

Because The Associated Press was such a large organization, Mr. Martin said, few people ever attempted to "penetrate its mysteries." Ordinarily the public knew of The Associated Press only through magazine articles, "almost all written without the slightest inquiry." Mr. Martin pointed out that within a few weeks articles about the organization had appeared in Harper's, The Outlook, Collier's The Atlantic Monthly and other publications.

Then Mr Martin gave an instance of how some of these articles were written. About a year ago, he said, a young man, out of college just a year, came to his office, explaining that he desired to write an article on The Associated Press for The Outlook. The college graduate had never had any newspaper training, and he was not a member of the staff of the magazine for which he intended the article. He merely had proposed to the magazine's editor to do the work, and said he was told to go ahead. Written information was given to the young man as well as other assistance, and the result was a magazine article typical of many unfriendly ones that have appeared since and before that time.

The Directors of The Associated Press and the 981 members who at present constitute "a mutual co-operative association," were only too glad to have the public fully understand the purpose of the organization, said Mr. Martin, who went on to explain that The Associated Press is, unlike most news agencies, not a profit-making undertaking.

"Unfortunately," said Mr. Martin, "The Associated Press has been held responsible for many news stories that it did not gather or transmit. I am now corresponding with a Catholic Bishop who denounced The Associated Press as the result of a story gathered by a local newspaper, but for which The Associated Press was held responsible. In the last four years, however, we have not received a single complaint on a political report. It is our hope to have religious news so regulated that we shall receive no complaints even though we are not responsible for the stories in question.

"For instance, during the Presbyterian Conference held recently in Kansas City, I received a letter from a Presbyterian clergyman in Tennessee who denounced The Associated Press as an organ of the Pope. The same mail brought a letter from an editor of a Catholic periodical in Sacramento, Cal., who said that The Associated Press was antagonistic to the Catholic Church, and inclosed as proof of his assertion clippings of five news stories that The Associated Press had not gathered or transmitted. Immediately I wrote explanatory letters to the complaining editor and the Presbyterian clergyman. Before I could receive an answer, the Presbyterian Conference, adjourning, sent a message of thanks to The Associated Press for the fair, accurate and honest report it had made of its deliberations.

"The Associated Press is not run for profit. We are performing, as we believe, a public duty, meritoriously, fairly and to the best of our ability. If any legislature or congress can tell us a better way to gather the world news honestly, and fairly and accurately, we want them to do it. We have everything to gain and nothing to lose."

Mr. Martin said he had heard it asked what would happen if The Associated Press should suspend its activities for a brief period of twenty-four hours. He said:

"There would be no stock market report, there would be no baseball scores, there would be no report of the proceedings in Congress, there would have been no report of the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand except as news of the last event might have been transmitted by the individual newspaper. The cost of transmission is tremendous. The transmission of news of the assassination of Ferdinand for the first two days averaged $7,000. To transmit the news of a national convention costs The Associated Pres $5,000 a day alone for leased wires.

"We are called a monopoly because we don't admit every newspaper that applies for membership," said Mr. Martin in answer to certain questions intended to bring out an explanation of recent adverse articles about The Associated Press. "Personally I believe, as do many men who are better qualified, that if we were to admit every newspaper that applied for admission, we would become a monopoly within twenty-four hours. We don't want too many members in the same town, and we don't want papers that have been started purely for political reasons."

When Mrs. Lily Haxworth Wallace, President of the Associated Clubs of Domestic Science, began to speak the minds of the ladies were turned back to matters in which they avowedly are interested. They expressed their astonishment in many ways when Mrs. Wallace asserted that men would make better housekeepers than women if they really were to give that phase of life their attention, and three men present applauded her vigorously.

"We hear too much about the high cost of living, and too little about the cost of high living or the high cost of foolishness," said Mrs. Wallace. "It isn't so much for bread but for cake that men go into debt. One of the greatest troubles today is that the average woman doesn't know how to distinguish between the qualities of foods. The same woman who may make an excellent selection from a dozen pieces of silk can't pick out a steak that's fit to eat. It certainly isn't because she had been trained to distinguish more intelligently between fabrics, and I can only explain it by saying that most women seem to be more interested in what goes on the outside than what goes on the inside."

Mrs. Wallace said she would not blame the tariff, nor the trusts, nor other economic conditions for the high cost of living. She attributed it to the desire for luxury, and said that the "easiest way" always was the "most expensive way."

INVENTORS DOUBT DAWN OF NEW ERA

Gaisman, Who Received $300,000 for Device, an Isolated Case, Says George Whigelt.

CAPITAL HARD TO INTEREST

Patentees Need Resources to Fight Infringement, Asserts President of Inventors' League.

Some of the inventors who read yesterday the statement of H. J. Gaisman, who, having received $300,000 for showing a method for autographing a photographic film so that it might be reproduced on the finished photograph, was led to remark that he believed "a glorious new era for the whole profession of inventors had arrived," were skeptical about the approach of happier days for men and women of inventive genius. George Whigelt, President of the Inventors' League of the United States, at 154 Maiden Lane, made this comment:

"As I read the account in THE TIMES, Gaisman received over a quarter million of dollars for an invention which he himself admits he would have sold for $10,000. The purchaser voluntarily paid him many times more than he asked or hoped for. It is almost unbelievable to me. It makes the recipient stand out as the fortunate one of a century. If it were not so uncommon there might be some cause for congratulating ourselves and agreeing with his suggestion that the poor inventor is at last to come into his rightful inheritance.

"I am sorry to say that the conditions are just opposite. The experience of many with whom I have come in contact shows that the man with an idea of value, backed up by patent rights, has just as hard a struggle today to get a hearing, to sell his invention, or to interest capital, as at any time. Of course, men like Thomas A. Edison are better off today than similar men in the past, because there is more demand for inventive genius, and such men have the means to make known and profit by their work.

"But the inventor generally is either compelled to sell out for a small sum or be prepared to do constant battle in the courts to protect his interests from infringement, which he cannot do unless he gets financial support. If he attempts to market his invention in a small way, paying as he goes from the profits of small sales, and should his invention be a popular one, he more often finds that some one is reproducing his article and selling it without authorization.

Fortune Reports Often Untrue.

"When you hear reports of some one getting a fortune for some simple little article that gives promise of great popular demand it is often far from the truth. Fortune may come from years of work and struggle if the inventor has the courage to push his article in a small way until he can develop his product in a larger and more profitable manner. Few can do this, so they sell, and the fortunes go to the capitalist who makes the investment.

"Even the useful articles that may be sold at popular prices do not always meet success immediately. Of course, advertising has much to do with conditions in that respect, and few inventors have the money to make known the worth of their goods. Then, again, an inventor is seldom a good business man.

"Here is the example. Mrs. June V. Siegel, a member of the league, lost her veil while automobile riding, and was thereby led to invest some form of fastener that would combine utility with a good appearance. After many experiments she developed a simple clasp attached to a rubber band that could be attached to any veil, and which could be sold at a popular price. She had been an actress, and on the apparent promise of the successful outcome of her invention she retired from the stage and started to manufacture the article. There is no other article of similar practical worth, so far as I know, but yet she has not been satisfied with the results."

"There are a number of women inventors in the League. The records of the League, however, do not show the success or non-success of the members' genius. Its work is devoted mainly to the legal and patent-rights matters of its members. One of the women, Miss Sarah Lipkowitz, is the inventor of a shoe-lace, which it is claimed can be tied in a way that the bow cannot slip or become loose.

"A few days ago Carl Ilg, inventor of a garbage gathering cart and separator, was buried in Potter's Field. He had refused to accept $500 for his invention, after experts and city officials had witnessed the work of his cart."

President Whigelt manufactures some of his own inventions and has interested capital in others. A year ago he found that a western concern was selling a machine similar to one he was making, he says, from which he received no returns. He wrote, warning the maker that it was an infringement, as he had a patent for the design, and had a patent pending for the entire device. He showed a reporter the copy of the patent for the design, and then this copy of a letter received from the alleged infringers:

> Ha, ha! Where did you get this wonderful invention? Why didn't you tell the trade that? And why didn't you tell the trade you have been violating the law, misleading them quite a while by "patented"? You get that patent mark off your literature quickly, or there will be no question about litigation.

He Invited a Suit.

"That firm has more money than I have, and they know it will take me a long time and much money to protect myself," said Mr. Whigelt. "But I wrote as hot letters as I dared because of the mails, daring them to make an issue of it in the courts. They have not made a move. But I received this from their attorney:

> There may be something that you are using somewhere, but we understand that you do not claim that our client is infringing it, and as this seems to be the only patent that you claim to own, we shall advise our client accordingly. We were afraid that you had gained a patent on the earth and wanted our client to move off of it.

President Whigelt says he thinks the best era of prosperity for the poor inventor would come by protection from the Government. When a patent is granted, he suggests, the Government through the Patent Office should see to it that none of the inventor's rights is violated, instead of leaving him to fight his own battles after complying with the law.

EASTMAN CO. SATISFIED.

Based Its Offer for Gaisman Device on Royalty Estimate.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 10.—George Eastman, President of the Eastman Kodak Company, said tonight that in paying $300,000 to H. J. Gaisman, the young New York inventor, who developed the device by which notations can be made on films when they are exposed in kodaks, the company believed that it had not paid more than the invention is expected to be worth to it.

"According to an agreement which we made with Mr. Gaisman," said Mr. Eastman, "we were to have an option on the invention until Jan. 1, 1915, and to pay royalties on all kodaks sold equipped with the device. We sent samples of the autographic kodak to almost every one of our dealers and the reports that came back indicated that it was an instantaneous success. We accordingly determined to apply Mr. Gaisman's invention to all the kodaks and all the films that we make. When we estimated what the royalties would amount to we found that they would mount up to a large figure, so we offered Mr. Gaisman a round sum, based on the royalties that we probably would have had to pay and he accepted the offer."

MISS CARY, 99, CELEBRATES.

Invites Guests in Orange to Attend Her 100th Birthday.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., July 10.—Surrounded by relatives and friends at her home at 81 Mitchell Street, Orange, today, Miss Elizabeth Day Cary celebrated her ninety-ninth birthday and to each guest handed an invitation for her one hundredth birthday.

"I haven't felt so well in years and if I am any judge of myself I will live for many years yet," she said. "I am giving you people a year's notice, so keep July 10, 1915, open to celebrate your Auntie's birthday."

Miss Cary is active, hale and hearty, with all her faculties unimpaired except her hearing. She manages her own household and takes a keen interest in political and religious affairs. She reads the morning and evening papers without glasses and insists that "every time there is tariff tinkering there are troublesome times."

Born in Succasunna, Morris County, Miss Cary has lived in Orange for forty years. Following the gold rush to California in '49, she went to the Pacific Coast and for seven years worked as a Sunday-school organizer. She was honored by the Presbyterian Church for her work in establishing a Sunday-school mission twelve miles from a civilized settlement.

Among the guests at the celebration was Miss Phoebe Smith, ninety-four years old, sister of the celebrant, who also expects to reach the century mark. Miss Cary is a great-aunt of Fire Chief William H. Matthews of Orange.

OCEAN VOYAGERS.

Some of Those Sailing for Europe Today on Eight Liners—Arrivals.

Eight transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

OLYMPIC, (Southampton.)—Dr. J. B. Allen, Miss Marie Allen, Dr. and Mrs. W. V. B. Ames, E. P. Ansley, Mrs. A. P. Atwood, H. Austin, S. P. Benedict, Sir Courtenay and Lady Bennett, W. B. Blake, Mrs. R. H. Bronson, Rev. and Mrs. C. L. Candee, Mrs. Francis Carolan, Mrs. C. F. Clark, Miss Mabel Clark, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Comstock, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Freeman, Miss Marion M. Gaylord, Mrs. P. H. Goodwin, Miss Annie M. Hegeman, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Ide, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. D. Lanier, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Milbank, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Morrison, Mrs. C. W. Ogden, Senator and Mrs. G. T. Oliver, Miss Martha Parker, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Phipps, J. E. Schermerhorn, Mr. and Mrs. H. Streathfield, Mrs. H. Terrell, Charles E. Stokes, H. S. Ward, and Mrs. E. T. Warner.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, (Bremen.)—A. H. Allen, G. F. Atherton, Miss H. B. Baker, Miss K. Bennett, C. Butterfield, Mrs. J. N. Camden, G. B. Crater, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Curtin, Miss Gladys Cromwell, Miss A. Dunn, R. M. Elliot, Mrs. C. Monteith Gilpin, F. S. Goodall, Mrs. A. C. Greenwood, Mr. and Mrs. W. Wallace Hurd, Mrs. M. C. Lapp, Mrs. B. Lihme, Dr. R. W. Lovett, Miss Gertrude Lovett, Miss Lora J. Moore, E. C. Page, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Page, Prof. and Mrs. H. L. Parr, J. Rollman, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. St. Clair, R. B. Sterling, Dr. W. M. Sweet, Mr. and Mrs. E. Winter, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Thomas.

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA, (Hamburg.)—H. C. Brown, W. E. Bird, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ball, Miss Christine Clark, D. C. Despard, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Dudley, Mr. and Mrs. C. Edwards, Mrs. R. L. Fowler, Miss Fowler, Mrs. T. Harrison Garrett, Dr. and Mrs. G. L. Justice, E. R. Latin, Mr. and Mrs. Norman E. Mack, Mrs. R. H. Pfeiffer, Mr. and Mrs. Lenox Rose, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Taylor, Arnold Thayer, W. P. Willetts, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Webb, E. Gore, C. C. Patterson, Jr., and A. M. Smith.

VADERLAND, (Antwerp.)—Mrs. T. Baker, Baron de Bontome, Dr. and Mrs. R. C. Brown, Mrs. A. P. Curten, Miss N. Y. Curten, Miss Anne Griffith, H. A. Haskell, Miss S. W. Ingalls, Mrs. M. E. Kimball, H. R. Lawrence, the Rev. M. Merritt, Miss M. A. G. Mitchell, Mrs. H. de Sibour, and J. B. Smallwood.

MINNEHAHA, (London.)—Dr. and Mrs. L. L. Barber, Mrs. F. E. Bates, Miss L. Beck, Dr. L. E. Custer, Miss B. Dundon, Mrs. H. M. Dunn, Judge Nathaniel Foote, Mrs. Foote, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hooper Graffin, the Rev. W. P. Hill, Miss A. L. Laird, Commander F. J. Lobb, Miss Lobb, Dr. C. W. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Neill, Mr. and Mrs. Lawson Purdy, Miss Ruth Stracey, C. M. Taylor, Owen Wilcox, F. E. Woodward.

COLUMBIA, (Glasgow.)—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boyd, Mrs. G. Bangs, Miss H. F. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. A. Dunbar, Mrs. D. Elder, Miss Janet Hubert, Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Pearce, E. P. Rutherford, Miss Florence Stimson, Mrs. R. Wardrop.

CANADA, (Marseilles.)—Miss K. V. Spencer, Mrs. S. Rodman, Mrs. M. H. Powell, Miss Alice Davis, Miss M. M. Benson, Mr. and Mrs. W. South, the Rev. M. A. Tarrent, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Evans, Miss Cecilia Gavin, Mrs. F. C. Nesbitt, Miss Florence Ely, Miss Vera Black, Miss Elise Dunn, Miss M. Ireland, G. S. Rogers.

NIAGARA (Havre)—George Brun, Miss H. M. Backer, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Boulari, Mrs. Pauline Bertin, Mrs. S. F. W. Comfort, Mrs. W. E. Castle, Miss Alice Castle, Mrs A. Courlin, Dr. J. W. Draper, H. F. Dean, Miss M. M. Forster, G. S. Knapp, Miss Elisa Long, Dr. Jerome Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. M. Mowbray, R. A. Plimpton, Mrs. C. Steele, and Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Thomall.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

LUSITANIA, (Liverpool)—John and W. A. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Austin, Miss C. R. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Baxter, Miss Barbara Baxter, Mrs. L. C. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Carlton, J. R. Coe, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Cox, F. O. Weed, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Cross, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Day, M. Duval, Mrs. Spencer Edwards, G. G. Gair, Mrs. H. A. Galt, Miss D. D. Galt, F. R. King, Mr. and Mrs. F. Langstaff, W. C. Mott, the Rev. G. A. Rainville, Mr. and Mrs. R. Raynor, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Sturges, Mrs. Payne Thompson, Capt. H. E. Webb, Lieut. Commander R. Dean White, U. S. N.; C. W. J. Woodland, J. R. Young, and W. R. Taylor.

FRANCE, (Havre.)—Miss B. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Bridgman, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bryan, F. J. Curtis, J. W. A. Davis, Miss D. L. Dennis, W. A. Edgar, M. M. Jones, Mrs. E. R. Matthews, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mary, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Pomroy, G. Rowell, W. H. Sperman, Mrs. W. L. Strong, L. A. Silk, Baron and Baroness de Taine Bunau Varilla, E. Knapp, and W. F. Lannon.

GRAF WALDERSEE, (Hamburg.)—Miss Paula Burmann, Paul Gowa, Paul Kessling, Miss Elsa Maurer, Mrs. H. Strobel, Miss Regina Glaser, Miss Selma Knappe, Miss E. Tait, and Mrs. Mackensie Wood.

Tourists for Panama.

Among those sailing today on the Pastores for Panama are:

Franklin Baker, Jr., Mrs. C. R. Cullen, Dr. F. M. Dearborn, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Gestes, J. C. Gulick, M. Gattfield, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Morris, W. A. Perkins, Mrs. C. S. Stubbs, Robert Wilcox, and Robert Wrench.

E. B. PHILLIPS WEDS STEPSON'S EX-WIFE

Member of Millionaire Swampscott Family Secretly Marries Gertrude Phillips.

SEQUEL TO DOUBLE DIVORCE

Bridegroom Plaintiff in Two Suits, One by H. F. Phillips for Alienation of Wife's Affections.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 10.—North Shore society got a thrill today when news was spread of the secret marriage at Peabody on June 27 of Eben B. Phillips, member of the millionaire Phillips family of Swampscott, to Gertrude Mace Phillips, divorced wife of the bridegroom's stepson, Harry F. Phillips. Phillips and his bride are spending a three months' honeymoon in the Middle West, where he has a string of valuable horses in the Grand Circuit races.

It is the latest chapter in the annals of the Phillips family, which has figured prominently in headlines in the last decade—a family marked by tragedy and unhappy marriages.

The latest wedding is the sequel to a double divorce and two romantic courtships which Gertrude May Mace, daughter of a Marblehead expressman, had with two members of a house whose wealth appears to have been blighted by the hand of fate.

Harry Phillips, young and dashing, considered a fine catch by society mothers, wooed the expressman's daughter when she was an amateur actress, just after she was graduated from high school. She is 25 now and her new husband is 40.

The younger Phillips objected to his stepfather's attentions to his bride. Finally they became so open, in the opinion of Harry, that he sued Eben Phillips for $25,000 for alienation of his wife's affections. He also brought suit against his wife for divorce, naming his stepfather.

Gertrude Phillips filed a counter suit naming Miss Inez Field, a pretty clerk in a Lynn department store, whom she asserted Harry took out automobiling. Eben Phillips was in turn sued for divorce by his wife, Harry's mother, who named her son's wife, Gertrude, in her suit. This triangular heart affair is only one of a series of domestic complications that has afflicted the Phillips family.

And now society along the North Shore has a new morsel to gossip about in the union of Eben Phillips and Gertrude Mace. Divorces in both cases were granted at the same term of the Essex Superior Court in Salem.

WEDDED IN SECRET.

Brother-in-Law of Borough President Connolly Married Miss Smith.

Flushing was surprised yesterday to learn that Walter J. Connell of that place had been secretly married on Wednesday evening last to Miss Amelia Alma Smith of College Point by the Rev. Arthur Halfman, pastor of St. John's Lutheran Church of College Point.

Mr. Connell is a son of James H. Connell of Flushing and a brother of Mrs. Helen Connolly, wife of Borough President Maurice E. Connolly of Queens and of Mrs. Sarah G. Halleran, who recently obtained a divorce from her husband, Aloysius G. Halleran.

Miss Smith is the daughter of William Smith of 409 Second Avenue, College Point, a wealthy merchant of Flushing.

It was said that the members of Mr. Connell's family had opposed the marriage. The young couple are now at Atlantic City on their honeymoon. Mr. Connell is in the livery and automobile business with his father in Flushing.

DR. R. C. RANSDELL'S WEDDING

Naval Surgeon on Mayflower to Wed Miss Layman Next Wednesday.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy Abbott Layman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Layman of Indianapolis, Ind., and Dr. Robert Cathcart Ransdell, U. S. N., will take place next Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Heavenly Rest.

Miss Layman has been in the city with her parents for several weeks. Dr. Ransdell, an Assistant Surgeon in the navy, is attached to the President's yacht, the Mayflower, now in the New York Navy Yard. He is the son of Col. Daniel M. R. Ransdell, for many years Sergeant at Arms in the United States Senate. His fellow-officers on the Mayflower will attend the wedding. Miss Elizabeth Hughes of Indianapolis is to be Miss Layman's only attendant.

A reception will be held after the ceremony at the Ritz-Carlton.

MISS TIFFANY ENGAGED.

Youngest Daughter of Louis C. Tiffany to Wed Dr. Robert Burlingham

The engagement of Miss Dorothy T. Tiffany, youngest daughter of Louis C. Tiffany, to Dr. Robert Burlingham, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Burlingham of 140 East Thirty-eighth Street, has been announced.

Dr. Burlingham, who was graduated from Harvard University, class of '10, is a house surgeon at Roosevelt Hospital. He became ill about a month ago when he went to stay with his parents at Black Point, their country place at Crescent Beach, Conn. Miss Tiffany, whose engagement to the doctor was known to her immediate relatives and intimate friends, went to the Burlingham home about a week ago, and is still there. Dr. Burlingham is now recovering.

Confirmation of the engagement was made yesterday at Mr. Tiffany's country house, Laurelton Hall, near Oyster Bay, L. I. No date has been set for the wedding. The Tiffany town house is at 27 East Seventy-second Street.

Pinkus-Wight Wedding Plans.

The wedding of Miss E. Augusta Wight, the niece of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Slayback of 635 Park Avenue, and Walter Devereux Pinkus, son of Frederick S. Pinkus of 70 East Fifty-sixth Street, will take place at 4:30 o'clock on Wednesday, August 12, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Slayback. Owing to the recent death of Mr. Pinkus's mother, none but relatives and a few intimate friends will be asked to the wedding. Miss Wight will have only one attendant, Miss Helen Eilbeck, and Mr. Pinkus will have his brother, Frederick B. Pinkus, as his best man. There will be no ushers. The engagement was announced last May.

Miss Baker to Wed R. B. Quincy.

The engagement of Miss Lucille Dugue Baker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Baker of New Orleans, La., to Roger Bradshaw Quincy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Quincy of 158 West Fifty-eighth Street, this city, has been announced. No date has been set for the wedding.

Tanaka Going to Mount Vernon.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Major Gen. Tanaka of the Japanese Army General Staff, through Ambassador Chinda, has accepted Secretary Daniels's offer of the naval yacht Sylph for a trip to Mount Vernon tomorrow. Ambassador Chinda and the General will be accompanied to the tomb of Washington by Rear Admiral Fiske.

H. A. JONES'S PLAYS IN FILMS

English Dramatist Sells Rights and Disposes of a New Drama.

Henry Arthur Jones, the English playwright who slipped into New York several days ago, has arranged to have his plays done in this country in moving pictures, and, having sold the rights to his dramas, will sail for home today on the Olympic. Daniel Frohman, who at one time controlled the dramatic rights to all of Mr. Jones's plays in this country, and who is now the managing director of the Famous Players Film Company, made the arrangements for the film rights with the dramatist yesterday.

Mr. Jones, with Mr. Frohman and Adolph Zukor, President of the Famous Players Company, spent some time yesterday in viewing the making of a "movie" scene of "Behind the Scenes," a play of theatrical life by Margaret Mayo, in the film version of which Mary Pickford will play the leading rôle.

"I anticipate with a great deal of eagerness the appearance of my plays in films," said Mr. Jones. "The camera can do many things that cannot be attempted on the stage. The possibilities of the motion picture supply the most unlimited scope an art ever possessed, and I am pleased to see that motion picture producers are not neglecting, but rather improving, these wonderful opportunities."

Among the plays by Henry Arthur Jones that will be produced in motion pictures are "The Masqueraders," "Saints and Sinners," "The Dancing Girl," and the most celebrated of all his works, "The Silver King," which has just been given a command performance before the King of England.

During the few days that he was here Mr. Jones also read a new play to Margaret Illington and arranged for its production here in September, with Miss Illington in the leading rôle.

TEACHER HITS AT SCHOOLS.

Namby Pamby Places Dragging Out Children's Souls, He Says.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 10.—Dr. J. H. Francis, Superintendent of Schools of Los Angeles, stirred the National Education Association today when he attacked the present school system, denounced the inefficiency of the average teacher, and characterized as soul wreckers "certain powerful interests that are blocking all forms of educational progress." The convention closed tonight after a brief session devoted to a discussion of the public school.

"Our public schools of today," said Dr. Francis, "are namby-pamby places to which we go because it is the custom, and some of us become good citizens in spite of them. Schools are all wrong because they give the credit to the captains of things, not to the stokers. When the teaching force is allowed to make its own judgments and stand on these judgments we will have different boys and girls.

"We are dragging out the souls of our boys and girls by telling them to learn so many pages a day of matter that means nothing to them in practical life.

"God bless the girl who refuses to study algebra—a study that has caused many girls to lose their souls. Give our girls instruction in costume designing instead of mathematics, and life and art and morality and Godliness will mean more to them. There is more art in one well-selected and well-made garment than in all the art galleries of Europe."

WON BRIDE AS CHAUFFEUR.

C. K. McKeown Weds Miss Burnett, Who Was His Employer's Guest.

The marriage of Miss Annabel Burnett of Bayside, L. I., and Charles Kneis McKeown took place Thursday night at All Saints' P. E. Church, Bayside, the ceremony being performed by the rector, the Rev. Charles A. Brown.

The bride was attended by Miss Anna McKeown of Brookhaven, L. I., a sister of the bridegroom, as bridesmaid. Stanley Watt of Bayside was best man. The ceremony was followed by a reception at the home of Frederick W. Whitaker, Bayside, with whom the bride had made her home since coming to America from Scotland four years ago. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Burnett of Aberdeen, Scotland.

Mr. McKeown won the heart of his employer's guest while employed as chauffeur for him.

Mr. McKeown is orator of the Bayside Council of Royal Arcanum and assistant foreman of the Bayside Engine Company of the Volunteer Fire Department.

WILL OF MRS. SWANSTROM.

Woman Killed by Train Left Estate of $20,000.

The will of Mrs. Frances M. Swanstrom of Bronxville, who was killed by a train near the Bronxville station of the Harlem division of the New York Central Railroad on June 30, was admitted to probate before Surrogate Sawyer in White Plains, N. Y., yesterday. The estate is estimated at $18,000, of which $10,000 is personal property. Bequests include $1,000 to her sister Hannah Magee, $500 each to two grandchildren, Dorothy and Janice Winter, and the residue equally to two children, Ada L. Winter and Arthur M. Swanstrom. Special bequests are made to the two children. A $20,000 estate was left to Mrs. N. M. Hunt in the will of James M. Hunt, lawyer, probated at White Plains yesterday. Accompanying the bill were papers designating Leverett Crumb of Yonkers as attorney in the case of the State against Leslie Sutherland to succeed Mr. Hunt.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Margery Pearson, daughter of Mrs. Florence Barrett Pearson, and Frederick Hill Wood will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother, 393 West End Avenue. The Rev. Mr. Donnell of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, will officiate. David Greenough of Boston will be the best man, and the bride's attendant will be her mother, Mrs. Pearson.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid has returned from Lenox, where she was the guest of Mrs. William Douglas Sloane, and is at Ophir Farm, Westchester, to spend most of the Summer.

Dr. John Blake White and Mrs. White of 1013 Madison Avenue, have gone to the White Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Reisinger of 993 Fifth Avenue, who sailed several weeks ago, are at Bad Nauheim taking the cure. They purpose returning to New York in September.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Pearson and Miss Natalie Pearson, who for several years have spent most of their time in Surrey, England, have returned to this country and will occupy Edgewood at Great Barrington, Mass., this Summer.

A. B. Baird Buys Virginia Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—A. B. Baird of New York has bought Oak Hill estate near Delaplane, Va., from its owner, F. Webb Maddox. The property comprises nearly 600 acres, and was once the home of Chief Justice Marshall. Mr. Baird will take possession in time for the Fall hunting season.

CHARITIES.

A WORK SUCH AS THIS DESERVES YOUR SUPPORT

Founded for the care of advanced and hopeless cases, patients in all stages of consumption are now received, without restriction as to sex, age, or race, fitted if possible to return to their homes capable of self-support, or given a home until death overtakes them.

Although there is a long waiting list, no patient is discharged to be a menace to his family and the public because his place is needed for another.

Your help is needed to enlarge the facilities.

NON-SECTARIAN
Supported by voluntary contributions

The Hospital and House of Rest for Consumptives,
At Inwood-on-Hudson, New York City.
Checks may be sent to Wm. M. Cruikshank, Treasurer, 2d floor, 59 E. 59th St., New York City.

RUMORS OF PLOTS IN BAPTISTA'S WAKE

Sailing of Ex-Vice President of Venezuela Starts Reports of Impending Revolution.

ALL QUIET NOW IN CARACAS

Country Forging Ahead by Copying American Business Methods—Good Roads Movement.

Dr. Leopoldo Baptista, former Vice President of Venezuela, who came up from La Guayra on the Red D liner arriving Thursday, hurried away from New York at the earliest opportunity. He started for Europe yesterday on the St. Paul, and left behind him a veritable hubbub of rumors in the local colony, which is interested keenly in the rise and fall of South American Governments.

For it was told yesterday that Dr. Baptista has gone to Paris to join some of the other statesmen from Caracas who of late years have found the atmosphere of the Café de Paris and the Cercle des Capucines more salubrious than the Plaza Bolivar and the Club Concordia. And, it is stated with a show of authority, Dr. Baptista has not gone to study the maxixe. There are rumors of a brand new impending revolution, quite distinct from any of those that have been reported to have broken loose in the State of Bolivar, or Coro, in the East, or the occasional fulminations of Gen. "El Mocho" Hernandez, and it is explained that Dr. Baptista may purchase on the other side anything from a few thousand stands of arms to a torpedo boat guaranteed to put the Restaurado and the entire Venezuelan navy out of commission by simply appearing off the breakwater at La Guayra.

His fellow-passengers remarked that coming up on the Caracas, Dr. Baptista remained very much to himself. To acquaintances he confided that he was going to get out of the United States as quickly as he could. From his manner and his conversation several gathered that he was fearful lest he be stopped here. In the days when Gen. Juan Vicente Gomez was simply Vice President of Venezuela, and Castro was lying ill at Macuto, the Venezuelan Newport, Dr. Baptista was one of his closest confidants, but the rise of Gomez to power gradually brought about the breaking of their friendship, until now they are regarded as enemies.

A prominent resident of Venezuela, who is a non-partisan, yesterday drew a peaceful picture of present conditions in Caracas, though, he added, a harvest of rumors as to what was going on in the outer provinces was hauled in to the capital every day.

Everything Quiet in Caracas

"There is not the slightest indication in Caracas that anything is brewing," said the visitor yesterday. "President Marquez Bustillos, who was elected by the States to fill the Presidency until next April, when under the terms of the constitution Gomez is entitled to stand for election, is enjoying his brief term of office. Gomez remains commander-in-chief of the army, and once in a while he goes out to Maracay, which some call the 'military resort,' and where is the headquarters of some 10,000 troops. But there seems to be real trouble in the Truquillo district of the Andes province, for thirty-five officers were sent down there not long ago to join the local army for the fighting which was said to be on.

"Then it is unmistakably true that there is fighting in the State of Bolivar, but it is not against Gomez or against the Federal Government. This is a sort of civil war, but it is being waged solely by the States of Bolivar and Guayana. It started over the rubber industry.

"Recently the export of rubber from the Orinoco region has increased until now it represents a considerable sum of money annually. Unfortunately the boundary between the two States has never been more than a vague geodetic line at some points, and when the rubber industry became valuable a quarrel arose as to the limits of the rubber district. Bolivar claimed that the rubber grew within its borders, and Guayana was equally positive that all the rubber trees grew over on its side of the line. The two State governments fell to wrangling over it, and finally they resorted to arms.

"Gen. Hernandez, for whom a place was created by Gomez at the outset of the latter's administration just to pacify the old General and keep him in line, is now in Trinidad, where, according to the best information obtainable in Caracas, Castro is still living. But nobody thinks of Castro in Venezuela nowadays. He is literally down and out, so far as local sentiment is concerned. The mention of his name does not make strong men shiver in their boots these days.

Good Roads Movement

"The good roads movement has finally reached Venezuela. Where about eight years ago there was not more than one or two automobiles in the whole country, the atmosphere of what used to be the trail over the mountains from Caracas to the seashore is now redolent with gasoline, while the fashionable drive out to the Paraiso is thronged with cars of a late afternoon. Statistics show that within the last twelve months the sale of gasoline in Venezuela has doubled. The road from La Guayra to Caracas now compares favorably with a mountain road in France, and cars come down now in an hour and a quarter to an hour and a half, and make the trip back in two hours. The railroad takes at least two hours for the journey each way. The road has been extended down the shore from Maquetia to Macuto.

"The Marcuto Casino is the favorite resort of the fashionable men of Caracas, and it is marvellous to see how plentifully Government money is chucked across the baccarat table there. In the building is a cockfighting arena, and this often attracts Gen. Gomez, who does fancy a battle between two game roosters. The little old steam railway that ran down to the seashore has lately been turned into a fine electric tramway. There is a brewery now at Maquetia, and you can now buy a cooling beverage without paying champagne prices for it as was customary only a few years ago. A few years ago there was hardly any demand for ice, and you could get it for a cent a pound—high according to your standards, but cheap in a climate where the thermometer has a fancy at times for hovering close to the 100 mark. Well, with the increased prosperity of the country the demand for ice grew. The ice company found that it could not supply the demand. But did it build a larger plant? No, indeed. It simply raised the price to two cents a pound. Thus it limited the supply, but made almost twice as much money on the same capital invested.

"Up in the neighborhood of Caracas railway building is going on. The Central Railway has extended its lines down into the Tuy Valley for a distance of about forty-five miles, and tons of new rails and huge piles of sleepers are lying along the way to be used, while many new coaches have been imported. This road, while it is still using steam for freight hauling, runs electric cars for passengers. It reaches Los Chorros, which has now become a great holiday resort. A Caracas hotel man has put up a fine road house out there, where automobilists are fond of flocking, and in the heated term it is popular for visitors to sleep out there instead of Caracas. Real estate agents have become active, and Caracas is plastered with attractive signs, in Spanish, of course, which call attention to wonderful bargains in suburban real estate.

"And this in Venezuela, where only eight years ago, everybody was afraid to put up a house or buy land and where the foreign commerce of the country shrank to almost nothing. The country is becoming revolutionized—not by revolutionists of the ordinary type—but by men who are copying American methods in business. I do not believe a revolution of the old type, while it may make a noise in one of the outlying States, can awaken an echo in Caracas."

THRONG AT BAILEY FUNERAL

Charles F. Murphy Among Prominent Mourners for Ex-Senator.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., July 10.—The funeral of ex-State Senator Edwin Bailey of this place, who was killed in an automobile accident, was held this afternoon at the Congregational Church. The Rev. L. H. Johnston officiated, assisted by the Rev. Dr. John S. Carson of Central Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn.

The honorary pallbearers were: Lieut. Gov. Robert F. Wagner, Senators T. A. Cullen, Daniel J. Carroll, William B. Carswell, John Boylan and Felix J. Banner, ex-Speaker of the Assembly Alfred Smith, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate Harry Doll, and ex-Senator James L. Long.

Among the prominent men present were Charles F. Murphy, ex-State Treasurer Julius Hauser, Supreme Court Justice Walter H. Jaycox, Congressman Lathrop Brown, ex-Assemblyman John R. Robertson, and Stephen Fallon.

The funeral procession was at least half a mile long. The interment was in Cedar Grove Cemetery, Patchogue.

Capt. James Perry.

Capt. James Perry, a civil war veteran and for the last forty-one years employed in the United States Customs service, died Thursday from kidney disease at his home, 474 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, in his 69th year. Capt. Perry enlisted in the 174th Regiment of New York Volunteers and took part in the battle of Chancellorsville and at Gettysburg, where he lost a leg. He was a member of the Erastus T. Teft Post, G. A. R., Seventeenth Assembly District Republican Club, and Roxborough Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Philadelphia. For twenty-five years he was a member of the Kings County Republican General Committee and at one time was a candidate for Congress. His widow and son survive.

Severn Eyre Dies at Eyre Hall.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 10.—Severn Eyre, one of the oldest members of the Maryland Club, a Virginia planter and gentleman of the old school, died at Eyre Hall on the Eastern shore of Virginia last night at the age of 84 years. For nearly ten years Mr. Eyre had made his home at the Maryland Club, this city. Nearly 3,000 acres of land are under cultivation on the Eyre estate in Virginia. Severn Eyre held it as heir to the original grants given to his forefathers. Mr. Eyre was socially prominent many years ago and entertained extensively in this city. Besides his daughter the only other close surviving relative is a grand-daughter, Miss Margaret Taylor of this city.

Obituary Notes.

C. JAMES CONNELLY, Vice President of the Boston National League Baseball Club, died suddenly of heart disease in Boston yesterday. He was formerly a member of the State Board of Insanity.

FRANK W. RAEBEL, 46 years old, died yesterday at his home, 1,877 Morris Avenue, Bronx. He was born in this city and was graduated from the College of the City of New York. Mr. Raebel was a salesman for Kolesch & Co., drawing supplies, in Fulton Street. He was a member of several clubs, and is survived by his widow, a son, and daughter.

MILTON W. PECK, Secretary of the Health Chemical Company of Yonkers, N. Y., died there yesterday. He was 49 years old, and had lived in Yonkers all his life.

Mrs. ANNIE H. BARLOW, widow of Charles Barlow, died on Thursday at the home of her son, E. Dudley Barlow, at 2 West Ninety-fourth Street. Mrs. Barlow's husband was formerly a member of the firm of Dunn, Barlow & Co., which became Dunn & Co. after his death. She is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Hoyt, and a son.

CHARLES A. HAWKINS, a retired manufacturer of gymnastic supplies and a member of an old Long Island family, is dead at his home, 120 Noble Street, Brooklyn, from paresis. He was born in this city 63 years ago and was unmarried.

L. THEODORE HAUG, 53 years old, a member of the poultry commission firm of John Correll & Company, died on Thursday at his residence, 859 Hancock Street, Brooklyn. He was a member of the Scottish rites bodies of the Free Masons; Knights and Ladies of Honor and Knights of Pythias. He is survived by his widow and a daughter.

JOSEPH SMYTH, a retired builder and old-time politician, died on Thursday at his home, 460 Macon Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 83 years. Mr. Smyth came to this country from Ireland as a boy and was active in Tammany Hall circles during the leadership of William Tweed. He was a candidate for the State Assembly when he lived in Manhattan. Mr. Smyth was a member of the Jefferson Democratic Club of the Fifth Assembly District and was formerly President of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. He is survived by his son, Joseph, who is employed in the Manhattan Police Headquarters, and a daughter, Mrs. Daniel O'Connell, the wife of a police lieutenant.

Mrs. EUPHEMIA FREDERICK DREW, widow of Ezra Morton Drew, who was an adjuster for the Adams Express Company for many years, died Thursday at her home, 363 Hancock Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Drew came from an old Long Island family and was born in Bushwick, L. I. For many years her parents lived on the site of the present Metropolitan Opera House.

Mrs. JAMES DONLEN, the wife of a former Police Lieutenant, is dead at her home, 329 Eightieth Street, Brooklyn, in her 65th year. She is survived by her husband and two children.

JOHN HENRY SPALTHOFF, aged 72 years, a real estate dealer of East New York, died at his home, 217 Alabama Avenue, on Thursday. He was born in Germany and left two sons and a daughter.

Mrs. JANE KIERNAN, widow of John J. Kiernan, who before his death five years ago was a police sergeant, died yesterday at her home, 196 Nassau Street, Brooklyn. She left a son by a former marriage.

HENRY F. HOWES, of the firm of Wheeler & Howes of Bridgeport, Conn., died suddenly at his home at Lordship yesterday of heart disease. He was 70 years old and the oldest coal merchant in Connecticut.

"This Is What I Call Delicious Beer!"
You Will Agree With That Opinion, for
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers,
Beadleston & Woerz, New York.
Order from any dealer.
Is Wonderfully Snappy and Refreshing!

If at all Particular Drink MOXIE



FEWER AND BETTER BOOKS Doubleday Page & Co

A ROUND OF ENJOYMENT

It takes a little while to accustom our eyes to real greatness when it is at our very elbow.

JOSEPH CONRAD is writing stories today which will never be old as long as the English tongue is spoken. "Chance" is his latest book.

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CHARITIES LOSE $250,000.

Bequests of Smith Ely Made Only Eight Days Before Death.

In a codicil to his will made eight days before his death on July 1, 1911, Smith Ely, one time Mayor of this city, left $50,000 to the Sea Breeze Home for Crippled Children at Coney Island, $100,000 to the New York Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor, and $100,000 to the New York City Mission and Tract Society. Mr. Ely left an estate valued at more than $1,197,000. There was a question raised as to the validity of the charitable bequests, and the matter was carried to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, which handed down an opinion yesterday that the charitable institutions cannot receive the bequests because the law says that gifts of this character must be made at least two months before the death of the benefactor.

Justice Clarke, who wrote the prevailing opinion, expressed regret that he was compelled to rule against the Sea Breeze Home especially. Justices McLaughlin and Scott dissented from the opinion so far as it related to the Sea Breeze Home.

FLAG CENTENARY CHAPTER.

New York Branch of Star-Spangled Banner Commission Formed.

A New York Chapter of the Star-Spangled Banner Centennial Commission was formed at the Hotel Hermitage last night. Col. D. Frank Supple was elected Chairman and J. W. Stanley, Secretary of the chapter.

A committee of ten to be known as the Invitation Committee, headed by Lloyd Willis, Secretary to District Attorney Whitman, was appointed and instructed to call on Mayor Mitchel, among others, and urge his presence at the next meeting of the chapter, to be held at the Hermitage in a fortnight.

Robert E. Lee of Baltimore, Secretary of the Commission, who is also Secretary to Mayor Preston of Baltimore, the commission's active President, delivered a short address outlining the purpose and National importance of the forthcoming celebration.

President Wilson, ex-President Taft, and Col. Roosevelt are honorary Presidents of the commission.

DISCUSS MOUTH HYGIENE.

National Association Members Open a Two Days' Meeting.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 10.—The eighteenth annual convention of the National Dental Association closed here this afternoon with the installation of officers and action on reports. With the close of the meeting of the dentists, the third annual meeting of the National Mouth Hygiene Association opened, to continue two days. Tonight a public mass meeting was held at which mouth hygiene workers from many sections of the United States spoke and motion pictures were shown.

Dr. John P. Corley presided.

In his paper Dr. E. H. Levinski-Corwin of New York, Executive Secretary of the Central Council of Public Health, said that the results of a careful study of four large sections of New York had demonstrated the necessity of the school clinic, the dental inspector, and dental education.

E. G. Routzahn of the Russell Sage Foundation, New York, addressed the association on popular education through organized publicity.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

FURST.—July 8, Newark, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Furst, a daughter.

Engaged.

VAN WINKLE—STAGER.—Lillian Stager to Albert Van Winkle.

Married.

WEIR—DODD.—Louise M. Dodd, daughter of the late Dr. Betherel Dodd of Newark, N. J., to Robert W. Weir, son of the late Capt. G. V. Weir, U. S. A., Monday, July 6, at Sea Cliff, L. I.

DE MIEGE—YOUNGS.—July 8, Ethel B. Youngs to Maximilian R. De Miege.

Brooklyn.

GALIPEAN—MURRAY.—July 8, Helen Murray to Louis C. Galipean.

KOHN—FLATTERY.—July 8, Ellen Flattery to Harry Kohn, Jr.

WRISLEY—WAITE.—July 9, Sarah Waite to Silas P. Wrisley.

Died.

BARLOW.—On Friday, July 1, 1914, at her residence, 2 West 94th St., Annie H. Barlow, widow of the late Charles Barlow. Funeral private.

BEEBE.—On July 9, 1914, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles F. Blackman, 105 West 120th St., Achsa Halbert, widow of Samuel Lewis Beebe, in the 86th year of her age. Interment, Union Valley, N. Y.

DAVIS.—Charles Q., Friday, July 10, 1914, at his residence, 790 Riverside Drive. Interment at Columbus, Ohio.

HAUG.—On Thursday, July 9, L. Theodore Haug, in his 53d year, beloved husband of Lucy Haug. Funeral services Saturday, July 11, at 8 P. M., from his late residence, 859 Hancock St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Interment Lutheran Cemetery, Queens, on Sunday at 2 P. M.

HAUG.—L. Theodore. Knickerbocker Lodge No. 642, F. and A. M. Brethren: It is with deep regret we announce the death of Brother L. Theodore Haug. You are hereby requested to attend Masonic funeral services to be held from his late residence, 859 Hancock St., Brooklyn, on Saturday evening, July 11, 1914, at 8 o'clock. IRVIN H. KAUFMAN, Master. W. E. MARTIN, Secretary.

HERZ.—Dora, in her 53d year, widow of Sigmund Herz. Funeral from her late residence, 601 West 141st St., Sunday, July 12, 10 A. M. Southern papers please copy.

HOWELL.—Mary Perkins, daughter of the late Charles James and Lydia Henchman, suddenly, on July 8, 1914. Funeral services at Fort Washington Reformed Church, 181st St. and Fort Washington Av., July 11, at 8 o'clock P. M. Burial in her father's plot, Oakland Cemetery, Sag Harbor, Long Island.

JENKINS.—On July 9, George P., youngest son of the late Henry T. and Sarah E. Jenkins. Funeral services will be held at the chapel of St. Luke's Hospital, 113th St. and Amsterdam Ave., Saturday, July 11, at 11 o'clock.

LA FETRA.—On Thursday, July 9, 1914, at his late residence, Carlton Av., Brooklyn, Rylee Allen La Fetra, in his 84th year. Funeral private. Interment in Woodlawn Cemetery, New York. Monmouth Co., New Jersey, papers please copy.

LEAVITT.—At St. Luke's Hospital, New York, on Thursday, July 9, 1914, William Edgar Leavitt, in the 67th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Flushing Cemetery Chapel, Flushing, N. Y., on Saturday, July 11, at 11 A. M.

LEVY.—On July 8, 1914, John Levy, in his 37th year, beloved husband of Annie Levy, of 1,150 49th St., Brooklyn. Relatives, friends, and members of Cassia Lodge, No. 445, F. & A. M., and Brooklyn Lodge, No. 22, B. P. O. E., are respectfully requested to attend funeral from the residence of his brother, Alfred Levy, 1,158 46th St., Brooklyn, Sunday, at 10 A. M.

McCARTHY.—Mary A., (nee Kerins,) dearly beloved wife of James C. McCarthy, mother of Charles, Catherine, Frank, Elizabeth, May, and Agnes, formerly of the Seventh Ward. Funeral Monday, July 13, at 9:30 A. M., from her late residence, 1,071 West Farms Road, Bronx, near Simson St. Subway station; thence to St. John Chrysostom's Church, where a solemn high mass will be offered for the happy repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

PECK.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Friday, July 10, 1914, Milton W. Peck, in his 49th year. Funeral services at the residence of his brother, Gideon H. Peck, 111 Seminary Av., Yonkers, Sunday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

PERRY.—Elias, aged 65. "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Campbell Bldg.) Notice of funeral hereafter.

RAEBEL.—July 10, 1914, in New York City, Frank W. Raebel, beloved husband of Helen Raebel, in the 46th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,877 Morris Av., Sunday, 9 P. M.

ROBERTSON.—On July 10, 1914, Agnes, widow of Robert Robertson. Funeral services at the Summer residence of her daughter, Mrs. Samuel J. Clarke, Woodmere, L. I., Sunday, July 12, at 4 P. M.

ROGERS.—Daniel T., today at his home, July 10. He is the son of Battalion Chief William C. Rogers. Funeral from his late residence, Neptune Av. and East 3d St., Coney Island, Monday morning, 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of Guardian Angel, where a solemn requiem mass will be said for the repose of his soul. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

SEAMAN.—At Hempstead, N. Y., July 9, Miss S. Augusta Seaman. Funeral service at her late residence, 115 Washington St., Hempstead, on Saturday, July 11, at 4:15 P. M.

SHEIL.—On Friday, July 10, 1914, at her residence, 873 Fairmount Place, Bronx, Mary E., widow of John R. M. Sheil. Notice of funeral later.

SHULTS.—Katherine Hackney, at Fort Plain, N. Y., July 9, daughter of the late David G. Hackney and widow of the late Edward Shults of Jersey City. Funeral at Fort Plain, Sunday, at 2 P. M. Jersey City papers please copy.

STEELE.—At Palisades, N. J., on Wednesday, July 8, Watie, beloved wife of William Steele, in her 46th year. Relatives and friends, also Eastern Star No. 26 of Somerville, Mass., are respectfully invited to attend funeral services on Saturday, July 11, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, corner Bluff Road and Abbett Boulevard, Palisades. Services will also be held at Oakdale, Mass., at the M. E. Church on Sunday at 3 P. M. Interment at Oakdale Cemetery.

VAN NOSTRAND.—Daniel R., beloved husband of Josephine Van Nostrand, on July 8, 1914. Funeral services at his Summer residence, foot Grove Av., Patchogue, Long Island, on Saturday, July 11, at 2 P. M.

WORDEN.—On Thursday, July 9, at Bar Harbor, Maine, Daniel Toffey Worden, son of the late Admiral John Lorimer Worden and Olivia Toffey Worden, in the 68th year of his age. Funeral at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., Monday, July 13, 1914, 10 A. M. Interment in Philadelphia.

BLACKBURN.—John N., 310 West 120th St., July 8. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BRADY.—Daniel, 170th St. and Macomb's Road, July 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BUMFORD.—Donald, 525 West 49th St., July 8, aged 14.

DOWNER.—Robert O., 640 Washington St., July 8. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

DUNCAN.—Thomas D., 30 Pinehurst Av., July 8, aged 67. Funeral private.

HASTINGS.—Agnes, 803 Bryant Av., Bronx, July 8. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

KELLY.—Michael, 831 Columbus Av., July 9. Funeral notice later.

KUSS.—John, 991 2d Av., July 8, aged 72. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

LOWENSTEIN.—Betty, 60 West 129th St., July 8, aged 76.

LOWERY.—Catharine, 509 West 46th St., July 8. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

McCARNEY.—Charlotte, 210 East 30th St., July 8. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

McCARTHY.—Annie, 67 Macomb's Place, July 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MERZ.—Elizabeth, July 9. Funeral 330 West 22d St., today, 2 P. M.

MITCHELL.—Margareta, July 8. Funeral 2,158 5th Av., today, 9 A. M.

MOHLER.—John, 790 9th Av., July 9, aged 69. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MORRIS.—Fannie V., 334 West 18th St., July 7. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MURRAY.—Mary, 976 Rogers Place, July 9. Funeral July 13, 9:30 A. M.

O'DONNELL.—Sarah M., 505 West 147th St., July 9. Funeral today.

QUINN.—Matthew, July 9. Funeral 888 2d Av., today, 9 A. M.

RYAN.—Ella A., 435 West 57th St., July 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

SCHMIDT.—Daniel, 631 Hudson St., July 8, aged 22. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SKEWES.—John, 503 West 172d St., July 9. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

VOSE.—Frankie A. J., July 8. Funeral 69 East 125th St.

Brooklyn.

BILLICH.—Wilhelmina, 116 Park Place, July 9, aged 76. Funeral today.

COLE.—Amelia S., 458 47th St., July 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DONLEN.—Mary E., 329 80th St., July 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DREW.—Euphemia F., 363 Hancock St., July 9. Funeral service tomorrow.

GARNER.—James, 173 Skillman Av., July 8. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GRIMES.—Lauretta, 364 43d St., July 9. Funeral notice later.

HIGGINS.—Mary J., 110 Summit St., July 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

KIERNAN.—Jane, 196 Nassau St., July 10. Funeral July 13, 9:30 A. M.

LANG.—Anna M., 211 Knickerbocker Av., July 9, aged 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LILIEN.—Edward J., 2,108 67th St., July 8.

MEHRTENS.—Maria L., 1,119 Madison St., July 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

O'ROURKE.—James, 99 Floyd St., July 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PERRY.—James, 474 Quincy St., July 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SCHOMAKER.—Richard, 708 Bedford Av., July 9, aged 75. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHUTTE.—Christian, 39 Eldert St., July 8, aged 83. Funeral tomorrow.

SMALL.—Sarah A., 1,427 36th St., July 8. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

STAGG.—C. H., 36 Cornelia St., July 8.

STALTHOFF.—John H. F., 217 Alabama Av., July 9, aged 72. Funeral today.

STEINHARDT.—George, 740 Coney Island Av., July 9, aged 21. Funeral tomorrow.

TOY.—William, 98 Washington St., July 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

WERTHEIMER.—Abraham, 578 De Kalb Av., July 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ADELHARDT.—Carl, 479 Germania Av., Jersey City, July 8, aged 17. Funeral tomorrow.

ANTONIETTI.—Lorenzo, 437 Summit Av., West Hoboken, July 8, aged 72.

BOUGAS.—Muriel, 94 19th Av., Newark, July 8.

BURCH.—Helen, 440 Grove St., Jersey City, July 9, aged 2. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

DEAN.—Joseph, 35 Colden St., Newark, July 9. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

LENTZ.—Richard, 43 Schalk St., Newark, July 9, aged 45. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

MITCHELL.—Catherine, 47 Carteret St., Newark, July 9, aged 54. Funeral tomorrow.

MUSSLER.—Joseph S., 293 South Orange Av., Newark, July 9. Funeral July 13.

O'MARA.—Estelle, 231 3d St., Jersey City, July 8. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

TWEEDY.—Emma C., 1 Smalley Terrace, Newark, July 9. Funeral tomorrow.

Long Island.

HALLAHAN. — Jeremiah A., Rockaway Beach, July 9, aged 40. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

HUMANN.—Annie, 1,253 Hatfield Av., Dunton, July 8. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

McDERMOTT.—John, Astoria, July 9, aged 71. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MEREDITH.—John D., Bayshore, July 9. Funeral today, 10:15 A. M.

MOORE.—James R., Jamaica, July 7. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REICH.—Richard, Laurel Hill, July 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REYCRAFT.—Caroline, Richmond Hill, July 9. Funeral July 13.

SWEENEY.—Annie, Freeport, July 9. Funeral today.

Westchester County.

EGGLESTON.—Artemas W., White Plains, July 9, aged 85. Funeral service tomorrow.

HANVEY.—Selena, White Plains, July 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

In Memoriam.

BERRY.—Michael J., mass, St. Bridget's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.

GARTLAND.—Bernard, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 8 A. M.

KING.—James, mass, St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 10:30 A. M.

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LIGHT BREEZE FOR YACHTS--YANKS LOSE, THEN WIN

CUP DEFENDERS IN FARCICAL RACE

Resolute Beats Vanitie by 33 Minutes and Defiance Quits in Disgust.

THE RACE BY FIGURES.

	Resolute. H.M.S.	Vanitie. H.M.S.	Defiance. H.M.S.
Start	12:31:22	12:30:33	12:30:25
First leg	3:06:09	3:23:47	3:36:08
Second leg	4:38:00	4:58:57	5:10:19
Finish	5:56:30	6:27:02	......
Elapsed time	5:25:08	5:56:79	......
Time allowance	1:46:00	......	......
Corrected time	5:23:22	5:56:29	......

ELAPSED TIME BY LEGS.

	Miles.			
First leg	10	2:34:47	2:53:14	3:05:43
Second leg	10	1:31:51	1:35:10	1:34:11
Third leg	10	1:18:30	1:28:05	......

Defiance did not finish.

Resolute won by 0:31:21, (actual time,) and 0:33:07, (corrected time.)

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I. July 10.—With their hulls rolling in a heavy ground swell that kept dumping what little breeze there was out of their great sails, the cup yachts sailed a farcical race over a thirty-mile triangle here today. Resolute, as usual, emerged the winner. Her actual margin was 31 minutes and 21 seconds over the Cochran sloop, Vanitie. With her allowance, it was 33:07. Somewhere in the twilight murk off Point Judith, when these contenders finished, was the tri-city candidate, Defiance. She quit and went home disgusted.

The race was a test of nothing except the patience of crews and skippers. They managed to get around the course, drifting, wind hunting, and rolling by turns, in a little less than the time limit of six hours. Resolute did it with thirty-five minutes to spare. Vanitie had three and a half minutes to spare. It was the slowest race thus far sailed.

Mrs. George M. Pynchon, wife of the managing owner of Defiance, sailed on board that yacht. It is said that she is the first woman to sail in a cup trial. Mrs. Pynchon, however, has a worthy rival in Mrs. W. P. Burton, wife of the British amateur who sails Lipton's new Shamrock challenger. Mrs. Burton will sail with her husband and hold the watch in the international races off Sandy Hook.

Resolute sailed the race away in the first half hour. After that it was a slow procession. On the homeward leg with the big sloops half hidden in a veil of gray mist, half the deep sea population of Block Island Sound came to the surface to see what the matter was. They were headed by a real live, spouting whale, which cut across Vanitie's bow, blew a salute and then dropped out of sight. Then came a delegation of sword fish and after them a few sharks and porpoises. Finding things too dull, the whole herd turned tail and vanished. In the morning the wind was so light that the three yachts had to be towed out to the mark to get there on time, Vanitie passing a line to the press tug John J. Timmins.

Four miles southeast of Brenton's Reef Lightship was anchored C. K. G. Billings's yacht Vanadis, with Chairman H. de B. Parsons, Frederick O. Spedden, and J. M. Macdonough of the New York Yacht Club's regatta committee on board. When the yachts reached this mark at 11 o'clock they were just barely able to make headway, so the start was postponed. For an hour the big seventy-five footers wallowed lazily in the long heavy ground swell, waiting for a sailing breeze. Some sightseers lowered fish lines, while others gathered to the rails and watched an exhibition of deep sea tobogganing by young Nat Herreshoff, son of the Bristol designer. This is a new sport, and should be very popular with web-footed persons. Tie a rope around a six-foot plank and let it trail from the stern of a high-powered motor boat. Then jump overboard, grab the plank as it swishes by and try to stand up on it as it skids at thirty miles an hour over a rolling sea. It can be done. But not long enough or often enough to bring on ennui.

A faint southerly breeze came at last, and the committee flew course flags and signaled for a 12:30 o'clock start. The course was a triangle, ten miles to a side. The first leg was a beat due south, the second a broad reach northwest by west to a mark three miles south of Point Judith Whistle Buoy, and the third a reach northeast by east, one-half east back to the starting line.

It was slow manoeuvring in the soft air, but three minutes before the final whistle the trio found themselves close together at the far end of the line. Mr. Adams began to work in toward the buoy, only to be headed off by Capt. Howell, who had brought Defiance closer to it.

This forced Mr. Adams about. Capt. Haff at once shot Vanitie into the gap, and in this way held Resolute off when she tried to come back. Defiance thus had a clear road, and Capt. Howell put her over twenty-five seconds after the whistle. Vanitie followed eight seconds later, while Resolute got away forty-nine seconds behind Vanitie. She was to windward of the Cochran sloop, which, in turn, was to windward of the leader. Jib topsails were broken out, and all crossed close hauled on the starboard tack.

Capt. Haff immediately opened hostilities by tacking across Resolute's bow in order to get the windward berth. He held this for three minutes, and then returned to the starboard tack, Resolute meanwhile slipping quietly up on Defiance. Mr. Adams had two boats to beat, and he decided to take each one in turn and do it early. In ten minutes he had put Resolute alongside the tri-city knockabout, and in another minute passed her to windward. Eight minutes later he went over to the port tack and made straight for Vanitie. Resolute was not far enough ahead to cross the latter's bow, but she didn't have to do that. She was pointing higher and footing faster, as the rise and fall of the long swell bothered her less. Mr. Adams tacked to starboard just ahead of Vanitie, hoping to work to windward that way, but Capt. Haff dodged by taking the port tack, and Mr. Adams went after him. Defiance meanwhile had tacked to port.

The breeze was faint and full of puffs, and the heavy swell continually rocked the air out of their sails, so that the pace was very slow. Vanitie suffered most of all. Half an hour after the start Resolute had the lead. Capt. Haff pointed Vanitie up a bit and tried to cross Resolute's wake. Then Resolute tacked and crossed Defiance's bow.

Continuing out to the mark, the sloops ran into all kinds of streaks of light air, and, with the swell dumping the wind from their sails and their hulls rocking like hobby horses, the race soon became a farce. The gaps between them widened, and they drifted and bobbed along at a snail's pace. On port tacks, with the swell sidewise, they got along fairly well, but on starboard tacks they had to buck the swell, and it slowed all three up.

Resolute had good luck with the breeze, and, as she seemed able to ride the swell better, she was far ahead as they neared the mark. Vanitie ran into a soft spot, and lost so much ground that even Defiance got ahead of her, and she was lost. Then she got a puff, and Capt. Haff broke out a larger jib topsail, which carried him again into second place. Vanitie came up so fast here that a similar jib topsail was broken out on Resolute to stave off the charge.

At 2:40 all three stood for the mark on the port tack, Resolute and Vanitie both fetching it on this hitch. Defiance was away to leeward, and had to take another hitch.

The times at the end of the windward leg were: Resolute, 3:06:09; Vanitie, 3:23:47; Defiance, 3:36:08. This made Resolute leading by 17:38, and Vanitie ahead of Defiance by 12:21, Defiance being half an hour behind Resolute. On this leg Resolute and Vanitie took seven tacks each, while Defiance took ten.

After wearing around the mark ballooners were broken out and sheets eased to starboard. The wind continued to puff and die out, and the swell made it impossible to keep the big kites filled as they should be. The reach to the buoy off Point Judith was covered in very slow time, even Resolute taking more than an hour and a half to do the ten miles. Defiance tried her new spinnaker awhile, but could not make it work. They jibed around the second mark in the following order: Resolute, 4:38:00; Vanitie, 4:58:55; Defiance, 5:10:19.

This made Resolute the leader after twenty miles by 20:57 over Vanitie, while the latter had dropped a minute and one second to the trailer, and was now 11:20 ahead of Defiance. It was no longer a race, it was a procession.

And so it went on the run home. They jibed around the mark, and Resolute made the run with a ballooner, jibing once near the finish. Vanitie caught a freshening breeze near the end and carried her spinnaker a while, later jibing to fetch the mark. Defiance, far astern, dropped out two miles from the finish, taking a short cut in order to get back to Newport before dark.

Resolute finished at 5:56:30 and Vanitie at 6:27:02. Resolute gained 9:35 on Vanitie on this last leg.

TIP TOPS' STREAK BROKEN.

Knetzer of Pittsburgh Ends String of Victories.

Knetzer allowed the Brookfeds only five hits and Pittsburgh had no difficulty in winning yesterday's game at Washington Park by a 5-to-3 score. Juul, who did the pitching for Brooklyn, practically lost his own game in the seventh inning when he passed two men and made a wild pitch, which, coupled with a cluster of singles, gave the visitors three runs and a firm grasp on the game. The Brookfeds, although defeated, completed their fifth game in succession without an error.

Pittsburgh took the lead in the first inning, when singles by Savage and "Rebel" Oakes gave them one run. Savage started off by making a safe hit and got to second while Jones was being thrown out. He scored from there on Oakes's hit. Pittsburgh got another run in the fourth. In this inning Bradley, Pittsburgh's big first baseman, walked, was sacrificed to second by Holly, and scored on Berry's single to left field.

The Brookfeds made the game interesting by tying up the score in the sixth inning, in which they scored two runs. Hap Myers's triple to the centre field wall scored both Juul and Cooper, who had got on base on a single and a base on balls, respectively.

In the next inning, however, the Brookfeds' hopes of winning faded away when the Rebels put across three runs. "Rebel" Oakes started the trouble in this inning by singling. Lennox walked and Cy McDonald, who followed him, also walked, filling the bases. Juul unlimbered a wild pitch at this interesting stage of the game and Oakes scored. Bradley then came through with a single which scored two more runs.

Brooklyn scored another run in their half of the seventh, but that was all they could obtain for the rest of the game. This run resulted directly from a triple by Westerzil, who scored while Land was being put out at first base. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Savage, cf.	5	1	2	1	0	C'per, lf.	3	1	1	4	0
Jones, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	Myers, 1b.	4	0	1	8	1
Oakes, rf.	5	1	2	1	0	Shaw, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Lennox, 3b.	2	1	2	1	0	Evans, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
McD'd, 2b.	3	1	0	3	1	H'man, 2b.	4	0	0	5	2
B'dley, 1b.	4	1	2	8	0	W'zill, 3b.	4	1	1	1	2
Holly, ss.	3	0	1	2	1	Holt, ss.	3	0	0	0	1
Berry, c.	3	0	1	9	0	Land, c.	3	0	0	6	3
K'tzer, p.	4	0	0	0	5	Juul, p.	2	1	1	0	3
						Peters, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						*And'son.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	5	10	27	8	Total	32	3	5	27	12

*Batted for Juul in the eighth inning.

Error—Shaw.

Pittsburgh	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	—5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Myers, Westerzil. Sacrifice hit—Holly. Stolen bases—Lennox, McDonald. First base on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 2; Pittsburgh, 8. Struck out—By Juul, 5; by Knetzer, 5. Bases on balls—Off Juul, 8; off Knetzer, 11. Wild pitch—Juul. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Goeckel and Cross.

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	..	—4	7	2
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	2	1

Batteries—Suggs and Russell; Schulz, Woodman, and Blair.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Louisville—Louisville, 16; Milwaukee, 8.
At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 4; Indianapolis, 1.
At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Kansas City, 1.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; Minneapolis, 4.

New York State League.

At Syracuse—Syracuse, 9; Elmira, 0 (Forfeited).
At Utica—Utica, 1; Binghamton, 0.
Other games postponed; rain.

New England League.

At Lynn—Lynn, 7; Haverhill, 1.
At Lawrence—Lawrence, 4; Lowell, 0.
At Portland—Portland, 7; Worcester, 5.
At Lewiston—Lewiston, 14; Fitchburg, 6.

Eastern Association.

At New Haven—New Haven, 5; Pittsfield, 4.
At New London—New London, 7; New Britain, 4.
At Hartford—Springfield, 3; Hartford, 0; Hartford, 5; Springfield, 2.
At Bridgeport—Waterbury, 3; Bridgeport, 2.

Virginia League.

At Norfolk—Norfolk, 1; Newport News, 0, (ten innings.) Norfolk, 5; Newport News, 2.
At Roanoke—Roanoke, 3; Richmond, 1. Roanoke, 3; Richmond, 3, (called in ninth; darkness.)
At Petersburg—Petersburg, 5; Portsmouth, 2.

Southern Association.

At Chattanooga—Birmingham, 9; Chattanooga, 4.
At Atlanta—Montgomery, 4; Atlanta, 3.
At Memphis—New Orleans, 8; Memphis, 6.
At Nashville—Nashville, 5; Mobile, 2.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 6; Reading, 3.
At Lancaster—Lancaster, 7; Trenton, 2.
At Wilmington—Allentown, 9; Wilmington, 8 (13 innings).

Lansing Club Transferred.

JACKSON, Mich., July 10.—Because of lack of patronage the Lansing Club of the Southern Michigan League has been transferred to Mount Clemens. The club played its first game under its new name here today.

YANKEES BREAK EVEN WITH NAPS

Chancemen Get a Trouncing, Then Win Short Game with Cleveland.

Darkness broke in on the Yankees in the second game at the Polo Grounds yesterday just when they were in the lead and saved the game. The combat only lasted five and one-half innings, and the Yanks won 1 to 0. It was quite gloomy then. In the first game it was not so pleasant for the home boys and they lost by a score of 7 to 2. Such is the doings of fate.

Vean Gregg, who was ignominiously batted off the mound on Wednesday, pitched superior ball in the opening half of the bargain bill. Against him was Jack Warhop, with his under-hand ball, which was a pleasant memory for the Naps. Right in the first inning of the opener, Jack Graney singled and "Tuck" Turner laid down a sacrifice hit, Warhop to Mullen. Then along came "Shoeless" Joe Jackson, who ripped a hit to centre field, scoring Graney.

Proceeding to the fourth, Lajoie walked, and Kirke was safe on Warhop's error. Ray Chapman sacrificed and on "Nemo" Liebold's secrifice fly, Lajoie scampered over the plate. In the Yank's half of the same stanza, Maisel singled, and was sacrificed by Hartzell. Capt. Peckinpaugh singled and Birdie Cree followed his excellent example, scoring Maisel.

In the sixth, Turner banged out a single and Jackson was hit. Lajoie laid down a sacrifice and Kirke banged a double to centre, scoring Turner and Jackson. Nothing could be fairer than that.

Chapman got the idea of the rally and poked a triple to the fence, scoring Kirke. After that there wasn't a chance for the Yanks. Vean Gregg opened the seventh with a single and Graney also sent forth a safety. Turner sacrificed and Warhop, mindful of Joe Jackson's hitting ability, issued a pass. This was a futile effort, however, for Lajoie singled to centre, scoring Mr. Gregg.

In the ninth Graney singled and "Cotton Top" Turner banged a double to left, putting Graney on third. Graney was running wild and showed that he didn't care about Manager Joe's fine of $25.

Jackson sent forth a long fly to Hartzell in left and Graney registered.

In the Yanks' half of the same inning Hartzell drew a pass and Peckinpaugh flied out. Cree was hit in a place where it hurt, and Chariey Mullen, the stranger in our midst, whaled a double to left, scoring Hartzell.

The second game was short and sweet. In the third round Hartzell got a pass and Capt. Peckinpaugh fanned. Hartzell stole second, and after Birdie Cree fouled to Bassler Mullen hit a bounder at Lajoie, which he could not handle, and Hartzell scored.

The peculiar thing about Hegerman's performance was that he issued passes galore to the Yanks and they failed to take the greatest advantage of them.

In the first two innings he gave five passes, and before he finished he gave seven passes with an open heart.

The real feature of the second controversy was Ed Sweeney's failure to absorb the possibilities of a double play in the third round. This was a funny session. Hegerman walked and Jack Graney singled. Likewise did "Tuck" Turner. Also Joe Jackson tried to, but Maisel got the ball and Hegerman was tossed out at the plate.

Sweeney, in making this play, had lots of time to make a double at first, but he chose to use his precious time in running down Hegerman when all that he had to do was to plant his small—or large—feet, as the case may be, on the plate. Graney had ambitions to score, but he was thrown out at the plate by Caldwell when he had the audacity to attempt to steal home. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
G'ney, lf.	5	2	4	3	0	M'sel, 3b.	4	1	2	1	3
T'ner, 3b.	3	1	3	2	2	H'tz'l, lf.	2	1	0	5	0
J'kson, rf.	2	1	1	2	0	P'p'gh, ss.	4	0	3	1	1
Lajoie, 2b.	3	1	1	1	1	Cree, lf.	3	0	1	2	1
Kirke, 1b.	4	1	1	8	1	Mullen, 1b.	4	0	1	9	2
C'man, ss.	3	0	1	5	1	Cook, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
L'bold, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	N'm'r, c.	4	0	0	5	2
O'Neill, c.	4	0	0	3	3	Boone, 2b.	3	0	0	3	2
Gregg, p.	4	1	1	1	2	W'hop, p.	2	0	0	0	0
						Pieh, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	7	12	27	10	Total	31	2	7	27	11

Cleveland	1	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	1	—7
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—2

Two base hits—Kirke, Peckinpaugh, Turner, Mullen. Three base hits—Chapman. Sacrifice hits—Turner, 2; Chapman, Hartzell, Lajoie. Sacrifice flies—Leibold, Jackson. Left on bases—New York, 5; Cleveland, 6. Double plays—Cree, Warhop and Maisel; Boone, Nunemaker and Mullen. Bases on balls—off Warhop, 2; off Gregg, 1. Struck out—by Gregg, 4; by Warhop, 2; by Pieh, 1. Hit by pitchers—by Warhop (Jackson); by Gregg (Cree). Hits—off Warhop, 10 in 7 innings; off Pieh, 2 in 2 innings. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Dineen.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'sel, 3b.	2	0	0	0	1	G'ney, lf.	3	0	1	3	0
H'tz'l, lf.	2	1	0	0	0	T'ner, 3b.	3	0	1	0	0
P'p'gh, ss.	2	0	0	2	0	J'kson, rf.	2	0	0	0	0
Cree, cf.	1	0	0	2	0	Lajoie, 2b.	2	0	0	2	2
Mullen, 1b.	2	0	1	5	1	Kirke, 1b.	2	0	1	4	0
Cook, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	C'man, ss.	2	0	0	0	0
Sw'ny, c.	1	0	0	6	2	L'bold, cf.	2	0	0	2	0
Boone, 2b.	2	0	0	2	1	B'sler, c.	2	0	0	4	2
C'well, p.	1	0	0	1	4	H'man, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	14	1	1	18	9	Total	19	0	3	15	4

Error—Maisel.

New York	0	0	1	0	0	..	—1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

First base on errors—Cleveland, 1. Stolen bases—Peckinbaugh, Hartzell, Mullen. Left on bases—New York, 5; Cleveland, 4. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 3; off Hagerman, 7. Struck out—By Caldwell, 4; by Hagerman, 3. Passed ball—Bassler. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Hildebrand.

Scott Gets a Beating in Boston.

BOSTON, July 10.—Boston landed hard on Scott's delivery in the fifth inning to-day and defeated Chicago 5 to 1. Chicago's run in the second inning was scored on singles by Collins and Fournier and Bodie's infield out. Johnson, who started in the box for Boston, was hit on the right elbow by a fast pitched ball in the fifth inning and had to retire. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'ksen, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	B'ger, ss.	3	0	0	0	2
E.Scott, ss.	3	1	1	1	5	Bl'b'n, 2b.	4	0	1	0	4
Sp'ker, cf.	3	0	2	2	0	Dem't, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
G'd'r, 3b.	4	0	0	1	1	C'lins, rf.	4	1	3	2	0
J'vrin, 1b.	4	0	0	15	1	F'nier, 1b.	4	0	1	13	1
Rehg, rf.	3	1	1	1	0	Bodie, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Y'kes, 2b.	4	1	1	5	5	Sch'k, c.	2	0	0	3	2
Cady, c.	3	1	2	2	3	Mayer, c.	1	0	0	0	0
J'nson, p.	1	0	0	0	4	B'ton, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
Bed't, p.	1	0	0	0	0	J. Scott, p.	1	0	1	0	2
†Wood	0	1	0	0	0	L'th'p, p.	0	0	0	1	0
						*Weaver	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	5	7	27	19	Total	30	1	8	24	13

†Ran for Johnson in 5th inning.
*Batted for J. Scott in 7th inning.
Error—Breton.

Boston	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	..	—5
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two base hits—Collins, Rehg, Speaker. Three base hit—E. Scott. Hits off Johnson, 5 in 5 innings; off Bedient, 3 in 4 innings; off J. Scott, 7 in 6 innings; off Lathrop, none in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—J. Scott, E. Scott, Speaker. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Boston, 5. First base on balls—off Johnson, 2; off J. Scott, 1; off Lathrop, 1. Hit by pitcher—By J. Scott, (Johnson.) Struck out—by J. Scott, 3; by Bedient, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Connolly.

Senators Pound Four Pitchers.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Washington pounded out fifteen hits off four St. Louis pitchers today, winning 8 to 4 and evening up the series. Six hits in the first inning gave Washington three runs and caused the retirement first of Taylor and then of Wellmann. Three singles and a triple in the second, bunched with two errors by Pratt, added four more runs for Washington and drove Hoch off the mound. Johnson pitched the first five innings, and Harper finished the game. The first three St. Louis batters up in the third singled, but no runs resulted. The score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, rf.	4	3	1	2	0	Sh'ten, cf.	5	1	2	2	0
Foster, 3b.	1	0	1	0	0	Pratt, 2b.	4	1	1	5	3
Smith, 3b.	3	1	1	2	1	W'ms, rf.	5	0	2	1	2
Milan, cf.	5	2	3	1	0	C. W'r, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
G'd'l, 1b.	4	1	1	7	0	Leary, 1b.	5	0	1	6	0
Sh'ks, lf.	4	0	2	3	0	Austin, 3b.	4	0	1	4	2
M'gan, 2b.	3	0	2	0	4	Lavan, ss.	4	0	1	4	2
McB'e, ss.	3	0	1	2	1	Agnew, c.	1	0	1	1	1
A'sm'h, c.	4	0	1	9	0	Rumler, c.	3	1	1	3	2
J'nson, p.	3	1	2	0	3	Taylor, p.	0	0	0	0	0
H'per, p.	1	0	0	0	0	W'm'n, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						Hoch, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						Lev'nz, p.	3	0	1	0	2
						*Howard.	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	8	15	27	9	Total	38	4	11	24	14

*Batted for Leverenz in ninth inning.
Errors—Pratt, (2,) C. Walker.

Washington	3	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	..	—8
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	—4

Two-base hits—Pratt, Shanks. Three-base hits—Williams, Morgan. Hits—Off Taylor, 4 in one-third inning; off Wellmann, 2 in 2-3 inning; off Hoch, 3 in one-third inning; off Leverenz, 6 in six and two-thirds innings; off Johnson, 7 in five innings; off Harper, 4 in four innings. Sacrifice hits—McBride, Smith. Stolen bases—Rumler, (2,) Howard. Double play—Pratt and Leary. Left on bases—St. Louis, 10; Washington, 7. Bases on balls—Off Leverenz, 2; off Harper, 3. Bases on errors—Washington, 3. Struck out—By Leverenz, 2; by Johnson, 3; by Harper, 6. Wild pitch—Leverenz. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs Evans and Egan.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 7; New York, 2.
New York, 1; Cleveland, 0.
(Called in sixth; darkness.)
Washington, 8; St. Louis, 4.
Boston, 5; Chicago, 1.
Philadelphia, 8; Detroit, 8.
(Eleven innings; darkness.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 2; New York, 0.
Brooklyn, 11; Cincinnati, 6.
Chicago, 11; Boston, 6.
Philadelphia, 5; Pittsburgh, 2.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh, 5; Brooklyn, 3.
Baltimore, 4; Buffalo, 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Providence, 10; Jersey City, 0.
Newark, 8; Baltimore, 0.
Buffalo, 8; Rochester, 3.
Toronto, 8; Montreal, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	44	31	.587
Detroit	44	35	.557
Chicago	41	34	.547
Washington	41	35	.539
St. Louis	41	37	.526
Boston	40	38	.513
New York	27	45	.375
Cleveland	26	49	.347

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	41	29	.586
Chicago	41	34	.547
St. Louis	40	36	.526
Philadelphia	34	35	.493
Cincinnati	36	38	.487
Brooklyn	33	36	.478
Pittsburgh	32	38	.457
Boston	30	41	.423

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	43	28	.606
Indianapolis	38	31	.551
Buffalo	36	31	.537
Baltimore	36	34	.514
Brooklyn	33	34	.493
Kansas City	34	41	.453
Pittsburgh	30	39	.435
St. Louis	31	43	.419

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	48	27	.640
Buffalo	44	31	.587
Rochester	43	32	.573
Providence	41	32	.562
Toronto	36	37	.493
Newark	34	36	.486
Montreal	25	50	.333
Jersey City	24	50	.324

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
Detroit at Washington.
Cleveland at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Baltimore.
Providence at Jersey City.
Toronto at Rochester.
Montreal at Buffalo.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
Buffalo at Baltimore.
Kansas City at St. Louis.
Indianapolis at Chicago.

Champions and Tigers in a Tie.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Philadelphia and Detroit battled for eleven innings, when Umpire Chill stopped play on account of darkness, with the score tied at 8 runs each. The home team knocked Cavet off the rubber in three innings, and had a lead of five runs when Detroit rallied in the eighth by mixing hits off Pennock and Bender with errors, and scored six runs. The visitors increased their total by two runs at Wyckoff's expense in the ninth. Main started the home team's half of the ninth by giving Collins a pass. Covaleskie then went to the rescue. Collins stole second. Oldring's fly to Veach was followed by Collins being caught napping off second on Purtell's relay to Kavanaugh. Then three singles, a pass, and Purtell's wild throw enabled Philadelphia to tie the score, Harry Davis driving in the last two runs of the inning with a single. Shawkey fought it out with Covaleskie to the finish. Vitt was hurt on the right arm when he interfered with a thrown ball in the fifth inning, and was forced to leave the game. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	5	1	2	1	7	Walsh, rf.	3	1	1	2	1
Vitt, 3b.	0	0	0	1	0	Oldr'g, lf.	6	1	1	1	0
Purt'l, 3b.	4	0	1	0	3	Col'ns, 2b.	4	1	1	1	5
H'lm'n, cf.	5	0	1	1	0	F.B'k'r, 3b.	6	1	3	2	4
C'wf'd, rf.	5	1	0	1	2	M'In's, 1b.	5	1	1	9	0
Veach, lf.	4	1	1	3	1	Str'nk, cf.	3	2	2	3	0
K'v'gh, 2b.	5	2	2	5	2	Barry, ss.	6	1	1	4	2
Burns, 1b.	5	1	2	13	1	Schang, c.	6	0	4	10	0
D.Baker, c.	2	0	0	7	2	Pen'ck, p.	2	0	0	1	0
McKee, c.	2	1	1	1	1	Bender, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Cavet, p.	1	0	0	0	2	Wyck'f, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Boehler, p.	1	0	0	0	0	S'wkey, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Main, p.	0	0	0	0	1	‡Th'mps'n.	1	0	0	0	0
Cov'skie, p.	0	0	0	0	0	§Davis	1	0	1	0	0
*Dubuc	0	0	0	0	0	¶Kopf	0	0	0	0	0
†High	0	1	0	0	0						
Total	39	8	10	33	22	Total	43	8	15	33	13

*Batted for Cavet in fourth inning.
†Batted for Boehler in eighth inning.
‡Batted for Bender in eighth inning.
§Batted for Wyckoff in ninth inning.
¶Ran for Davis in ninth inning.
Errors—Purtell, Collins, F. Baker, Schang, 2.

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	—8
Philadelphia	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—8

Two-base hit—Hellman. Hits—Off Cavet, 7 in 3 innings; off Boehler, 2 in 4 innings; off Main, none in 1 inning, (none out in ninth;) off Coveleskie, 6 in 3 innings; off Pennock, 6 in 7 innings, (none out in eighth;) off Bender, 2 in 1 inning; off Wyckoff, 1 in 1 inning; off Shawkey, 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—McInnis, Pennock, Burns, Bush, Coveleskie. Sacrifice fly—Crawford. Stolen bases—Oldring, Collins, (2,) F. Baker, Walsh, Schang. Left on bases—Detroit, 15; Philadelphia, 12. First base on balls—Off Cavet, 3; off E. Boehler, 2; off Main, 2; off Coveleskie, 1; off Pennock, 8; off Bender, 1; off Wyckoff, 2; off Shawkey, 2. Bases on errors—Detroit, 3; Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Cavet, 3; by Boehler, 2; by Main, 1; by Pennock, 7; by Bender, 1; by Shawkey, 1. Wild pitches—Bender, Wyckoff, (2.) Time of game—Three hours. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

Cubs Pick Up Outfielder Bates.

CHICAGO, July 10.—John Bates, outfielder, unconditionally released by the Cincinnati National League Club today, was signed by the Chicago Nationals. He will report tomorrow.

HUGGINS, MAGEE AND DOLAN BEAT GIANTS

Their Four Hits and Two Sacrifices Score the Cardinals' Runs.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 10.—The Giants encountered their third straight defeat in St. Louis today when Polly Perritt pitched a shut-out game. Al Demaree opposed the Mississippi flinger and was lucky to get away with only two runs scored against him.

The Cardinals had men on bases in almost every inning, and only great defensive work by the Giants kept them from piling up a large score. Several brilliant stops by Beck for St. Louis saved Perritt serious trouble, on the other hand. The most sensational plays came in the ninth inning. Beck dived toward third base to get Burns's wicked hopper, straightened himself, and got the speeding outfielder by a wonderful throw to first base. Then for the last out Wilson ran to the fence and caught Robertson's long drive over his shoulder with his bare hand. Neither team made an error.

The Cardinals' scores came in the first and fifth innings in precisely the same manner. On each occasion Huggins hit safely, was sacrificed to second by Magee, and scored on Dolan's hits. Demaree was unsteady and got himself in several bad holes, out of which, by the grace of his own good pitching and superb support, he climbed with regularity.

In the second inning he issued three bases on balls, but not a Cardinal crossed the plate. With the bases full Doyle made a good stop of Lee Magee's drive for the final out.

McGraw rushed Donlon in to hit for Demaree and sent Piez to run for Meyers in the eighth, after Meyers had singled past Beck, with one out. Donlin forced Piez, and Bob Bescher struck out on a very low ball. Bob averred he did not strike at it, and the umpire called it on him. He half swung, and then recovered himself. The ball was not more than six inches off the ground. Bob retired to the outfield with strong protestations, while McGraw mentioned various things to the umpires.

In the ninth inning Fromme pitched for the Giants, and the first three men to face him, Dolan, Miller, and Wilson, each cracked out hard singles. Dolan, however, was caught off first base, and Fromme weathered the inning when he got Beck at first and made Wingo pop to Fletcher.

Robertson opened the second for New York with a golfing single. He swung at a low ball as if he was using a golf club, and dropped the ball just over Huggins's head. But the next three men were easy.

In the fourth session, with one down, Fletcher drove a hard one to left, which Dolan held to a single by fast work. Robertson forced him, and Merkle flied out to Butler. A double play shut off the Giants in the fifth after Doyle got his base on an error. He was forced by Stock, and then the Chief slapped into a double killing.

Merkle singled and stole with two down in the seventh, but Miller made a good play on Doyle's hot shot, just beating Larry to the bag. These were the only chances the Giants had to score. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'g'ns, 2b.	3	2	2	1	4	B'sch'r, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Magee, cf.	2	0	0	2	0	Burns, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Dolan, lf.	4	0	3	0	0	Fl'c'r, ss.	4	0	1	2	1
J.Mil'r, 1b.	4	0	1	16	1	R'tson, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Wilson, rf.	4	0	3	1	0	Merkle, 1b.	3	0	1	11	2
Beck, 3b.	2	0	0	1	8	Doyle, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2
Wingo, c.	4	0	0	2	0	Stock, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
Butler, ss.	2	0	0	4	3	Meyers, c.	3	0	1	4	1
Perritt, p.	1	0	0	0	1	*Piez	0	0	0	0	0
						Dem'ee, p.	2	0	0	0	5
						†Donlin	1	0	0	0	0
						M'Lean, c.	0	0	0	0	0
						From'e, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Total	26	2	9	27	17	Total	31	0	5	24	14

*Ran for Meyers in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Demaree in the eighth inning.

St. Louis	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	..	—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Hits—Off Demaree, 6 in 7 innings; off Fromme, 3 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Magee, (2,) Perritt, Beck. Stolen bases—Dolan, Perriett, Merkle. Double play—Butler, Huggins and J. Miller. Left on bases—New York, 4; St. Louis, 8. Bases on balls—Off Demaree, 4. Struck out—By Demaree, 4; by Perritt, 2. Wild pitch—Demaree. Time of game—One hour and forty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Quigley.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2	6	1
Toronto	3	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	..	—8	9	1

Batteries—Cashion and Madden; Johnson and Ketchell.

AT JERSEY CITY.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	0	0	—10	13	1
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	6	3

Batteries—Bailey, Donovan, and Onslow; Brucke, Thompson, and Reynolds.

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	4	—8	10	2
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	3	5

Batteries—Curtis and Heckinger; Davidson and McAvoy.

AT ROCHESTER.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	2	1	—8	13	2
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—3	5	1

Batteries—Verbert and Lalong; Herche, Duchesnil, and Willams.

Hi Meyers to Play with Dodgers.

The Brooklyn National League Club yesterday announced the "purchase" of Outfielder Hi' Meyers, of the Newark International League Club, to take the place of Dalton, injured in Thursday's game. Meyers will join the club in Cincinnati today. Brooklyn has "sold" Tex Erwin to Newark. He will play first base, and Holmquist, the present first baseman, will pitch and act as utility outfielder.



EL-BART

The most refreshing, wholesome drink is *pure, straight,* thoroughly *dry* Gin.

And that's EL-BART—the *dryest* Gin.

Hold a bottle of EL-BART to the light. Note its crystal purity. That's because EL-BART is different—better—than other Gins. It is *Double-Distilled.*

Next time call for EL-BART in your Rickey, or Fizz, or Highball. There's something in store for you.

And if you like a *real Cocktail,* why not make it yourself by sending for this unique EL-BART Dry Gin Glass Shaker?

This shaker is worth a dollar, but for a limited time will be sent post-paid, or delivered upon application, for one label from an EL-BART Dry Gin Bottle and 25 cents in cash or stamps.

Address, EL-BART, 305 Fifth Ave., New York Recipes on the glass for delicious cocktails

SEND OR BRING THIS ADVERTISEMENT

DODGERS WIELD BATS HARD.

Benton Bumped for Two Groups of Four Runs in Two Innings.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 10.—Batting two Red hurlers hard in three innings of today's contest, the Dodgers had little trouble winning the third game of the series from the Reds, 11 to 6. Fourteen safe bingles was the total of the drives secured by the visitors. The game was the longest on record at the local lot, the proceedings lasting two hours and thirty-three minutes. Six pitchers, three on each side, were injected into the game. Of these, the trio selected by the Dodgers' manager proved the strongest. Herzog's choices, with the exception of one, were easy for the Dodgers. The exception was Jack Rowan, who came to the helpless Reds' assistance in the last frame and caused the visiting batsmen to fan the gentle breezes.

Because of injuries sustained by several regulars, Herzog was forced to use nineteen players. Of the regulars injured, Tom Clarke, the first catcher, was hurt the most serious. The palm of his right hand was split by a foul tip from Wheat's bat. Twombly, left fielder, was hit by Brown on the knee and forced to retire. Moran, first up in the first round, was hit on the ankle by Enzmann and forced to retire later.

Enzmann lasted until the fourth session, when Dalton, on the bench with a "charley horse," was sent in to bat for him during a Dodger batfest.

Brown, who relieved him, pitched good ball until the Reds started a rally in the seventh, when Ragan went in and held the locals safe.

For the Reds, Benton was lucky in the first three rounds. The Dodgers broke the traces in the fourth and scored four runs on three hits and an error, duplicating the feat in the seventh and sending Benton to the bench. Lear was touched for four hits and three runs in the eighth, and gave way to Rowan, who performed well in the ninth after the Dodgers were tired out. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'Mara, ss.	6	1	1	4	7	Moran, rf.	3	1	1	0	0
Hum'l, 1b.	4	1	0	10	0	McL'lin, cf.	1	0	0	1	0
Egan, cf.	4	1	1	2	0	Herz'g, ss.	4	1	1	2	8
Wheat, lf.	5	2	3	5	0	Der'ck, ss.	1	0	1	0	0
C'ts'w, 2b.	3	1	1	3	3	T'bley, lf.	1	0	0	0	0
Steng'l, rf.	3	2	1	0	0	Uhler, lf.	2	1	2	1	0
Smith, 3b.	5	1	1	0	0	Nieh'f, 3b.	5	0	0	2	2
M'C't'y, c.	5	1	4	3	0	Clarke, c.	3	0	0	3	0
Enzm'n, p.	1	0	0	0	1	Gonz's, c.	2	0	1	3	0
Brown, p.	2	1	0	0	0	Groh, 2b.	2	1	1	2	2
Ragan, p.	2	0	1	0	0	H'b'z'l, 1b.	4	0	1	11	2
*Dalton	1	0	1	0	0	Laross, cf.	2	0	0	0	0
†Allen	0	1	0	0	0	Lohr, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
						Benton, p.	2	0	0	1	2
						Lear, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						Rowan, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						‡Miller	1	0	0	0	0
						§Berg'mer.	0	1	0	0	0
						¶Rawlings.	0	1	0	0	0
Total	40	11	14	27	11	Total	34	6	8	27	17

*Batted for Enzmann in the fourth inning.
†Ran for Dalton in the fourth inning.
‡Batted for Laross in sixth inning.
§Batted for Benton in the seventh inning.
¶Ran for Moran in the seventh inning.
Errors—Smith, Enzmann, Moran, Herzog, Groh, Benton.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	3	0	—11
Cincinnati	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	— 6

Two-base hits—Groh, Hoblitzel, McCarty, O'Mara, Cutshaw. Three-base hits—Dalton, McCarty, Moran. Hits—Off Enzmann, 3 in three innings; off Brown, 2 in three innings, (none out in the seventh inning;) off Ragan, 3 in three innings; off Benton, 9 in seven innings; off Lear, 4 in one inning; off Rowan, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hits—Egan, Hummel. Sacrifice flies—Cutshaw, Groh. Stolen bases—Cutshaw, Herzog, (2,) Hummel, Groh, (2,) Uhler, Ragan. Double play—Cutshaw, O'Mara, and Hummel. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 9; Cincinnati, 9. First base on balls—Off Enzmann, 1; off Benton, 4; off Brown, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Enzmann, (Moran, Herzog;) by Brown, (Twombley.) Struck out—By Brown, 2; by Benton, 3; by Ragan, 1; by Rowan, 3. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Rigler.

Phils Defeat Pirates Third Time.

PITTSBURGH, July 10.—Philadelphia defeated Pittsburgh today for the third time in succession, the score being 5 to 2. Mattison held the home club to six hits. Triples by Paskert and Becker, and Lobert's out netted the visitors two runs in the first inning. They scored another in the third inning on Mattison's double, Paskert's single, and Becker's sacrifice fly. Magee was hit with a pitched ball in the sixth and he scored on a wild throw by Viox on Luderus's grounder. Luderus took third on the error and scored on Martin's single. Singles by Wagner, Mitchell, and Joseph Kelly, combined with errors by Luderus and Martin gave Pittsburgh two runs in the ninth inning. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 2b.	5	0	1	1	4	Carey, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
Pask't, cf.	4	1	2	2	0	M'wrey, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2
Beck'r, rf.	3	1	1	3	0	Wagner, ss.	4	1	1	2	1
Lob'rt, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	Viox, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5
Magee, lf.	3	1	1	4	0	K'tc'y, 1b.	4	1	0	9	1
L'd'r's, 1b.	3	1	0	8	1	Mitch'l, rf.	4	0	2	0	0
Martin, ss.	4	0	2	4	5	Jos.K'y, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
Dooin, c.	4	0	0	5	1	Gibson, c.	2	0	1	8	2
Mat's'n, p.	4	1	1	0	0	*Jas. K'ly.	1	0	1	0	0
						Col'm'n, c.	0	0	0	2	0
						†Leonard.	1	0	0	0	0
						H'rm'n, p.	1	0	0	0	0
						Kant'er, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						‡Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
						M'Ar'ur, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						§Clarke	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	5	8	27	12	Total	34	2	6	27	11

*Batted for Gibson in eighth inning.
†Batted for Coleman in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Kantlehner in eighth inning.
§Batted for McArthur in ninth inning.
Errors—Luderus, Martin, Viox, (2.)

Philadelphia	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	—5
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Hits—Off Harmon, 4 in 3 innings; off Kantlehner, 4 in 5 innings; off McArthur, 1 in 1 inning. Two-base hits—Mattison, Martin, Mitchell. Three-base hits—Paskert, Becker. Stolen bases—Martin, Carey, Wagner. Sacrifice fly—Becker. Hit by pitcher—By Kantlehner, (Magee.) First base on balls—Off Kantlehner, 1; off Mattison, 2. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; Pittsburgh, 1. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5; Pittsburgh, 7. Struck out—By Mattison, 5; by Harmon, 2; by Kantlehner, 6; by McArthur, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

Cubs Gain on the Giants.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Chicago gained on New York today, defeating Boston, 11 to 6, while New York lost to St. Louis. The locals made their runs by bunching hits. In the fifth inning Evers singled to left. The ball hit third base and bounded to the outfield. Umpire Byron called it foul, and Boston protested, with the result that the umpire reversed his decision. The Chicago players swarmed around him arguing, and Bresnahan was sent to the clubhouse. The hitting of Schulte and a triple by Pitcher Lavender with the bases filled featured the game. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	4	1	2	2	1	Devore, cf.	1	1	0	1	0
Good, rf.	5	1	1	1	0	Mann, cf.	2	0	1	1	0
Saier, 1b.	3	1	1	10	1	Evers, 2b.	5	1	1	2	3
Z'man, 3b.	5	1	3	0	2	Con'ly, lf.	2	1	1	0	0
Sch'te, lf.	3	2	3	2	1	M'ray, rf.	2	0	0	2	0
Sw'y, 2b.	4	1	1	4	1	M'v'le, ss.	4	0	2	2	7
C'den, ss.	3	2	1	1	3	S'midt, 1b.	4	0	0	10	2
Br'han, c.	0	1	0	1	1	Deal, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1
H'g've, c.	2	0	0	6	2	Cather, rf, lf.	4	1	2	1	1
Lav'r, p.	2	1	1	0	1	Gowdy, c.	1	1	0	1	0
Pierce, p.	2	0	0	0	0	Wh'l'g, c.	2	0	0	3	0
						Hess, p.	1	0	0	0	0
						C'cher, p.	2	1	0	0	1
						*Dugey	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	11	13	27	13	Total	35	6	8	24	15

*Batted for Crutcher in ninth inning.
Errors—Saier, Zimmerman.

Chicago	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	4	..	—11
Boston	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	— 6

Two-base hits—Cather, Zimmerman, (2,) Good. Three-base hits—Leach, Lavender, Maranville, Schulte. Home run—Schulte. Hits—Off Hess, 6 in 2 1-3 innings; off Crutcher, 7 in 5 2-3 innings; off Lavender, 5 in 4 innings, and none out in fifth; off Pierce, 3 in 5 innings. Sacrifice hit—Sweeney. Stolen bases—Leach, Corriden, Cather. Double plays—Maranville, Evers and Schmidt; Leach and Sweeney. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Boston, 5. Bases on balls—Off Hess, 5; off Lavender, 3; off Crutcher, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Crutcher, (Corriden.) Struck out—By Lavender, 1; by Hess, 1; by Pierce, 5; by Crutcher, 1. Passed ball—Gowdy. Time of game—Two hours and fifty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Johnson.

Pirates Buy New Second Baseman.

WATERLOO, Iowa, July 10.—Paddy Siglin, Waterloo second baseman, was sold today to the Pittsburgh Nationals. This is the second player purchased by Pitsburgh from Waterloo this season, Shortstop McAuley having been sold June 27. Both players will report at the close of the Central Association season. Siglin is leading the second basemen in this league and is hitting .320.

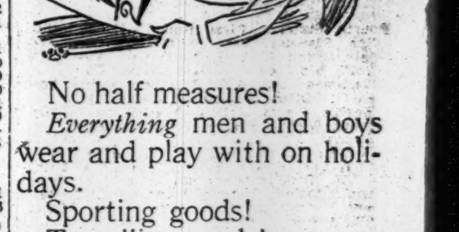
Herrmann to Appeal to League.

CINCINNATI, O., July 10.—"I have written President Thomas, of the Chicago National League Club, that I am willing to leave the controversy over the trade of Players Moliwitz and Williams for Player Derrick to either President Tener or Secretary Heydler of the National League, with the understanding that whatever decision they shall render will be final," said President August Herrmann of the Cincinnati club here today. When questioned further as to the probable mode of procedure that the case would likely take in the event Mr. Thomas would not consent to an arrangement of this kind, Mr. Herrmann continued, "Then I shall request President Tener to take the matter before the board of directors of the league. There is no question in my mind about the deal being a valid one and unless I hear from Mr. Thomas soon, I shall take the case up to the league directors. I have notified President Tener of my offer to Mr. Thomas and likewise of my intentions should Mr. Thomas refuse."

CHICAGO, July 10.—"There is nothing to arbitrate," said President Thomas, when told that August Herrmann proposed to leave the controversy over the Derrick-Mollwitz-Williams trade to President Tener or Secretary Heydler. "I told Mr. Herrmann regarding the trade that I would consider it and take it up with Manager O'Day. Upon investigation, as already stated, I declined on behalf of the Chicago club to make the deal." President Thomas said further that it was the Cincinnati club's privilege to carry the matter further, but that he was satisfied it "had no case."



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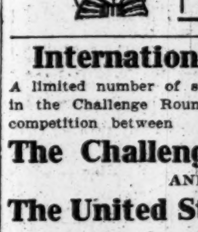
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Telescope Droop Brim Straws, $1.90 Were $3.40. Mackinaw & English Split.



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Outing Caps, 50c in Cloth, Silk Pongee, Crash

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Davis Cup Committee,
42d St. Building,
Madison Ave. & 42d St.

Season or 3-day tickets only will be sold at this advance sale. The price for each season ticket is $5.00, and checks should be drawn to the order of Harry Parker, Treas., and should accompany all orders.

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AND FIVE OTHER STAR EVENTS. FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Grand Central Station at 12:08, 12:34, 1:11, and 1:29 P. M. Regular trains every few minutes from Grand Central Station and 155th St. Station. Broadway Subway trains to 207th St., thence by trolley; 6th and 9th Ave. "L" trains to 155th St., thence by Jerome Ave. trolley.
ADMISSION: GRAND STAND AND PADDOCK, $3; LADIES $1:50.
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Baseball—Washington Park. "Tip Tops" vs. Pittsburgh "Feds." Two games, one admission. First game 2 o'clock.—Advt.

J. J. Callahan

40 years old and still able to sting the ball. Manager of the Chicago White Sox. In his prime he was one of the most famous pitchers. Managed one of the teams which has just completed a trip around the world. He is the idol of the Chicago fans and is considered a Chicago "boy" although born in Fitchburg, Mass. The first ball used in the game recently played before King George V, was tossed by the King to James Callahan.

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SLEEPY HOLLOW GOLF --- LAWN TENNIS --- POLO --- AUTOS

CLOSE GOLF PLAY AT SLEEPY HOLLOW

Marston, Dyer, Purcell, and Stearns Survive for Semi-Finals Today.

First and second rounds of match play were completed yesterday in the invitation golf tournament of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club, and as a result Maxwell R. Marston of Baltusrol will clash with F. W. Dyer of Montclair in one semi-final contest today, while in the other Walter F. Purcell of the New York Golf Club will play John N. Stearns, 3d, of Princeton and Nassau.

Close matches were the rule, for Stearns found it necessary to go as far as the seventeenth green before he could take the measure of Reginald M. Lewis, a Connecticut youngster. Early in the day Stearns won handily over J. Cooper Lord of the home club. The best match of the morning was that involving Marston and Dwight Partridge of Bedford, Marston winning on the nineteenth hole.

After defeating C. B. Wilcox of Montclair, Purcell was opposed to Philip Carter, the metropolitan junior champion. Carter was off in his putting and Purcell, who plays extraordinarily well for a left-handed golfer, won easily enough by 4 and 3.

In the second sixteen Gardiner W. White, the Flushing star, who failed to qualify yesterday, had to go to the nineteenth to defeat Edward P. Rogers of the National Links, and later had his hands full with Lee Maxwell of Scarsdale. The greatest match of the day, however, took place in the fourth sixteen, in which D. G. McConnell of the New York Golf Club defeated A. C. Pratt of Montclair after six extra holes. The summary:

First Sixteen.—First Round—Max R. Marston, Baltusrol, beat Dwight Partridge, Bedford, 1 up, (19 holes;) John N. Stearns, 3d, Princeton, beat J. C. Lord, Sleepy Hollow, 6 and 5; Reginald M. Lewis, Ridgefield, Conn., beat Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton, 3 and 2; Philip Carter, Shinnecock Hills, beat W. Roy Barnhill, Fox Hills, 5 and 4; W. F. Purcell, New York Golf, beat C. B. Wilcox, Baltusrol, 2 and 1; Frank W. Dyer, Montclair, beat E. C. Stevens, Essex County, 6 and 4; Charles E. Van Vleck, Jr., Baltusrol, beat D. H. McAlpin, 2d, Morris County, 2 up; M. B. Starring, Lake Geneva, Wis., beat Clifford A. Dunning, Nassau, 3 and 1.

Second Round—Marston beat Starring, 4 and 2; Dyer beat Van Vleck, 3 and 2; Purcell beat Carter, 4 and 3; Stearns beat Lewis, 2 and 1.

Beaten Eight.—First Sixteen.—First Round—Dunning beat Partridge, 4 and 3; McAlpin beat Stevens, 5 and 4; Wilcox beat Barnhill, 1 up, (19 holes;) Lord beat Pyne, by default.

Second Sixteen.—First Round—D. Brandreth, Sleepy Hollow, beat P. S. MacLaughlin, Scarsdale, 5 and 3; S. Allison, Midland, beat S. Clifton Mabon, Ardsley, by default; Gardiner W. White, Flushing, beat Edward P. Rogers, National, 1 up, (19 holes;) Lee W. Maxwell, Scarsdale, beat W. L. Pierce, Jr., Englewood, 3 and 2; T. H. Crane, Saegkill, beat Louis P. Gwyer, Siwanoy, 3 and 2; C. W. Brocker, Sleepy Holly, beat A. S. Bourne, Westbrook, 3 and 1; S. C. Clark, Sleepy Hollow, beat Morton L. Fearey, Richmond County, 6 and 5; C. R. McMillan, Essex County, beat James Bertram, St. Andrew's, 3 and 2.

Second Round—Allison beat Brandreth, 2 and 1; White beat Maxwell, 2 and 1; Crane beat Brocker, 1 up; Clark beat McMillan, 2 and 1.

Third Sixteen: First Round.—Wilson S. Kinnear, Sleepy Hollow, beat Dr. S. M. Hinman, Cranford, 1 up (21 holes;) Dr. J. L. Walker, Sleepy Hollow, beat E. C. Johnson, Fox Hills, 3 and 2; W. H. Holston, Wykagyl, beat F. V. Longacre, Scarsdale, 5 and 4; C. G. Comstock, Jr., Sleepy Hollow, beat G. D. Raine, Jr., Westfield, 6 and 5; A. B. Grafius, Scarsdale, beat C. V. Benton, Saegkill, by default; E. B. Pringle, Cornell, beat R. D. Humphries, Bedford, 1 up (19 holes;) A. H. Johnson, Sleepy Hollow, beat L. Gourlay, Bedford, 5 and 3; Oliver C. Macy, Sleepy Hollow, beat John W. McMenamy, Dunwoodie, 1 up. Second Round.—Kinnear beat Walker, 4 and 2; Comstock beat W. H. Holston, 2 and 1; Pringle beat Grafius, 6 and 4; Johnson beat Macy, 1 up.

Fourth Sixteen: First Round.—H. L. Phillips, Siwanoy, beat H. C. Kayser, Scarsdale, 6 and 5; D. G. McConnell, New York Golf, beat A. C. Pratt, Montclair, 1 up (24 holes;) James D. Foot, Apawamis, beat S. O. Miller, Englewood, 3 and 1; J. P. Hobbie, Sleepy Hollow, beat E. de F. Simmons, Sleepy Hollow, 6 and 5; Austin P. Palmer, Fox Hills, beat J. T. McMahon, Garden City, 4 and 2; E. C. Holston, Scarsdale, beat Howell Woolly, Fox Hills, 5 and 4; H. D. Brewster, Scarsdale, beat Kenelm Winslow, Tuxedo, 5 and 4; C. C. Pearson, Greenwich, beat Dr. C. C. Sichel, Englewood, 2 and 1.

Second Round.—Phillips beat McConnell, 4 and 3; Foot beat Hobbie, 6 and 4; Palmer beat E. C. Holston, 1 up (19 holes;) Brewster beat Pearson, 8 and 6.

Fifth Sixteen.—First Round—Lindsay Russell, Tuxedo, beat H. B. Guthrie, Sleepy Hollow, 6 and 4; George B. Francis, Sleepy Hollow, beat F. I. Lockman, St. Andrew's, 4 and 3; C. S. Chapman, North Jersey, beat C. Martin, Tavistock, England, 1 up; J. H. McDonald, Essex County, beat A. P. Roth, New York Athletic, 4 and 3; J. D. Chapman, Greenwich, beat S. G. Rea, Sleepy Hollow, 3 and 1; G. B. Carhart, Greenwich, beat E. M. Mendel, New York Golf, 4 and 3; Eugene Van Schaick, Sleepy Hollow, beat E. A. Lynch, Rockaway Hunt, by default; C. M. Finck, Dunwoodie, beat M. P. Collins, Sleepy Hollow, 1 up, (19 holes.)

Second Round—Francis beat Russell, 2 up; McDonald beat C. S. Chapman, 3 and 1; J. D. Chapman beat Carhart, 2 up; Finck beat Van Schaick by default.

Hamilton and Hazen in Final.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 10.—Good golf featured the semi-final rounds in the three chief divisions today in the Advertisers' tourney. L. A. Hamilton, National, and J. J. Hazen, the 1913 champion, remain for the 36-hole championship final tomorrow. Both scored approximately 75 for their rounds today, and a close final is anticipated. T. E. Conklin, Scarsdale, and J. R. Mix, St. Andrew's, remain for the second flight, while F. H. Smith, Chicago, and T. A. Moran, Exmoor, remain in the third. Smith had to play 20 holes to win from J. M. Thorset, Scarsdale, today after being dormie 2 down.

Miss Jane F. Lloyd, Oakmont, won the women's championship, defeating Mrs. A. S. Higgins, St. Andrew's. Two rounds were necessary in this match on a handicap basis, as the players returned all even on their first circuit. Mrs. H. R. Mallinson, New York, won the second flight, and Mrs. W. B. Lashar beat Mrs. A. S. Bird of New York for the consolation. Mrs. T. A. Moran won the ladies' handicap today, and Mrs. J. C. Mitchel, Philadelphia, took second prize. Summary:

Semi-Final Championship.—J. J. Hazen, Oakland, beat A. L. Ostrander, Dunwoodie, 4—3; L. A. Hamilton, National, beat, F. A. Sperry, Westward-Ho, 7—6.

Second Division.—T. E. Conklin, Scarsdale, beat W. B. Lashar, Brooklawn, 5—4; J. R. Mix, St. Andrew's, beat H. C. Millholland, Oakmont, 1 up.

Third Division.—F. H. Smith, Westward-Ho, beat J. L. Thorset, Scarsdale, 1 up, (19 holes;) T. A. Moran, Exmoor, beat F. H. Ralston, Scarsdale, 4—3.

Women's Championship.—Miss Jane F. Lloyd, Pittsburgh, beat Mrs. A. S. Higgins, St. Andrew's, 3—1.

Second Flight.—Mrs. H. R. Mallinson, New York, beat Mrs. F. S. Mann, Chicago, 4—3.

BRYN MAWR VANQUISHED.

Great Neck Will Play Meadow Brook Magpies in Polo Cup Final.

Special to The New York Times.

CEDARHURST, L. I., July 10.—Great Neck's polo team today conceded the fast quartet from Bryn Mawr two goals by handicap in the semi-final round for the Blizzard Cups in the annual tournament of the Rockaway Hunting Club, and easily won the contest by a score of 13¼ goals to 4¾. The Long Islanders thereby won the right to play the Meadow Brook Magpies in the decisive contest for the cups next Monday afternoon.

The Pennsylvanians were never in the running today and from the first were beaten, despite their handicap. Elliot Bacon, J. Watson Webb and C. C. Rumsey formed a formidable trio in the front line for the victors, while N. L. Dilney, an "eleventh hour" addition to the lineup, gave a superb exhibition at back, saving many well-directed shots pointed for Great Neck's goal posts. Great Neck lost three-quarters of a point on a safety and foul, while Bryn Mawr gave up a quarter goal for a safety.

Watson started off with a rush for the winners, and before the first period had closed discounted the two-goal handicap allotted the Quaker team. He followed this whirlwind exhibition with a goal in the second chukker, and Charley Rumsey backed him up with another duo of counters.

Rosengarten made Bryn Mawr's first score in the third, but Webb once and Rumsey twice followed with points for Great Neck. Bacon tallied in the fourth, and in the fifth Converse and Bacon registered in rapid succession. Dilney alone tallied in the sixth, but in the seventh Brown and Bacon helped to raise the total of their respective teams with a goal apiece. Bacon and Rumsey wound up the match with two more points for Great Neck.

A double header will be played on the Rockaway Club's field this afternoon. The lineup and summary:

GREAT NECK.	H'cap.	BRYN MAWR.	H'cap.
1—Elliot Bacon	1	1—J. W. Converse	3
2—J. Watson Webb	5	2—W. Stokes	1
3—C. C. Rumsey	6	3—M. G. Rosengarten	4
Back—N. L. Dilney	3	Back—Alex. Brown	5
Total	15	Total	13

Bryn Mawr—Allowed by handicap, 2 goals; by earned goals, 3; lost by penalty, ¼ goal for safety. Total score, 4¾ goals. Great Neck—By handicap, none; by earned goals, 14; lost by penalties, ¾ goal for crossing and safety. Total score, 13¼ goals.

Goals: First Period—Webb, 4:27; Webb, 1:54. Second Period—Webb, 3:07; Rumsey, 1:12; Rumsey, 1:04. Third Period—Rosengarten, 4:16; Webb, 1:04; Rumsey, 1:02; Rumsey, 0:58. Fourth Period—Bacon, 5:22; one-quarter goal penalty against Dilney, Great Neck for safety. Fifth Period—Converse, 5:12; Bacon, 1:06. Sixth Period—Dilney, 1:02. Seventh Period—Brown, 1:58; Bacon, 4.35; one-half goal penalty against Bacon, Great Neck, for foul crossing. Eighth Period—Bacon, 2:11; Rumsey, 1.37; one-quarter goal penalty against Stokes, Bryn Mawr, for safety.

Referee—George A. Miller. Timer and scorer—Robert Hunter. Time of game—Eight periods of seven and one-half minutes each.

Whites Win Squadron A Polo.

The polo practice of Squadron A's candidates at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday was confined to a six period game, in which the Whites once more proved their superiority over the Reds. The score was five goals to three, and the match was fast and interesting. L. J. Hunt and S. M. Rumboueh registered all the goals credited to their team, while A. C. Smith and Lieut. Strong did likewise for the Reds. Smith, No. 3 for the losers, placed his team ahead in the first period with two successive goals, one of which he carried half the length of the field. In the second period, Rumboueh and Hunt tied the count, and after a scoreless third chukker Lieut. Strong again placed his team ahead, but only for a few minutes, for Rumboueh, on splendid team work, drove the ball through the posts and again tied the tally. In the fifth Hunt and Rumboueh tallied for the Whites, and despite stern opposition from the Reds in the closing period, which was scoreless, helped the advantage. The line-up and summary:

Reds—No. 1, T. H. Farrelly; No. 2, E. C. Ely; No. 3, A. C. Smith; Back, T. Strong.

Whites—No. 1, G. H. Barrett; No. 2, L. Snider; No. 3, S. M. Rumboeh; Back, L. J. Hunt.

Goals scored—First period—Smith, 2. Second period—Rumboueh and Hunt. Third period—No score. Fourth period—Strong and Rumboueh. Fifth period—Hunt and Rumboueh. Sixth period—No score. Time of game—Six periods of seven and one-half minutes each. Referee—Louis Muller.

Two New Pacific Swim Records.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 10.—A. C. Raithel, the crack swimmer of the Illinois Athletic Club of Chicago, who beat Duke Kahanamoku, of Honolulu, in the recent championship swimming meet, won the fifty yard dash last night from Bab Small of the Olympic Club in a dual meet. Small is the only other swimmer who has ever beaten Kahanamoku at the distance, and he is the holder of the world's record for the distance open water. The time was 24 3-5 seconds. Raithel, besides winning the fifty, beat Ernest Smith of the Olympic Club in the 100-yard dash in 55 4-5 seconds.

Two Pacific Coast records were broken. Michael McDermott, of Illinois, won the 100-yard breast stroke in 1 minute 14 3-5 seconds, and Hebner of Illinois won the 100-yard back stroke in 1 minute and 11 seconds, each being a new coast mark.

Illinois won the 190 relay race by two yards in one minute, 41 seconds, captured the water polo game, score 5 to 3, and took the meet, 45 to 28.

Whist League Officers Elected.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., July 10.—Officers of the American Whist League of the United States and Canada were elected today as follows: President—A. J. Moult, Chicago; Vice President—H. C. Wallace, Scranton, Penn.; Secretary—J. C. Beardsley, Cleveland; Treasurer—E. G. Comstock, Milwaukee. The Associate Members Woman's Trophy, competed for by the best women whist players, each of whom is allowed to select a partner, was won by Mrs. W. D. Thompson, a member of the Women's Whist Club of Racine, Wis., and Harry H. Ward, a member of the American Whist Club of Boston and of the New York Bridge Whist Club of New York City. Tomorrow's contests will be for the Manhattan Trophy for women and the Congress Trophy for men who have made high scores.

Fitzsimmons Outpoints Beecher.

Eddie Fitzsimmons outpointed Willie Beecher in a fast ten-round bout at the Far Rockaway Athletic Club last night. Fitzsimmons's superior boxing enabled him to thwart the aggressive rushes of Beecher. For most of the distance there was little to choose between the men. In the semi-final bout Artie Fink of Passaic knocked out Jim Gardner in the third round.

Criqui Quits in Twelfth Round.

PARIS, July 10.—Charles Ledoux, bantamweight champion of France, tonight defeated Eugene Criqui, also of France, in the twelfth round of a twenty-round match. Criqui refused to respond to the call of time.

WESTERN PLAYERS IN TENNIS MATCH

Johnston Defeats Murray on Westchester Courts—Williams Wins from Church.

The first meeting of Western tennis stars in connection with the contests to select an American team to defend the Davis Cup took place yesterday in the third round of the invitation tournament of the Country Club of Westchester, when William M. Johnston, the California schoolboy champion and New York State title holder, defeated R. Lindley Murray, the Pacific Coast collegian and metropolitan champion, in straight sets by the score of 7—5, 11—9. The match was largely one of service, in which Johnston outmanoeuvred Murray. While Johnston showed to advantage in service, Murray made a number of very clever gets, and it was mainly through Johnston's experience that he was able to obtain a victory after thirty-two hard-fought games.

Johnston's game served to strengthen his hold on a Davis Cup team position, as Murray has been favorably considered for the cup defense. The winner showed a decided improvement over his opening match with W. A. Larned. His judgment on placement shots was better, while the accuracy of his long drives was more pronounced than on Thursday. Murray, with his left-hand service, puzzled his opponent at times, while his activity in covering all parts of the court enabled him to make the result close. He carried the score in the opening set to 5—5 before Johnston broke through his service, and the latter then ran out. Deuce was called five times in the second set before the New York State champion came through with victory.

R. Norris Williams again demonstrated his class when he won from George M. Church in straight sets, the latter securing but two games in the fourteen contested. The summary:

Country Club, Westchester, Invitation Men's Singles.—Second Round—George M. Church defeated N. W. Niles, 3—6, 9—7, 6—3; R. Lindley Murray defeated Wallace F. Johnson, 6—4, 4—6, 7—5.

Third Round—Harold H. Hackett defeated G. P. Gardner, 6—3, 1—6, 6—4; R. Norris Williams, 2d, defeated George M. Church, 6—1, 6—1; Karl H. Behr defeated E. P. Larned, 6—1, 6—2; William M. Johnston defeated R. Lindley Murray, 7—5, 11—9.

BRITISH DAVIS CUP TEAM.

Parke, Mavrogordato, Lowe, and Kingscote Picked for Matches Here.

LONDON, July 10.—The All-England Tennis Association today selected the British team to go to the United States to play for the Dwight F. Davis international lawn tennis trophy in case Great Britain should defeat France in the preliminary round at Wimbledon, which begins tomorrow.

The four men composing the team are: James C. Parke, Irish and Scottish champion; T. M. Mavrogordato, an old Oxford "Blue"; A. H. Lowe, a strong tournament player, and Lieut. Algernon R. Kingscote of the British Army.

Parke and Lowe will play the singles matches and Parke and Mavrogordato the doubles.

Semi-Finals at University Heights.

Arthur F. Lovibond and H. J. Steinkamp reached the final round of the men's doubles tennis tournament of the University Heights Lawn Tennis Club yesterday on the club courts, 184th Street and University Avenue, by defeating E. H. Janes and F. Letson in straight sets by the score of 6—3, 6—4. Lovibond and his partner played a strong combination game and held the upper hand throughout, although Janes and Letson put up a rather stubborn resistance.

In the final match of the third round George S. Groesbeck and H. Wood surprised G. A. L. Dionne and B. W. Starr, winning in easy fashion, 6—1, 6—1. The defeated pair put up a weak game owing to lack of team work. The semi-final round will be played today and the men's singles and doubles finals to-morrow. The summary:

Men's Doubles.—Second Round—B. W. Starr and G. A. L. Dionne defeated W. Fischer and J. W. Mesereau by default; George S. Groesbeck and H. Wood defeated J. T. Allen and C. G. Burrows by default.

Third Round—George S. Groesbeck and H. Woods defeated B. W. Stair and G. A. L. Dionne, 6—1, 6—1.

Semi-final Round—Arthur F. Lovibond and H. J. Steinkamp defeated E. H. Janes and F. Letson, 6—3, 6—4.

Australian Team Sails Today.

LONDON, July 10.—The Australian lawn tennis team who are to compete for the Davis Cup will sail for New York on the steamer Aquitania tomorrow. The members of the team are A. F. Wilding, A. W. Dunlop, Norman E. Brookes, and Stanley N. Doust.

Tristate Final Won by Hoag.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 10.—Gauge Hoag of Indianapolis defeated Charles Trask, also of this city, in the finals of the tri-State tennis tournament here today. Hoag will meet W. S. McElroy of Pittsburgh tomorrow afternoon for the tri-State championship. McElroy now holds the title.

Drawing for Balloon Race.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 10.—The balloon Goodyear, piloted by Captain R. A. Preston, of Akron, Ohio, won the coveted place in the drawing this afternoon for starting position in the National elimination balloon race tomorrow. This balloon will start last and, therefore, will be considered as having an advantage in the race, because of the greater lifting power of its gas, which will be under the heating rays of the sun for a longer time before the ascent than will the gas in the balloons that start earlier. The order in which the balloons will start and their pilots and aides follows:

1. "Hoosier," pilot, Warren Rasor, Brookville, Ohio; aide, Herbert Rasor, his son. 2. "America III.," pilot, Dr. Jerome Kingsbury, New York; aide, Clarence Gwynne, Philadelphia. 3. "San Francisco 1915," pilot, E. S. Cole, St. Louis; aide, R. E. Emerson, Springfield, Mo. 4. "Uncle Sam," pilot, Paul J. McCullough, St. Louis; aide, Wm. Trefts, St. Louis. 5. "Miss Sofia," pilot, Wm. Assmann, St. Louis; no aide. 6. "Aero Club of St. Louis," pilot, John T. Berry, St. Louis; aide, Albert Von Hoffman, Jr., St. Louis. 7. "Kansas City III.," pilot, John Watts, Kansas City; aide, W. F. Comstock, Kansas City. 8. "Pennsylvania," pilot, Arthur T. Atherholt, Philadelphia; aide, Philip Charples, Philadelphia. 9. "Goodyear," pilot, R. A. Preston, Akron, Ohio; aide, M. D. Tremelin, Akron.

Entries for Empire City Racing.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs. Granite 121 pounds; Wilhite, 116; Yenghee, 114; Belray, 113; Gallop, 112; Adelaide T., Hermis, Jr., Yellow Eyes, and John D. Wakefield, 110 each; Bayberry Candle and Executor, 105 each; *Joe Rosenfield, 104; Ratina, 103; Margaret Meise, 97.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; maidens; five furlongs. Harry Junior, Pierrot, Brian Boru, and Pebles, 110 pounds each; Gold Crest Girl, Lady Teresa, Captain Parr, Grecian, and Ossary Maid, 107 each.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; one mile. *J. J. Lillis, 112 pounds; Buck Keenon, 111; Bac, 110; Louise Travers, 106; Heart Beat and Song of Valley, 105 each; *Helen M., 99.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; Yonkers Handicap; value $2,500; one mile and a sixteenth. Buskin and Borrow, 121 pounds each; Buck Horn and Ten Point, 120 each; Meridian, 118; Lahore, 112; Black Toney, 109; Uncle Mun, 95.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; conditions; five furlongs. Al Reeves, 110 pounds; Scorpi, 106; Shoddy and Razzano, 105 each; B First and Gnat, 102 each; Vaza, 100.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Belle of Bryn Mawr, 113 pounds; Flying Feet, 111; *Progressive and Bee, 109 each; Ella Bryson and After Glow, 108 each; Captain Swanson, 107; *Any Port, 104; Reno and Tay Pay, 102 each.

*Apprentice allowance of five pounds claimed.

AMERICANS WIN SIX EVENTS.

Baker, Oler, Patterson, and Relay Team Victors at Copenhagen.

COPENHAGEN, July 10.—The American athletes won in several of the finals in the games at the Stadium tonight against representatives of Denmark, Germany, Sweden and Finland.

Homer Baker, New York Athletic Club, won the 400-meter race in 0:52 3-10; W. M. Oler, Jr., captured the 110-meter hurdle event in 0:16 2-5.

J. C. Patterson, University of Pennsylvania, won the 200-meter in 0:22 2-5, and the 100-meter in 0:11 1-10. Oler won the high jump with 1.82 meter (five feet 11 1-2 inches.)

The one mile relay race, teams of five men, was won by the Americans in 4:35.

CHASE VERDICT JULY 18.

Both Sides Finish Arguments in Chicago Jumper's Case.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 10.—A decision on the plea to dissolve the injunction restraining Hal Chase, the former first baseman of the Chicago American League team, from playing with the Buffalo Federals was promised by July 18 by Justice Herbert P. Bissell at the close of arguments here today.

"If this injunction is to be dissolved, it should be done promptly," he said.

The grounds upon which Chase's personal attorney, Keene H. Addington of Chicago, and counsel for the Federal League, sought a dissolution of the injunction were based largely upon the allegation that the Chicago team did not come into court with clean hands because, as a member of organized baseball, it is operating in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

It was intimated by Attorney Addington in his final argument that further proceedings against the National Commission under the anti-trust law were under consideration.

"There is more at stake than Chase's individual case. Before many weeks have passed we may see the standing of organized baseball tested under Section 4 of the Sherman act," said Mr. Addington.

"Section 4 makes it the duty of Federal attorneys to start proceedings where they believe there has been a violation of the act."

Other claims made by Federal League attorneys were that Chase's contract was void because it was improperly drawn when signed, and because it lacked mutuality on account of the ten-day clause and the reserve feature.

John W. Ryan and Ellis G. Kinkade, attorneys for the Chicago team, argued and read numerous opinions to sustain their contention that the playing of baseball cannot be designated as commerce in the sense that it is used in the Sherman act.

New Manager for Grand Rapids Nine

FORT WAYNE, Ind., July 10.—"Jimmie" Jones, formerly with the Columbus team of the American Association, has been purchased by Grand Rapids, of the Central League, and will serve as manager, succeeding George Hughes. Jones is an outfielder. Eddie Justice has been released and will be succeeded at third base by Seibert. William Thompson has been engaged to cover the first sack in place of Brewer.

Receiver for Springfield Club.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, July 10.—Upon the application of the other five clubs in the Central Baseball League, the Springfield team was placed in the hands of a receiver today. Elmer Redelle, of Dayton, was named as receiver. The applicants allege in their petition that the owners of the team refuse to pay salaries and fulfill the other contracts for the local team. The team will be continued here.

Brighton's Big Cycling Card.

The exceptionally long programme tonight at the Brighton Beach Motordrome will necessitate the starting of the races at 8:15 instead of 8:30. Twenty events are on the programme the features being a match race for the best two heats out of three between Joe Fogler and Caesar Moretti, the Italian champion, at two-thirds of a mile; a five-mile national championship for professionals; a one-third mile handicap for professionals in two heats, and a final with Walter Rutt and Frank Kramer at scratch; a one-mile professional handicap with Iver Lawson and Bob Speers at scratch, and a five-mile amateur handicap with Wahlrab, Kaiser, and McDougal going from scratch.

Bobby Walthour will have a chance to pull closer to Clarence Carmen in the race for the motor paced championship when both race in the first daylight meet tomorrow afternoon along with Jimmy Moran and George Wiley. Carmen now leads the championship list with 69 points, Didier second with 63 points, Walthour third with 60 points, and Wiley fourth with 53 points.

Disturber IV. a Fast Motor Boat.

CHICAGO, July 10.—"She'll do a mile a minute or better," was the confident assertion tonight of James A. Pugh at the conclusion of the second day's trial of his new hydroplane, Disturber IV., the American entry for the Harmsworth Trophy, emblematic of the world's motor boat championship. Traveling in smooth water, Disturber IV. covered twenty miles at the rate of forty-five miles an hour. Both engines of the racer, which develop 1,800 horse power, were run under pressure for the first time, and responded perfectly. The screws made 1,400 revolutions a minute.

Harold F. McCormick in his flying boat, going about sixty miles an hour, passed over the Disturber IV.

"I'm going to try to beat that aeroplane tomorrow," Mr. Pugh said later. "I'll do it, too, if the boat comes up to expectations."

NEW AUTO GUIDE TO MAINE ISSUED

Road Book Includes a Special Map for Sportsmen—Other Motoring News.

The Maine Automobile Road Book for 1914 has just been issued by the Maine Automobile Association. It is a comprehensive guide to the highways of the Pine Tree State and has been in preparation a year, during which time the association's pathfinding cars have covered practically every important highway from Houlton in Aristook County to the Atlantic Ocean, and from the New Brunswick line on the east to New Hampshire on the west. The association has also laid out routes covering practically all of New Hampshire as well as the through lines of travel from Boston to Portland and to the New Hampshire mountain resorts. The book covers more than 100 routes in detail, giving right and left turns, intermediate mileage, and landmarks along the way, including a goodly number of routes which have never been charted before. Three new maps have been specially prepared for the book—one of a general character covering the State and much of New Hampshire, another a sportsman's map, showing all the principal hunting and fishing regions of the State, and the third covering the so-called Pine Tree Tour.

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Speed tests under the official observance of the Automobile Club of America have recently been made of the new Packard touring models, which are to be put out in September. The "3-38" fully equipped completed 62.4 miles within an hour and the "5-48," similarly equipped, completed 70.4 in the same time. Both cars were standard with the exception of spark plugs, wire wheels, and tires.

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Automobile Row was interested yesterday in the announcement of the new National models. The touring car has among its body features a passageway between the front seats and auxiliary seats which fold out of sight into the backs of the front seats. The Row was also interested in the announcement of the new Stevens-Duryea roadster model with a top which disappears entirely into the body, when not in use, and with a concealed gasoline tank, and in the news that L. A. Van Patten had received the Counties of Essex, Morris, Somerset, and Middlesex, N. J., for the distribution of the Saxon, in addition to his metropolitan territory, and that Harry S. Houpt, Lozier distributor, had also received an increase, including the eastern half of Pennsylvania, Delaware, the eastern coast of Maryland, with the exception of Baltimore, and the southern half of New Jersey.

MERMAID BEST CANOE.

Leo Friede Will Defend Trophy Against Britton, the Challenger.

Judging by the work done on Gravesend Bay yesterday Leo Friede, Manhattan Canoe Club, who successfully defended the international sailing trophy last Summer, will again be the representative of the New York Canoe Club in the contests against Canada next week. Two races were sailed yesterday, and in both contests Friede easily outsailed his opponents. James A. Newman, a member of the Winchester Boat Club of Boston, was the only other canoeist who appears to have any chance of representing the United States. In both the morning and the afternoon races, Newman led at the end of the first round, only to be beaten by Friede as the contest progressed. Friede won the morning race by 21 seconds. In the afternoon, he led Newman over the finish line by 1 minute and 15 seconds.

Ralph B. Britton, the challenger, is now at the New York Canoe Club. The Canadian has brought four canoes to Gravesend Bay and will give each a trial in salt water. The summary:

FIRST ELIMINATION RACE—SAILING CANOES.

Start, 11:35. Course, 4½ miles.

Canoe, Owner, and Club.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Mermaid, L. Friede, Manhattan	12:29:32	0:54:32
Bug, J. A. Newman, Winchester	12:29:53	0:54:53
Mad, F. Wolders, Jr., Rochester	12:34:20	0:59:20
Banshee, H. D. Murphy, Winchester	12:34:24	0:59:24
Bat, J. R. Majers, Knickerbocker	Did not finish	

SECOND ELIMINATION RACE—SAILING CANOES.

Start, 3:30. Course, 6 miles.

Canoe, Owner, and Club.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Mermaid, L. Friede, Manhattan	4:50:03	1:20:03
Bug, J. A. Newman, Winchester	4:51:18	1:21:18
Mad, F. Wolders, Jr., Rochester	4:55:13	1:25:13
Banshee, H. D. Murphy, Winchester	4:56:12	1:26:12
Bat, J. R. Majers, Knickerbocker	Did not finish	

PLAYGROUND ELIGIBLES.

The following eligible list of male junior assistant teachers of physical training in vacation playgrounds is announced:

Walter J. Hanley, rating 98; Abraham Istrick, 95.95; James A. Walker, 94.25; Charles G. Carry, 93.5; Frank P. Cullen, 93; William McKiddie, 92.7; Gustave F. De Leon, 92.6; Arthur Keane, 92.5; Charles Radack, 92.25; Francis X. Moran, 92; Joseph P. Riley, 91.2; John C. McDermott, 91; Charles Farer, 90.6; Edward Monahan, 90.4; John McNaboe, 90.35; Morris Barnes, 90.1; John J. Sullivan, 89.9; Frank Brennan, 89.85; Isidore Javer, 89.85; A. E. Kessler, 89.8; Emanuel Cohen, 89.7; Anthony A. Costaliebe, 89.7; John McEntee, 89.45; James Barron, 89.2; Robert L. Ryan, 89.1; Joseph C. A. Weis, 89; Joseph Cohen, 88.9; George W. Kilgus, 88.85; James Drought, 88.7; Louis Glicksberg, 88.3; George B. Heyen, 88; John Lumley, 88; William Farricker, 87.9; John Nestor, 87.9; Frank Fitzsimmons, 87.7; Isidor J. Eiten, 87.5; Harry Jaffe, 87.35; Peter Lambe, 87.3; Francis McGeown, 87.2; Fred Nolte, 86.7; Francis Mulligan, 86.5; William Scully, 86.5; James S. O'Keefe, 86.45; Edward Schlesinger, 86.45; Vincent Amato, 86.4; Isadore Levy, 86.22; Irving H. Wagner, 86.1; Max Heller, 85.9; Louis Serota, 85.9, James Boyle, 85.8; Charles R. McConnell, 85.7; Charles Gelber, 85.1; William F. Hopkins, 85.1; Jack Weissbratten, 85.1; Andrew Donnelly, 85; Edward V. Loughlin, 84.9; Israel Stillman, 84.9; Rudolph Nemser, 84.85; Louis A. Engel, 84.6; Harold Aul, 84; Louis Leibowitz, 83.9; Louis Siegel, 83.8; Louis Selkowitz, 83.54; Richard E. Harras, 83.45; Joseph A. Azinaro, 83.4; Leo V. Coughlin, 83.35; Morris Pike, 83.35; Walter A. Kiernan, 83.3; John E. Brolles, 83.21; Hyman Natelson, 83.05; Morris Aaronson, 82.95; Herman Goodman, 82.9; Samuel Kaufman, 82.85; Thomas Miner, 82.55; Leon Schwartz, 82.5; George Elliperin, 82.4; David J. O'Shea, 82.2; Jacob L. Rockowitz, 81.8; Herman Mankiewicz, 81.78; James A. Beatty, 81.6; Jacob Cohen, 81.6; Meyer Bogdonoff, 81.35; Jeremiah T. Toomey, 81.2; Jacob Tanz, 81.05; Thomas Costellano, 80.9; Isador Perlmutter, 80.5; Charles Goldfarb, 80.3; John Weston, 80.25; Sydney Shapinsky, 80.2; Francis J. Wahle, 80.2; Henry Gershenhorn, 80; Robert A. Halpern, 80; Alfred Snedker, 79.95.

Jacob Felgert, 79.9; Sylvester J. Maguire, 79.9; Arthur Deegan, 79.5; Alfred M. Granich, 79.1; Benjamin Gross, 79; Samuel Kramer, 79; George Dooneief, 78.75; Israel Goodman, 78.7; Charles Schupper, 78.7; James Scully, 78.7; Andrew J. Torre, 78.7; Nathan A. Rauch, 78.67; John O'Grady, 78.5; Leo Redler, 78.3; Joseph Shedrowitz, 78.2; William Buckett, Jr., 78.15; Joseph Levy, 77.95; Walter Rubin, 77.85; Samuel Herschberg, 77.75; Nathan Weinstein, 77.7; Marcus Zetkin, 77.7; Morris E. Susseles, 77.65; Max Kaufman, 77.6; Morton Seidel, 77.45; Joseph Aimee, 77.4; Abram Becker, 77.35; Irving Godnick, 77.28; Harry Bomelstein, 76.94; Julian C. Ruben, 76.9; Martin J. Glicksberg, 76.7; Joseph I. Nevins, 76.7; Frederick J. Schnell, 76.65; Meyer Sclar, 76.6; Edward L. Curran, 76.5; Joseph Katz, 76.45; Michael F. Sul'ivan, 76.3; Benjamin F. Tatarsky, 76.3; Sergio Ramirez, 76.25; Nathan H. Lerner, 76.16; Samuel Berman, 75.9; Mortimer Cohen, 75.872; Abraham Schwartz, 75.7; Herman Spector, 75.7; Morris Snell, 75.35; Harvey Wessel, 75.27; Louis M. Rubinstein, 75.25; Max Karshan, 75.1; William Mapes, 74.8; Alexander Markowitz, 74.35; Abraham Goldstein, 74.3; Charles Amend, 74.25; Abraham Kuttner, 73.35; David Lynch, 73.3; Samuel M. Quigley, 73.25; Jacob Penn, 73; Mandel H. Weinstein, 72.8; William Leizerkowitz, 72.55; Morris N. Joselowitz, 72.45; Harry Schachter, 72.45; Isaac Folstein, 72.2; Hyman Katz, 72.05; Louis S. Schwartz, 71.76; Jacob Lieberman, 71.7; Fritz Korb, 71.4; Abraham Deutsch, 67.79.

New Polo Club Organized.

A new polo club was recently organized at the Gedney Farm Country Club, and the new association will soon apply for membership in the National Polo Association. C. Davies Taintor, the horseman, who is responsible in a large measure for the organization of the polo membership in the Country Club, is busy getting the polo field adjoining the clubhouse in shape. Some interesting matches have been held on the grounds, but further improvements are now being made. The following charter members, who are well known in society and sporting circles in and around New York, were elected: Dr. J. F. Black, White Plains; Nathaniel C. Reynal, White Plains; James Butler, Jr., Eastview; William Butler, Eastview; Pierce Butler, Eastview; C. M. Grier, Jr., Rye; A. A. Pye, New York City; Thomas C. Watt, Hartsdale; S. Nelson Smith, Larchmont; Edward Rutter, White Plains; Beverly Cater, Hartsdale; Chandler Bates, New Rochelle; Samuel P. Ritchie, Scarsdale; C. Davies Taintor, White Plains.

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RESORTS. NEW ENGLAND.

RESORTS. NEW ENGLAND.

North Coast

OF NEW ENGLAND

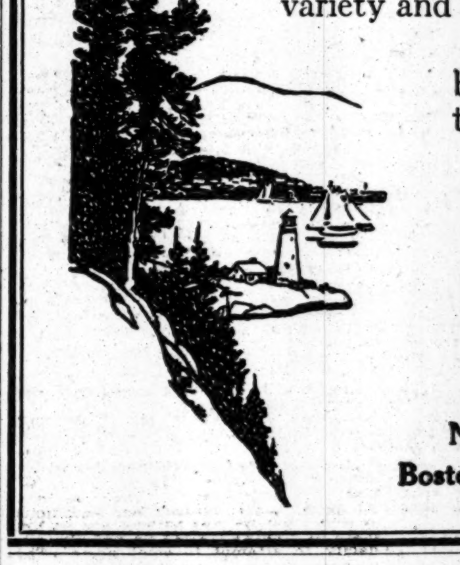
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High-class mountain inn, 100 miles from city; large, private park, broad verandas; suites with private baths and sleeping porches; guaranteed milk; ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS; all amusements; references required.

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Dean House

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Hotel, in connection with the Great White Sulphur Springs Bathing Establishment. Apply to EUGENE H. MARCOTTE and H. PFLANZ, Managers.

Richfield Springs, N. Y.

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PROSPECT HOUSE White Lake, Sullivan Co., N. Y. Acc. 200. Bathing, rowing, fishing, tennis, large casino for dancing, and amusements. $12 up. Eckstein Bros.

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Marlborough-Blenheim

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On Lake Hopatcong, P. O., Mt. Arlington, N. J.

Catering to Discriminating Patronage. Ideal mountain hotel. Elevation 1,400 ft. No malaria or mosquitoes. 300 rooms with hot and cold running water; 100 bath suites. Boating, bathing, fishing, golf, tennis, dancing, saddle horses. Orchestra. Cafe. Grill. Booklet, auto maps mailed. Special July and family rates. G. FRANK COPE.

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WATER GAP HOUSE

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Attractive, convenient; Tennis Courts; Squash Court, Pool and Billiard Room.

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FOREST HILLS INN, Forest Hills, L. I.

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6% interest paid on savings if left for 12 months or longer. Our Certificates of Deposit backed by real estate security.
COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY,
Empire Life Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

New Orleans City & Lake Railroad Company.

NOTICE.—Pursuant to Article Fourth of the mortgage from the New Orleans City & Lake Railroad Company to Columbia Finance and Trust Company, dated November 22, 1893, the undersigned will until the close of business July 31, 1914, at its office in the City of Louisville, Kentucky, receive bids for the surrender and cancellation of CONSOLIDATED FIRST MORTGAGE FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of said Railroad Company, dated January 2, 1893, and maturing January 1, 1943, and secured by the above-mentioned mortgage.

Bids to be acceptable must be at a price not exceeding 110 per cent. and accrued interest.

FIDELITY AND COLUMBIA TRUST CO.,
Louisville, Kentucky.

ERIE AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of Secretary and Treasurer,
Erie, Penn., July 1, 1914.

BONDS FOR THE SINKING FUND.

Bids for Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company's General Mortgage 3½ per cent. Bonds, to the amount of $40,780, will be received at the agency of the Company, the Union Trust Company, 80 Broadway, New York, on July 20, 1914, for purchase on July 24th; proposals to be in the hands of the Union Trust Company before three o'clock P. M., and Bonds must be delivered July 24th, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days, under the provisions of the Mortgage covering the same.

J. P. SMART, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

National Binding Machine Company,
260 West St., New York.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the National Binding Machine Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 260 West Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 14th day of July, 1914, at 3:30 P. M. of said day, for the purpose of taking action and voting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said company from $150,000, its present capital stock, consisting of 1,500 shares of the par value of $100 each to $250,000, to consist of 2,500 shares of the par value of $100 each.

JAMES D. McLAURIN, President.
C. B. EMMERT, Secretary.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Continued Weakness in a Small Number of Issues—Favorable Steel Tonnage Statement.

The weakness in the small group of stocks which declined heavily on Thursday continued yesterday and extended to a few more issues, but the market as a whole showed considerable resistance to the adverse influence of the further large losses suffered by Chesapeake & Ohio, the Denvers, Missouri Pacific and New Haven. New York Central was under pressure and suffered a net loss of over two points. Canadian Pacific, which bore the brunt of larger foreign selling than has recently been experienced, was down more than three points at the close of the day. In such stocks as Amalgamated Copper, Reading, Southern and Union Pacific and United States Steel the net losses were confined to fractions. The resistance shown by the customary leaders in trading activity served to strengthen the belief that the balance among general factors inclined toward improvement and that the weakness in a relatively few issues was due to specific rather than to general influences.

The chief item of news bearing on the general business situation which came to hand yesterday was the unfilled order statement of the United States Steel Corporation, which was highly favorable in that it showed an increase for the first time since the end of February. The increase at this time in this index of the steel trade position follows closely the movement in these unfilled orders three years ago, when at this date the steel trade began to recover from the depression which made itself manifest early in 1910. This showing is all the more satisfactory inasmuch as the conditions prevailing in the middle of June hardly seemed to give much ground for the hope that that month would bring improvement in the volume of orders on the books of the steel companies. The increase is believed by many to mark a real turn in the position of the steel trade, and if that view be accepted yesterday's statement assumes large importance.

One of the factors making for a large increase in incoming orders is the low level of prices prevailing for steel products. If, as maintained in some quarters, the decline in prices has gone about as far as it can go in view of current cost of production, consumers of steel will be under incentive to place orders on a relatively large scale at present prices. Indeed, it is reported from more than one quarter of the steel trade that consumers are willing to contract at prevailing quotations further ahead than manufacturers are willing to bind themselves. The very excellent crop prospects are likely to fortify the tendency toward an increased volume of orders.

Though there were indications yesterday of a further large cash loss by the banks, the renewal rate for call loans on the last money market day of the week was no higher than on Thursday, when there was a slight recession from the 3 per cent. rate of the previous day.

STEEL ORDERS FOR JUNE.

A Gain of 34,697 Tons Reported for the Month.

The United States Steel Corporation reported yesterday that unfilled orders amounting to 4,032,857 tons were on the books on June 30, a gain for the month of 34,697 tons. It was the first increase recorded since the February statement was issued, when 5,026,440 tons of advanced business was scheduled. The last previous statement showed a decrease for May in excess of 275,000 tons.

The report indicated that incoming orders in June had been at the rate of approximately 31,000 tons a day, as compared with an average receipt of no more than 19,000 tons a day in May. June shipments were about 30,000 tons a day, 1,000 tons more than the daily average of the preceding month.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	3	2¼	2⅜	2⅜
A year ago	2½	2	2	2¼
Since Jan. 1	10	1¼	..	..
Same period 1913	7	2	..	..

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2½@2¾	3@3¼	3¾@4¼
Commercial paper	3@4 Mos.		6 Mos.
Highest grade names	3¾@4¼		4@4¼

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$290,335,750	$17,901,187
Sub-Treasury credit balance		513,191
Banks lost this week		$25,650,000
Banks lose since Friday		11,768,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
London	2@2¼	1¼@1½	....
Paris	2½	....	25f 18½c
Berlin	2	2 @2¼	20m 49½pf

Foreign Exchange.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8760	$4.8750	$4.8755
A year ago	4.8685	4.8680	4.8685
Since Jan. 1	4.8910	4.8535	....
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8755	$4.8795
Paris	5.16¼—1-16	5.16¼
Berlin	95⅛+1-64	95 3-16+1-64
Switzerland	5.16¼—3-32	5.16¼—1-32
Holland	40.24	40.29
Belgium	5.18¾—3-64	5.18⅜+1-64

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.8575	$4.8475
Paris	5.18¾—1-16	5.20—1-16
Berlin	94⅞+1-32	94⅝

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.85¼	$4.84¼
Paris	5.19⅜—1-16	5.20⅝—1-16
Berlin	94 11-16	94½
Amsterdam	39.97	39.85

Domestic Rates.

St. Louis	*10c	Montreal	*15⅝
Chicago	Par	San Francisco	40c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

*Discount.

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 25 11-16d per ounce, off ⅛d. New York, 55⅝c., off ⅛c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.07	Justice	.02
Alpha Con.	.01	Kentucky Con.	.02
Andes	.09	Mexican	.51
Belcher	.25	Occidental Con.	.70
Best & Belcher	.05	Ophir	.15
Bullion	.02	Overman	.20
Caledonia	.45	Potosi	.01
Challar	.03	Savage	.06
Confidence	.22	Seg. Belcher	.03
Con. Cal. & Va.	.15	Sierra Nevada	.07
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.12
Crown Point	.30	Utah Con.	.03
Gould & Curry	.03	Yellow Jacket	.30
Hale & Norcross	.05		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.62½	C. O. D.	.02
Jim Butler	1.05	Comb. Fract.	.04
McNamara	.01	D'field Daisy	.05
Midway	.20	D'field Bl. B.	.02
Mizpah Exten.	.23	Florence	.36
Montan	.54	G'field Con. M.	1.42½
North Star	.26	G'field Merger	.11
Rescue Eula	.12	Jumbo Exten.	.19
Tonopah Exten.	2.45	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Merger	.37	Silver Pick	.07
West End	.68	Vernal	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.34
Atlanta	.14	Round Mountain	.38
Booth	.04	**MANHATTAN.**	
		Manhattan Con.	.04

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	6	6½	Jackpot	5	6
Elkton	46	46½	McKinney	50	52½
El Paso	145	155	Old Gold	1	2
Findlay	..	2	Portland	112	113½
Gold Dol.	3	4	Vindicator	108½	110
Isabella	10½	11½	R. B. H.	2½	3½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Hopes to Build Moffat Tunnel.

After an absence of a month and a half, Newman Erb returned to New York yesterday. He said that the decision prohibiting the City of Denver from financing the Moffat tunnel under the Continental Divide would not prevent the completion of that great work. Mr. Erb's road, the reorganized Denver, Northwestern & Pacific, known now as the Denver & Salt Lake, needs the tunnel to carry out the plans conceived by the late David Moffat. The city decided by referendum to lend its credit to the construction of the tunnel, toward which it was to pay $3,000,000 and the company about $1,500,000. Mr. Erb was confident that some way would be found by which the city would be able to co-operate with the Denver & Salt Lake in doing the work.

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Small Gain in Steel Orders.

The increase in unfilled orders reported yesterday by the Steel Corporation was the smallest advance for any month since the monthly statements were first issued. But the expansion was real and not "psychological," and the trade decided that if orders continued to flow in in July at the June rate, or better, the corporation's mills would have plenty of work for the Fall months. There have been periods when a slight increase of business booked on the heels of repeated declines pointed the way to large recoveries within sixty or ninety days. The Steel shares were the most active of any on the Exchange list, but a net loss was recorded, in keeping with the tendency of the day.

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Europe Sells Stock Direct.

It was figured at the arbitrage rail yesterday that about 20,000 shares were sold here by London in the session, but brokers familiar with trading of foreign origin said that Europe had disposed of much more stock than this. Liquidation of the Gould issues in quantity was reported on direct orders from the Continent. Much of the supply was credited to strong boxes in Holland, where Missouri Pacific securities were believed to have accumulated. Brokers who were interested in purely arbitrage transactions said that calculations of some who sold stock by cable on the local board early in the day went astray. They had expected to cover later in London at a better figure than on this side, but the British market for American shares proved very narrow and inactive. There was, however, opportunity to complete the transactions before the day ended where the short sales had been made.

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Bond Averages Low.

The average price of forty representative bonds went down yesterday to 86.32, which makes a new low point for this year. The previous low point was 86.40, which was made on Jan. 3. Just a month later the bonds touched the highest price they have attained so far, 89.42. At this date a year ago the average price was 86.38. In a sense the average is misleading as showing the present position of the market, for the heavy liquidation in some of the lower grade issues, such as the Rock Island collaterals and the Missouri Pacific convertible 5s, has carried the figure down notwithstanding the strength in the higher grade issues. The market for both stocks and bonds has been divided in the last few days, the speculative securities having been very weak without appreciably affecting the rest of the list.

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The Great Northern's Bonds.

Representatives of three banking houses, J. & W. Seligman, Middendorf, Williams & Co., and Redmond & Co., met yesterday to talk over the situation of the International & Great Northern, which has $11,000,000 of three-year notes falling due Aug. 1 for which arrangements have not been made. It was said afterward that in the absence of George J. Gould, who is at his lodge in the Catskills, no action had been decided upon. No protective committee has been formed for the holders of these notes, but it is expected that the bankers will attempt to arrange for an extension to give the road an opportunity to show what it can do under brighter skies.

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Outflow of Finance Bills.

Although foreign exchange rates have fallen far from the maximum levels of June, some bankers are persuaded that they hold promises of profits to be realized when a further decline occurs. The output of finance bills is reported to be heavier this week than last. These bills, drawn against credits abroad, are put out with the expectation that when the time comes to either renew or pay off the loan, arrangements may be made at a lower rate of exchange than prevails when the transaction is first entered into. The sellers feel evidently that Fall shipments of grain and other products to Europe are not likely to meet with counteracting influences great enough to prevent a substantial decline of sterling quotations.

STOOD BY ITS BONDHOLDERS

Texas Company Ignored the Law to Protect Investors.

The law enacted by the last Texas Legislature to validate the charter of the Texas Company put the corporation in a dilemma which culminated on Wednesday, when it had to decide whether it would disregard one of the law's provisions or its obligation to holders of convertible debenture bonds. The decision was to disregard the law for the time being and protect the bondholders.

The company is capitalized at $50,000,000, of which $30,000,000 of stock is outstanding, and the other $20,000,000 is in the treasury. The convertibles amount to $15,000,000, which made it necessary to retain that amount of stock in the treasury.

On the other hand the Texas law required that, on or before July 8 the company must dispose of the treasury stock for cash or its equivalent or must reduce its capitalization to the $30,000,000 outstanding. The officers were required to file with the Secretary of State of Texas an affidavit that they had reduced the capitalization or sold the stock.

The law omitted, however, to provide any penalty for failure to carry out this provision, and the only recourse of the State would be to bring suit against the company. The convertible feature of the debentures extends only to Jan. 1, 1916, and even if the State of Texas should bring suit it could easily be strung out until the termination of the company's obligation to its bondholders. After that the company may conform to the Texas law. In the meantime it has ignored it.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..March, 1964	101⅞	102⅛	101⅞	102⅛
4½s..March, 1963	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s..May, 1957	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s..Nov., 1957	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s..May, 1917	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜
4½s..Nov., 1917	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜
4¼s..March, 1960-60	102⅛	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜
4¼s..March, 1962	102	102¼	102	102¼
4¼s..Sept., 1960	102	102¼	102	102¼
4s..May, 1959	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛
4s..Nov., 1958	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛
4s..May, 1957	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛
4s..Nov., 1956	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¾
4s..Nov., 1936	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¾
4s..1918-1919	99⅜	..	99⅜	..
3½s..Nov., 1954-56	88⅜	88⅞	88	88⅞
3½s..May, 1954	88	88½	88	88½
3½s..1950-1954	87⅝	88⅛	87⅝	88⅛

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Develops a Heavy Tone, with Special Weakness in Oil Stocks.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 63,421 shares of stock and $21,500 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 24,328; oils, 664, and mining, 38,429. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Br.-Am. Tob., new	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼
200	Elkhorn Fuel	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
500	Int. Rub. Tr. ctfs.	7	7½	†7	7½
48	Kelly S. Tire	56	57	56	57
250	Manhat. Tran.	13-16	⅞	13-16	⅞
700	Marc. of Am.	2⅝	3	2⅝	2¾
500	Maxwell Mot.	14¾	15	14¾	15
2,008	Max.M.1st pf.	44¾	45½	44¾	45
100	Nat. C. & S.	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼
50	Puebla S. & R.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,000	Riker & Hege.	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝
100	Savoy Oil	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100	Stewart-Warner Sp'd'r.	52	52	52	52
3,200	Sterl.Gum,w.i.	6⅞	7	6⅞	6⅞
450	Tob. Prod. pf.	85	†86	85	85½
2,500	U. C. S., new	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9⅝
1,700	U. C. S. Co. of Am.	93	93	92¼	92¼
2,000	U. C. S. Co. of Am. pf.	9⅜	9⅜	9¼	9¼
6,300	U. P. S. Cor.	7¾	8⅛	7¾	8⅛
200	U. S. L. & H.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
1,125	Willys Overl'd	89	90¾	89	90¾
185	Willys Over.pf.	95	96	95	96
12	World Film	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
140	Anglo-Am. Oil	16¾	16½	16½	—¼
7	Atlantic Ref.	588	585	585	—5
15	Eureka P. L.	264	263	264	—2
20	Indiana P. L.	121¼	121	121½	—1½
3	Nat. Transit	39	39	39	—½
48	Ohio Oil	179¾	179	179½	—½
150	Pierce Oil, new	20	19½	20	+½
20	Prairie O.& G.	442	440	440	—5
4	South. P. Oil	282	282	282	
20	S. O. of Cal.	322	321	321	—2
60	S. O. of Ind.	470	468	469	—6
1	S. O. of Ky.	270	270	270	—4
51	S. O. of N. J.	407	406	406	—2
115	S. O. of N. Y.	216	215	215	
10	Vacuum Oil	221	220	221	+1

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
—	Con. Gas rts.	..	..	..	3⅝
500	R. I. com., new w. i.	34⅝	34⅝	34½	34½
600	R. I. pf. new, w. i.	83½	83½	83⅜	83¼
2,300	Rock Isl. rts.	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
700	Union Pac. rts	29⅝	29⅝	29	29

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	*Atlanta	14½	14½	14½	14½
500	*Booth	4	4	4	4
300	Boston Mon.	9⅝	9¾	9⅝	9¾
20	S. O. of Cal.	322	321	321	—2
10,000	*Can. Gold S.	7	7	7	7
150	*Caribou Cob.	66	67	66	67
1,000	Cons. Nev.-U.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,500	Crown Re.	1⅛	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16
1,200	*Florence	38	38	38	38
400	Gold. Cons.	1⅜	1 7-16	1⅜	1 7-16
1,000	Gold Hill M.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
79	Greene-Can.	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾
200	*Inter. Mines	29	29	29	29
400	Kerr Lake	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
300	La Rose Con.	1	1	1	1
2,000	*McK.-Dar.	61	61	59	59
150	Mut. M. & L.	2	2	2	2
200	Nevada Hills	32	33	32	32
700	N. Mines Co.	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
2,000	*North Star	25½	26	25½	26
1,500	*Oro	9	9	9	9
100	Ohio Copper	⅝	⅝	5-16	5-16
200	St. Sil.-Lead	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2,500	*Temiskaming	15½	14½	13½	13¼
50	Ton. Belmont	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
500	Ton. Exten.	2 7-16	2½	2 7-16	2 7-16
5,700	*Ton. Merger	39	39	38	38
700	Ton. J. Butler	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06
2,000	*Ton. S. Pick	8½	8½	8½	8½
2,500	W. End. Con.	67	68	65	67

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,500	C. Gas cv. 6s	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼
10,000	N. P. new 4½s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
10,000	W. Pac. 5s	43	43	40	40

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lot.

Note.—Thursday sales of Kelly Springfield Tire first preferred should have been at 77. Intercontinental Rubber reported to have sold at 6⅝ should have read 6¼.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar.15,'15	100⅛	100⅜	4.45
Am. locomo.	5	July, 1915	99⅞	100⅛	4.60
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100	100¼	4.80
Austrian Gov.	4½	Jan., 1915	100⅛	100¼	4.05
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1915	99⅞	100⅛	4.35
Beth. Steel	5	June 11,'15	99⅞	100	5.00
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100	5.00
Canadian Pac.	6	Mar. 2,'24	103⅞	104	5.45
Chat. R. & L.	5	....	98½	99⅞	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	94	94½	6.35
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅞	99⅝	5.10
Chi. Elev.	5	July, 1916	97	98	6.05
Cons. Power (Minn.)	6	....	97	99	6.37
Erie	5½	Apr., 1917	98⅝	98⅞	5.90
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	100	100⅛	2.95
Erie	5	Apr., 1915	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov., 1,'14	98	100	5.00
Gen. Motor	6	Oct., 1915	100⅛	101	5.00
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	98	98½	5.12
Har. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	96¼	97¼	6.00
Hock. Val.	5	Nov., 1914	100⅛	100⅜	8.25
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	87	90	3.50
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'15	100⅛	100⅜	4.20
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	97	97¾	8.37
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2,'15	100⅛	100⅜	3.95
Minn. G. E.	6	....	99	99	6.10
Minn.& St.L.	6	Feb., 1916	90	95	7.70
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	89	93	12.25
Mo. Pacific	6	June, 1915	80	90	16.00
Mont. T & P.	6	Apr., 1915	100	100¼	5.40
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	95	96	7.60
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep.15,'14	100⅛	100⅜	3.00
N. Y. Cent.	5	Nov. 5,'14	100⅛	100⅜	3.50
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.95
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	97⅞	98⅞	7.00
Pac. G. & E.	5	Mar.25,'15	99⅝	99⅞	5.20
Pub. S. Corp. N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	98⅝	99¼	5.35
Seab'd A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100⅛	4.95
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅞	99⅝	5.10
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅞	99⅝	5.15
Sulzb. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100	100⅜	5.75
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	98	98½	4.35
Union Typew.	5	Jan.15,'16	97⅝	98⅛	6.00
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101	101⅜	5.35
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	97⅝	98⅞	5.45
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	99½	100½	5.75
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	89	96	9.00
West. Power	6	....	98⅞	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic C. Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.55	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.40
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.65	4.50
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'17	4½	4.62	4.50
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.35
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-'23	4½	4.80	4.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.50	4.40
Erie R. R.	1914-'23	4½@5	4.80	4.60
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.85	4.65
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.50	4.38
Int. Gt. North	1914-'23	5	6.50	5.50
Louis. & Nash	1914-23	5	4.50	4.35
Mo., Kan. & T.	1914-'23	5	5.30	5.00
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.25	5.25
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1914-'28	4½@5	4.75	4.62
Penn. G. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.40	4.30
St. L., I. M. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.20	4.90
Virginian Ry	1914-'19	5	5.00	4.70
Southern Ry	1914-'24	4½@5	4.80	4.60
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginian Ry	1914-'10	5	5.00	4.70
Wabash	1914-'21	5	6.50	5.50

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16	16¼	16	16¼
Atlantic Refining	585	590	586	593
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	290	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	137	140	137	140
Chesebrough Mfg	645	655	645	655
Colonial Oil	100	105	100	105
Continental Oil	218	221	218	223
Crescent Pipe Line	48	50	48	50
Cumberland Pipe L.	53	56	53	56
Eureka Pipe Line	262	266	264	268
Galena-Signal Oil	173	176	173	176
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	143	148	143	148
Indiana Pipe Lines	121	124	121	124
National Transit	38	40	38	40
New York Transit	267	272	267	272
Northern Pipe Line	105	109	105	109
Ohio Oil	178	180	178	180
Prairie Oil & Gas	438	443	444	448
Solar Refining	297	303	297	302
Southern Pipe Line	220	224	221	225
South. Penn. Oil	277	282	280	285
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	142	145	142	145
Standard Oil (Cal.)	320	323	322	325
Standard Oil (Ind.)	467	472	470	475
Standard Oil (Kan.)	408	413	410	415
Standard Oil (Ky.)	270	275	270	275
Standard Oil (Neb.)	345	350	347	353
Standard Oil (N. J.)	405	408	406	409
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	214	216	215	217
Standard Oil (Ohio)	407	413	410	415
Swan & Finch	180	185	180	190
Union Tank Line	85	87	85	88
Vacuum Oil	218	222	219	222
Washington Oil	43	47	43	47
Waters-Pierce Oil	3200	..	3200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	July 10. Bid.	Asked.	July 9. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	128	133	130	135
American Cigar pf.	97	99	98	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy	85	90	85	90
Brit.-Am., new	22	22¾	22	22¾
Conley Foil	280	300	280	300
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	125	135	125	135
MacA. & Forbes	195	200	195	200
MacA. & Forbes pf.	98	100	98	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	240	250	240	250
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds	260	270	265	270
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	102	100½	102
Tobacco Products pf.	84	87	86	88
United Cigar Stores	92	93	93¼	93¾
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115
Un. Prof. Sharing	7⅞	8¼	7⅞	8¼

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Lw.	Last.
20	Baltimore Trust	146	146	146
102	Con. Coal	97½	96	97½
220	Con. Power	107	106⅝	106⅝
15	Con. Power pf.	115¾	115¾	115¾
430	Elkhorn Fuel	24¾	24⅝	24¾
6	Exchange Bank	150½	150½	150½
35	Fairmont Gas pf.	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
5	German Fire Ins.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
100	Houston Oil pf.	55	55	55
15	Maryland Casualty	85	85	85
10	Mercantile Trust	175½	175½	175½
6	Western Nat. Bank	37	37	37

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Lw.	Last.
5,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
3,000	C. Balt. 4s, '61, s. l.	98½	98½	98½
2,500	City Balt. 4s, '58	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
2,000	Con. Coal ref. 5s	90½	90½	90½
5,000	Con. Power 4½s	90	90	90
500	Davis Chemical 6s	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	F'mont C. Trac. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
2,500	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	26	26	26
3,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98½	98½	98½
1,000	Nfk.-Ports. Trac. 5s	86½	86½	86½
500	United Ry. notes	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
300	United Ry. ref. 5s	88½	88½	88½
15,000	United Ry. 4s	84	84	84
1,000	W., B. & A. 5s	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Adventure	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
6	Ahmeek	275	275	275
50	American Zinc	15¾	15½	15¾
310	Arizona Com.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
1,695	Butte & Superior	36⅝	35⅝	36⅝
106	Cal. & Arizona	65	64½	64½
19	Cal. & Hecla	401	400	400
26	Copper Range	35½	35½	35½
56	Daly-West	2	2	2
320	East Butte	10	9⅞	9⅞
10	Granby	80	80	80
10	Hedley Gold	29	29	29
45	Indiana	4	4	4
45	Island Creek	50	50	50
95	Isle Royale	20⅛	19⅞	20⅛
15	Lake	6⅞	6½	6⅞
105	Mayflower	5½	5⅛	5¼
50	New Arcadian	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
15	North Butte	25	25	25
100	Old Colony	4	4	4
15	Old Dominion	49¾	49½	49½
15	Osceola	76½	76	76
30	Quincy	56	56	56
30	Trinity	3 3-16	3 3-16	3 3-16
720	U. S. Smelt.	35	34	34½
58	U. S. Smelt. pf.	47½	46½	47
220	Utah Con.	10⅝	10½	10½
60	Winona	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Boston & Albany	189	189	189
1,541	Boston Elevated	100¼	99	99⅞
302	Boston & Maine	35	34¼	34½
5	Boston Sub.	7	7	7
8	Boston Sub. pf.	50	50	50
2	Fitchburg pf.	77	76	76
15	Maine Central	95	95	95
10	Mass Electric	10½	10½	10½
86	Northern N. H.	103½	103½	103½
5	Northern Pacific	110¼	110¼	110¼
125	West End St. R. R.	69¾	69	69

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
180	Am. Agri. Chem.	55	54½	55
134	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	94⅝	94	94½
1	Amoskeag pf.	98	98	98
10	Mass Gas	86⅝	86	86⅝
50	Miss. River Power	20	20	20
40	Reece Folding	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
25	Swift & Co.	106½	106	106
35	Torrington	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝
509	United Fruit	139¼	138½	139¼
335	United Shoe	58¼	57⅝	57⅝
35	United Shoe pf.	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Miss. River P. 5s	81½	81½	81½
12,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
1,000	United Fruit 4½s	94	94	94
1,000	Western Tel. 5s	97½	97½	97½

CHICAGO.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
14	Am. Radiator	397½	397½	397½
405	Chi. Ry., Series 2	35	34½	35
10	Common. Edison	136¼	136¼	136¼
10	K. C. Ry. L. stock	34	34	34
50	K. C. Ry. L. pf., stock	58	58	58
15	K. C. Ry. L. ctfs.	32¼	32¼	32¼
10	Mont'y-Ward pf.	112½	112½	112½
110	Pacific Gas	39	39	39
30	Swift & Co.	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
10	Union Carbide	155⅛	155⅛	155⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000	Chi. Ry. Inc. 4s	45¼	45¼	45¼
10,000	Common. Edison 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
2,000	Ogden Gas 5s	96	96	96
2,000	Swift 5s	96½	96½	96½

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Amer. Rys.	37½	37½	37½
6	Cambria Iron	43½	43½	43½
126	Cambria Steel	48⅛	47⅞	47⅞
60	Elec. Storage	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞
10	Ins. Co. N. A.	23	23	23
50	Keystone Tel.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
35	Leh. Val. Trans. pf	31	31	31
500	Lake Superior	16	15½	15½
15	Leh. Nav. ctfs.	80½	80½	80½
5	Leh. Nav. old stock	80½	80½	80½
2	Penn. Salt	104½	104½	104½
1,460	Phila. Elec.	25½	25	25⅛
50	Phila. Rapid T. ctfs	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
16	Phila. Trac.	80	80	80
71	United Gas Imp.	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
29	W. J. & S. S.	51½	51½	51½
25	York Ry. pf.	34	34	34

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
500	City 4s, 1941 reg.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
1,000	City 4s, 1943 cpn.	102	102	102
1,000	Lake Superior inc.	69½	69½	69½
3,000	Leh. Nav. con 4½s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
1,000	Leh. Nav. Imp. 4s	97½	97½	97½
1,000	Phila. & N. Y. 4s	98	98	98
3,000	Phila. W. & B. 4s	97¼	97¼	97¼
2,000	Phila. Co. cons. 5s	83½	83½	83½
4,000	Phila. & Erie 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
5,000	Phila. Elec. 5s	102¼	102	102¼
100	Phila. Elec. 5s	103	103	103
4,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	80	80	80
100	Phila. Elec. 4s	82	82	82
1,000	Spanish Am. Iron 6s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
3,000	Standard G. & E. 6s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
5,000	United Rys. Inv. 5s	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
75	Am. Win. Glass pf.	102	102	102
100	Crucible Steel	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
50	Crucible Steel pf.	92½	92½	92½
10	Harbison Walker	99	99	99
284	Mfrs. L. & Ht.	50¼	50¼	50¼
30	Nat. Fireproof	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
20	Ohio Fuel Supply	43	43	43
75	Pure Oil	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
130	Pitts. Brewing	9	9	9
45	Pitts. Brewing pf.	25	25	25
125	Pitts. Plate Glass	102½	102	102
25	Westing. Air Brake	129	129	129
50	W. Penn. Water Pr.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝

BANKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Farmers' Nat. Dep.	110	110	110
5	Pitts. Trust	180	180	180

Bond.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s	69	69	69

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	339	344
American Light & Traction pf.	109	111
Adirondack Electric Power	13	15
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	42	45
*American Gas & Electric	86	88
*American Gas & Electric pf.	48	49
American Power & Light	60	63
American Power & Light pf.	82	84
American Public Utilities	45	48
American Public Utilities pf.	71	73
American Water Works & Elec.	5½	6½
Am. W. W. & E. partic. pf.	19	21
A. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	66	68
Arizona Power Co.	6¼	10
Arizona Power Co. pf.	32	40
Arizona Power Co. 1st 6s, 1933	81	85
Appalachian Power Co.	5	7
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	19	22
Cities Service	78	80
Cities Service pf.	71½	73
Colorado Power Co.	13	16
Colorado Power Co. pf.	85	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	61	62
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	84½	86½
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	90	92
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	66	70
Electric Bond and Share Co. pf.	98½	100
Empire Dist. Electric 5s	..	78
Empire District Electric pf.	74	78
Federal Light & Traction	22	25
Federal Light & Traction pf.	73	76
Gas & Electric Securities	..	115
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	75	82
General Gas & Electric	3	8
General Gas & Electric pf.	55	65
Great Western Power 1st 5s, 1946	78	79
Lincoln Gas & Electric	20	25
Mobile Electric 1st 5s, 1946	87	90
Nor. Ontario Light & Power	15	18
Nor. Ontario Light & Power pf.	56	60
Northern States Power	19	21
Northern States Power pf.	80	82
Ozark Power & Water	25	30
Pacific Gas & Electric	39	40
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	79	82
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	20	22
Republic Railway & Light Co. pf.	72	75
Southern California Edison	76	78
Southern California Edison pf.	92	95
*Standard Gas & Electric	7	8
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	21½	23
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	12	13
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & Power pf.	61	65
United Light & Rys.	64	67
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	72	75
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	67	70
United Utilities Co.	20	25
United Utilities Co. pf.	97½	101
Utah Securities	17½	18
Western Power	16	18
Western Power pf.	60	65

*Par value $50.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet. Copper was unchanged. Tin was easier.

Closing prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Spot	13.40	13.80	Spelter	4.95	5.05
July	13.40	13.80	Lead	3.85	3.95
August	13.40	13.80	Antimony	7.12½	7.25
			Tin (spot)	32.25	32.45

Copper was weak on the London Metal Exchange yesterday, both spot and futures receding 5s. each, to £61 5s. and £61 15s. Tin likewise was weak, spot declining 17s. 6d., to £146 10s., and futures were down 12s. 6d., to £148. The market ended easy. Spanish pig lead, £19 10s., unchanged. Spelter, £21 10s., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 51s. 4½d.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Heavy and Weak—Prices Also Decline in Paris and Berlin.

LONDON, July 10.—Money and discount rates were dearer today.

The stock market developed heaviness during the forenoon. Mexican rails, Grand Trunk, Canadian Pacific, and Americans were about the weakest features on local and Continental selling. British shares drooped in sympathy and on the Ulster situation, but the closing was above the lowest, mainly on account of the satisfactory conclusion of the settlement. Speculative issues and the Continental favorites, however, finished weak on Vienna selling through Paris and Berlin.

American securities opened around parity and then declined under realizing. Canadian Pacific lost 1½ points and the rest of the list from ¼ to ¾ during the forenoon. Prices hardened in the early afternoon, but sagged again in the late trading and the market closed uncertain.

PARIS, July 10.—Prices were weak on the Bourse today.

Three per cent. rentes, 82 francs 82½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, July 10.—Prices declined on the Boerse today owing to unfavorable Vienna reports and the further postponement of the negotiations to form a steel tube syndicate.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50 pfennigs for checks.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 10.—Incorporated today:

National Safety Publishing Co.; $100,000; M. Couboy, B. S. Coler, P. S. Hill, 41 Pinehurst Av.

Andes Exploration Co., mining, lumbering, electric construction; $100,000; K. A. Siemers, M. McCune, R. Kay, 608 W. 113 St.

Max Peine, Inc., commission, sales agent, coffee; $100,000; P. Schwarz, M. Peine, A. Schierenberg, 15 William St.

Ten Sixty-seven Fifth Avenue Co., realty; $50,000; E. Grant, B. P. Clark, S. T. Sturges, 1,123 B'way.

Advance Adv. Devices, adv. clocks, time recorders; $30,000; H. J. Lippe, Jr., W. J. Merritt, E. Banta, 20 W. 129 St.

M. S. Low & Co., drugs, chemicals, apparatus; $24,000; G. J. Young, N. S. and E. Low, 62 Avenue A.

Shelley Tool Co., Saranac Lake, autos, motor cycles, garage; $10,000; H. B., John H., and Nathan M. Shelley.

Select Photo Play Producing Co.; $10,000; H. L. Geller, B. C. McKenna, N. M. Kaplan, 149 B'way.

M. Forsyth Co., dry goods, millinery, clothing; $10,000; M. Forsyth, A. Kosofsky, A. Schlauch, 244 E. 87 St.

Connor Distributing Co., mercantile, food products, wines, liquors; $10,000; J. C. O'Brien, J. J. and J. Connor, 107 Adelphi St., B'klyn.

Moonhaw, Inc., Kingston, realty; $10,000; Lawrence F. Bannon, M. Cantine, J. E. Klock.

Dermocella Co., Rochester, drugs, chemicals; $10,000; D. J. Rose, F. D. Maish, M. G. Fowler.

Dubois Lumber Co.; $10,000; L. Leitch, W. B. Dubois, J. W. Suling, 28 7 Av.

Kuhn-Adler Co., Buffalo, autos, garage, painting; $5,000; E. E. Denniston, E. E. Adler, E. G. Kuhn.

New York Film Mart; $5,000; J. A. Spooner, R. K. Dougherty, W. Carlyle Herbert, 159 E. 46 St.

Sternchuss Co., paints, oils, supplies; $5,000; F. C. Shann, W. and C. Sternchuss, 2,306 Morris Av.

J. B. Frios Co., restaurants, &c.; $5,000; J. B. Kux, J. S. and M. Frios, 682 6 Av.

Clark Flexible Coupling Co.; $50,000; A. H. Goddard, J. D. and C. H. Clark, 422 W. 119 St.

Fibre Corp., Lockport, fibre products; $500,000; W. K. Dupre, Jr., R. Sherman, R. Bennett, Jr., 14 Wall St., N. Y. C.

Sauvage Appliance Co., rolling stock for railroads; $100,000; G. R. Berger, H. A. Currie, W. H. Sauvage, 30 St. and Crocheron Av., Flushing.

Golden Orange Juice; $25,000; A. B. Naab, G. Malraison, J. Elsner, 41 Park Row.

F. C. C. Mercantile Co., selling agents; $10,000; J. Framutolo, G. A. Copeland, C. Roussell, 230 W. 46 St.

Marac Co., cleaning, polishing materials; $25,000; C. C. Beekman, E. Belliou, E. Beekman, 257 B'way.

Italian-American Information Exchange, statistical information relative to conditions and methods of business; $20,000; S. F. Frank, I. Covino, R. Gatteschi, 305 5th Av.

Scheinborn & Saphirstein, woolens, silks, merchandise; $5,000; W. Saphirstein, T. and S. Scheinborn, 579 Elton St., B'klyn.

Parker Cloak & Suit Co.; $100,000; M. Knebel, S. Klasky, P. Suchar, 1,353 Intervale Av.

Dancing Duchess Co., places of amusement; $5,000; A. E. Deamond, A. Werner, E. M. Klein, 223 W. 44 St.

J. L. Hayes Construction Co., Yonkers, contracting, realty; $10,000; H. J. Blatzheim, E. C. and J. L. Hayes.

Hallanan Dry Goods Co.; $10,000; J. A. Larkin, G. H. and M. Hallanan, 4 Sheridan Sq.

Voluntary dissolutions: Morehead Realty and Construction Co., Bronx; Imperial Pneumatic Tool Co., N. Y.; Grand Rapids Distributing Co., N. Y.; Putnam Construction Co., N. Y.

New Jersey Charters.

TRENTON, July 10.—Charters filed today:

Avalon Amusement Co., Avalon; $15,000. Edward B. Becker, Charles K. Johnson, Edmund D. Howell, Jr., Avalon.

Vailsburg Building Co., Newark; $10,000. Morris Kolb, Jacob Seltser, Nellie J. Cross, Newark.

H. D. Brown Co., Atlantic City; plumbing; $25,000. Harry D. Brown, Pleasantville; D. H. Irwin, John F. X. Fox, Atlantic City.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

A general decline took place on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The downward trend was in evidence from the opening at 9:30 o'clock. Substantial overnight price losses were recorded on the Consolidated by a number of important stocks. Canadian Pacific before 10 o'clock was down 1⅞ points, New York Central down ¾ of a point, and New Haven down ½ a point. The stocks named lost further ground in the subsequent trading, with particular weakness also developing in Missouri Pacific and Chesapeake & Ohio. So far as the general list was concerned, it early became apparent that, after having for several days held up well in the face of weakness in special quarters, it was finally being sympathetically affected. There were transactions in National Lead and Pacific Mail, the only sales of those stocks in Wall Street all day.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,820	Amal. Copper	70⅝	70⅝	69⅞	70
140	Am. Can	27⅝	28⅛	27¼	27⅝
180	Am. C. & Fy.	51⅝	52¼	51⅝	51⅞
20	Am. Cot. Oil	40	40	40	40
700	Am. Smelting	65⅝	66¼	65⅝	65⅝
20	Am. Sugar	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝
30	Am. T. & T.	120⅝	120⅝	120⅝	120⅝
70	Anaconda C.	31⅛	31⅛	31	31⅛
50	Balt. & Ohio	91⅞	91⅞	90½	90⅝
70	Bklyn. R. T.	91½	91½	91½	91½
1,390	Can. Pacific	191⅛	191⅛	189⅝	189⅝
110	Cent. Leather	36	36⅛	35⅞	35⅞
2,120	Ches. & Ohio	47⅝	47⅞	45⅞	46¼
20	C., M. & S. P.	99⅞	99⅞	98⅞	98⅞
10	Chino Copper	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼
20	Col. F. & I.	25½	25½	25½	25½
10	Den. & R. G.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
170	Erie	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
30	Goodrich Co.	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
20	Gt. Nor. pf.	122⅝	122⅝	122⅝	122⅝
150	Inter.-Met. pf.	62⅞	63⅛	62⅞	63⅛
1,000	Leh. Valley	138⅛	138⅛	136⅞	137⅛
2,390	Mo. Pacific	12	12	9⅞	10
20	Nat. Lead	46½	46½	46½	46½
270	N. Y. Central	90⅝	90⅝	89	89⅛
2,370	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	61⅛	61⅛	58½	59⅞
20	N. Y., O. &W.	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝
60	Nor. Pacific	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
10	Pac. Mail	23	23	23	23
120	Pennsylvania	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼
10	Ray Copper	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
4,840	Reading	164¼	164⅜	163⅝	163⅝
10	Sea. A. L. pf.	54	54	54	54
1,100	So. Pacific	97¼	97½	96½	97¼
40	So. Railway	24	24	24	24
50	Tenn. Copper	32⅝	33	32⅝	33
10	Texas Co.	141⅜	141⅜	141⅜	141⅜
10	Third Ave.	41	41	41	41
5	Tom. Cove St.	100	100	100	100
8,070	Un. Pacific	155⅝	155⅝	154⅝	155⅛
7,700	U. S. Steel	61⅝	61⅝	60⅞	61⅛
60	Utah Copper	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝
30	West. U. Tel.	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
340	Westing. El.	77½	78⅛	77½	78⅛
36,705					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
400	Atlanta	.15	.15	.15	.15
100	Belcher	.30	.30	.30	.30
800	Comstock	.08	.08	.08	.08
100	Crown Point	.31	.31	.31	.31
400	Jim Butler	1.07½	1.07½	1.05	1.05
100	Mexican	.53	.53	.53	.53
200	Ophir	.20	.20	.20	.20
200	Portland	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10
600	Ton. Merger	.40	.40	.38	.38
900	West End	.67	.67	.66	.66
3,300					

PLANS FOR RESERVE SYSTEM

Bankers Want a Chance to Study Report Withheld by McAdoo.

Comprehensive plans for the internal organization of the Federal reserve banks, including their system of accounts and reports, the clearing and collection of checks, and many other details are embraced in a voluminous report prepared by experts who have been at work in this city for several months.

The report has been in printed form for some time, following its submission to Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, who is to be Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board. The report was prepared at the instance of the Reserve Bank Organization Committee to facilitate the work of the Reserve Board when appointed, and Mr. McAdoo has declined to permit its publication on the ground that it would be improper to do so before it is presented to the board.

Bankers who have known for weeks that the report was in existence have expressed the wish that it could be made public for what it is; not an approved system, but the recommendations on which the board will reach its own conclusions, in order that the extremely technical details might be examined and discussed before their adoption or modification.

H. Parker Willis, who made the original draft of the Currency bill for the House Committee, has had charge of the work and among the other members of the committee are O. Howard Wolfe, Secretary of the Clearing House Section of the American Bankers' Association, who is considered the leading expert of the country on methods of clearing and collecting checks, and a member of the accounting firm of Marwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co., by whom many of the forms have been devised.

GOULD STOCKS GO LOWER.

Heavy Sales of Missouri Pacific Put Closing Price at 10.

The liquidation of Gould securities was resumed yesterday with fresh impetus. In Missouri Pacific sales of nearly 42,000 shares carried the price down to a new low record of 9⅝. The issue closed at 10, with a net loss of 1⅝ points. Denver & Rio Grande lost more ground, closing at 6⅝ with a net loss of 1⅜, while the preferred, selling down to 11, lost 2¼ points.

George Gould, before his departure for a week-end trip to the mountains, said that no definite plans had been formulated for readjusting the Missouri Pacific's capital obligations, and that probably no steps to that end would be taken before October. Mr. Gould intends to go abroad at the end of this month. There was a conference of Gould officials yesterday to discuss the situation, but it was said that nothing had been decided. Mr. Gould promised that an announcement concerning Western Pacific interest, due on Sept. 1, and the plans for that company and the Denver & Rio Grande would be ready before his departure for Europe.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of trade and the business of the banks, Dun's Review says:

Irregularity still characterizes the business situation. Favorable reports predominate and general conditions afford encouragement, although the volume of new business is of moderate proportions. Indications of improvement are noted in iron and steel, where a turn for the better is at last apparent; orders of the leading interest during June increased 34,697 tons. It is significant that some mills have shortened midyear shutdowns for inventories and repairs; it was anticipated that most of the plants would be closed for a fortnight or more. The betterment in the demand for finished steel products is accompanied by some strengthening of price and few manufacturers are disposed to book future contracts at present figures. Manufacturers of textiles are endeavoring to meet the slackened demand by curtailing the output, and stocks of goods are stated to be in a well-liquidated position.

Clearings through the banks this week show a noteworthy expansion as compared with a year ago, the total at the principal cities in the United States amounting to $2,584,364,322, as against $2,196,963,237 the same week last year, an increase of no less than 17.7 per cent. The improvement at New York City is especially pronounced, the gain of 23.1 per cent. being much the largest for a very long period.

Bradstreet's says:

Midsummer dullness is present in many, but not all, lines; crop reports continue generally good to excellent, and optimism as to the future still finds most expression in the sections which have gathered or expect to gather large crops. The week's business, though broken by a holiday, seems to have been generally good in the West and slow to dull in the South and East. Dry goods and wearing apparel have led in Western trade, but there is a change for the better reported in the building material trades in that section, and Southwestern millers have made large sales of new-crop flour to the Continent of Europe.

List Frisco Certificates.

The certificates of the Central Trust Company for St. Louis & San Francisco 4 per cent. refunding bonds deposited under the bondholders' protective agreement have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange. About $30,000,000 of the bonds, out of about $68,000,000 bonds outstanding, have been deposited already with the depositaries here and abroad.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reported so far for the fourth week of June show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Ten roads	$7,040,531	+$170,576
Eighteen roads	9,024,295	—1,023,775
Total (28 roads)	16,064,826	— 853,199

BALTIMORE & OHIO estimated income for the year ended June 30—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	97,410,136	101,586,132	92,594,823
Net after tax	21,221,941	23,941,278	24,434,950
Other income	5,923,135	5,212,206	4,342,392
Total income	27,145,076	29,153,484	28,777,342
Sur. af. chgs.	9,069,795	13,334,251	13,941,394

CENTRAL OF NEW JERSEY for May—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	2,306,450	2,283,118	23,331
Net after tax	610,265	716,446	*106,180
11 mos. gross	25,008,261	25,998,522	*990,260
Net after tax	7,527,185	9,773,115	*2,245,929

FORT WORTH & DENVER CITY for May—

Mileage	454	454	
Gross	318,647	425,935	*107,288
Net after tax	37,158	95,754	*58,596
11 mos. gross	4,407,618	4,977,536	*569,917
Net after tax	933,508	1,420,738	*487,230

*Decrease.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—

	1914	1913	Decrease.
June gross	$5,233,343	$5,350,215	$116,872
July 1-June 30	66,325,352	64,786,415	*1,538,937

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD for May—

Gross	$5,589,205	$5,718,771	$129,566
Net aft taxes	1,260,058	982,227	*277,831
Other incomes	426,548	362,363	*64,185
Total income	1,686,606	1,344,590	*342,016
Def. aft chgs.	189,094	356,825	167,731
11 mos gross	60,927,389	63,872,461	2,945,072
Net aft taxes	13,291,247	16,523,167	3,231,920
Other income	5,161,281	4,591,522	*569,759
Total income	18,452,528	21,114,690	2,662,162
Def. aft chgs.	1,297,903	†3,292,598	*4,590,501

†Surplus.

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN for May—

Gross	$44,651	$60,412	$15,761
Net	15,298	25,977	10,679
Def. aft chgs.	3,831	†6,667	*10,498
11 mos gross	596,827	608,086	11,259
Net	200,217	210,091	9,874
Def. aft chgs.	14,706	†6,027	*20,733

†Credit.

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY—

June gross	$849,906	$818,350	*$31,556
July 1-June 30	12,552,079	11,018,552	*1,533,527

*Increase.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

GREAT WESTERN POWER for May—

	1914.	1913.	Decrease.
Gross	213,010	228,981	15,971
Net	150,170	171,981	21,408
Sur. aft. int.	50,521	76,470	25,949
Bal.af.gua.div.	38,021	63,970	25,949
12 mos. gross	2,702,912	2,494,202	*208,710
Net	1,924,631	1,574,120	*350,511
Sur. aft. int.	746,658	474,863	*272,295
Bal.aft.gua.div.	596,658	324,363	*272,295

PACIFIC COAST for May—

Gross	525,254	645,357	120,102
Net	26,558	88,275	61,716
11 mos. gross	6,534,867	7,236,165	701,178
Net	787,881	1,094,593	306,712

*Increase.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Receipts and expenditures:

Customs	$1,169,713	$6,797,138	$6,797,138
Int.Rev.Ord.	375,005	6,748,799	6,748,799
Cor. & Inc.tax	295,744	4,910,393	4,910,393
Miscellaneous	166,449	1,497,359	1,497,359
Total rcts	$2,506,913	$19,953,691	$19,953,691
Expenditures	2,978,163	18,749,453	18,749,453
Surplus	....	1,204,237	1,204,237
Deficit	471,250	....	....

100 Years a Commercial Bank
THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK
192 Broadway
Cor. John St.
Capital and Surplus, $3,500,000
Resources, 30,000,000
Invites Your Account

5½% GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES
ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. Tax exempt in New York State. We are under the supervision of the State Banking Department.
Our Booklet "A" Explains.
Sent Upon Request.
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

6% Mortgages
GUARANTEED TAX-EXEMPT ON IMPROVED NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE.
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE COMMERCIAL TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $801,652.00,) market value		$797,599.00
Private securities, (book value, $259,978.80,) market value		260,018.86
Real estate owned		323,303.26
Mortgages owned		5,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		622,492.67
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,587,906.55
Overdrafts		4,939.40
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$582,733.54	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	55,956.04	
Specie		638,689.58
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		222,500.76
Other cash items		77,500.00
Real estate rent account accrued		10,840.90
Other assets, viz.:		1,750.00
Furniture and fixtures	$61,260.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	18,701.48	
		79,961.48
Total		$4,582,502.46

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$125,000.00	
Undivided profits	7,739.10	
		132,739.10
Surplus on book values, $136,752.04.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	6,558.14	
Deposits by the State of New York	200,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	3,385,286.13	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	28,344.94	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	115,487.97	
Demand certificates of deposit	35,209.78	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	91,356.08	
Certified checks	31,185.45	
Total deposits		3,893,428.44
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$46,500.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	3,667.96	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	6,166.96	
		56,334.92
Total		$4,582,502.46

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE City of New York, located at 20 Nassau Street, in the City and State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated June 19, 1914.

DANIEL J. ROGERS, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE OF BOSTON, located at Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

W. R. WHITTEMORE, Cashier.

Dated May 28, 1914.

THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK.

The National Nassau Bank of New York, located at New York City, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

EDWARD EARL, President.

Dated June 24th, 1914.

Tomorrow

Out-of-town National bank statements will be published in The New York Times tomorrow.

The New York Times is read by the greatest number of men interested in financial affairs, and publishes more financial advertising than any other newspaper.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

MODIFY TRUST BILLS ON BUSINESS ADVICE

Chicago Delegation's Talk with President Yields Quick Concessions in Senate Committees.

LET SHERMAN ACT STAND

Trade Commission Bill So Changed That It Will Not Affect Existing Anti-Trust Laws.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The President's talk yesterday with business men from Chicago about business conditions and the attitude of business toward trust legislation bore quick fruit today in the committees of the Senate. Democratic leaders now hope that the whole trust programme can be laid before the Senate by the middle of next week. As a result of amendments, either adopted or favorably discussed in committee meetings today, it is hoped that the bills will reach the Senate in such form as to obviate much of the opposition on the floor.

The greatest concessions to the demands of the business men were made today by the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce in regard to the Trade Commission bill already before the Senate in incomplete form. In the last paragraph of that measure the committee inserted a clause that nothing in the bill under any circumstances should affect, amend or circumscribe the existing Anti-Trust acts.

A further amendment along the same line was adopted providing that no order issued by the proposed Trade Commission should be used as evidence either for or against a corporation in a suit brought under the Anti-Trust acts. This amendment, like the first, was designed to leave the existing law absolutely unimpaired. The subject of "unfair competition" was discussed by the committee and it was practically decided to leave the language as it was without further definition. The committee members feel that the term "unfair competition" is a constitutional description of ascertainable offenses and is sufficiently descriptive. Thus these three points are practically settled in accordance with the suggestions made to the President yesterday by the delegation of business men.

Only six members of the Committee on the Judiciary met today to consider the Clayton bill, but they made good progress in the direction of an understanding among themselves. They said late this afternoon that they hoped to have a completed bill supplementary to the Sherman act before the full committee on Monday. They seemed to believe that they sufficiently reflected the views of the full committee to make it certain that the bill would be reported to the Senate by Wednesday.

The committee considered at some length Section 7, relating to the exemption of labor unions and agricultural associations from prosecution. No definite conclusion was reached, but the sentiment seemed to be that the bill as written gave no additional rights to labor, and that it was not desirable to give any. Minor amendments of phraseology were tentatively agreed to. The general attitude of the committee was not to take advantage of the ruling of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Missouri International Harvester suit and single out the labor unions for special favors.

Sections 2, 3 and 4, relating to price discriminations, were passed over temporarily. Section 18, relating to picketing by union men, was reached and discussed at length. While nothing definite was done the committee seemed opposed to the provision making picketing lawful.

FROM JACK TAR TO ADMIRAL.

Such Was the Rise of W. H. H. Southerland, Just Retired.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—One of the very few men who rose to the highest rank in the navy from his post as an enlisted man—Rear Admiral William H. H. Southerland—was retired to-day, having reached the statutory age of 62 years. He was born in New York and appointed a naval apprentice in 1868. Because of unusual aptitude and excellent service he was transferred to the naval academy, from which he was graduated with honors.

LEATHER MAN'S VIEWS.

Criticises Court and Wants Business Man for President.

At the closing session of the tenth annual convention of the National Leather and Shoe Finders' Association at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, speakers urged the business world to work for a strong representation in both the House and Senate. The meeting was a joint affair at which the regular and associate members, who are the jobbers, participated. Price maintenance and regulation formed the principal topic of discussion.

F. W. Whitcher of Boston, Treasurer of the association, criticised the Supreme Court for its decision in this matter.

"In my opinion," said he, "the decisions of the Supreme Court preventing the standardization of prices by the manufacturer is a step backward, a misfit and like attempting to clothe a full-grown man with a child's suit of clothes. The telephone, typewriter, quickened transportation and all the other improved methods which have come into use to facilitate business and communication are such levelers of prices that the cutting of prices destroys the margin of profit for the manufacturer and distributer alike. If the dealer cannot obtain a sufficient income from the sale of any patented, trade marked, branded or copyrighted article to yield him a fair return for the services rendered to the public in distributing them, he immediately throws that line of goods out and substitutes a cheaper quality, oftentimes claimed just as good as the standard, and perhaps sold at slightly lower prices, on which he can make the margin of profit necessary to him for all of the expenses he incurs, including interest on his investment for doing the business and his own services. Thus, a constant lowering of the standard of quality is brought about.

"On the other hand, where standardized prices are permitted, competition is directed toward a constantly better standard of quality in order to excel and secure the market enjoyed by the makers of the standard brands. Without doubt certain abuses have in the past crept into the business world and regulation was necessary where those abuses existed, but instead of being satisfied with regulating those abuses which have perhaps crept into some kinds of large business, it appears to me that legislation is going so far that it is creating a condition exactly opposite to that which it originally intended to improve."

In conclusion Mr. Whitcher said every manufacturer and dealer would do well to educate their employes to the fact that it is necessary to have a much greater representation of business men in Congress than is the case at present. He added that, as the Presidential chair has been filled for many years by professional men, it was time to look for a business man for the next Chief Executive.

The officers chosen yesterday were: President, Henry Kleine, Chicago; First Vice President, Sam W. Burtchaell, California; Second Vice President, Frank W. Hahn, Rochester, N. Y.; Third Vice President, W. N. Hurckler, Dallas; Fourth Vice President, Sam Goldstein, New York City; Fifth Vice President, George Steffar, Buffalo; Treasurer, F. W. Whitcher, Boston; Secretary, George A. Knapp, St. Louis. The Executive Committee for 1914-15 includes: F. W. Fuque, Chairman, St. Louis; Albert J. Ehlers, Chicago; J. H. Martin, Minneapolis; Henry E. Bragg, St. Joseph; Harry Lyons, New York City; Joseph P. Dunn, Denver; Peter Nutz, Jr., Indianapolis; Henry Spies, Cleveland; L. G. Adams, Spokane; Percy Strauss, Richmond, Va.; Buchanan Harra, Philadelphia; C. J. Bosler, Louisville; and Louis Wenman, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE VOTES SALEM RELIEF

Grants $200,000 Appropriation Despite Its Committee's Opposition.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The House today rebuffed the Appropriations Committee when, by a vote of 161 to 66, it concurred in a Senate amendment to the Sunday Civil bill guaranteeing an appropriation of $200,000 for the Salem fire sufferers. Previously, when the matter was before the House, Representative Page of North Carolina, placed an obstacle in the way in the shape of a point of no quorum.

President Wilson had given approval to the proposal to aid the Salem sufferers, and Representative Underwood, the Democratic leader, also favored doing so. Representative Fitzgerald, chairman of the Appropriations Committee and some of his colleagues opposed the amendment on the ground that it would establish a precedent that might cause trouble in the future. Representative Page argued that no lives had been lost at Salem and that the loss was covered largely by insurance. All of the Massachusetts members favored the appropriation.

Representative Blackmon of Alabama, has a bill pending in the House for an appropriation of $15,000 for the aid of farmers in his district who suffered because of a wind and hail storm in 1913. He said today, in view of the Salem appropriation, he may push his bill for action

BRYAN PRESSES TREATIES.

Looking for a Way to Have Them Ratified by the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Secretary Bryan today conferred with Chairman Stone of the Committee on Foreign Relations and Senator Shively of Indiana, the next ranking Democratic member, as to plans for obtaining the ratification of the many new peace treaties he has negotiated. Mr. Bryan said he was about to sign treaties with Great Britain and France along the lines of the treaty with Denmark, and he solicited the advice of the Senators as to getting the measures through the Senate.

As business now stands before the Committee on Foreign Relations this presents a difficult problem. The treaty with Colombia and the rough draft for a treaty with Nicaragua are bitterly opposed not only in the committee but on the floor of the Senate, and the Administration is anxious to get them out of the way. There is not the same opposition to the peace treaties, although it is not expected that they will get through the Senate easily.

The new idea in the Bryan peace treaties is a provision for a year's postponement of any quarrel with a contracting power so as to allow time not only for cooling down angry sentiment, but for an investigation and report of the cause of the quarrel by a joint high commission named by the two powers.

NAMES NEW BATTLESHIPS.

Vessel Now Building Here to be the Arizona.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Secretary Daniels has selected names for the four newest dreadnoughts of the United States Navy. They are to be the Arizona, the California, the Idaho, and the Mississippi. The present armored cruiser California, a vessel of 13,800 tons, is to be renamed the San Diego.

The future Arizona is under construction at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and up to this time has been designated as No. 39. She is a sister ship of the Pennsylvania, the largest vessel of the American Navy. She will have a displacement of 31,400 tons, will be 608 feet long, have a draft of 29 feet, and is being built to develop a speed of 21 knots.

The California, the Idaho, and the Mississippi are to be built under authorization contained in the last Naval Appropriation bill. The $12,500,000 obtained from the sale of the present battleships Idaho and Mississippi to the Greek Government is to be applied to the cost of construction of these vessels.

CORRECTING ABUSES.

Textile Alliance Doing Things in the Dyestuff Scandal.

The work of the Textile Alliance, Incorporated, a company formed to rectify abuses in the manufacture and sale of mill supplies and composed of representatives from prominent associations in the textile industries, is beginning to show results. Following a letter sent by the alliance last month to the Bayer Company, which took over the interests of the Farben-Fabriken of Elberfeld Company, the German dyestuff trust in this country, the announcement of the retirement of I. J. R. Muurling, President of the company, is made. The resignation of Alfred J. Keppelman, manager of the Philadelphia office of the Bayer Company, occurred only recently.

In the letter sent by the alliance to the dyestuff concern the following statements are made:

"It is obvious that, in the conduct of such a business as yours, men and methods are inseparably connected. If you sincerely desire, therefore, to improve conditions in the dyestuff trade, it may be advisable for you to consider whether you will continue further service of some of your officers, branch managers, and salesmen whom we are informed you took over from the Farben-Fabriken of Elberfeld Company, together with its business connections and goodwill. We call your attention particularly to Mr. Alfred J. Keppelman, manager of your Philadelphia office. We mention him specifically by name because he has himself testified under oath: * * * 'I recall that on several occasions, while a man named Litchfield was in the employ of the defendant corporation as a salesman, he made requests that various small sums of money be given to him, saying that he wanted to give these moneys to some person in the employ of the Standard Hosiery Dyeing and Finishing Works. Such moneys as he so asked for were given him. I have reason to believe, however, that Mr. Litchfield did not give such moneys to any one in the employ of the Standard Hosiery Dyeing and Finishing Works, but that, on the contrary, he kept such moneys himself.' This can scarcely be unknown to your officers and counsel.

"Accepting the sincerity of the expressions in your letter concurring in the reasons of the Berlin Aniline Works, as contained in its letter, we shall later endeavor to furnish you with other cases where there is ground to believe that persons now in your employ have been addicted to questionable trade practices, and confidently await your co-operation to promote the much-desired improvement."

The Standard Hosiery Dyeing and Finishing Works referred to brought suit against the Farben-Fabriken of Elberfeld Company for $10,000, claiming that its business had been injured through the bribery of a dyer who had left its employ. A suit on similar grounds was brought against the dyestuff concern by John and James Dobson.

Since the formation of the Textile Alliance conditions in the dyestuff market have considerably improved, it is said, the correction of a number of abuses having resulted in a saving estimated at 20 per cent. of the total volume of business placed by the manufacturers. The Board of Directors of the Alliance is composed of A. M. Patterson, President, representing the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers; Caesar Cone, Vice President, representing the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association; J. J. Nevins, Secretary of the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers, Secretary; John P. Wood, representing the National Association of Wool Manufacturers; W. A. Mitchell, representing the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers, and Dr. August Hunziker, representing the Silk Association of America.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales July 10, 1914	256,713
Same day last year	64,096
Total year to date	39,429,135
Same period last year	47,305,895
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net changes	67.96 —.61
Same day last year	66.14 —.08

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
94	98	350	Adams Express	97	97	95	95	—7½
69⅞	70	13,600	Amalgamated Cop.	70⅝	70⅝	69¼	70	— ⅜
55	56	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	+ ⅞
94	94¾	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	94⅝	94¾	94¾	94¾	+ ¾
75		13	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	75	75	75	75	...
27½	27¾	1,600	Am. Can	28	28⅛	27⅛	27¾	...
91	92	200	Am. Can pf.	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	+ ⅛
51½	51⅞	1,700	Am. Car & Fdry	51⅝	52⅛	51½	51⅝	— ½
118	119½	50	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	118	118	118	118	...
62⅝	65	100	Am. Cities pf.	62½	62½	62½	62½	+ ½
38½	41	200	Am. Cotton Oil	39	39	39	39	...
102	105	125	Am. Express	103	103	103	103	+2
29	30	200	Am. Locomotive	30	30	30	30	—1
98	100	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+1⅛
39½	41	100	Am. Malt pf.	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	—1¼
65⅞	66	2,720	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	65¾	66¼	65½	65½	— ½
102¾	103¼	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+ ¼
163	165	10	Am. Snuff	163	163	163	163	...
106½	107	100	Am. Sugar Refining	106½	106½	106½	106½	— ½
120	120½	1,100	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	120⅝	120¾	120	120½	— ½
106½	109	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	107½	107½	107½	107½	— ¼
30⅝	31	705	Anaconda Cop. Co.	31⅛	31⅛	30¾	30¾	— ½
98¾	99	1,300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	99	99	98¾	98⅞	— ⅝
120	121	100	Atlantic Coast Line	120⅛	120⅛	120⅛	120⅛	— ⅜
43½	49	500	Baldwin Loco.	48½	48½	48½	48½	+1⅞
90⅝	91	3,100	Baltimore & Ohio	91⅜	91⅝	90¼	90⅝	— ⅞
91⅝	91¾	600	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	91¼	92	91⅛	91¾	+ ⅛
123	125	100	Bklyn Union Gas	123	123	123	123	— ¾
18⅞	19¼	100	California Petrol'm.	18½	18½	18½	18½	— ½
189⅞	190	11,600	Canadian Pacific	191¼	191⅝	189⅝	189⅞	—3¼
35⅞	36¼	800	Central Leather Co.	35⅞	36¼	35⅞	35⅞	— ¼
101⅞	103	100	Cent. Leather pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
46⅛	46¼	18,050	Chesapeake & Ohio	47½	47½	45⅞	46¼	—1½
37⅛	37½	200	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	37⅛	37¼	37	37	— ¼
98⅞	98⅞	1,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	99⅞	99⅞	98½	98½	—1¼
132½	133½	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	133	133	133	133	—1¼
40⅛	40¾	1,255	Chino Copper	40½	40¾	40⅜	40½	— ⅝
25	35	100	Clev., C., C. & St.L.	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
102	104	100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
25⅛	26	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	25½	25½	25½	25½	— ½
23	25	200	Col. & Southern	23	23	23	23	+ ½
...	...	200	Comstock Tunnel	*8	8	8	8	...
129	129¾	100	Consolidated Gas	129⅝	129⅝	129⅝	129⅝	— ⅜
8⅝	9	100	Corn Products Ref.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	— ½
146	148	200	Del. & Hudson	147	147	146½	146½	—2½
6⅝	6⅞	1,000	Den. & Rio Grande	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	—1⅜
11¼	11⅝	1,900	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	12½	12¾	11	11¼	—2¼
28¼	28⅝	2,900	Erie	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¼	— ⅜
43¼	43¾	200	Erie 1st pf.	43½	43½	43⅜	43⅜	— ½
10	14½	100	Federal M. & S.	10	10	10	10	+2¾
148	149	100	General Electric	149	149	149	149	...
91½	92½	300	General Motors	92	92	92	92	— ½
26⅝	26⅞	2,800	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	26	27	26	26⅝	+ ¾
122¼	122⅞	400	Gt. North. pf. x d.	122¾	122¾	122⅝	122⅝	— ⅞
54¼	54⅝	500	Guggenheim Explor.	54½	54⅝	54¼	54⅝	— ⅞
108	115	100	Helme (G.W.) pf.	113	113	113	113	— ½
112	114	500	Illinois Central	113¾	113¾	112½	112½	—1
18⅛	18¼	500	Inspiration Copper	18	18	17⅞	18	— ¼
14⅜	15⅝	200	Inter.-Met.v. tr. cfs.	14¼	14⅜	14¼	14⅜	— ⅛
63⅜	63⅝	1,900	Inter.-Met. pf.	63	63⅝	63	63⅝	+ ⅜
8	12	700	Int. Agricultural	9	10	9	10	+2
20⅝	25	200	Int. Agricultural pf.	23	25	23	25	+5
106	107¼	100	Int. Harvester, N. J.	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	...
104	105	100	Int. Harvester Corp.	104	104	104	104	...
7⅞	8¼	100	Int. Paper	8	8	8	8	+ ⅛
33½	34	200	Int. Paper pf.	34	34	34	34	...
13	19	100	Iowa Central pf.	13	13	13	13	— ⅛
27⅝	28	700	Kan. City Southern	27⅜	28	27½	27½	— ½
60	61	100	Kan. City South. pf.	60⅞	60⅞	60⅜	60⅜	— ¼
137	137¼	3,900	Lehigh Valley	137⅞	137⅞	136¾	137⅛	— ⅞
116	117	50	Liggett & Myers pf.	116	116	116	116	...
30	32	100	Loose-Wiles Bis.	31	31	31	31	+1
130	132	140	Manhattan Elev.	130¼	130¼	130¼	130¼	+ ⅛
61	61½	300	Mexican Petroleum	61⅛	61½	61½	61½	— ¼
22¼	22½	500	Miami Copper	22½	22½	22¼	22¼	— ¼
122	123	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	122½	122½	122	122	—1
130½	133	100	M., St. P. & S.S.M. pf.	132	132	132	132	— ¾
15¼	16	1,200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	15½	16	15¼	15⅝	— ¾
33	34	600	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	34⅛	34½	32	34	—1⅛
9⅞	10	42,300	Missouri Pacific	11⅛	11½	9⅝	10	—1¾
107½	108½	10	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	108½	108½	108½	108½	...
13⅝	13⅞	400	Nevada Con. Cop.	13⅞	13⅞	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
89⅜	89⅝	2,800	N. Y. Central	90¾	90¾	89	89⅝	—2
59½	59⅝	17,400	N. Y., N. H. & H.	61½	61⅝	58⅞	59½	—2½
21	22	1,050	N. Y., Ont. & West.	21½	21⅝	21	21	—1⅞
105	105½	400	Norfolk & Western	105	105	104⅞	105	— ¾
73	75¼	100	North American	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛	+ ⅛
110⅜	110½	2,900	Northern Pacific	110¾	111	110¼	110½	...
112⅛	112⅜	1,650	Penn. R. R.	112¾	112¾	112	112⅛	— ⅞
120	120½	100	People's Gas, Chi.	120½	120½	120½	120½	— ½
88½	90½	200	Pitts. Coal pf.	90	90	90	90	...
43	44	100	Pressed Steel Car	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼	— ⅛
102½	104	115	Pressed Steel C. pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	— ¼
154¼	156	150	Pullman Co.	154½	154½	154½	154½	—1½
21⅛	21¼	300	Ray Con. Copper	21⅛	21¼	21⅛	21¼	...
163¾	163⅞	17,800	Reading	164⅛	164¼	163¼	163¾	— ⅝
21¾	22½	300	Rep. Iron & Steel	22½	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝	— ⅛
1¼	1½	50	Rock Island Co.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	...
4¼	4¾	150	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ¼
41	50	100	St. L. Southw. pf.	41	41	41	41	+1
18⅜	18½	700	Seab. Air Line	18½	18½	18	18¼	— ¾
53¾	54	200	Seab. Air Line pf.	54¼	54¼	53⅝	53⅝	— ⅝
192	193	50	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	192	192	192	192	...
122	124	200	Sears, R. & Co. pf.	122½	122½	122½	122½	...
97⅛	97¼	12,910	Southern Pacific	97⅝	97⅝	96⅝	97⅛	— ⅝
23¾	24	700	So. Railway ext.	24¼	24¼	24	24	— ⅜
79	79½	100	So. Railway pf. ext.	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	— ⅞
31⅞	32⅜	600	Studebaker Co.	32¼	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
32⅞	33	400	Tennessee Copper	32¾	33	32¾	33	...
141	143	300	Texas Co.	142⅝	142⅝	141½	141½	—1
14½	15	800	Texas & Pacific	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14¼	— ¾
41½	42	200	Third Avenue	41½	41¾	41½	41¾	+ ½
12¼	15⅛	25	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	...
101½	103¼	100	Twin City R. T.	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
105¾	111	25	Underw. Typew. pf.	108	108	108	108	...
4¾	5⅛	200	Union B. & P. Co.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	— ¼
155¼	155⅜	13,100	Union Pacific	155½	155¾	154¾	155⅝	— ½
82	83	200	Union Pacific pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	— ⅛
73	75	200	Un. Dry Goods pf.	72	73	72	73	+ ½
59½	60	100	U. S. Rubber	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	— ⅛
103	103⅞	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	+ ⅛
61⅛	61¼	31,800	U. S. Steel	61⅞	61⅞	60¾	61¼	— ½
109½	109⅞	100	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	— ¼
57¼	57½	1,800	Utah Copper	57½	57½	57¼	57¼	— ¼
28¾	29¼	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	29	29	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅜
100	101¾	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	...
22⅝	30	10	Vulcan Detin. pf.	25	25	25	25	...
2½	2⅝	100	Wabash pf.	2½	2½	2½	2½	— ⅛
90	96	125	Wells-Fargo Exp.	93	93	93	93	—3
18	18¼	900	Western Maryland	18	18	17⅞	18	— ¾
59⅜	59½	3,700	Western Union Tel.	59½	59½	59⅛	59½	...
78½	78⅝	10,025	Westingh. E. & M.	77⅞	78⅝	77	78½	+1
14	16	100	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—1⅞
96½	98½	800	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	98½	98½	98½	98½	+1
117½	118½	100	Woolworth pf.	117½	117½	117½	117½	+1½

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97½
2s, c, 1930	97	98
3s, r, 1918	101	102
3s, c, 1918	101	102
4s, r, 1925	109½	110½
4s, c, 1925	110	111½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96¾	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96¾	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	102
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101½	101⅞

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alas G M.	27	27¼
Allis-Chal.	10¼	11
Do pf.	41½	43
Am B S.	25	26
A B S & Fdy.	90	94
Do pf.	137⅞	140
Am Coal.	85	100
Am C Pr.	83	85
Do pf, ex div.	104¾	106
Am Cot O pf.	92½	95
A H & L.	4	4½
Do pf.	21	22
Am I Sec.	29¼	30
Am Lin.	8¾	9¼
Do pf.	27	28¾
Am Malt.	5	7
A S pf, B.	82	84
Am Sn pf.	106½	108
Am St Fd.	31	33
Am S Ref pf.	112½	113½
A T & C.	50	60
Am Tob.	228	231
Am Wool.	13	17
Do pf.	73¼	76
Am Wr Pa pf.	10	12
Assets R.	..	14¾
A. T & S F pf.	99	100
Bald L pf.	106¼	107
B & O pf.	80½	81¼
Batop M.	¾	1
Beth Steel.	41	42
Do pf.	82⅞	85½
Brown Sh.	36	42
Do pf.	87	90
Bruns Ter.	6	6¾
B. R & P.	100	113½
Do pf.	116¼	135
But'k Co.	28½	29
Calif P pf.	55½	56⅛
Canada So.	56	..
Case (J I) pf.	83	91
C R R of N J.	300	320
C & S A Tel.	104	105
Chi & Alt.	..	9½
Do pf.	13	23
Chi Gt W.	13⅞	14
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C & N W.	130	132
Do pf.	170	180
Chi, St P, M & Om.	127	132
Do pf.	135	145
C, C, C & St L pf.	35	48
Cluett-P.	65	67½
Col F & I pf.	125	180
C & S 1st pf.	40⅞	42
Do 2d pf.	33	40
Cont Can.	45	45½
Do pf.	91	92
Corn P R pf.	62	63
Crex Carp.	60	76
Cub-Am S.	..	30
Do pf.	..	34
D & Co pf.	93½	94½
D, L & W.	397½	407
Det Ed.	112	113½
Det & M.	85	..
Do pf.	85	..
Det U Ry.	..	71
Dist Secur.	14¾	15¾
D, S S & A.	4	5
Do pf.	8	11
Du P de N Pow pf.	..	85
Erie 2d pf.	35	37½
F M & S pf.	33	37
Gen Ch.	165	185
Do pf.	110	..
Gen M pf.	92¾	93
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	88½	89
Gt N Ore ctfs.	30⅜	31½
Hav E Ry, L & P.	..	75
Do pf.	..	95
Helme (G W) Co.	150	175
Homest'ke.	113	117
Inger-R.	105	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int H pf.	116	120
Int H Cor pf.	118	119½
Int St P.	3	7
Do pf.	..	15
Iowa Cent.	6	7
Do pf.	13	19
K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	73½
Kayser (J) & Co.	87½	89½
Do 1st pf	109	113½
K & D M.	4¼	..
Do pf.	38	..
Kresge(SS) Co.	92½	97
Do pf.	101½	103½
Lack Steel.	30½	34
Lacl Gas.	90	92¼
L E & W.	5¼	9
Do pf.	11	16
Lig & M.	212	216½
Long Isl'd.	32	35
L-W B 1st pf.	103½	105¼
Do 2d pf.	90	95
Lorill Co.	170	175
Do pf.	113	..
Louis & N.	138	139
M'kay Cos.	80¼	84
Do pf.	69	70
M Dep Sts.	58	61
Do pf.	97	99
Mer Mar.	2⅝	3
Do pf.	9	10
Mex P pf.	..	88
Mich Cent.	..	175
M & St L.	12¼	13
Do pf.	..	27
M, St P & S S M l l	79	82¼
M P 1st pf.	103⅝	..
M Wd pf.	110	120
Mon Pow.	49¼	49¾
Do pf.	101½	102
N, C & St L.	138	141
Nat Bis.	130	137½
Do pf.	125	129¾
Nat Enam.	10½	11¼
Do pf.	76	88
Nat Lead.	45	48¾
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	27	33
Do 2d pf.	11	12
N O, M & C pf.	..	25
N Y A B.	64	65
N Y C & St L.	36	40
Do 1st pf	92	100
Do 2d pf.	65	80
N Y Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	..	26
Norf So.	26½	35
N & W pf.	87	89
N O T & Light.	61	66
Ont Min.	2¼	2¾
Pabst B pf	95	102
Pac Coast.	75	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
Do 2d pf.	75	90
Pac Mail.	23	28¼
P T & T.	22	25
Do pf.	85	89½
Peo & E.	5	10
Pett-Mull.	12	27
Do 1st pf.	..	99
Phelps-D.	175	..
Phila Co.	78	83
Do 6 p c pf.	83	90
P, C, C & St L.	70¼	70¾
Do pf.	85	100
Pitts Coal.	19⅞	20¼
Pitts S pf.	85	88
Pub Serv.	111½	..
Quicksilver	1	2
Do pf.	1⅝	2¼
R R Sec I C stk c.	..	75
Ry St Spr.	26½	28¼
Do pf.	..	95
Rdg 1st pf.	88	90
Do 2d pf.	85	89
Rep I & S pf.	84	86
Rock I pf.	2½	2⅞
Rumely(M) Co.	10	11
Do pf.	27	28¼
St L & S Fran.	2½	3
Do 1st pf	7	12
St L S W.	20¼	22⅞
S-S S & I.	24	30
Do pf.	84	96
So P R S.	30	..
Do pf.	85	100
So R, M & O ctfs.	72	85
St'd Mill.	35	37
Do pf.	64	66
Studeb Co pf.	83	85
T P L Tr.	98	105
T St L & West.	7	10
T C R T pf.	126¾	..
Und Type.	75	81
U B & P pf.	21	22¼
Un Cig M.	47	48
Do pf.	96	102
Un Dr G.	25	80
U Rys In.	11½	14
Do pf.	32	35
U S C I P.	7	9
Do pf.	31	35
U S Exp.	80	81
U S I A.	16	30
Do pf.	78	82½
U S R & I.	59½	60¾
Vand R R.	..	80
Va I, C & Coke.	41	50
Va R & P.	49	50
Do pf.	95	..
Vul Det.	6	11
Wabash	½	⅝
W Md pf.	31	40
W E & M 1st pf.	122	127
Weym-B.	225	300
Do pf.	110	118
W & L E.	3½	4
Do 2d pf.	6½	7½
Wis Cent.	39	41

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	77.78	76.87	77.10	— .99
Industrials	58.98	58.64	58.82	— .24

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
July 6	68.85	68.62	68.69	+ .09
July 7	69.08	68.41	68.85	+ .16
July 8	69.05	68.51	68.68	— .18
July 9	68.91	68.30	68.57	— .10
July 10	68.38	67.75	67.96	— .61

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
July to date	69.08	July 7	67.75	July 10	67.96
July, 1913	70.24	July 28	65.80	July 9	69.44
July, 1912	82.76	July 3	79.75	July 12	81.80
July, 1911	83.75	July 19	81.50	July 5	82.49
Yr. to date	73.30	Jan. 31	65.25	Apr. 25	67.96
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sept. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sept. 25	77.69

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CANADA LURES FEWER NOW.

Lessening American Emigration Is Shown in Government Reports.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor says reports show that the number of American citizens emigrating to Canada is decreasing. For several years the tide of emigration across the northern borders of the United States grew to such proportions as to cause anxiety to Government officials and others. In 1912 97,951 American citizens went to Canada, while the number returning from that country to the United States was only 38,317.

In the eleven months ended May 31, 1914, it is asserted, 68,396 citizens of this country emigrated to the Dominion, while 44,127 Americans returned to the United States. Many of those who are returning are seeking information from the Government as to land on which they may settle.

Transfer Tax Appraiser Named.

William Sohmer, State Controller, has appointed Charles L. Kohler of 262 West Twelfth Street a transfer tax appraiser to take the place of Frank J. Goodwin, who recently resigned to become Deputy City Clerk.

HALTS $7,000,000 GAS SUIT.

Court Order Delays Examination of Brooklyn Union Men.

Justice Blackmar of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn will hear argument next Wednesday on a motion to vacate an order for an examination before trial in the stockholders' suit brought by Thomas Read against the directors and officials of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company for an accounting of alleged profits amounting to $7,000,000.

James H. Jourdan, vice-president, William Rockefeller and other directors of the company were to have been examined yesterday under the order obtained by Mr. Read, acting for himself and other stockholders. Elverton R. Chapman, treasurer of the company, had been directed to appear with all the books, papers and records mentioned in Mr. Read's affidavit. However, because of the motion to vacate the order, there was no examination.

Mr. Read alleges that the directors are withholding $7,000,000 in earnings which should be distributed among the stockholders. He charges extravagance and mismanagement. Mr. Read, who holds 1,620 shares of the stock, is represented in the suit by W. Bourke Cockran and Martin T. Manton, while Dykman, Oeland & Kuhn appear for the defendants.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales July 10, 1914	$1,441,000
Same day last year	1,600,000
Total year to date	388,029,500
Same period last year	293,689,200
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change.	86.32 —.13
Same day last year	86.38 —.02

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.32	July 10
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	85.78	June 11
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Jap Gov 4½s, ster l	
1,000	89¾
6,000	90
500	89¾
2d Series	
1,500	89
4,000	89
N Y State 4½s	
6,000	110⅛
N Y Canal 4s, Jan, 1961	
4,000	102½
N Y City 4s, 1956, registered	
2,000	99½
4s, 1958	
2,000	100
4s, 1959	
6,000	99⅝
4½s, May, 1957	
1,000	107⅛
Nov, 1957	
1,000	107¼
4½s, 1963	
2,000	107⅝
10,000	107½
Alb & Susq 3½s	
3,000	86⅞
Am T & T col 4s	
1,000	89½
1,000	89¾
Am Wr Paper 5s	
1,000	69¼
At. T & S F gen 4s	
17,000	95⅜
500	95⅛
500	95⅜
At, T & S Fe 5s	
2,000s10f	101¼
Atl Coast L 1st 4s	
1,000	93⅝
Balt & O gold 4s	
1,000	93⅞
3,000	93⅝
5,000	94
500	94¼
conv 4½s	
3,000	91¼
500	91⅜
1,000	91⅛
500	91⅛
10,000s10f	91⅛
6,000	91⅛
1,000s10f	91⅛
1,000	91⅛
2,000	91⅛
5,000	91⅛
S W Div 3½s	
1,000	91¼
8,000	91
Beth Steel ext 5s	
1,000	99½
1st & ref 5s	
3,000	86½
B R T 5s, 1918	
44,000	100
Bklyn U El 1st 5s	
5,000	103
Cal G & Elec 5s	
1,000	93
Canada So con 5s, Series A	
3,000	106⅝
Cent Leather 5s	
6,000	99⅛
7,000	99⅛
10,000	99⅛
Cent Pac gtd 4s	
1,000	93⅝
C & O gen 4½s	
3,000	94¼
1,000	94
2,000	94⅛
conv 4½s	
5,000s20f	78⅛
3,000	78⅛
5,000	78
5,000	77½
6,000	77⅝
Chi & Alton 3½s	
2,000	40
C, B & Q gen 4s	
5,000	93⅛
1,000	93
joint 4s	
26,000	97¼
Ill Div 4s	
1,000	95½
C & E Ill gen 5s	
1,000	70
Chic & I Coal 5s	
5,000	39
Chi Gr Westn 4s	
4,000	74
Chi, Mil & St P conv 4½s	
1,000	101⅝
11,000	101⅝
2,000	101⅝
12,000	101⅝
500	102
5,000	101⅝
5,000	101⅞
gen 4½s	
10,000	102⅝
4s, 1934	
5,000	92
C & N W gen 3½s	
1,000	83
gen 4s	
1,000	96
stamped	
5,000	94⅝
C, R I & P gen 4s	
5,000	86¾
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s	
10,000	77¼
C, R I & P R R 4s	
22,000	26⅞
7,000	26¾
4,000	26⅝
12,000	26¼
6,000	26½
4,000	26¾
5,000	26⅞
10,000	26⅝
10,000	26⅝
1,000	26⅝
registered	
1,000	26½
Col & So 1st 4s	
1,000	90⅝
2,000	90¼
5,000	90⅛
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934	
1,000	94½
Cumberld Tel 5s	
2,000	97
2,000	97¼
D & H lien eq 4½s	
3,000	100½
1st & ref 4s	
3,000	97
5,000	97⅞
Den & R G con 4s	
1,000	79¼
imp 5s	
1,000	80½
1st & ref 5s	
7,000	50
2,000s20f	50
4,000	50
Detroit Edison 5s	
1,000	103
Dist Sec Corp 5s	
3,000	59¼
Erie 1st gen 4s	
3,000	73⅜
4,000	73⅛
cv 4s, Ser B	
9,000	71½
2,000	71¼
Gulf & Ship I 5s	
1,000	89
Hud & M adj inc 5s	
2,000	31
Ill Steel 4½s	
21,000	86¾
Ind, Ill & Iowa 4s	
1,000	88
Indiana Steel 5s	
2,000	101⅞
Inter-Met 4½s	
1,000	77¼
2,000	77⅜
30,000	77½
I R T 1st & ref 5s	
5,000	99
26,000	98⅞
19,000	99
Internatl Nav 5s	
1,000	74
Int Stm Pump 5s	
2,000	49
5,000	48
5,000	47⅞
K C, Ft S & M 4s	
1,000	78½
K C, Ft S & M 6s	
2,000	110⅞
Lake S & Mich S 4s, 1928	
2,000	94¼
1,000	94
1931	
3,000	93⅜
Lack Steel 5s, 1923	
8,000	91⅞
Leh Val con 4½s	
1,000	99⅝
2,000	99½
Ligg & Myers 7s	
1,000	125⅞
Ligg & Myers 5s	
2,000	102½
Lorillard Co 5s	
5,000	102⅝
Manhattan Con 4s	
5,000	92⅝
Mil, Lake Sh & W 1st 6s	
1,000	110¼
Mo Pac 1st 6s	
1,000	100½
8,000	100⅛
5s, 1917	
9,000	93
conv 5s	
1,000	48¼
1,000	48
1,000	47⅞
1,000	47⅝
1,000	47¼
4,000	47¼
3,000	47⅝
15,000	47½
5,000	47¼
1,000s5f	47⅛
Mo Pacific 4s	
3,000	44
1,000s10f	43½
2,000s20f	43½
2,000s10f	43
2,000s20f	43
6,000	43
1,000	42½
1,000	42¼
3,000	42¾
5,000	42⅜
10,000s20f	42½
2,000	43
5,000	42⅞
32,000	43¼
1,000	43½
1,000	43¼
1,000	43¼
1,000	42⅞
1,000	42¾
3,000	42½
5,000	42½
1,000	42⅝
2,000s5f	42½
1,000	42⅝
Mob & Ohio, Mont Div 5s	
3,000	104⅞
Mor & Essex 1st & ref 3½s	
1,000	87¼
Nass Elec R R 4s	
5,000	78¼
Natl Starch deb 5s	
6,000	84½
National Tube 5s	
1,000	100
N Y Cent gen 3½s	
1,000	82⅝
2,000	82¾
9,000	82½
1,000	82⅜
registered	
8,000	82½
L S col 3½s	
2,000	78
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s	
1,000	105⅛
pur money 4s	
3,000	87⅜
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	
5,000	108⅜
5,000	108
5,000	107⅜
13,000	107½
5,000	107¼
conv 3½s	
1,000	69⅝
7,000	69⅛
N Y Rwys ref 4s	
14,000	76½
adj 5s	
1,000	53⅝
12,000	54
1,000	54¼
N Y Teleph 4½s	
7,000	97⅛
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s	
2,000	68½
1,000	68
2,000	68½
Norf & W conv 4½s	
1,000	105½
Pocah C & S	
North Pac 4s	
7,000	95⅝
Nor Pac gen 3s	
9,000	67
Penn cv 3½s	
3,000	99¼
1,000	99¼
1,000	99⅛
Penn 4s, 1948	
1,000	100⅜
1,000	100⅛
Pac T & T 5s	
1,000	97
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5c	
6,000	101¼
Pub Serv Corp s f 5s	
1,000	90½
Rdg gen 4s	
6,000	95¼
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940	
1,000	94¼
R & Danv con 6s	
1,000	101¼
4,000	101⅛
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s	
5,000	101⅜
River & G 4s	
1,000	72
2,000	71
St L & S F R R ref 4s	
2,000	70⅛
8,000	70
5,000	70⅛
St L S W 1st 4s	
1,000	83
Seab A L adj 5s	
1,000	77⅝
1,000	77½
So Bell Tel & T 1st 5s	
1,000	98
So Pac col 4s	
2,000s20f	90
So Pac conv 4s	
78,000	86¾
10,000	86
So Pac cv 5s, sub recta full pd	
46,000	102⅝
30,000	102⅝
2,000	102⅝
500	102⅞
12,000	102⅝
25,000	102½
3,000	102⅝
45,000	102½
25,000	102⅝
So Pac 1st ref 4s	
5,000	92¼
So Ry gen 4s	
8,000	73⅛
21,000	73
Tex Co cv 6s	
1,000	102
Tex & P 1st 5s	
2,000	100⅛
Third Av ref 4s	
1,000	83⅝
4,000	83⅞
Third Av adj 5s	
4,000	79¼
Tol, St L & Wn prior lien 3½s	
2,000	80⅝
Tri City 5s	
1,000	96
Un Pac 1st 4s	
2,000	98⅛
United Railroads of San Fr 4s	
15,000	53⅝
U S Rubber 6s	
4,000	102⅝
U S Steel Corp s fund 5s	
6,000	102⅞
2,000	102⅞
2,000	102⅞
500	102⅝
1,000	102⅞
30,000	102⅝
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s	
1,000	97½
Va Ry 1st 5s	
1,000	98⅝
Wabash 1st 5s	
5,000	102⅝
Wabash ref & ext 4s	
1,000	50
Equit Tr Co ctfs of depos stamped	
10,000	47½
5,000	47
2,000s20f	46⅞
10,000	47
Wn Md 4s	
5,000	62½
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s	
2,000	96
3,000	95⅞
Wilkes & East 1st 5s	
1,000	92⅝
Wis Cent gen 4s	
2,000	88¾

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

After showing an early advance of ⅛@⅜c, the market sagged off and closed easy, with net losses of ⅛@⅜c.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at 87½c, and No. 2 red at 86⅝c, July shipment, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.00¼, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	..	..	89¾	89⅝	96⅝
September	87⅛	86⅝	86½	87½	95⅝
December	..	..	89⅞	90½	98⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	79⅛	78⅜	78¾	70⅝	87
September	79¼	78	78⅝	78⅝	88
December	81⅝	80⅝	81	81½	91⅝

CORN.

The corn market was strong and higher early, but prices eased off, and the close was barely steady at ⅝c net advance to ⅛c decline.

In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 77⅜c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Lst Year.
July	69½	68⅞	69¼	68¾	59⅝
September	67⅜	66⅝	67⅛	66¾	60¼
December	57⅝	56⅝	57	57⅛	56⅞

OATS.

Final quotations were ⅛ to ⅝c net higher. The local cash market was firm, standard white being quoted at 44½ to 45c; No. 2, 44¾ to 45¼c; No. 3, 44 to 44½c; No. 4, 43½ to 44c; ordinary clipped white, 44 to 46c; fancy clipped white, 46½ to 47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	38¼	37⅝	38¼	37½	38
September	36⅝	35½	35⅞	35⅝	39¼
December	37⅞	37⅜	37⅝	37¼	40⅝

COFFEE.

The coffee market was again inactive. Prices at the close were two to seven points net lower.

The local spot market was quiet and a shade easier, with Rio 7s quoted at 8¾c.

The range of contract prices was as follows:—

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	....	....	8.33@8.34	8.37
August	....	....	8.41@8.42	8.47
September	8.53	8.45	8.51@8.52	8.57
October	....	....	8.61@8.62	8.67
November	....	....	8.70@8.71	8.77
December	8.83	8.75	8.80@8.81	8.86
January	....	....	8.83@8.84	8.89
February	....	....	8.88@8.89	8.92
March	....	....	8.93@8.94	8.95
April	....	....	8.95@8.96	8.97
May	8.96	8.95	8.97@8.99	9.01

COTTON.

Closing prices were very steady, and from 2 to 12 points net higher.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 13.25c for middling upland.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.28	12.25	12.31@12.33	12.29
August	12.28	12.15	12.27@12.28	12.20
September	12.16	12.14	12.18@12.21	12.13
October	12.21	12.06	12.20@12.21	12.13
November	12.04	12.03	12.23@12.24	12.11
December	12.39	12.20	12.38@12.39	12.26
January	12.31	12.16	12.30@12.31	12.23
March	12.36	12.20	12.35@12.36	12.28
April	12.54	12.52	12.54@12.55	12.44
May	12.60	12.40	12.58@12.59	12.47

COTTONSEED OIL.

In the cottonseed oil market prices developed a steadier tone, closing at 1 to 4 points net advance.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.20@7.30	7.20
July	7.24	7.24	7.23@7.26	7.21
August	7.30	7.29	7.31@7.32	7.28
September	7.36	7.34	7.36@7.37	7.33
October	7.17	7.16	7.17@7.20	7.15
November	6.80	6.78	6.80@6.82	6.79
December	6.72	6.72	6.72@6.75	6.68
January	..	..	6.70@6.74	6.68
February	..	..	6.71@6.76	6.68

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was somewhat irregular. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 16,000; estimated for Saturday, 9,000. Kansas City received 1,600 and Omaha 6,300.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	10.15	10.12	10.12	10.10	11.65
September	10.30	10.25	10.25	10.25	11.72
Ribs—					
July	12.00	11.95	11.95	11.92	11.75
September	11.95	11.90	11.90	11.90	11.80
Pork—					
July	22.75	22.60	22.70	22.50	21.75
September	20.75	20.62	20.62	20.57	20.95

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 11,142 pkgs. Added strength was shown on high-grade fresh creamery, and prices recovered another ¼c. Creamery, extras, 27@27½c; firsts, 24½@26½c; seconds, 22@24c; thirds, 21@21½c; State dairy, finest, 26c; good to prime, 23@25c; common to fair, 20@22c; process, extras, 22@22½c; firsts, 20½@21½c; lower grades, 17½@19½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 21@22c; ladles, current make, firsts, 20@20½c; seconds, 19½c; lower grades, 17@18½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 19c; No. 2, 18½c; lower grades, 16@18c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 13,475 cases domestic, 42 120-dozen cases imported from Europe. The market is without new features. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 23@25c; extra firsts, 22@22½c; firsts, 20¼@21½c; seconds, 17@20c; thirds and poorer, 10@16½c; dirties, No. 1, 17@18c; No. 2 and poorer, 10@16c; checks, good to prime, dry, 15@16c; undergrades, 8@14c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, as to size and quality, 25@29c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 22@27c; Western gathered whites, 21½@23½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 24@28c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20@25c; duck eggs, State and near by, Indian Runner, 25@25½c.

ANALYSIS OF WORLD TRADE.

Export Balance of $400,000,000 Predicted for United States.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Department of Commerce in a statement today said that the recent phenomenon of an excess of imports over exports in the foreign trade of the United States in April and May, 1914, coupled with large outward shipments of gold, draw attention to a table showing the commercial and financial statistics of the principal countries, compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

The world's commerce, so far as ascertainable for the seventy-five countries and political groups included in the table, approximates $40,000,000,000, imports being $21,000,000,000 and exports $19,000,000,000. The excess of $2,000,000,000 on the import side is accounted for, in part, by the fact that many importing nations include in their import values the cost of freight and other charges not included in export valuations by the country of shipment, and, in some degree, to the closer scrutiny of import values, which are frequently the basis of customs revenue.

Many of the older and more advanced nations show an excess of imports over exports of merchandise. Notable examples are the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Belgium, Switzerland, the Netherlands, and other European countries; and Japan, China and Turkey. Canada shows a balance on the import side, but nearly all other American countries show larger exports than imports, this being true of Argentina, Brazil, Cuba, Colombia, Mexico, Central America, Venezuela, and the United States, our slight excess of imports over exports in April and May not being sufficient to offset the large excess of exports in other months. Our net export balance will probably exceed $400,000,000 for the current fiscal year. This is about $250,000,000 less than last year's balance. Russia, Rumania, Servia, Egypt, India, and Java each shows a preponderance of exports over imports.

The United Kingdom has a foreign trade of $6,830,000,000, imports being valued at $3,741,000,000, or $652,000,000 in excess of all exports, domestic and foreign. Germany in 1912 had a trade of $5,050,000,000, imports being $2,754,000,000, or $449,000,000 in excess of all exports. The United States in the calendar year 1913 had a foreign trade of $4,277,000,000, imports being $1,793,000,000 and exports of domestic and foreign goods (chiefly the former), $2,484,000,000, making an excess of $691,000,000 on the export side. Canada's imports are nearly double the value of her exports, and France shows an excess of imports of $203,000,000 in a total trade of $2,884,000,000 in 1912.

The aggregate imports of the seventy-five principal countries and colonies of the world in 1912-13 were valued at $20,845,000,000, or $2,147,000,000 more than their exports. The United States bought 10 per cent. of all the goods which the leading nations exported, and sold 14½ per cent. of the merchandise which it purchased in the markets of the world.

Considering the commerce of the United States from 1790 to 1913, it is noted that the aggregate excess of exports over imports of merchandise in the 124 years in question was $8,312,000,000, and the aggregate excess of exports of gold and silver over imports thereof, $1,609,000,000. In the eighty-five years period to 1875 imports usually exceeded exports of merchandise, there being only sixteen exceptions. In the forty years since 1874 exports have almost invariably been larger than imports, only four years—1875, 1888, 1889, and 1893—showing a balance on the import side. In the movements of gold and silver the balance of trade shifts more frequently from one to the other side of the ledger, and in the last decade imports of specie have about equaled exports thereof.

The New York Times Index gives the year's history in a nutshell. Particulars of any event found without waste of time. Guide and reference to happenings all over the world. Complete, reliable, concise. Published quarterly. July issue in preparation. $8 a year—single copies $2. The New York Times Index, Times Square, New York.—Adv.

The Virginian Railway Co.
First Mortgage 5% Bonds
Due May 1, 1962
First Mortgage on properties costing nearly twice entire funded debt.
Earnings for 10 months ended April 30:

	1914	1913
Total Net Income	$2,191,327	$2,019,242
Fixed Charges	1,141,492	1,157,283
Surplus over charges	$1,049,835	$861,959

Price to yield over 5 per cent.
Special circular on request.
LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.
43 Exchange Place
Boston NEW YORK Chicago
HIGGINSON & CO., London

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

TO THE HOLDERS OF
RECEIPTS FOR THREE-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. SECURED GOLD NOTES OF
The Missouri Pacific Railway Company
The extended notes, with coupons annexed, are ready for delivery. Holders of receipts should surrender the same to the Union Trust Company of New York, No. 80 Broadway, New York City.
Dated, New York, July 8th, 1914.
THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

Pacific Gas & Electric Company
Notice is hereby given that Messrs. N. W. Halsey and Company, 49 Wall St., N. Y., are the duly authorized agents of this company to receive subscriptions for the first Preferred Stock of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company issued under the authority of the Railroad Commission of the State of California and offered for subscription to stockholders in accordance with letter dated June 3rd, 1914. As such agents they will receive payments on account of such subscriptions and issue receipts therefor.
Dated: San Francisco, Cal., July 3, 1914.
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
F. G. DRUM, President

DIVIDENDS.

The White Investing Company
55 Liberty Street, New York,
MANAGERS
Michigan Limestone & Chemical Company.
The Board of Directors of the Michigan Limestone & Chemical Company has declared a regular semi-annual dividend of 3½% on the preferred stock of the Corporation, payable July 20th, 1914.
(Signed) Edgar H. Woodward, Secretary.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY,
233 Broadway.
New York, July 9th, 1914.
The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and a half per cent., payable Aug. 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 21st, 1914. Transfer books will close at 3 P. M. July 21st, 1914, and reopen at 10 A. M. August 1st, 1914.
JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

United Cigar Manufacturers Co.
New York, July 9th, 1914.
A DIVIDEND of One (1) Per Cent. will be paid on the COMMON STOCK of this Company on AUGUST 1st, 1914, to Stockholders of record on July 24th, 1914, at 3 P. M.
SIEGMUND SCHLESINGER, Secretary.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.
Philadelphia, June 10, 1914.
The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable July 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1914. Checks will be mailed.
LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF MRS. HENRY ROSENBAUM & CO., composed of BARBARA ROSENBAUM and ABRAHAM NEWMAN, doing business at First Avenue and Rankin Street, Elizabeth, New Jersey, has dissolved by mutual consent. Mrs. Barbara Rosenbaum retires from said firm. Mr. Abraham Newman has acquired the assets of said firm and will continue said business, and has assumed all liabilities which appear on the books of said firm on July first, 1914.
BARBARA ROSENBAUM.
ABRAHAM NEWMAN.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre, and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, July 14, 1914, for Contract 145, for roofing with reinforced concrete tiles 46 superstructures along the line of the Catskill aqueduct between the Ashokan and Hill View Reservoirs, a distance of approximately 92 miles. Approximately 28,300 tiles will be required under the contract. The buildings, ready to receive the tiles, are being constructed under other contracts.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

OFFICE, COMMISSIONERS DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, July 9, 1914.—Proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 509 District Building, until 2 o'clock July 22nd, 1914, for Erection of Shelters, Yard and Weighmasters' Offices, Lunch Room, Toilets, etc., on the open space between Tenth and Twelfth and B and Little B Streets Northwest. Blank forms of proposals, specifications, and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427 District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of $5 required for return of plans and specifications. OLIVER P. NEWMAN, FREDERICK L. SIDDONS, CHESTER HARDING, Commissioners.

To learn what is proceeding in the world's finances and manufactures consult THE ANNALIST. Every Monday. $4 a year by mail—single copies 10 cents. Best information on current economics. Profound, clear, and independent views. THE ANNALIST, Times Square, New York.—Adv.

PILOT BOAT SUNK BY STEAMER IN FOG

Captain of the Manchioneal Holds Crippled Vessel on Bow Till 34 Men Are Taken Off.

TWO PILOTS ARE INJURED

New Jersey, Side Stove In, Sinks Three Minutes After Colliding Ship Backs Away.

The steam pilot boat New Jersey was sunk in a dense fog yesterday morning at the eastern entrance to the Ambrose Channel by the United Fruit steamer Manchioneal, bound for Kingston, Jamaica.

Capt. Hendricksen of the Manchionher up until the crew of 18 men and board side of the pilot boat and held her there until the crew of 18 men and 16 pilots were taken off safely. The New Jersey sank three minutes after the steamer backed away, and exactly ten minutes after the collision.

The wireless operator on the New Jersey, James A. Moore, sent the "S O S" signal for aid, and it was picked up by the Sea Gate Station and relayed to the Morgan Line Steamer El Sud, inbound, which answered that she was hurrying to the rescue.

In the meantime the crew and the pilots had got away in their own boats and two boats from the Manchioneal and another from the United States dredger Raritan.

The only persons injured were two pilots, Capt. S. H. Cooper and Capt. August S. Johnson, who received severe bruises. They were taken in the dredger to Brooklyn and sent to their homes in taxicabs.

Capt. Eugene McCarthy, a pilot who had taken out the steamer Kelvinbank, said he had just got on board the New Jersey when the accident occurred.

"It was 8 o'clock," he said, "and the boat was stopped in a thick fog just inside the whistling buoy, near the eastern end of Ambrose Channel. Most of the pilots were on deck, trying to see through the fog what was coming our way. Suddenly the steamer Manchioneal struck the New Jersey on the starboard side just forward of the beam. There were sixteen pilots on board. Mate Hauffman was in charge, with a crew of seventeen.

"The two yawls were lowered at once from our boat, and the Manchioneal, which held her bow to the hole, lowered two of her lifeboats in shipshape without loss of time or confusion. There was no time to save any effects, and many of the pilots and members of the crew lost their clothing, money, and jewelry when the boat sank almost under their feet. Only two were thrown into the water following the collision, Capt. S. H. Cooper and George Sanger, the engineer, who were picked up by the Raritan. Three minutes after the boats got away from the New Jersey she sank in nine fathoms of water, with the tops of her mast just showing."

The pilots on the New Jersey were Oldmixon, McCauley, Warner, Ackerman, Turnure, Hicks, August S. Johnson, Hopkins, Beggs, Bran, Clarke, Rooney, John McCarthy, Cooper, A. F. Johnson, and Eugene McCarthy.

Divers will be sent down to-day to inspect the wreck to see if she can be raised, and an investigation will be made as to the cause of the collision by a committee of the Pilots' Association. The New Jersey is the first steam pilot boat to be sunk in New York harbor. She was built at Tottenville in 1902 and was 148 feet 7 inches long, 29 feet 4 inches beam and 478 gross tons.

EXPECT BIG FALL TRADE.

Dry Goods Interests Look for Early Benefit from Crops.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"The enormous yield of corn and oats predicted by the Government Crop Report on top of the record-breaking wheat crop already assured will greatly increase the purchasing power of the agricultural sections and the dry goods trade will undoubtedly be the first to feel the stimulus of these promising conditions.

"Fall business is the main topic of discussion at present in dry goods circles and the consensus of opinion is that as retail stocks are being operated on a hand to mouth basis, there will be taxing demand made on wholesalers and manufacturers during the Autumn season.

"Wash dress goods have been in good demand during the week and the general orders running about even with a year ago."

THE LENGTH OF COATS.

Women Not to be Dictated To in a Matter of This Kind.

The Executive Committee of the Cloak, Suit, and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, to which was given the task of deciding the question of style length for coats, in a letter to the members of the organization, states that a style declaration would be misleading and would give undue importance to the matter of length. The committee decided that no such regulation could either be legally enforced on members against protest or brought about through mutual understanding. Part of the committee's findings follows:

"In the first place, we believe that the matter of lengths is year by year becoming of less importance in determining style. Individuality of design and adaptability to the needs of the American woman of all grades of society is the controlling factor, and while, to a certain extent, Dame Fashion may set up a dominant style for a short while, the existence of such a single dominant style is now impossible in our industry. Many styles, many designs, and different lengths are the order of the day. In the next place, the style of today, even if declared by us, would not be the style of tomorrow. We must certainly watch for change and meet it with the creative instinct which is at once the burden and the privilege of the New York market. We are unanimously of the opinion that to make a declaration would only be misleading and would give undue importance to the matter of length."

A member of the Style Committee of the United Cloak, Suit, and Skirt Manufacturers of New York, who came out a few days ago with the pronouncement that the shorter coat would be the correct style for immediate business, but that the longer coat would be the garment for the coming Fall, had this to say:

"As was to be expected, the statement of our Style Committee met with a great deal of criticism, both from those who have largely committed themselves to the shorter garment and from those who would have liked to see the statement more specific as to the length, some going on to say that the situation is even more confused now than before the issuance of the statement. It is nothing of the sort. While it may be admitted that, in pronouncing the shorter garment as the correct garment for immediate business, the Style Committee meant to relieve just those manufacturers and retailers who have committed themselves to the shorter length, its main object was to convey to the buyers that the New York manufacturers, in making their early styles, were not doing any guessing, but had used the styles then shown by the leading fashion makers of Paris, and that the shorter garment is not entirely abolished.

"There cannot be, however," he continued, "any two opinions as to the decision of the Style Committee, it having squarely put itself on record in favor of the longer garment in the following words: 'The Style Committee, therefore, recommends that the longer suit coat shall be adopted as the leading style for the Fall of 1914.' It must be remarked that in the advertisement appearing in THE TIMES the words 'for the Fall' were left out, and this greatly lessened the effect of the statement.

"The committee was unanimously of the opinion that to prescribe the exact number of inches is out of the question, it being understood that each maker of suits has his own individuality and must use his own ability in modeling his garments.

"It was, however, sure of one thing, and that is that the longer garment will be the preferred garment for the Fall of 1914. Late developments have fully justified the stand assumed by our Style Committee."

It was learned yesterday that the United Association has accepted the offer of the United Cloak and Suit Designer Mutual Aid Association to cooperate with the latter's recently appointed Style Committee, but that, so far, no word has been received from the other manufacturers' association by the designers.

Good Prices for Wool.

LONDON, July 10.—The offerings at the wool auction sale today amounted to 13,410 bales. A large show of crossbreds met with a ready sale in sellers' favor, Americans securing the best halfbreds and mediums. The supply of merinos was small and they were strong. New South Wales scoured realizing 2s. 8d. The sales follow: New South Wales, 1,100 bales; scoured, 1s. 4d.@2s. 8d. greasy, 8¼.@1s. 4d; Queensland, 100 bales, scoured, 1s. 8d.@1s. 11½d.; greasy, 9¼d.@1s. ½d.; Victoria, 1,400 bales, scoured, 1s. 6½d.@2s. 1d.; greasy, 10½d.@1s. 4½d; South Australia, 400 bales; scoured, 1s. 3d.@1s. 6d.; greasy, 10d.@1s. 3½d.; West Australia, 200 bales; greasy, 8d.@1s. 5½d.; Tasmania, 300 bales; greasy, 9¾d.@1s. 5½d.; New Zealand, 9,900 bales; scoured, 1s. 4d.@2s. 3d.; greasy, 9d.@1s. 4½d.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education will pay the legitimate expenses of Magnus Gross, Pres. of the Teachers' Council, in connection with his attendance at the meeting of the Nat. Education Assn., at St. Paul, Minn., from July 4 to July 11.

The board has re-elected for the ensuing year the present members of its Executive Committee.

The next meeting of the board will be held on July 22. Fifteen members will constitute a quorum till the reopening of the regular school season.

A copy has been received from the law department of an opinion of the Court of Appeals in re Pugliese vs. Ekerold affirming the right of the board to exclude non-vaccinated children from the public schools.

The sum of $2,922 has been appropriated from the school building fund to pay a bill of the Supt. of State Prisons for furniture for P. S. 169, Manhattan.

Lecture centres have been established at the Children's Aid Society, Manhattan; 191 York Street, Brooklyn, and P. S. 165, Brooklyn.

The board has approved a commercial course of study for the seventh and eighth years in elementary schools, to be put into effect in two schools to be determined by the Board of Superintendents.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—DECISIONS.

F. Child Hassam, respt., vs. Edward T. Platt, as Treas., &c., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Cheever N. Ely, as an exr., &c., respt., vs. Edwin A. Ely et al., applt., impld., with Ambrose E. Vanderpoel et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs to all respondents filing briefs upon the appeal.

Dennis H. McBride, respt., vs. Illinois Nat. Bank, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

David Wagner, applt., vs. Van Schaick Realty Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

In re Mary Sinnott, decd.—Decree modified as stated in opinion and as so modified affirmed, with costs to all parties who have appeared payable out of the estate.

Fred A. Duncan, respt., vs. Ellen M. Duncan, &c., applt.—Judgment affirmed.

William W. Appleton et al., respts., vs. C. N. Y., applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and judgment order as directed in opinion for the defendant, with costs.

Ettar Realty Co., applt., vs. Max Cohen, respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Abram Lazinsk, respt., vs. C. N. Y., applt.—Determination reversed, with costs, in this court, and in the Appellate Term, and judgment of Municipal Court reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs.

Sara F. De Baud, as admx., &c., respt., vs. Long Island R. R., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant, to abide event.—Opinion by Clark, J. Settle order on notice.

James S. Herman, applt., vs. Francis L. Leland, respt.—Order setting aside verdict modified as directed in opinion; order denying motions to add interest and for additional allowance affirmed, with costs.

Same, applt., vs. same, respt.—Order denying motion for reargument affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Colorado & Southern Ry., applt., vs. De Witt C. Blair et al., impld., &c., respts.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and demurrer overruled, with costs, and leave to defendants to withdraw demurrer and to answer upon payment of costs in this court and in the court below.

Emma J. Eagan, respt., vs. Commercial Trust Co. of New York, applt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

People, &c., plff., vs. George W. Linch, as recr., &c., et al., defts.—Judgment directed for defendants, with costs.

In re W. 218 St.—Order reversed and report confirmed, with costs to appellant.

People, &c., respt., vs. Willis V. Cole, applt.—Judgment affirmed.

First Commercial Bank of Pontiac, applt., vs. Moses M. Valentine et al., respts.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and demurrer overruled, with costs, with leave to defendants to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs in this court and in the court below.

Julius M. Cohen, respt., vs. Atlas Assurance Co. et al., applts.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellants to abide event.

Nellie T. Roessle, applt., vs. Elwood O. Roessle et al., respts.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and judgment directed as indicated in opinion, with costs.

John R. Drury, respt., vs. American Fruit Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

People, &c., applt., vs. Charles Schweinler Press, Inc., respt.—Order reversed and motion in arrest of judgment denied.

C. N. Y., respt., vs. Lucius H. Beers, trustee, &c., applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

New York Rys., applt., vs. C. N. Y. et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

In re Georgiana M. Amidon as excx., &c., of Henry G. Ward, decd.—Decree reversed, exceptions overruled, report confirmed, and decree directed in conformity therewith, with costs to executor, accounting payable out of the estate.

Augusta Wickstrom, applt., vs. Samuel W. Peck, respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event.

In re Main St., City Island.—Order affirmed with costs.

William T. Emmet as Supt. of Ins., &c., applt., vs. CNY et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

William R. Hearst, respt., vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R., applt.—Judgment reversed with costs and complaint dismissed with costs.

Charlotte Springer, respt., vs. Henry J. Duveen et al, applts.—Orders reversed with $10 costs and disbursements as to each; defendants' motion for judgment granted, with $10 costs, and plaintiff's motion denied, with $10 costs; with leave to plaintiff to serve amended complaint on payment of aforesaid costs.

William W. Farley as State Comr., &c., applt., vs. Bronx Bath and Hotel Co. et al., respts.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event.

In re E. 222d St.—Order affirmed, with costs.

Alice Ketteltas et al., respts., vs. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. et al., applts.—Judgment modified as directed in opinion, without costs.

George O. Glendenning, respt., vs. Western Union Telegraph Co., applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

Oceanic Investing Co., applt., vs. 28 St. & 7 Av. Realty Co., et al., defts., impld. with Rudolph A. Rodel, respt.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted with $10 costs, and with leave to defendant respondent to serve amended answer upon payment of all costs of the action.

Ministers, &c., of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church in Garden St., &c., plff., vs. Madison Ave. Building Co., Inc., deft.—Judgement ordered for plaintiff as directed in opinion.

William P. McCormick, respt., vs. Frank J. Tyler as sole exr., &c., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendant to serve amended answer on payment of costs in this court and in the court below on the authority of Scheibler vs. Albee, 114 App. Div., 146. Order filed.

Standard Steam Specialty Co., respt., vs. Corn Exchange Bank, applt.—Determination reversed and judgment of Municipal Court affirmed, with costs to appellant in all courts.

William H. Hearne, individually, &c., applt., vs. Annie T. H. Heise et al., applts., and Frank M. Wells, respt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements to each appellant and motion denied, with $10 costs.

Mamie Hartell, as admx., &c., respt., vs. T. H. Simonson & Son Co., applt.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed with costs to defendant in all courts.

In re Harmon Hendricks, decd.—Order reversed to extent stated in opinion and the matter remitted to Surrogate's Court for further action in accordance with the opinion of this court, with $10 costs and disbursements to the appellant.

Louis Block, applt., vs. Myer Nussbaum, respt.—Order modified as stated in opinion, motion denied, and matter remitted to Special Term without costs to either party.

In re Valentine Mott, decd.—Decree so far as appealed from reversed, the word "issue" in 5th clause of will construed as contended for by appellants, with costs to appellants and infant respondents payable out of the fund held in trust for Fanny M. Campbell, deceased.

Marie Hill, respt., vs. Guaranty Trust Co. of N. Y. et al., as trustees, &c., respts. Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y. as committee, &c., applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, complaint dismissed and judgment ordered as directed in opinion.

George F. Vingut et al., as trustees, &c., respts., vs. Henry B. Sire, applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied, with $10 costs.

In re Anthony McQuade, applt., vs. James M. Morrow et al, respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements without prejudice to new application on sufficient papers.

Mabel G. Michie, respt., vs. Henry B. Slayback et al., applts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, motion granted to extent indicated in opinion, with $10 costs, with leave to plaintiff to serve amended complaint on payment of costs in the action, including those hereby awarded to be taxed.

William Loftus, applt., v. James L. Carlton et al., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion to continue injunction pendente lite granted, with $10 costs.

Joseph E. Hall, respt., v. Galban & Co., applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, with $10 costs.

Samuel N. Keefauver, respt., v. Harvey H. Hovenor, applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, with $10 costs.

CNY, respt., v. Continental Asphalt Paving Co. et al., applts.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs and complaint dismissed, with costs.

New York Rys., plff., v. Guaranty Trust Co. of N. Y., as trustee, &c., et al., defts.—Judgment directed in favor of defendants, with costs.

Charles Yung, applt.-respt., v. Anna M. Blake et al., applts.-respts.—Judgment reversed and cause remitted to referee to make findings in accordance with opinion of this court, with costs to plaintiff and to guardian ad litem of infant defendant Charles F. Yung, payable out of distributive share of said infant.

Tiffany Studios, plf., v. Ethel D. Shepherd et al., defts.—Proceedings dismissed, without costs.

People ex rel C. Perceval, a corp'n, relator, v. The Public Service Com., &c., et al., respts.—Writ sustained, determination reversed, matter remitted to the commission to make such order as may be proper in the premises, with $50 costs and disbursements to relator to be paid by the defendant, New York Edison Co.

Carol Aronovici v. Aaron B. Salant.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with costs.

Morris Slepin v. Maurice Beck.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Elmer F. Alexander et al. v. Trent Tile Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

In re Norbert Heinsheimer.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs.

Herman Horenburger v. Albertino E. Ericsson et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Albert Payne v. Bradley Constructing Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs unless appellant comply with terms stated in order.

Robert R. Reed, &c., v. George F. Allison.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Henry Prince v. Ely J. Reiser.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

Robert I. Curran v. August Oppenheimer.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs unless appellant comply with terms stated in order.

Pine E. Bush v. Marion E. Bush, et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

Henry A. Gildersleeve, et al, v. New York Rys., et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

In re George Weaver, &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

In re George Weaver, &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

James C. Bushby v. Lancelot M. Berkeley.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Louis Scheinberg v. Max Stolwein, et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Michael J. Ryan v. Central Union Gas Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

A. M. Engel & Co., Inc., v. Robert L. Davis.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Santiago Rodriguez v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

E. Regensburg & Sons v. Harris L. Rosenthal.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Lorenzo W. Sherwood v. Alexander F. Fisher.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Samuel Gordon v. Merriam Paper Co., et al.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

William Theile v. The Texas Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

William Theile v. James A. Merlia.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Morris I. Schamburg v. Claus A. Spreckels.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Tenement House Dept. v. Lucy A. McDevitt.—Application granted.

Pusey Press v. Hugh Dougherty.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Lorenzo W. Sherwood v. Alexander F. Fisher.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Harry Adams v. Leary.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Hans Bartsch v. Al H. Woods.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Catherine Hyland v. Valentine Fink.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Mina Kramer v. Grand Lodge, &c., Free Sons of Israel.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Harry Freid v. David A. Doyle.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Universal Discount Co. v. Corn Exchange Bank.—Application granted upon defendant filing stipulation referred to in order.

Margaret A. Lynch v. Anna Murphy.—Application granted.

Sol Friedman v. Franklin Fire Insurance Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

J. Alfred Pisani et al. v. Nicola Rao.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Nathan Marcus et al. v. Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—Application granted upon defendant filing stipulation provided for in order.

Andean Trading Co. v. W. I. Tulin Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

James C. McGuire & Co. v. H. G. Vogel Co.—Application granted.

Charles F. Bishop v. William B. Lewis, impld., &c.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Edgar A. Reincke v. The Texas Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

George B. Hurd, &c., v. Green Lawn Cemetery Association et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Carmelo Bruno v. George W. Linch, as receiver, &c.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

William Ziener v. same.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Marie Bruno v. same.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

In re Northern Bank of N. Y., re C. N. Y.—Motion granted. Questions certified.

William A. Beaudry, &c., v. John W. McKinnon et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Robert C. Morris, as Trustee, &c., v. Windsor Trust Co.—Motion granted. Questions certified.

Russell Foland, suing, &c., v. George J. Gould et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Arthur Guy, as admr., &c., v. Joseph A. Reid, impld.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Marie C. Lowe, v. Daniel J. Leary, impld.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

In re Morgan J. O'Brien et al.—Application granted.

In re Interborough Rapid Transit Co., (Webster Av. Line, West Farms Subway connection.)—Application granted.

People ex rel. Otto H. Schultze v. Israel L. Feinberg et al.—Application for writ of certiorari granted. Application for stay of execution pending certiorari denied.

Thomas Doran v. Lovering & Garrigues Co.—Motion denied. See memorandum per curiam.

In re Milton T. Leobl, an attorney.—Referred to official referee.

In rel John M. Coleman, an atty.—Referred to official referee.

In re Sarah Akin, decd.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Eugene L. Richards, as Supt., &c., v. Joseph G. Robin et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Isaac Pelder v. Edwin L. Kalish et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

U. S. Trust Co., respt., v. Anna K. Daniel, applt.—Order affirmed, without costs.

Same v. same.—Order affirmed, without costs.

Sydney M. Teeter, respt., v. Anna K. Daniel, applt.—Order affirmed, without costs.

Same v. same.—Order affirmed, without costs.

Same v. same.—Order affirmed, without costs.

DAY CALENDAR.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II., Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II., McAvoy, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. In re Young—Philip J Britt. N Y Trust Co<Mainzer—Phoenix Ingraham.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Gillender<Klenk—John H Rogan. Berliner<Klausner—Algernon S Norton.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. Kate B Murry<24-26 Vandewater Corp—Harry N French.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Samuel L Friedman<Alex L Kenny—Arthur O Ernst.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Nermile<Sullivan—James H Goggin. Cardashian<Whitlin Const Co—James P McDonough. Otten<Schilling—Peter J Everett.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—1st Lt. R. F. Maddux, C. A. C., on arrival in U. S. to headquarters Coast Defenses Long Island Sound for duty.

1st Lt. T. A. Clark, C. A. C., 169 to 142 Co., Oct. 15, and sail about Sept. 5 for Manila.

1st Lt. M. G. Randol, 6 F. A., to Sparta, Wis., Aug. 8, report to commanding officer, Battery D, 5 F. A., for duty during service target practice, then return to his station.

1st Lt. G. A. Lynch, Inf., from duty in the Div. of Militia Affairs and is redetailed as instructor of Dist. of Columbia N. G.

Maj. J. W. Heavey, Inf., Inspector-Instructor with Mass. N. G., relieved about July 20, and to the office of Chief. Div. of Militia Affairs, D. C.

Capt. R. E. Frith, 5 Inf., from treatment at W. Reed Hosp., D. C., to his regiment.

Capt. H. R. Casey, C. A. C., 147 to 161 Co.

Capt. H. C. Jewett, C. E., 1st Battalion, to Engr. School, Washington Barracks, D. C., for duty.

Maj. H. G. Bishop, 5 F. A., is detailed to the Q. M. C., Sept. 1, vice Maj. W. D. Newbill, Q. M. C., relieved. Maj. Bishop to San Francisco for duty as Dept. Q. M. and Asst. to the Div. Q. M., Third Div.

Leaves: 1st Lt. R. D. La Garde, 9 Inf., 3 mos. ext.; Capt. J. M. Fulton, C. A. C., 15 days, and 2d Lt. A. J. Hanlon, 8 Inf., ext. to Aug. 5.

Navy Orders.

Com. W. S. Whitted from works of William Cramp & Co. to home.

Lt. Com. J. J. Hyland, the Mississippi, to the North Carolina.

Lt. Com. L. Coxe commissioned from Feb. 13, 1914.

Lt. W. C. Stiles, Hydrographic Office, Norfolk, to the New Hampshire.

Lt. L. Minor, the Alabama, to the Brooklyn.

Jr. Lt. W. T. Mallison, the Mississippi, to the North Carolina.

Ens. A. D. Bernhard, the Maine, to the Ohio.

Ens. J. M. Ashley, works of Burgess Co., Marblehead, Mass., to the Utah.

Med. Dir. F. Anderson, retired July 20 and detached Naval Examining Board, Washington.

P. A. Surg. E. W. Brown, the Tallahassee, to the Raleigh.

Asst. Surg. A. L. Base, At. Res. Fleet, to the Maine.

Pay Insp. G. C. Seibels to charge Navy Pay Office, Norfolk.

Prof. Mathematics M. Updegraff to Nav. Hosp., Las Animas, Col., sick.

Ch. Gun. T. M. Johnston, the Maine, to the Ohio.

Gun. J. Meyer, the North Carolina, to the Brooklyn.

Ch. Mach. K. D. Grant, the Alabama, and Mach. C. D. Welker, the Kentucky, to temporary duty the Maine.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived.—Saturn at Mare Island; South Dakota at Sandiego; Kansas at La Guiara; West Virginia at San Francisco; Perry and Paul Jones at La Paz; Prairie at Hampton Roads; Washington at Puerto Plata; Nashville and Yankton at Vera Cruz, Standish at Norfolk Yard; Rainbow at Manila; Orion at New York Yard, and the Adams at Hoboken.

Sailed.—Dolphin, Washington for Quincy; Denver, La Paz for Mare Island; Lawrence, Guaymas for La Paz; Marblehead, Sandiego for San Francisco, via Santa Cruz; Island de Luzon, New York Yard, for Post Repair trial; Scorpion, Naples for Constantinople; Connecticut, Habana for Port au Prince; Missouri and Illinois, Gibraltar for Gravesend; Wilmington, Hong Kong for Amoy; Mars, Vera Cruz for Hampton Roads; Nero, San Francisco for Mazatlan.

The Florida now at Vera Cruz to New York Yard, for material inspection.

The West Virginia, now at San Francisco, and the South Dakota, now at Sandiego, to the Mare Island Yard for material inspection.

Revenue Cutter Service.

3d Lt. E. F. Stone, to perform the duties of a 3d Lt., (Onondaiga.)

Const. F. A. Hunnewell, to New York, on official business.

1st Lts. B. H. Camden and H. H. Wolf, to South Balto., on business.

Leaves.—1st Lt. of Engrs. M. N. Usina, 2 days; 2d Lt. of Engrs. H. B. Robinson, 30 days extn.; 1st Lt. of Engrs. W. E. Maccoun, 7 days extn.; 1st Lt. R. Ridgely, Jr., 5 days; 1st Lt. S. P. Edmonds, retired, granted permission to travel through Canada; Capt. P. H. Uberroth, 30 days; 1st Lt. of Engrs. D. F. X. Bowen, 30 days; 2d Lt. G. T. Finlay, 30 days, and Capt. F. A. Lewis, detached from duty as Asst. Insp., Life-Saving Service, upon relief, and granted 30 days' leave.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers: Patrol. L. H. Messall, 39 to 143; J. A. McFall, 5 to 63; (mutual) J. J. Kilcline, 33 to 62; M. J. Callagy, 62 to 33.

Temporary assignments: Capt. F. A. Tierney, 149, to command 8 Insp. Dist. from July 9 to July 27; Lts. Edward McAniff, 80, to command for 20 days; J. F. McMahon, 165, to command 161 for 10 days; J. J. Noble, 172, to command 149 from July 9 to July 27; Sergt. H. E. Bruckman, 42, to Det. Bu. for 10 days; Patrol. Harry Horn, 6, and F. C. Murphy, 39, to Bureau of Telegraph for 30 days; P. G. FitzGibbon, 7, to 12 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; J. F. Rotchford, 21, to Det. Bu. for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Atty.'s office, New York; E. H. Hommel, 43, to 4 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; E. J. McNamee, 145, to Det. Bu. for 10 days; J. J. Quinn, 149, and W. S. Donnelly, 150, to Det. Bu. for 10 days; T. L. McCullough, 6 Insp. Dist., to Det. Bu. for 10 days, detailed to Dist. Atty.'s office, Bronx. To 15 Insp. Dist. from prects. indicated for 10 days: J. T. Brady, 1; D. J. Daly, 168; O. H. Bohmke, 169; E. A. Waitword, 170; P. A. Brown, 149; J. J. Burns, 169; F. E. Gilmartin, 169; R. E. Morris, 171. To C. O., duty in Special Squad No. 1, from prects. indicated for 3 days: T. J. McAdams, 10; James Byrnes, 146; Peter Thornton, 155; J. J. J. Paton, 14; J. F. O'Malley, 154; J. A. Hurton, 276. To Detective Bureau from prects. indicated for 10 days: L. J. Campomenosi, 2; Giuseppe Caravetta, 12; J. F. Fitzpatrick, 14; Donato Cavone, 28; W. J. Marion, 43; M. W. O'Connell, 150; M. B. Royce, 156; Louis Herman, 7; Jacob Lowenheim, 13; Andrew Mealli, 18; S. G. Donohue, 42; T. H. Waters, 149; H. W. L. Van Gilluwe, 154; J. A. Kessler, 164; F. S. McNaught, 13; T. A. Brady, 28; M. J. Callahan, 42; T. J. Ford, 63; J. J. Cooke, 146; William Dillon, 170; T. F. Hughes, 26; C. L. Manning, 36; Edgar Stephens, 61; R. M. McKenna, 68; C. J. Scrivens, 153; Prob. Patrol. F. G. Lisa and T. C. Dowd, 39, to 3 Insp. Dist. for 10 days. To Det. Bu. from commands indicated for 3 days: August Gillman, 14; August Legge, 43; Max Katz, 42; Benjamin Leventhal, School for R.; Lt. A. J. Wines, 23, to command 7 Det. Dist during absence of Capt. on vacation; Act. Det. Sergts. J. L. Cunningham, 149; T. J. McManus, 167, and Thomas Dowling, 14 to Manhattan Headquarters for 10 days.

Assignment discontinued: Henry Cohen, 11 Insp. Dist., to command 8 Insp. Dist.

Leaves, with pay: Capts. J. J. Lantry, 80, 30 days; J. F. Linden, 161, 10 days. Without pay: Patrol. Thos. Hickey, 21, 3 days.

Fined: Capt. J. H. Gillen, 143, disobedience of orders, neglect of duty, and inefficiency, 30 days; Patrol. Arthur Henne, 6, improper patrol, 2 days; W. S. Cozine, 7, same, ½ day; Forest Egbert, 26, absent from post, 1 day; J. H. Cogan, 26, struck citizen, 5 days; Joseph Moskowitz, 28, absent from fixed post, 3 days; J. F. Cringle, 28, improper patrol, 3 days; J. P. Woods, 32, absent from fixed post, 1 day; G. A. Stoffers, 32, absent without leave, 1 day; Patrick Sullivan, 32, conversation, ½ day; P. E. Murphy, 36, absent from fixed post, failed to make entry, 5 days; W. F. Henne, 37, absent from post, 4 days; George Gernand, 37, same, 4 days; G. S. Evans, 39, absent from reserve, 1 day; Giovanni Scotti, 42, absent without leave, 1 day; O. W. Johanson, 43, absent from post, 8 days; Walter Stephens, 62, same, 5 days; W. M. Neumiller, 65, conversation, 1 day; A. L. Weiss, 66, absent from post, 2 days; R. J. Hamilton, 66, improper patrol, 4 days; B. M. Smith, 66, absent from post, 4 days; W. S. Cochran, 68, same, 5 days; James Gillooly, 68, same, 3 days.

Resigned: Patrol. G. A. Lawton, 63, on July 9.

Fire Department.

Fined: S. P. McGuigan, Eng. 18, absent, no leave, 10 days; E. J. Eberley, Jr., Eng. 91, violation of Section 121, 3 days; W. J. Costello, H. & L. 5, neglect of duty, 3 days; T. E. Fitzpatrick, Eng. 86, loss of badge, $5.

To report to the Repair Shops, 56 St., at 9 A. M. Monday, July 13, to complete course in Auto School: John Macrae, Jr., H. & L. 79; Robt. Bowe, H. & L. 109; G. W. Murray, (No. 2,) Eng. 205.

Leave, (no pay:) D. P. Kind, Eng. 210, for 24 hours.

The pay of Tel. Operator James A. Robertson, Telegraph Bu., is designated at the rate of $900 a yr.

Fined: Stenographer Herman A. Bayern, Bu. of F. P., absence without leave and disobedience of orders, 2 days' pay.

Stenographer George W. Hopper, Bu. of F. P., transferred to the ofice of the Com. of Public Works, Manhattan.

The detail of Draughtsman Peter J. Clark, Telegraph Bu., to the Bureau of F. P., is revoked. His pay is fixed at $1,500 a yr.

Employed as laborers for five days: Thomas Moroney, William Zwerneman.

Object to New Regulations.

The Customs Brokers and Clerks' Association at a meeting held yesterday, decided to send a committee to Washington to interview the officials of the Treasury Department relative to the new regulations dealing with the certification of invoices. The association is opposed to the requirements of the new rules as burdensome and oppressive, not only to the foreign shippers but as well to the importers and their representatives here. The committee, which will be headed by John Rafferty, President of the association, will go to the capital the first of next week and argue for the retention of the old regulations.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Herman Wolf of the Wolf Company, and Bernard Douglass of the American Gown Company, have been elected to the Board of Directors of the Cotton Garment Manufacturers of New York, Inc.

Sol M. Bloch, President of the Nottingham Lace Works, returned yesterday on the Lusitania from a business trip abroad.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..4@4½ per cent. for the best names.
Thursday...4@4¼ " " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

Borders Look Promising.

It was said yesterday in the trade that borders are looking very promising as a novelty. Information received locally is that already French manufacturers are applying them to plain serges. One reason for the notion that borders are to have a run once more is that they have been out of use in a large way for a long time and should now stand excellent chance for reinstatement. The sentiment is that the customary staples, especially light-weight pique, will be retained and that in view of the expanding vogue for pleats some appropriate material will be worked out that can be used to advantage for separate skirts.

Helping Retailers Organize.

The National Retail Dry Goods Association, having helped through the assistance of Frederick W. Linder to organize the Illinois retailers into an association, will now undertake a similar work in Minnesota. After this it is proposed to extend the aid of the national body to the retail department stores in this State, several requests for the organization's aid in this regard having been received. The Illinois association in no way is connected with the national association, but is a separate and distinct organization. The department stores will not be the only houses to benefit through membership in such groups as are being formed, since it is the plan of the national association to foster a movement looking toward an organization composed of all kinds of retail establishments.

Fast Edge to a Ribbon.

The question whether certain ribbons imported by Gage Bros. & Co., have fast edges as claimed by the importers, or are of a character warranting their classification under the old tariff, as trimmings, was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers in favor of the firm. The customs authorities held that the ribbons did not have a fast edge, but a picot edge. That is, one composed of many small ornamental loops forming a border or edging. Duty was accordingly taken at 60 per cent. ad valorem as silk trimming. The importers insisted that the edges are fast, and therefore properly dutiable at only 50 per cent. Judge Howell decides that while the ribbon has edges made of a series of loops as reported by the Appraiser, they serve the purpose of making a fast edge and preventing it from unravelling.

Imports of a Week.

Imports of general merchandise, including dry goods, here in the week ended July 4 were valued at $15,796,440, compared with $17,960,312, the week before, and $17,618,999 the week before that. Included in these imports are $473,956 worth of precious stones, jewelry and watches. Imports of leather, hides, &c., were $1,314,368, and of coffee $1,110,869. India rubber, manufactures, substitutes, waste, &c., had a value of $1,211,302. Imports of wool were 967 sales, appraised at $153,388. Imports of dry goods for consumption totaled $2,571,355, while silk goods entries were appraised at $697,030. The week before the entries were respectively, $2,310,356 and $734,477. Withdrawals of dry goods of all kinds from bonded warehouses last week were $542,677, while those entered for warehouse had a value of $602,301. Statistics of the previous week were, respectively, $457,949 and $768,196.

Gray Goods Prices Up.

The gray goods market took a strong spurt yesterday. There was a great deal more activity in the printcloth market, with prices showing a tendency to strengthen all along the line. Bids of 4 11-16 cents for large quantities of 38½-inch 64-56s failed to bring out any goods, the mills holding strong at 4¾ cents. The 38½-inch 64-60s sold in a fair-sized way for near-by delivery at 4¾ cents. The 38½-inch 60-48s sold very largely for July and August delivery at 4¼ cents, and most mills have now advanced their price to 4 5-16 cents. There are bids in the market for large quantities of 39-inch 4-yard 80-square goods by the printers at 6¾ cents, which mills have refused to meet. Buyers continue to bid for large blocks of goods for deliveries running to the end of the year at the old prices, but mills are refusing all offers that fail to show an advance of 1-16 to ⅛ of a cent a yard. A fair demand keeps up for 40-inch lawns and voiles for quick delivery.

Good Business in Sight.

A member of a prominent dry goods commission house said yesterday that from reports received by his house from its connections throughout the country it is obvious that basic business conditions are healthy. "The reports," said he, "are to the effect that retailers in all sections fear to replenish their stocks as fully as would be the case were they not afflicted with the general feeling of hesitancy characterizing all lines at the present time. They also fear to borrow money or extend their financial responsibilities beyond barest necessities. With this feeling of hesitancy removed, I can see no reason why business should not go back to thoroughly normal conditions once more. Since 1907 the country has been undergoing a liquidating process, with the result that things are pretty well sifted out, so that, as I have said, with hesitancy removed, we should enter a period of much trade activity. I do not look for any very great boom in the coming months, but am convinced from all the reports at hand from our representatives in all sections of the country that it will not be long before good business will be in evidence."

What Buyers Found Abroad.

Buyers returning from the other side who have spent some time studying foreign markets state that the European producers are giving much attention to weaves and weights that have been in favor during recent seasons. Crêpes, for illustration, are samples of the tendency abroad in this respect. It was said yesterday that probably two-thirds of the types sent over from France to manufacturers here consisted of crêpe.

While there is no doubt that crêpe will have a strong representation here next year, American manufacturers appear to be principally interested in turning out something new, as the domestic sentiment seems to be that crêpes have reached the high-water mark of popularity. Some buyers, it is understood, have returned from Europe without placing their customary contracts. They insist that new collections of novelties be prepared for their inspection before they are willing to give orders for next year's distribution. There are signs warranting the belief that materials on the order of organdies will find much success next year. It is almost assured that they will be in demand not only in plain white, but also printed. The sheer material of this kind readily lends itself to printing.

URGES HONESTY IN TRADE.

Retailers Hear Plea to Make Misrepresentation a Felony.

BOSTON, July 10.—A plea for a law that would make it a felony to misrepresent any article of merchandise was made at today's session of the National Shoe Retailers' Association Convention. A. C. McGowen, of Philadelphia, president of the organization, said:

"We have shown the legislators and those who have advocated 'pure shoe' legislation that we are heartily and sincerely in favor of laws that will protect the consumers that will drive fraud from the ranks of honest business and we have advocated an honest advertising law in place of this so-called 'pure shoe' legislation for the reason that the bills as presented will not cure fraud, but will stimulate it."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

ALEX. ESRICK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Alex. Esrick, dealer in wines and liquors at 34 to 42 West Fourteenth Street, who has the liquor department in a department store, by these creditors: Porges & Levy, $257; Oscar Heyman & Co., $67, and Charles Stern & Sons, $433. Liabilities are said to be $4,700, and assets $3,000. He formerly had the liquor department in the Fourteenth Street Store, and opened in his present location in April last. Judge Hand restrained the Sheriff and City Marshals from disposing of any part of the estate.

WOLK & KISS.—A petition has been filed against Louis Wolk and Harry Kiss, who compose the firm of Wolk & Kiss, manufacturers of human hair goods at 145 Goerck Street, by these creditors: Milton Meyer, $1,165; Morris Finkelstein, $413, and Gothell & Cohen, $65.

WILLIAM C. BEUTEL, salesman at 186 Eleventh Avenue, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $14,782 and no assets. The principal creditors are the Burgerliches Brauhaus of Budweis, Bohemia, $5,000, and the Radelberger Export Brewery of Radeberg, Saxony, $5,000. Mr. Beutel was formerly a bottler of imported beers, and was of William C. Beutel & Co., Inc., which was put into bankruptcy on June 26, 1913.

ALEX. STONE.—A petition has been filed against Alex. Stone, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 954½ Freeman Street, Bronx, by these creditors: Hilda Carling, $475; Philip Holtzman, $25, and Fannie Chorba, $15. Liabilities are $2,500, and assets $1,500.

ANDREW GREIS of 335 West Nineteenth Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,297 and no assets.

MEYER BROS.—A petition has been filed against Frederick Meyer, doing business as Meyer Bros., druggist, at 1,210 Third Avenue, by Madison G. Hawke, a creditor, for $502. Judge Hand appointed Allen T. Klots receiver to carry on business until further orders. Liabilities are $8,000, and assets $2,000.

MALLINSON & PHILLIPS, INC.—A petition has been filed against Mallinson & Phillips, Inc., builders, of 17 John Street, Yonkers, by these creditors: William Kay, $186; Harry L. Twine, $609, and estate of Samuel P. Mitchell, $104. A petition was also filed against Horton W. Mallinson and Thomas Phillips, composing the firm, by these creditors: Yerke & Co., $1,145; Harry L. Twine, $143; estate of Samuel P. Mitchell, $29, and William Kay, $281. Liabilities are reported to be $11,000.

LEWIS & NEVINS, grocers, at Brockway, Dutchess County, N. Y., have filed a petition, with liabilities of $2,172 and assets of $2,014. The partners are Frederick A. Lewis and Hector Nevins.

SOLOMON BLINDER.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Solomon Blinder, liquor dealer, of 205 Eldridge Street, show liabilities of $7,447 and assets of $31,464. Two of his customers are in jail. They are indebted to him as follows: "Curley," in Essex County jail, $30, and "Ginger," $14. Some other customers are dead, and the amounts they owed him are included in the outstanding accounts.

BACKUS & LEESER COMPANY.—Schedules of the Backus & Leeser Company, polishing and platers' supplies, at 410 West Thirteenth Street, show liabilities of $21,264 and assets of $7,690 in notes and accounts. Among the creditors are Mortimer M. Lee, $12,500 on notes, and New Netherland Bank, $1,500 loan.

BRONFMAN & SHEINBERG.—Schedules of Bronfman & Sheinberg, manufacturers of dresses and suits, at 138 West Twenty-fifth Street, show liabilities of $13,529 and assets of $3,011.

STURGIS & WALTON COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Frederick M. Leonard of 160 Broadway receiver for Sturgis & Walton Company, book publishers, of 31 East Twenty-seventh Street, on request of creditors. Assets are $10,000.

Week's Failures Number 247.

Bradstreet's reports 247 business failures in the United States for the week, against 249 for the previous week, and 210, 252, 196, and 202 for the corresponding weeks of 1913 to 1910. The Middle States had 76, New England 20, Southern 49, Western 57, Northwestern 11, and Far Western 34. Canada had 60, against 34 for the preceding week. About 89 per cent. of the number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, George W.—J. J. Hoey, $267.
Apuzzo, Salvatore—A. Cassese, $668.
Abrams, Barney—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $264.
Albro, Stephen V. and Albro C.—E. Badt, $1,594.
Brown, Frederick—Hess Realty Co., $163.
Bernhardt, Josey and Louis—M. Toefper, $101.
Booth, L. Washington—M. C. L. Coppicus, $197.
Bender, W. Howard, and Howard Stacey Co.—H. S. Horn, $15,438.
Craine, Ralph M.—F. H. Peller, $442.
Chary, Hyman—G. Ulson, $163.
Crocker, Mary W.—E. L. Brady Co., $253.
Chase, Peter S., or S. P., P. S. & I. B. Chesney—H. Gesser, $330.
Clarence, Max—Bloch Advertising Service, Inc., $112.
Dalton, James H., and Leila Dalton or Marie Dressler—Coliseum Syndicate, Ltd., $3,850.
Devaney, James—Lawson Wilson & Co., Ltd., $645.
Ely, Joseph M.—N. Y. French Range Co., $206.
Feldblum, George—I. W. Benjamin, $115.
Farrell, Patrick J.—Julius Kessler & Co., $203.
Gross—W. M. Powell, $3,286.
Gagliano, Angelo—City of New York, $174.
Goldman, Harry S., and Joseph W. Shae—H. J. Beebe, $590.
Goldbeck, Lina A.—B. N. Burkan, $115.
Gray, Merrill R., and J. Howard Strickland—Winthrop Press Inc., $125.
Jonas, Louis—I. Probstein, $1,228.
Kaufman, Harry—Haven Realty Co., $198.
Kip, Jeronemus H.—C. G. Rochat & Sons, Inc., $242.
Lithauer, Edw. L.—E. Fisher, $258.
Legomsky, Karl—George O'Neill, $325.
Lama, Ralph or Raffaele—A. Friedman, $189.
Lee, Wm. J.—P. Berkery, $946.
Muso, August L., and Nino L.—L. A. Degenhardt, $669.
Max, Clarence—Bloch Advertising Service, Inc., $112.
Maher, Edw. J.—Ed Thompson Co., $246.
Militello, Joseph V.—A. Fischlowitz, $117.
Nese, Angelo—Julius Kessler & Co., $119.
Oldham, David J. T.—W. F. Birch, $389.
Olmstead, Ellis F., or Elmer F.—G. Busch, $112.
Prichep, Charles—American Woolen Co. of N. Y., $9,859.
Picker, Isaac—J. Weinstein, $200.
Reinitz, Ignatz—M. Roberts, $8,934.
Ross, Louis H.—Sam Cohen Fur Co., Inc., $169.
Robinson, Thomas W.—Current Literature Pub. Co., $138.
Ringgold, Wm. H.—L. Bamberger, $119.
Schanz, Joseph—J. A. Sotscheck, $242.
Schoonmaker, Mary J.—P. Ordemann, $106.
Siegel, Morris, and Samuel Stein—People, &c., $1,000.
Sharashoff, Max—M. Malawista, $969.
Seedorf, Nicholas C.—A. De Vries, $530.
Sharp, Peter—Haven Realty Co., $120.
Schwartz, Samuel—Security Bank, $164.
Tiechman, Wolf—S. Weisman, $187.
Vreeland, David L.—Kerin & Dunn, $232.
Whitney, Fred C.—L. P. Mott, $530.
Wolansky, Isaac—E. Finkel, $550.
Watson, John T.—H. Schechner, $300.
Warde, Nell W.—A. L. Brooks, $157.
Egan & Leake—J. F. Morgan, $108.
Inter-City Land & Securities Co.—S. Frank, $321.
John J. Hearn Construction Co.—E. D'Allsera, $270.
K. J. Collins, Inc.—W. V. Astor, $126.
M. G. Samuels & Co.—Austin Fire Ins. Co. of Dallas, Texas, $176.
Midwest Realty Co.—N. Y. Edison Co., $534.
Monaco Construction Co. and Joseph Monaco—L. Swernlo, $420.
Speedway Aumsement Co. of N. Y.—M. Kelly, $125.
29th St. Construction Co.—S. H. Pomeroy Co., $279.
Whitman Co.—Thomas Addis Emmet Realty Co., $233.

In Bronx County.

Brill Contracting Co.—Interborough Sash and Door Co., $904.
Same—M. L. Rohman, $613.
Carucci, Samuel, Vincent Valento, and Sole Realty Co.—L. W. Miller, $114.
De Blasi, Alfonso—M. M. Palmieri, $115.
De Blasi, Angiolina and Alfonso—E. De Blasi, $118.
Edgar, George—W. S. Edgar, $1,346.
Esposito Realty Co.—L. Buongiorno, $159.
Farrington, Charles L.—F. E. Boehmcke, $145.
Fimilli, Nicola—The Mayer Bros. Co., $157.
Greenberg, Harry—O. O'Beirne, $2,210.
Lamberti, Pasquale, Jr.—A. F. Blanchard and others, $354.
Oldak, Harris—M. Rubens, $112.
Ruehl, Adolph—L. Van Dervin, $283.
Sheehy, Ambrose—M. P. Doyle, $140.
Stadler, Henry A. and Tillie M.—Bronx Borough Bank, $5,612.
Tranter, Beatrice—I. Baer and others, $302.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Hickey, Joseph C.—R. Waldo et al., March 30, 1914, $158.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—J. Schonleben, April 29, 1914, $1,568.
Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson, receivers—C. Dietz, April 24, 1914, $8,148.
New York Railways Co.—P. J. Callan, Jan. 21, 1914, $199.
Roth, Henry, and David Printz—A. Abrahams et al., June 10, 1914, $308.
Jacob, Lawrence—W. D. Fricke, July 1, 1914, $1,023.
Goldenberg, David C.—C. D. Lockwood, March 19, 1914, $1,144.
Same—Same, March 19, 1914, $147.
Wollman, Julius—State Bank, July 16, 1907, (released,) $963.
D. A. Cushman Realty Corp. et al.—W. L. Condit et al., July 10, 1914, $5,773.
Mackenzie, Charlotte L. R.—J. W. Osborne et al., Nov. 1, 1910, $2,665.
Mark Rofalsky & Co.—Rowan Realty Co., June 2, 1914, $2,298.
Hardin, Thomas, and William F. Flynn—People, &c., Nov. 20, 1905, $500.
Goldberg, Isaac—M. M. Ritchuk, March 5, 1914, $151.
Cinnotti, Paul—L. Hauswirth, Feb. 7, 1914, $173.
Whitney, Charles M. and Emma S.—E. Fixman, Dec. 24, 1913, $214.
New York Railway Co.—K. C. Woodward, June 10, 1914, $596.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—R. Eichhorn, Jan. 26, 1914, $845.
Serposs, Theresa and Armand—E. Wolf, Dec. 17, 1913, $2,735.
Lindeman, Henry and S. G.—F. J. Goepel, July 8, 1914, $115.
Vandergrift, Joseph B.—S. Hamilton Co., March 7, 1907, $228.
Witteman Brothers—National Park Bank of New York, Jan. 19, 1914, $2,528.
Same—Same, Feb. 13, 1914, $9,198.

In Bronx County.

Bloom & Hausen, Inc.—M. Eisenberg, May 26, 1914, $107.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ADLER, SCHANETTE, (May 16, 1913;) net estate, $9,186; furniture, $68; note, $1,225; mtgs., $7,414; bank, $2,324.

BRANDT, EMMA M., (July 20, 1909;) net estate, $979; bank, $10; personal, $25; insurance, $1,485.

BREWSTER, ZENO C., (March 12, 1911;) gross estate in N. Y. consists of household effects valued at $200.

FARLEY, FREDERICK C., (May 9, 1911;) supplemental report fixes net estate at $13,174.

FISCHER, CARL, Jr., (Dec. 13, 1912;) taxability of estate not yet determined; bank, $235; bond and mtg., $5,123; int. in copartnership bus. of Carl Fischer, $155,718.

GAITES, LILLA, (April 21, 1912;) net estate, $27,749; lots in Coney Island Av., Brooklyn, $3,400; bank, $26,870; household and personal, $573.

GALLIGAN, ANNIE, (Oct. 23, 1913;) net estate, $4,809; bank, $5,686; cash, $126; jewelry, $31; trunks, $3; clothing, $7; due from Isaac P. Smith, $12.

LARKIN, TERENCE J., (May 11, 1913;) net estate, $6,841; bank, $7,190; jewelry, $20; collected on outstanding accts. and from sale of stock in store at 10 W. 4 St., $3,653.

RAMSEY, WILLIAM D., (July 18, 1913;) supplemental report fixes value of N. Y. realty at $70,000.

SCHNEIDER, SOPHIA, (Dec. 30, 1913;) net estate, $98,200, 851 Col. Av., $32,000, (mtg., $17,315;) 853 Col. Av., $32,000, (mtg., $17,315;) 486 Lenox Av., $31,000, (mtg., $20,041;) 554 E. 149th St., Bronx, $37,000, (mtg $32,282;) 397 E. 155 St., Bronx, $16,000, (mtg., $8,100;) 721 Melrose Av., Bronx, $30,000, (mtg., $20,083;) 1,357 Webster Av., Bronx, $14,500, (mtg., $13,116;) farm at Howells, N. Y., $7,500, (mtg $2,008;) total realty, $69,737; bank, $12,459; mtgs., $16,194; notes, $1,265; household effects and jewelry, $504.

SHANNON, J. JACOB, (Oct. 3, 1910;) supplemental report reduces net estate to $240.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

DODGE, EMMA H., (Jan. 31,) more than $1,000 personalty to Elsie S. Dodge Pattee.

EAKINS, SARAH K., (Apr. 26,) less than $1,000 personalty; less than $100 to James L. Stewart; less than $50 to Nellie Stewart.

GOLDTHWAIT, FREDERICK E., (July 5,) $1,600 personalty to Harold E. Goldthwait, son.

MISTRETTA, CARMELO, (June 24,) $100 personalty to Caterina Mistretta, wife.

PROAL, ERMINA J., (no petition filed,) estate of unestimated value: $5,000 each to Arthur B. Proal, Jr., Henry B. Adsit, brother, Sarah A. Clemons, sister, and Martha M. Woodruff, daughter-in-law; specific bequests to Madelon Proal, daughter-in-law; two-thirds of residue to Pierre A. Proal, son; one-third of residue in trust in equal shares for Harry A. Woodruff, grandson, and Martha M. Woodruff, daughter-in-law.

ZONCADA, LYDIA, (June 10,) $500 realty and $800 personalty: $50 to Mrs. Hulslander; specific bequest to Marion Hoeffer, niece; residue in equal shares to Emily F. Hoefer and Eliza A. Frye, sisters, and Fred William Zoncada, brother.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The pressure is relatively lower, particularly over all parts of the country, but it is high off the Pacific and Atlantic Coasts. No well defined disturbance appears within the field of observations. During the last twenty-four hours there were scattered showers in the Gulf and Atlantic States, the Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions, and fair weather elsewhere.

Temperature remains considerably above the seasonal average in the Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, and readings are approximately normal elsewhere. Except for widely scattered showers in the Atlantic and East Gulf States and the Rocky Mountain region, the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday over practically the entire country.

No important temperature changes are indicated for the next forty-eight hours.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast Saturday and Sunday will be light to moderate, variable, mostly south; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate south; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate, variable.

FORECASTS TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; light to moderate south winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	67	65	4 P. M.	80	71
6 A. M.	69	66	6 P. M.	79	67
9 A. M.	73	73	9 P. M.	74	65
12 M.	80	72	11 P. M.	70	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 69; for the corresponding date last year it was 74; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 70; at 8 P. M. it was 66. Maximum temperature, 73 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 65 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 85 per cent. at 8 A. M., 86 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.06 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.02 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:55—83 Norfolk St.; not given	$50
4:50—403 E. 86 St.; Jennie Kokols	$15
11:50—119 E. 15 St.; L. Ragatsy	Slight
P. M.	
12:05—115 Bleecker St.; not given	Not given
1:00—101 E. 115 St.; Isidor Ginsberg	Slight
8:45—285 St. Nicholas Av.; Mrs. Randolph	Slight
9:00—226 E. 124 St.; Morris Sidinsky	Slight
9:15—58 E. 8 St.; Benjamin Klein & Co.	Not given
9:32—172 St. at Jerome Av.; Mary Sweat	Slight
9:35—31 University Place; not given	Slight
11:20—2,835 8 Av.; James Butler	$25

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car., Ga.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably local thundershowers; light to moderate s. winds.

Fla.—Local thundershowers Sat. and Sun.; moderate, variable winds.

Ala.—Local thundershowers Sat. and probably Sun.; light to moderate s. winds.

Miss. and La.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably local showers near the coast; light, variable winds.

E. Tex.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; moderate s. winds.

Utah—Local thundershowers Sat., Sun. fair.

Okla. and Mo.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; not much change in temp.

Ark., Tenn., Ky., W. Tex., and Ia.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Ohio, Ind., Wis., Mich., and Minn.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; light to moderate variable winds.

Ill.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; light, variable winds.

N. and S. Dak.—Probably fair Sat. and Sun.

Neb. and Kan.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ATLANTA—Silverman & Lonsberg; S. Silverman, ladies' ready-to-wear; Claridge.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; A. Birkenwald, men's, boys' clothing; York.
BALTIMORE—E. Rosenfeld Co.; E. Rosenfeld, night robes; 1,133 B'way; Netherland.
CHICAGO—Solklein; Miss A. Broms, corsets, ladies', infants' wear; 1,261 B'way.
CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; B. A. Beagle, shoes; 432 4th Av.; Gregorian.
DALLAS — Higgenbotham-Bailey-Logan Co.; W. L. Logan, millinery; 43 Leonard.
DANVILLE, Ill.—Emery D. G. Co.; Mrs. C. R. Reed, cloaks; 116 W. 32d.
DENVER—M. B. Ratner; Mr. Woods, jobs wash dresses; 40 E. 22d.
EL PASO—Popular Dry Goods Co.; M. Schwartz, carpets, general mdse.; 353 4th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; Miss M. Trimble, representing; 2 Walker.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Stores Co.; E. Lieberman, fancy, art goods; 214 Church; Cumberland.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Stores Co.; B. F. Smith, shoes; 214 Church; Cumberland.
LONGVIEW, Texas.—Goldstein & Loeb; J. Goldstein, ladies' ready-to-wear garments; 170 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock; Miss Roberts, jewelry; G. A. Skinner, jewelry, leather goods, hdkfs, ribbons; 95 Madison Av.
LYNCHBURG—Leftwich, Legrand & Watts; W. O. Watts, clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
MACON.—J. N. Neel Co.; J. N. Neel, clothing, furnishing goods; Claridge.
MEADVILLE, Utah—Golden Rule Syndicate; E. L. Frasier, cloaks, suits, general mdse.; 354 4th Av.
MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Co.; George B. Schoen; jobs skirts, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; G. S. Roth, shoes; 2 Walker.
MONTROSE, Col.—Golden Rule Syndicate; V. L. Horn, cloaks, suits, general mdse.; 354 4th Av.
MOUNT PLEASANT, Utah.—Golden Rule Syndicate; W. B. Hicks, cloaks, suits, general mdse.; 354 4th Av.
PADUCAH—C. W. Thompson; V. A. Salvo, notions, laces, ribbons; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Bogs & Buhl; W. Graham, upholstery goods; 37 West 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. L. Kaufmann, cloaks, suits, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; H. B. Kirk, upholstery goods; 116 W. 32d.
PORTLAND, Me.—Z. Swett; H. Kerfle, millinery; 15 E. 26th.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lowengart & Co.; O. Rittenberg, millinery; 621 Broadway.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; E. B. Snyder, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
RICHFIELD, Utah.—Golden Rule Syndicate; C. J. Malmsten, cloaks, suits, general mdse.; 354 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hinz & Laudt; J. C. Berendsen, millinery; 656 Broadway.
SEATTLE—Seattle Dry Goods Co.; R. S. Smoot, laces, trimmings, handkerchiefs, neckwear; 225 4th Av.
SOUTH BEND—J. C. Ellsworth; R. Robertson, gen'l mdse.; 320 Church.
ST. JOSEPH—Derge Bodenhauser Clothing Co.; R. C. Bretz, furn. goods; Belleclaire.
ST. JOSEPH—Rositzky-Chasnoff Merc. Co.; I. Rositzky, clothing, furn. goods; Broadway Central.
ST. LOUIS—Garland; Miss K. Woods, ladies' wear; 15 E. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Eiseman Bros. Mfg. Co.; H. F. Eiseman, misses', infants', children's dresses; Aberdeen.
ST. LOUIS—F. C. Taylor Fur Co.; F. H. Pingree, furs; Wallick.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss M. Jones, muslin underwear; 31 Union Square.
TORONTO—T. Eaton Co., Ltd.; Mr. Baruch, misses' Spring coats, suits; 45 E. 17th; R. 1603.
WILKES-BARRE—Duncan & Homer Co.; W. P. Jones, dress goods, silks; D. G. Boyer, dry goods; 212 5th Av.

Buyers' Wants

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

DRESS JOBBER, EXCLUSIVE, LOOKING AT HIGH-PRICED SILK DRESSES AND NOVELTIES OF ALL KINDS. ADDRESS G 7 TIMES ANNEX.

WELL-KNOWN HANDKERCHIEF MAN wishes agency for representative manufacturer. Address X 216, Times Annex.

WOMAN'S HATS.—Wanted manufacturers' line machine-made woman's hats, jobbing trade New York. M 94 Times.

WANTED—A JOB OF BALMACAAN cloth. S 49 Times.

AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE. MERCHANDISE.

Large, elaborate stock of Fashion's latest dictates

GOWNS&DRESSES

SUITS and WAISTS

Garments retailing up to $100.00.

Entire most stylish stock, formerly of "Alberts," Retailer to Women of Fashion,

D. HARTMANN and VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctrs.,

Will Sell Monday, July 13, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.,

on premises, 19 West 38th St., near 5th Ave., N. Y.,

The above, comprising SILK and SATIN GOWNS

made from highest grade imported novelty silks and cloths in Fashion's latest models; silk and cloth Suits in latest fashions, draped skirts, etc.; beautiful line of expensive Lingerie and Linen Dresses; Silk, Lace and Lingerie Waists, large line Silk and Cloth Skirts, Sport Coats, Dressing Sacques, Kimonos, Petticoats, etc.

FIXTURES—Wallcases, Partitions, Rugs, Tables, Chairs, etc.

NOTICE.—The Gowns and Dresses represented at this sale are all of imported models and represent styles that are up to the second. For information Telephone Spring 4299 or Spring 1056.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS.
BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, JULY 15TH, 1914,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

For account of W. E. Payntar and W. L. Ricard as substituted Trustees of the estate of William Layton, dec'd.
40 shs. Oswego & Syracuse R. R. Co.
22 shs. Brooklyn Union Gas Co.
23 shs. 42d Street & Grand St. Ferry R. R. Co.
24 shs. Hanover National Bank.
12 shs. Mechanics & Metals Nat'l Bank.
31 shs. Manufacturers National Bank.
8 shs. Bank of Manhattan Co.
8 shs. National Nassau Bank.
8 shs. Market & Fulton Nat'l Bank.
$1,000 Brooklyn Union Gas Co. 1st 5s, 1945.
$1,000 City of Brooklyn Public Park Loan 7 p. c. Bd., 1915.
By order of Executors.
10 shs. New York Life Ins. & Trust Co.
20 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
$7,000 Buffalo, Lockport & Rochester R'way Co. 1st 5s, 1954.
$500 Buffalo, Lockport & Rochester R'way Co. 1st mtge. 5 p. c. Bd. ctf. of deposit.
7½ shs. Buffalo, Lockport & Rochester Ry. Co. pfd.
12½ shs. Buffalo, Lockport & Rochester Ry. Co. common.
20 shs. Mechanics Bank of Brooklyn.
50 shs. Nassau Trust Co.
1,300 shs. Molly Gibson Mining & Milling Co.
5,000 shs. Bandora Mining & Milling Co.
2,000 shs. United Colorado Mines Co.
By order of Guardian.
48 shs. Brooklyn Factory & Power Co., Ltd., common.
For Account of Whom It May Concern.
9,000 shs. International Petroleum Co., pref.
91,000 shs. International Petroleum Co. com.
39 shs. Central Syndicate Building Co.
20 shs. Germania Bank.
10 shs. Central Trust Co.
50 shs. Mechanics Bank of Brooklyn.
18 shs. Realty Associates.
3 shs. Importers & Traders Nat'l Bank.
20 shs. Mechanics Bank of Brooklyn.
100 shs. J. Spencer Turner Co. prefd.
10 shs. Mechanics Bank of Brooklyn.
8 shs. Royal Baking Powder Co. prefd.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE ENTIRE HIGH-GRADE STOCK OF
Laces, Embroideries,
Silks, Chiffons, Cotton Fabrics, Notions, etc.
ALSO VERY ELABORATE
Office and Showroom
FIXTURES
Also One of the Largest Equipped and the Most Modern
PLANT
ever placed at public auction.
Formerly of the National Shirtwaist Co. at
37 to 45 West 20th St.,
between 5th and 6th Avs., New York.
Inventoried at Over $35,000,
Will be Sold Thursday, July 16th, 1914,
ON ABOVE PREMISES, BY
D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
For further information Tel. 4299 Spring.

The New York Times Index gives the year's history in a nutshell. Particulars of any event found without waste of time. Guide and reference to happenings all over the world. Complete, reliable, concise. Published quarterly. July issue in preparation. $8 a year—single copies $2. The New York Times Index, Times Square, New York.—Adv.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:37|Sun sets..7:32|Moon rises..10:05

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:30	10:38	4:17	4:30
Governors Island	11:00	11:06	4:54	5:13
Hell Gate	12:50	12:56	6:34	6:53

Arrived—Friday, July 10.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, July 4.
SS France, Havre, July 4.
SS Graf Waldersee, Hamburg, June 27.
SS Teakwood, Immingham, June 27.
SS Chelston, Inagua, June 4.
SS Ramos, San Juan, July 4.
SS El Sud, Galveston, July 4.
SS Apache, Jacksonville, July 7.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, July 7.
SS Algiers, Tampa, July 3.
SS Bylands, Caibarien, June 27.
SS Kelvinbank, St. Lucia, July 3.
SS Lampasas, Galveston, July 4.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Cedric	Liverpool	July	2
Californie	Teneriffe	June	28
Charlois	Rotterdam	June	28
Exeter City	Swansea	June	26
Delaware	Shields	June	24
Maylands	Messina	June	23
Manchester Port	Huelva	June	26
Napoli	Palermo	June	27
Kasala	Palermo	June	27
San Giorgio	Naples	June	27
Perugia	Palermo	June	26

DUE TOMORROW.

New York	Southampton	July	4
Steinturm	Hamburg	June	30
Berlin	Bremen	July	4
City of Bristol	Oran	June	24
City of Savannah	Savannah	July	9
Comanche	Jacksonville	July	9

DUE MONDAY.

Lapland	Antwerp	July	4
Noordam	Rotterdam	July	4
Minnetonka	London	July	4
Madonna	Gibraltar	July	4
Carolina	San Juan	July	8
Comal	Tampa	July	9
Comus	New Orleans	July	8
Ocmulgee	Galveston	July	7
Ben Vrackie	Trinidad	July	5
El Occidente	Galveston	July	7
Albingia	Haiti	July	8
Grayson	San Juan	July	8
Caribbean	Bermuda	July	11

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Olympic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
*George Washington, Bremen	——	1:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Minnehaha, London	——	10:30 A.M.
Canada, Marseilles	——	3:00 P.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Niagara, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Sabine, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
El Oriente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Buenos Aires, Vera Cruz	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Jefferson, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Lusitania, Liverpool	2:30 P.M.	6:00 P.M.
American, Bahia	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Hesione, Montevideo	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Matura, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cristobal, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
United States, Copenhagen	——	2:00 P.M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	——	1:00 A.M.
Russia, Libau	——	2:00 P.M.
Port Antonio, Jamaica	——	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

France, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Moltke, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Stampalia, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Batavia, Hamburg	——	11:00 A.M.
Trafalgar,	——	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Liberia—Close at 12 M. July 30, SS Phineas.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. July 13, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 14, SS United States.
Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 14, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 15, SS Moltke.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, at Cherbourg July 10.
SS Baltic, at Queenstown, July 10.
SS Roscommon, at London, July 9.
SS Zinal, at Buenos Aires, July 9.
SS Kansas, at Singapore, July 10.
SS Iroquois, at London, July 10.
SS Frederik VIII., at Copenhagen, July 10.
SS St. Louis, at Plymouth, July 10.

Sailed.

SS Celtic, from Queenstown, July 10.
SS Vandyck, from Buenos Aires, July 9.
SS Korona, from Demerara, July 9.
SS Inverclyde, from Sabang, July 9.
SS Kent, from Sydney, N. S. W., July 9.
SS Trent, from Kingston, July 10.
SS Campanello, from Rotterdam, July 9.
SS Franconia, (Aust.) from Palermo, July 5.
SS Cotswold Range, from Fowey, July 9.
SS Francis, from Pernambuco, July 9.
SS Matoppo, from Algiers, July 9.
SS Duca d'Aosta, from Genoa, July 7.
SS Kaiser Franz Josef I., from Fayal, July 9.
SS Saxonia, from Patras, July 10.
SS Salaga, from Swakopmunde, July 9.

Passed.

SS Ioannina, New York for Piraeus, passed Gibraltar.
SS Kentucky, New York for Shanghai, passed Sagres.
SS Caserta, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Koenig Albert, New York for Naples, passed Fayal.
SS Aral, New York for Rouen, passed Lizard.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JULY 10.

SS New York, Southampton to New York, was 635 miles E. at 11:05 A. M.; due 12th, forenoon. American Line.
SS Cedric, Liverpool to New York, was 278 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 11th, forenoon. White Star Line.
SS Berlin, Bremen to New York, was 500 miles E. at noon; due 12th, forenoon. North German Lloyd.
SS Lapland, Antwerp to New York, was 980 miles E. at noon; due 13th, forenoon. Red Star Line.
SS Perugia, Naples to New York, was 213 miles E. at noon; due 11th, forenoon. Anchor Line.

LIZARD, ENGLAND.

SS Oceanic, New York for Southampton, was 495 miles W. at 1:30 A. M.; due Plymouth 11th, forenoon. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 57 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Nickerie, Port of Spain to New York, was 88 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, was 956 miles S. at 8 P. M. 9th.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 300 miles S. at noon.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 510 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS W. B. Keene, Belfast, Ga., to New York, was 320 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Elba, Galveston to New York, was 14 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Comal, Mobile to New York, was 106 miles S. of Egmont Key at noon.
SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, was 26 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Tenyo Maru ....July 13
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Seattle Maru ....July 16
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Tahiti..July 17

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, June 24, and Yokohama, June 25—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Titan, were dispatched east on July 8, and are due in New York on the morning of Monday, July 13.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, June 12; Sydney, June 13; Auckland, June 18, and Wellington, June 19—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Tahiti, were dispatched east on July 9, and are due in New York on the morning of Monday, July 13.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

Jewish Ministers Incorporate.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 10.—The New York Board of Jewish Ministers was incorporated today for communal interests, discussion of academic and practical themes, and the promotion of good fellowship among the rabbis of New York. Operations are to be conducted in Greater New York. The Directors include Bernhard Drachman, Rudolph Grossman, Maurice H. Harris, Clifton H. Levy, F. Desola Mendes, David Desola Pool, and Joseph Silverman.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following reports of Asst. Chief Examiner Murray have been approved:

Relative to the request of the Court of Special Sessions that John J. Cotter, a clerk, be permitted to enter the promotion examination to court stenographer. Recommends that the request be denied for lack of power.

Transmitting report of Mr. Fuld showing progress made in the keeping of efficiency records in the several city departments. Mr. Fuld asks instructions as to whether the usual form letter is to be sent the departments or whether it should be omitted because of the introduction of the new efficiency rating system.

These have also been approved:

Report of Mr. Fuld recommending that the list for promotion to stationary engineer in the Dept. of Docks be promulgated, the candidates whose names appear thereon having presented their licenses as engineers for inspection.

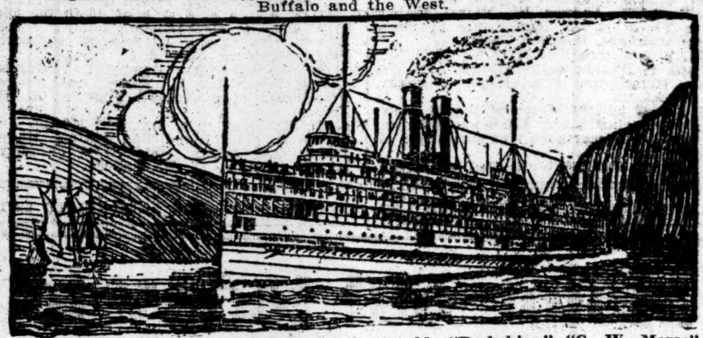
Report of Dr. De Forest as to the method in which the medical and physical tests in connection with the examinations for promotion to Deputy Chief and to Battalion Chief in the Fire Dept. were conducted.

United States.

A competitive examination will be held for investigator in poultry and egg handling, for men only, on July 22, at the New York Custom House, to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Chemistry, Dept. of Agriculture, for service in the field, at salaries ranging from $1,200 to $1,800 a year. Applicants will be examined in chemistry and bacteriology, French or German, practical questions on poultry and egg handling, thesis, education and experience. An educational training equivalent to that required for a bachelor's degree from a college or university of recognized standing is a prerequisite. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their thirty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Hudson Navigation Company

Regular Service Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Lake George and the North. Buffalo and the West.



Most magnificent river steamers in the world, "Berkshire," "C. W. Morse" "Trojan" and "Rensselaer," leave Pier 32, N. R., daily at 6:00 P. M.; West 132d Street, 6:30 P. M. Orchestra, Dinner Dances, Dining Service a la Carte.

LAKE GEORGE

EXCURSION—*SAIL—RAIL—SAIL AGAIN*

"Trojan" from New York, 6:00 P. M. Saturday, connecting directly at Pier in Albany with the D. & H. for Lake George. Sail thru the Lake to Baldwin and return, due in New York Monday morning.

ROUND TRIP FARE $4.00

PHONE SPRING 9400—Day or Night.

"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."

"ADIRONDACK"

SUNDAY SAIL

Tomorrow All Day and Evening

YONKERS, NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPSIE & Return

$1.00 Round Trip

The Pleasantest way to spend the day. Orchestra. Famous Boy Scout Band. Dinner a la carte. Cafe. Pier 32, N. R., 10:00 A. M. W. 132d St., 10:45 A. M.

Phone Day or Night Spring 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

Daylight—Twilight—Searchlight

THIS AFTERNOON

West Point and Return, 50c

"Adirondack"

Pier 32, North River, (foot Canal St.,) 2:00 P. M.; West 132d St., 2:45 P. M. Returning, due New York, 10:30 P. M.

Orchestra, Dancing. Dinner a la Carte.

PHONE 9400 SPRING, DAY AND NIGHT.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY



"ADIRONDACK"

MORE POPULAR THAN EVER

THE "10 O'CLOCK STEAMER" EVERY SUNDAY.

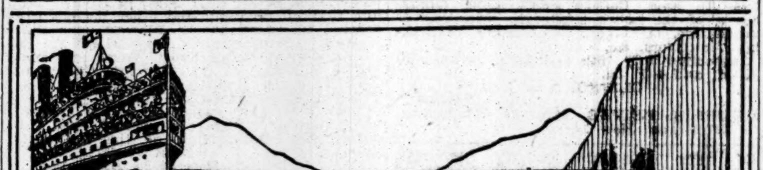
YONKERS, NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, Leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 10 A. M.; West 132d St., 10:45 A. M.

Next Sunday POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN $1.00

Spacious Decks, Music, Excellent Dining Service a la Carte.

Phone—Day or Night—Spring 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.



SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON

"RENSSELAER"

Leaves Pier 32, N. R., 8:45 A. M.; W. 132d St. Pier, 9:30 A. M. for Yonkers, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Albany and Troy.

Connecting at Newburg and Poughkeepsie with "Trojan" returning.

ORCHESTRA. DINNER A LA CARTE.

POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, $1.00

*Phone, day or night, Spring 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

One Day's Outing On the Hudson

West Point, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie

Also Through Service to Albany

Fastest and finest river steamers in the world, built and operated exclusively for Daylight Passenger Service.

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, Daily except Sunday. **Strs. Washington Irving and Hendrick Hudson** leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M.; landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.



Also **Str. Robert Fulton** Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 10 A. M.; West 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie and return the same day in sunset and twilight.

STEAMER "ALBANY"

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by **Str. Robert Fulton**, $1.00, or by rail, $1.10.

Hudson River Day Line DESBROSSES ST. PIER, NEW YORK

Telephone Spring—4141.

Steamer City of Lowell

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAYS

Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., 10:00 A. M., for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie. No landing. Ret. due N. Y. 6 P. M.

Music. Restaurant.

FALL RIVER LINE MANAGEMENT

Tickets limited. On sale at Pier only on day of excursion.

FARE 50 CENTS. CHILDREN 25 CENTS

A DAY'S PLEASURE EXCURSIONS New Jersey Central

HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—COMFORT

Lake Hopatcong $1.00

To-morrow also every Sunday and Holiday

Lv. W. 23d St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m.

Mauch Chunk $1.50

TO-MORROW

Lv. W. 23d St. 8.20; Liberty St. 8.30 a.m. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8.47 a.m.

VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Block Island R. I. $1.50

EVERY SUNDAY

Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; B'klyn, Flatbush Ave., 8:40; Nostrand Ave., 8:44, and East N. Y., 8:49 A. M., for Montauk; thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK." Lve. Block Island returning, 4 P. M. Tickets on sale, commencing Saturday of each week, at 170 Broadway, 5th Ave. Bldg. (5th Ave. and 23d St.,) and Long Island R. R. Stations, foot 34th St., E. R., N. Y.; Long Island City and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Restaurant, Lunch Counter and Cafe Service on steamer.

DAYLIGHT TRIPS

Long Island Sound

New London Line On Mondays Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN lvs. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., 10:00 A. M., ft. of E. 22d St., 10:30 A. M. for New London, Norwich, Stonington, Watch Hill, Narragansett Pier, Providence, Boston, &c. Folder on request. City Ticket Agent, 171 Broadway, N. Y.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS

STEAMER RICHARD PECK

TO NEW HAVEN

Leave Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M., foot East 22d St., 10:00 A. M.; due New Haven 2:30 P. M. Return, due N. Y. 9:00 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Restaurant. Tickets, $1.00; children, 50 cents.

Tickets, sales limited to half the capacity, on sale at Piers only on day of excursions.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL ST. ANNE DE BEAUPRE Pilgrimage. Leaves August 2d; round trip, $16, thirty-day limit; stop-overs at Quebec, Montreal, Plattsburg, Cliff Haven, Burlington, Saratoga, etc. Manager, T. V. McGRANE, 90 Wall St.

VACATION Tours and tickets. Send for 80 page booklet, mailed free. Marsters Tours, 1246 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Iron Steamboat Co

CONEY ISLAND

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET, 9:00, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER, 9:45, 10:20, 11:15, A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, *7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.

Trips marked * do not go to 129th St.

Round Trip Tickets {From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cts.

A Day On the **OCEAN**

Deep Sea Fishing Str. "Taurus"

Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1, N. R. ONLY. Weekdays, 75 cents. Sundays & Holidays, $1.00. Accommodations for ladies and children. Restaurant and bar under Co.'s management.

Rockaway Beach

Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"

Lv. Yonkers 8:35 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:40 A. M., *1:15 P. M.; Pier 1, N. R., 10:20 A. M., 2:15 P.M.; Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:30 P.M.

*Transfer to Str. "Grand Republic."

Round Trip Tickets, 50c. Children 25c.

Full Time Tables are on inside of back cover of Telephone Directories, at all hotel and ticket offices, or will be mailed on request. Tel. Rector 872.

UP THE SOUND Sea Cliff & Glenwood

Str. "Sagamore" leaves Pier 8, E. R. (bet. Hanover Sq. & South Ferry), SATURDAYS at 1:00; foot 24th St., E. R., 1:20 P. M. Ret. due N. Y. 9.25 P. M. SUNDAYS, leaves Pier 8, 9:30; 34th St., 9:50 A.M. Ret. due N. Y. 8:30 P.M. Excursion 50c. Tickets.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS

Round Trip 30 Cts.

20 Mile Sail. All Amusements. Lvs. Battery Daily 10, 11 A. M.; 1:30, 2:30, 3:30 P. M.; E. 24th, ¼ hour later; E. 136th, 11 A. M., 12, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30 P. M. Sundays hourly, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Popular SIGHT SEEING **Yacht Clifton**

Around Manhattan Isle; Lv. ft. West 42d St., Weekdays & Suns., 10:30 & 2:30. 40 Miles; 3 Hours; Music; Lecturer. Tel. 5441 Gramercy.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

HIGHLAND LAKE AND BEAR MOUNTAIN

45 Miles UP THE HUDSON INTERSTATE PARK

Fast Steel Str. HIGHLANDER

Lvs. Battery, 9:30; W. 23d St., 10; W. 131st St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11 A. M.; Round Trip Daily, 50c.; Children, 25c.; Sundays & Holidays, 75c.; Children, 50c. Yonkers, 50c. Music. LARGE DANCING FLOOR. Refreshments. All outdoor sports. 3½ hours at Mt.

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MAGNIFICENT BALLROOM,

DANCING FREE

UP THE HUDSON—DAILY AND SUNDAY.

DAY TRIP*—NEWBURGH AND RETURN.

*Day Trip omitted Monday.

NIGHT SAIL UP THE HUDSON.

Night trip ends at 131st Street.

$1.00 Each Round Trip.

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Leave Battery, 9 A.M.	Lv.Battery, 7:30 P.M.
W. 131st St., 10 A.M.	W.131st St., 8:30 P.M.
Yonkers, 10:30 A.M.	

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MANHATTAN LINE

$1.00 To ALBANY

$5.90 to Silver Bay and Return

$8.10 to Cliff Haven " "

THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.

Excellent Dining Service a la Carte. Steamers leave daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; W. 131st St., 6 P. M. Tel. 9226 Spring.

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Including West 23d St.

STEAMERS ROSEDALE & SYLVESTER

LEAVE W. 129th St. 9:15 and 10:15 A. M.

LEAVE W. 23d St. 9:45, 10:45, 2:30, 3:30.

BATTERY, 10:15, 11:15, 2:45, 3:45.

CONEY ISLAND, 2:00, 6:00, 7:00.

ROCKAWAY, 12:15, 1:15, 5:15, 6:15.

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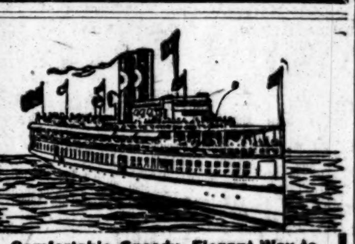
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Lv. N. Y., Pier 81, N. R., foot W. 42d St., week days, 8.50, 9.35, 10.30 a.m.; 12.30, 1.30, 3.15, *4.15 *5.25, 7.45, p.m. Sunday 9.00, 10.00 a.m.; 1.00, 3.30, 6.35 p.m. (10.40 p.m. E. Long Br. only.)

Lv. N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., foot Cedar St., week days, 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 a.m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.45, *4.45, *5.45, 8.10 p.m. Sunday 9.30, 10.30 a.m.; 1.30, 4.00, 7.00 p.m. (11.10 p.m. E. Long Br. only.)

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New Bedford Line for New Bedford, Wood's Hole, Marthas Vineyard, Nantucket, Mattapoisett, Marion and Cape Cod Points. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, at 6:00 P. M.

New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M.

Bridgeport Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., week days only, 3 P. M. Lv. ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:30 P. M. Sundays, 4:45 P. M.

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ATLANTIC CITY by commodious OCEAN STEAMSHIP from New York. Eight hours of bracing breezes along the resort-dotted Jersey Coast.

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" West 23d St., North River, 9:45 A. M.
" Pier 8, E. R., nr. ft. Wall St., 10:15 A. M.
" Recreation Pier, E. 24th St., 10:45 A. M.

Lv. Bridgeport 5 P. M. Music. Cafe and Restaurant.

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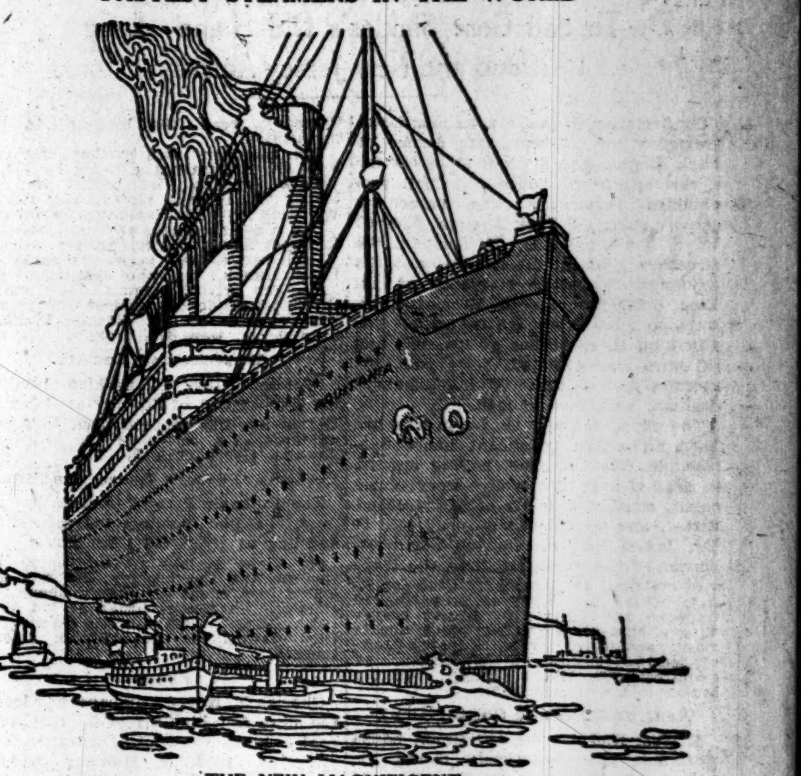
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Great Britain's largest ship. Fitted with every device for safety and aid to navigation. Motor lifeboats with wireless telegraph apparatus. Restaurant and Grill Room a la Carte without extra charge. Swimming Pool. Garden Lounges. Gymnasiums and Verandah Cafes in both saloon and second cabin.

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"LUSITANIA" July 14 6:00 P. M.
"AQUITANIA" July 21 4.00 P. M.
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SAILING HOUR NOON. SEE ITINERARY.

Ultonia, July 25, Saxonia, Aug. 1, Pannonia, Aug. 11, Ivernia, Aug. 22.

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Cunard Steamship Co., Ltd., 21-24 State St., N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

London—Paris—Bremen

§Berlin	July 18
*†Kaiser W'h'm der Grosse	July 21
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie	July 28
@Grosser Kurfuerst	July 30
*Kronprinz Wilhelm	Aug. 4
@‖Barbarossa	Aug. 6

*Sails at 1 A. M.—§Via Plymouth and Boulogne S/M—†Carries no (I.) or (II.) cabin—@Bremen direct.—‖Carries (II.) and (III.) cabin.

Baltimore-Bremen direct. One cabin (II.) Wednesdays.

THE MEDITERRANEAN

Prinzess Irene	Aug. 1
Koenig Albert	Sept. 5

Through rates from New York to **Egypt, India FAR EAST** and **South America** Via Europe.

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"OLYMPIC"

LARGEST BRITISH STEAMER

For **LONDON PARIS** **JULY 11** 10 A. M.

AUG. 8—AUG. 29—SEPT. 19—OCT. 10

Via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton.

OTHER SAILINGS.

OCEANIC, Aug. 1, noon; Aug. 22, Sept. 12

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool (noon)

CEDRIC.......July 16 | BALTIC.......July 30
CELTIC.......July 23 | ADRIATIC.......Aug. 6

Boston—Mediterranean—Italy.

CANOPIC.......Aug. 20; Oct. 3
CRETIC.......Sept. 19; Oct. 24

American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street

Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.

ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE, $55 UP.

NEW YORK...July 17 | ST. LOUIS......July 31
PHILA'PHIA July 24 | ST. PAUL......Aug. 7

Atlantic Transport

New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N. R., 16th St.

Minnehaha.July 11, 10:30 AM | Minneapolis.July 25
Minnetonka.July 18, 1 PM | Minnewaska.Aug. 1

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A.M. 21st Street

N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.

VADERLAND.....July 11 | FINLAND....July 25
LAPLAND.......July 18 | ZEELAND....Aug. 1

PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 B'WAY, N. Y.

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Twin Screw **S. S. Bermudian**

10,518 Tons Displ. Holds speed record. N. Y. & Bermuda, 39 hrs. 20 min. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1760 Rector.

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TWO CRUISES Leaving New York

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Calling at the principal cities of the world, including a visit to the San Diego (Cincinnati) and the Panama-Pacific (Cleveland) Expositions.

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Fast Trip to Naples and Beyond

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Kaiser Franz Joseph I, Aug. 19 Sep. 23 Oct. 28

MARTHA WASHINGTON, Aug. 8, Sept. 19, Nov. 7

AND OTHER

SAILINGS SATURDAYS OR WEDNESDAYS 5 P.M.

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EVERY TRIP A TOUR.

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Columbia....July 11, noon | Caledonia..July 25, noon
Cameronia..July 18, noon | Columbia..Aug. 8, noon

FIRST CABIN, $75 and Upward.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.

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Most delightful cruise of 1,500 miles. Magnificent scenery; Gut of Canso, Northumberland Strait, beautiful Gulf and River St. Lawrence, and Far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad," from New York July 18th, August 1st and 15th. From Quebec July 24th, August 7th and 21st.

For full information apply to Quebec S. S. Co., Limited, A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agents, 29 Broadway, New York; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2,081 B'way, 264 and 553 Fifth Ave., New York; any tourist or ticket office; or address Passenger Dept., Canada S. S. Lines, Limited, Montreal.

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Générale Transatlantique

DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (FRANCE.) Departures from New York Wednesday, 10 A. M., from Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.

†France (new) July 15 | *La Lorraine Aug. 5
*La Touraine July 22 | *La Provence...Aug. 12
*La Savoie.....July 29 | †France (new)..Aug. 19

*Twin screw steamers. †Quadruple screw steamer.

SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING, 3 P. M.

1 Class Cabin (II.) & 3d Class Pass'rs Only.

*Niagara.......July 11 | †Rochambeau...Aug. 8

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LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

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New and fast (12,500 ton) Passenger Steamers from New York every alternate Saturday.

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23 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES.

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HOLLAND AMERICA LINE

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Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 1 A. M.

LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM.

†New Amsterdam.July 14 | *Ryndam.........July 28
*Noordam..........July 21 | †Rotterdam......Aug. 11

*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

PANAMA and West Indies Cruises. New Steamers built specially for Tropical Travel. Sailings Wednesdays and Saturdays. Send for booklet. United Fruit Company, 17 Battery Place, N.Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE

To all points South and West. Every Weekday at 3 P. M., Pier 25, North River. Tel. 3900 Franklin.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Edgar A. Levy Buyer of Park Avenue Corner for New Apartment—West End Avenue Corner in Trade—To Sell Gen. Sickles's Old Home—Long Island and New Jersey Activity.

Confirmation of the sale, as mentioned yesterday, of the southeast corner of Park Avenue and Sixty-first Street for a new apartment house operation was obtained yesterday. The immediate corner, being 525 Park Avenue, covered by a five-story flat, 21 feet on the street by 100.5 on the avenue, and the adjoining four-story residence at 102 East Sixty-first Street, 19 feet front, were sold by Henry B. Anderson. The adjoining three houses at 104, 106, and 108 were also acquired, being sold, respectively, by James Muir, Elizabeth Stanton, and Isaac Sanger.

The buyer is Edgar A. Levy, who has been an active apartment house operator on Park Avenue, having erected in that vicinity the twelve-story house on the southeast corner of Sixty-second Street, and which was recently sold to Dr. James Bishop. On the northwest corner of the same street is the large plot acquired by the Colony Club for its new home. Mr. Levy is preparing to improve the Sixty-first Street corner with a high-class thirteen-story apartment structure. The property purchased represents an investment of about $450,000. George Ranger was the broker in the transaction.

West End Avenue Corner Deal.

A West End Avenue apartment house deal has been practically closed between the Alliance Realty Company, of which William H. Chesebrough is President, and Mrs. Martha B. Phillips, in which the former is the buyer of the old seven-story apartment structure on the northeast corner of Eightieth Street. The building covers a plot 77.2 feet on West End Avenue by 100 on the street, where it adjoins the parish house of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, the church edifice being on the Eighty-first Street corner of West End Avenue. The Eightieth Street property is assessed for $250,000, and has been owned by Mrs. Phillips since 1904.

In part payment the latter takes the six-story building at 32 West Fifty-eighth Street, a plot 25 by 100, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, which is leased for fifteen years to Mitchell Kennerley, a publisher, at an aggregate rental of about $200,000.

Investor Buys Flat.

Patrick McSherry has purchased for investment from L. Clark 1,632 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story flat on a lot 25 by 100, located between 140th and 141st Streets.

Resale on Jane Street.

The old three-story dwelling occupying a lot 14.3 by 80 at 80 Jane Street has ben sold by Mrs. E. Bass to an investor. The property was acquired by the seller at the auction of the Corn estate last June.

To Sell Gen. Sickles's Home.

The home of the late Gen. Daniel E. Sickles on the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Ninth Street is to be sold in foreclosure proceedings on July 31 by Joseph P. Day.

The sale is the result of a suit brought by the Bowery Savings Bank against Gen. Sickles and others to recover a loan which, with interest, amounts to about $87,000. There are also back taxes and assessments on the property aggregating about $11,000.

The action was started by the Bowery Bank a year ago. Shortly afterward Gen. Sickles was taken seriously ill, and through outside assistance in the way of paying up back interest the bank was prevailed upon to drop the foreclosure proceedings.

$50,000 Apartment Sale in Queens.

The Queensboro Corporation has sold the Jackson Heights apartment house at the corner of Jackson Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street to W. J. Munson and J. W. Feeter as an investment. It was held at $50,000.

This house was erected by the Queensboro Corporation on the Barclay-Dugro tract largely as an experiment and was so successful that the company intends to erect some larger apartments. The Jackson Heights apartment is a five-story building with two stores and nineteen four-room suites.

Brooklyn.

James R. Ross has sold 1,314 Fulton Street, near Nostrand Avenue, a three-story stone store and apartment, 18 by 100, for Howard M. Smith to M. W. Gibbons; 529 Nostrand Avenue, a four-story frame store and dwelling, 20 by 100, for H. Davison to Edward Lyons; 566 Nostrand Avenue, near Herkimer Street, a three-story frame dwelling, 20 by 100, to J. Petroni for alteration, and 80 Halsey Street, near Nostrand Avenue, a three-story and extension brick dwelling, 20 by 100, to H. T. R. Heath.

Sales at Manhattan Beach Estates during the past week include a plot 104 by 110 feet on the ocean front at the corner of Corbin Place to John J. Bockar, Ira K. Bockar, and Anna Bookstaver; a plot 60 by 100 feet on the west side of Coleridge Street, south of Hampton Avenue, to Clara Bunny; a plot 40 by 100 feet on the east side of Exeter Street, south of Oriental Boulevard, to Mae C. Dodge, and a business plot 110 by 100 feet, irregular, at the southeast corner of West End Avenue and Shore Boulevard.

Visco Brothers have sold 122 President Street, a three-story three-family brick building, for Mrs. Louisa Izzo to Giuseppa Venerosa and Grazia Sorrentino.

T. A. Baffa & Co. have leased the corner of Bridge and John Streets, a four-story and basement brick factory, for Miller & Van Winkle to the Vernon Carton Company, manufacturer of paper goods, and the four-story brick factory at 171 Clymer Street for H. Buttenheim to the Blendes-Strarber-Brecher Dress Form Company.

Long Island.

The Rickert-Finlay Realty Company has sold to Anna Conroy of Manhattan for investment a plot in Westmoreland, with 80 feet frontage on the east side of Bayview Avenue, 351 feet north of Broadway.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Hempstead to John Norbon and Andrew Burke each a plot 40 by 100, respectively, on Kane Avenue and Frazier Street, and to Charles Daft a plot 60 by 100 on Hempstead Parkway. The same company sold at Floral Park to John Fitzsimmons a plot 40 by 100 on Crocus Avenue, and at Oceanside to Matthew McNally a plot 40 by 100 on Hoke Avenue.

The T. B. Ackerson Company sold at Brightwaters a bungalow on Potter Boulevard, occupying a plot 100 by 150 feet, to Mrs. Sarah E. Freeman of Brooklyn. Also a bungalow on Baldwin Boulevard, on a plot 100 by 150 feet, to Henry A. Nickel of Manhattan, and a plot 100 by 150 feet on Potter Boulevard to Mrs. Carrie Wagner.

New Jersey.

Mayor Ernest C. Hinck has purchased the residence property of Ernest S. Suffern on Highland Avenue, Montclair, consisting of a frame dwelling containing fourteen rooms, four bathrooms and billiard room. The property, which is situated near the mountain-top, has a frontage of 300 feet and extends to a depth of several hundred feet. It was held at $60,000.

The Limouze Shield Singer Company has sold for Ferdinand Tschupp estate to Samuel E. Benner and Dennis Murphy the old Hudson County Park property, consisting of about thirty lots at the northwest corner of Bergenline Avenue and Fifth Street, West New York, N. J. The price was about $58,000.

The Hasbrouck Park Land Company sold at Hasbrouck Heights to F. E. Eddy a plot 50 by 100 on Prospect Avenue, to Charles Ransow a plot 50 by 100 on Hasbrouck Avenue, to W. Silver a plot 75 by 100 on Terrace Avenue, and to Peter Buteman a plot 50 by 100 on Burton Avenue.

The new rubblestone house of Moses S. Springer on the Knickerbocker Road at Tenafly has been sold to a Brooklyn investor. The Englewood Real Estate Company were the brokers in the transaction.

The Boundary Realty Company sold to S. W. Stommer a plot 100 by 100 on Willow Avenue, Woodridge, and to Henry W. Jenet a plot 150 by 125 on Williams Avenue, Hasbrouck Heights.

The Charles Hathaway residence at Prospect Street and Springdale Avenue, East Orange, has been purchased by Peter Hauck, Jr., who has leased the house for several seasons. It is one of the finest residences in East Orange and was valued at $60,000. Edward P. Hamilton & co., were the brokers.

Westchester County.

Professor Gary N. Calkins, head of the Department of Zoology at Columbia University, has secured deed to a plot adjoining his residence on Walworth Avenue, Greenacres, N. Y.

Pullman Porters Lease Clubhouse.

The Pullman Porters' Association has leased as club quarters the three-story dwelling at 105 West 136th Street. Albert Clein is the owner. Louis W. George was the broker. He has also leased to a client for Joseph Shenk, the six-story apartment house at 174 West 136th Street, with stores, fronting 50 feet. It will be arranged for colored tenents.

Leases.

Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the store 41-3 Pine Street for the Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company to Frank B. Maloney for five years; also the store 50 Ann Street for Michael Shea to M. G. Pasquale. The Noyes Company were also the brokers in the recent lease of 210 Fulton Street for the Hudson Realty Company to the New Jersey Wire Cloth Company for 10 years at an aggregate rental of about $50,000.

Slawson & Hobbs have leased for Isidor Hernsheim the five-story and basement twenty-foot dwelling 228 West Seventy-second Street for a term of years to S. A. Cole.

Douglas L. Elliman & Company have leased, for a term of years for the Advocate Realty Company, the southerly store and basement in the building at the Southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-ninth Street, to Angiolo V. Cusamano, art dealer of Boston.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown and Co. leased to the Lord's Court Restaurant Co., a new corporation, the ground-floor space formerly occupied by Plympton Gardnier & Co., at 27 William Street, for a term of years.

The Houghton Company has leased for Hamilton H. Salmon the four-story dwelling at 132 West Eighty-fifth Street to Adolph Aronstein.

Edgemere Auction Today.

Today, at 2 P. M., on the premises, Joseph P. Day will offer at auction 190 lots located on the ocean and Rockaway Beach Boulevard, between Beach Forty-first and Beach Forty-fifth streets, at Edgemere, L. I.

Homes for Five Thousand.

During the first half of 1914 homes for nearly 5,000 families have been erected in Queens, according to the report just issued by John W. Moore, Superintendent of Buildings. Permits were secured during the six months for 2,532 new buildings at an estimated cost of $11,360,997, or $2,175,471 in excess of the corresponding period last year.

The increase in operations was again manifested during the present week, when the total estimated cost of buildings was $532,455. There were 132 applications for new buildings of an estimated cost of $402,650, 98 applications for alterations at an estimated cost of $56,147, and 87 applications for plumbing permits of an estimated cost of $73,658.

Building Decrease in Manhattan.

The report of building operations in Manhattan for the month of June and the second quarter of the year shows that plans were filed for 145 new buildings during the second quarter of the year, costing a total of $14,830,450, as against 210 new buildings costing $15,198,020 during the same period last year. For the month of June plans were filed for 32 new buildings costing $3,393,550, as against 41, costing $4,423,575 in June last year.

Real Estate Notes.

Bing & Bing paid $180,000 for the Chapin Home property, 150 by 200, on Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh Streets, 170 feet east of Lexington Avenue, which they recently purchased. Justice Giegerich confirmed the sale.

The Savoy Theatre, at 112 West Thirty-fourth Street and 109 and 111 West Thirty-third Street, for many years owned by the late Tim Sullivan and Frank J. Farrell, will very likely be sold at auction in the near future. A lis pendens has been filed, in which Patrick H. Sullivan and others appear as plaintiffs, against Frank J. Farrell and others in an action to partition the property.

O'Connor & McCann have been appointed agents for the entire real estate holdings of the Lyncroft Realty Company at New Rochelle.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

116th St, 231 and 233 West, n s, 320 ft e of 8th Av, 40x100.11, six-story flat; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against M. M. Mills and others; Action 1; Cary & C., attorneys; C. H. Murray, referee; due, $58,355.73; taxes, &c., $1,939.71; to the plaintiff for $52,000.

By Samuel Marx.

116th St, 227 and 229 West, n s, 360 ft e of 8th Av, 40x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against M. M. Mills and others; Action 2; same attorney; Benjamin Jackson, referee; due, $58,357.30; taxes, &c., $1,930.63; to the plaintiff for $53,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Belmont Av, w s, 200.5 ft s of 177th St, 200x163.5 to Arthur Av, (1,911,) 201.8x189.1, two-story dwelling and brick two-story store building; adjourned sine die.

By James L. Wells Company.

135th St, 304 East, s s, 175 ft w of Alexander Av, 25x100, five-story tenement and stores; F. de P. Forster and another, trustees, against Samuel Weil and others; F. P. de Rham, attorney; J. C. Gulick, referee; due, $11,501.53; taxes, &c., $1,326.24; to the plaintiff for $9,500.

135th St, 302 East, s s, 200 ft w of Alexander Av, 25x100, five-story tenement and stores; same against same; same attorney; same referee; due, $12,562.94; taxes, &c, $1,326.24; to the plaintiff for $11,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

256th St, n s, East Park View Place, for a two-story brick dwelling, 40x25; W. S. Herreshoff, 253 West 256th St, owner and architect; cost $8,000

FAILE ST, e s, 225 ft s of Seneca Av, for a one-story brick store and dwelling, 25x65; William Barresford, 1,025 Fox St, owner; Toelberg & Son, 1,167 Fox St, architects; cost $2,500

Intervale Av, w s, 293.82 ft n of Westchester Av, for a three-story brick tenement, 60x88; Angel Construction Co., Carmine Cioffi, 1,328 Hoe Av, President, owner; Lucian Pisciotta, 391 East 149th St, architect; cost $50,000

University Av, e s, 178.32 ft s of Burnside Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 48x96.4; University Building Co., William C. Bergen, 130 West 180th St, President, owner; W. C. Martin, on premises, architect; cost, $80,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

28th St, 42 to 46 East; to a six-story hotel; M. Boehm, 99 Nassau St, owner; Wortmann & Braun, 114 East 28th St, architects; cost $5,000

73d St, 219 East; to a five-story tenement and store; [illegible] Jones, Tuxedo, owner; A. A. Zink, [illegible] 73d St, architect; cost, $5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JULY 10.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, s w corner of 183d St, 104.11x25; John H. C. Dodt to Bertha Dodt, 107 West 106th St, (mtg $33,000,) July 9..$1

GREENWICH ST, e s, 48.5 ft n of Dey St, 26.10x73.9; Maxwell Lustig, referee, to Harry Lippmann, 2 West 88th St, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway. $18,575

HENRY ST, 97, n s, 24.9x100; Henry St, n s, 85.4 ft w of Pike St, strip .04½x67.6, (foreclosure, June 25;) George H. Fromcour, referee, to James Shea, 164 East 81st St, July 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$19,025

PARK AV, w s, 75.11 ft s of 107th St, 25x75; William H. Klenke, referee, to Amalie De Vries, 232 West 103d St, July 9; attorney, Edgar Pitske, 156 Broadway....$12,600

PARK AV, e s, 25.5 ft s of 55th St, 25x90; Frederica Wetterau, executrix, &c., of John B. Wetterau, to Swan Brown Co., 340 Madison Av, July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $95,000

PITT ST, 25, w s, 100 ft n of Broome St, (foreclosure, June 30;) Warren Leslie, referee, to B. T. Realty Co., 309 Broadway, July 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$27,500

2D AV, 1,269, w s, 80.11 ft s of 67th St, 39x100; Catharine and Water Street C. and R. Co., 14 Maiden Lane to Sadie L. Horowitz, 50 East 96th St, (mtg $46,000,) Nov. 29, 1911; attorney, S. Bernstein, 149 Broadway. $100

17TH ST, 219 West, n s, 211.6 ft w of 7th Av, 17.2x42.9; Julie Sasse to Emil Sasse, 25 Dodge Av, Rockaway Beach, (mtg $6,500,) July 9....$100

37TH ST, 356 West, s s, 64 ft e of 9th Av, 18x49.4; Joseph Stern to Morris J. Gordon, 469 9th Av, 1-3 part, July 8; attorney, A. S. Jaffer, 198 Broadway....$1

48TH ST, 317 East, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; Felix Kunstler to Gaetano Lopes, 649 1st Av, (mtg $18,250,) July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1

55TH ST, s s, 60 ft e of Park Av, 30x25.5; 55th St, 104 East, s e corner Park Av, 60x25.5; Philip B. La Roche and others to Swan Brown Co., 340 Madison Av, (mtg $85,000,) July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

69TH ST, 306 and 308 West, s s, 150 ft w of West End Av, 50x100.5; Joseph Barsky to Fannie Rocklin, 269 Hewes St, Brooklyn, ½ part, (mtg $31,000,) all title, July 3; address Joseph Barsky, 204 Henry St....$100

86TH ST, 434 East, s s, 369 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Hy. E. Tobey to W. Kintzing Post, Bayport, L. I., b. and s., July 1; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St..$1

SAME PROPERTY; W. K. Post to Dora Jaekel, 424 East 86th St, (mtg $12,000,) July 2; attorneys same....$1

107TH ST, 236 East, s s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Giovanni Zanzara to Rosa Colletti, 236 East 107th St, ½ part, (mtg $7,500,) July 1; address, C. Lo Curto & Co., 241 East 108th St....$3,000

125TH ST, 516 West, s s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 27x100.11; Gustav Immisch to Anna Immisch, 929 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $23,000,) July 10; attorney, C. P. Fries, 26 West 81st St....$1

137TH ST, 106 West, s s, 100 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Morris Sternberg to Morris Cohen, Pennsylvania Av, Crestwood, Yonkers, N. Y., all liens, July 10; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 55 Liberty St....$100

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 55.8 ft n of 178th St, 25x127.11x26x120.8; Emily H. Steiner to Jennie Geller, 417 Claremont Parkway, July 6, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BOSTON ROAD, s e s, 442 ft n e of Perot St, 24.6x72.6x25.8x79.11; Joseph Polsenske to Teachers' Co. Oper. B. & L. Association, 166 East 60th St, July 9; attorney, F. C. Leubuscher, 258 Broadway....$100

BRYANT AV, 914, e s, 20x100; J. Homer Hildreth to Martin Pletscher Construction Co., Inc., 918 Bryant Av, July 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

CAMBRELING AV, n e corner of William St, 100x105 to Crescent Av x128.4x25; Iamascia Realty Corporation to Rosina Iamascia, 651 Crescent Av, July 9, (mtg $37,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

HUGHES AV, e s, 149.6 ft s of 183d St, 25.3x100; also Hughes Av, e s, 175 ft s of 183d St, 25x100; Josephine Regnault to James Matella and another, 1,595 Madison Av, July 9; attorney, New York Title Insurance and Trust Co., 135 Broadway....$1

JACKSON AV, 330, e s, 100 ft n of 141st St, 20x100; Charles A. Cassidy to Edward J. McArdle, 737 East 141st St, July 9, (mtg $2,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, e s, 291.11 ft n of Briggs Av, 27.9x167.9x24.4x153.7; Louisa K. Kuntz to Kay Co., 499 Willis Av, July 8, (mtg $5,180;) attorney, Hy. W. Kiralfy, 391 East 149th St....$1

LOTS 970 and 998, map of Gleason property; Samuel Berger to Jacob Oken, 3,816 3d Av, July 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOTS 341 and 342, map of Tremont Terrace; Richard H. Arnold to William F. McCormack, 71 Barrow St, July 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOTS 54 and 55, map of Pearsall estate; Douglas O. D. Tracy to Sarah T. Creighton, 600 West 115th St, June 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

LOT 446, map of 463 lots Forster Schmidt property; Anna M. F. Krings to W. Waldo Weller, 30 Alburtus Av, Corona, L. I., Jan. 16; attorney, Jennie Weller, Athens, Ga..$100

LOT 50, Block 33, map of Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to Morris Levine, 857 Elsmere Place, June 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

LOT 3, Block 1, same map; Morris Levine to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, June 25; attorney, same....$1

LOTS 82 and 83, map of Pearsall estate; Sound Realty Co. to Charles Hamburg, 124 Orchard St. all deeds dated June 29, all deeds returned to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

LOTS 269 and 270, same map; same to Louis Ahrons, 1,201 Gilbert Place....$1

LOTS 116, 117, and 142, same map; same to John J. O'Brien, 529 Dean St, Brooklyn..$1

LOTS 333, 334, 353, and 354, same map; same to Martin Wetzel, Westchester, N. Y.$1

LOTS 365 and 366, same map; same to Gustave Buhr, 738 East 180th St....$1

LOT 344, same map; same to Felix M. Rutkiewicz, 25 5th St., Weehawken, N. J....$1

LOT 291, same map; same to Bertha K. Cutter, 327 Edgecombe Av....$1

LOT 199, same map; same to Nathan Halperin and another, 546 Claremont Parkway....$1

LOTS 236 and 237, same map; same to Ira Merlis, 136 West 142d St....$1

LOTS 54 and 55, same map; same to Douglas O'D. Tracy, 600 West 115th St....$1

LOTS 173 to 178, same map; same to Daniel P. Ritchey, 42 West 35th St....$1

LOTS 360 and 361, same map; same to Joseph McDonough, 2,724 8th Av....$1

LOTS 165, 166, 168, and 192, same map; same to Simon G. Katzen, 1,117 Westchester Av....$1

LOTS 126, 127, 308, 309, and 384, same map; same to Charles M. Bernstein, 230 West 101st St....$1

LOT 271, same map; same to Simon Abrons, 15 West 102d St....$1

LOTS 52 and 356, same map; same to John M. Haut, 60 West 162d St....$1

LOT 290, same map; same to Charles B. Kaufmann, 327 Edgecombe Av....$1

LOT 294, same map; same to Eva Divak, 100 West 137th St....$1

LOTS 121 and 122, same map; same to Terence Quinn, 1,221 3d Av....$1

LOT 357, same map; same to Gustav Haut, 242 Bradhurst Av....$1

LOT 311, same map; same to Meyer Gladstone, 744 Fox St....$1

LOTS 312 and 313, same map; same to Jacob Silverman, 355 East 141st St....$1

MARION AV, 2,793, w s, 16.8x125; Harry Cahn and others to E. Hart, 2,600 Decatur Av, July 6, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

NORTH OAK DRIVE, n s, eastern ½ of Lot 71, amended map of Bronxwood Park, 35.5x irregular; also Lot 72, same map; Louis H. Stone and another to Charles Williams, 3,314 Hickory St, July 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1,275

WEBB AV, 2,468, e s, 24.4x100.7x24.3x91.11; Gustave Larsen to Ella L. Tessier, 136 Madison St, Brooklyn, Nov. 30, 1912, (mtg $7,100;) attorney E. M. Tessier, Danville, Va....$100

1ST ST, n w s, 179 ft s of Devoe St, 26x125x26x124; Joseph Falvella, by guardian, to Seth B. Howes, 1,931 Broadway, July 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$315

SAME PROPERTY; William H. Feeney et al. to same, 2-3 part, June 29, (mtg $600;) attorney, same....$1

167TH ST, s s, 113.4 ft w of Hall Place, 37.6x111; George F. Schwarz to Arthur Alkier, 243 East 5th St, Brooklyn, July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

167TH ST, s s, 119.1 ft e of Stebbins Av, 37.6x111; George F. Schwarz to Arthur Alkier, 243 East 5th St., Brooklyn, July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent., unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, e s, 25 ft n of 3d St, 24x100; Hurwitz Contracting Co. to Benjamin Joelson, 44 Avenue A, June 17, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. A. Rabinowitch, 230 Grand St....$1,200

BOND ST, n s, 324.8 ft w of Bowery, 27x100; Charles E. Irving to Cruikshank Co., 141 Broadway, July 8, prior mtg $3,000, due July 1, 1915; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$5,000

DIVISION ST, s s, 185 ft e of Pike St, 25x62; Nathan Horwitz to Simon M. Roeder, 174 East 95th St, July 2, due July 7, 1919; attorneys, Roeder & R., 119 Nassau St. $16,000

GREENWICH ST, w s, 262.1 ft n of Morris St, 26.2x99.10; Louise W. Augustin to Augusta Bierler, 64 Greenwich St., July 8, due July 5, 1917....$5,000

HENRY ST, 97, n s, 24.9x100; Henry St, n s, 85.4 ft w of Pike St, 0.4½x67.6; James Shea to Edward Goldschmidt, 307 West 76th St, July 9, 1 year; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

NASSAU ST, 109, n w s, 25x70; Charles W. Russell to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 7, due as per bond, $20,000

PARK AV, e s, 25.5 ft s of 55th St, 25x90; same to Frederica Metteran, Exr., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 1, 2 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$70,000

PITT ST, w s, 100 ft n of Broome St, 25x100; B. T. Realty Co. to Harriet B. Morse, 170 West 73d St, July 10, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$20,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 27.7 ft n of 101st St, 24.6x101.9; Sarah G. Crabb to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, July 7, 5 years, 4½ p. c....$20,000

WATER ST, w s, 75.6 ft e of Catherine St, 33.4x57.11; John Lagomarsino to Henrietta Gardella, 64 Henry St, Brooklyn, July 9, due July 1, 1919; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway....$6,000

WAVERLY PL, e s, 70 ft n of Christopher St, 21.2x60; Charles Seidel to Emigrant Ind Sav Bk, 51 Chambers St, July 10, 5 years; attorney, W. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St....$13,000

WEST END AV, s e cor of 77th St, 24.2x55; Bendet Isaacs to Bowery Sav Bank, 128 Bowery, July 9, 3 years; attorneys, Cadwallader, W. & T., 40 Wall St....$30,000

11TH ST, s s, 265 ft w of 2d Av, 43x95; Fannie Levy to Morris Rosenfeld and another, 309 Van Buren St, Brooklyn, July 9, prior mtg $45,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. Zipris, 157 East Broadway....$10,000

26TH ST, n s, 362.10 ft w of 9th Av, 27.11x98.9; Bruno Steinel to Edward A. Dahlke, 329 West 21st St, July 2, prior mtg $13,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000

41ST ST, n s, at w s of Old Post Road, 40.7x98.9; 41st St, n s, at centre line of former Eastern Post Road, at point 114.9 ft. e of Lexington Av, 39.7x—; Adelaide Lyons to Andrew Trebel, 311 East 85th St, July 8, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Wm. F. Matthies, 506 East 175th St....$2,000

48TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; Gaetano Lopes to Harris Koppelman, 144 Rivington St, July 1, (mtg $15,000,) installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,250

55TH ST, s e cor Park Av, 90x25.5; Swan Brown Company to Philip B. La Roche, 704 Madison Av, July 1, prior mtg, $80,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$5,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Lurana M. La Roche, 704 Madison Av, July 1, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$30,000

86TH ST, s s, 223 ft e of Avenue A, 28x102.2; Anthony Pinto et al to Italian Savings Bank, 64 Spring St, June 25, due July 6, 1917; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$14,000

116TH ST., n s, 202.8 ft e of 3d Av, 17.2x100.11; Augusta Roezzler et al. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, June 24, due as per bond....$5,000

136TH ST, s s, 201.8 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11; John H. Bodine to Caroline A. Wheeler, 1,824 Arthur Av, July 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,500

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 55.8 ft n of 175th St, 26x127.11; Jennie Geller to Emily H. Steiner, 602 West 164th St, prior mtg $5,000, July 9, installments, 6 p. c.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

BEAUMONT AV, w s, 100 ft n of 187th St, 59.5x95.8; Farago Construction Co., Inc., to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, July 9, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$25,000

BELMONT AV, n e corner of 186th St, 74.6x96.4; Rosina Iamascia to Aaron Cohn, 247 East 68th St, July 9, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$33,000

BRYANT AV, s e corner Jennings St, 25x100; Elle Beline to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, July 9, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$13,500

CAMBRELING AV, n e corner William St, 100x105.4 to Crescent Av x 128.4x25; Rosina Iamascia to Henry Elias Brewing Co., 403 East 54th St, prior mtg $37,000, July 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,700

DALY AV, 2,095, n w s, 25x112.1; Rachel Schoepp to Frederick N. Winkler, 368 East 161st St, July 7, demand, 5 per cent.; attorney, William J. Hofmann, 258 Broadway....$250

DORIS AV, w s, 203.10 ft n of Westchester Av, 100x irregular; Dora Splitdorf to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $7,000

HUGHES AV, e s, 149.9 ft s of 183d St, 25.3x100; also Hughes Av, 2,258, e s, 25x100; James Nattela to Josephine Regnault, 2,258 Hughes Av, July 9, due as per bond; attorney, O. J. Kalt, 871 Brook Av....$6,000

LOT 82, map Downing Estate, 25x100; Morris Strauss to Josephine Jelinek, 847 Kinsella St, July 9, 5 years, 5 per cent.; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St; $3,500

LOTS 39 to 41, map of Schieffelin estate; Andrea Russo to Luigi De Francesco, 4,009 Barnes Av, prior mtg $1,500, July 7, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, R. G. Burlando, Williamsbridge, N. Y....$1,000

LOTS 17 and 22, map of Metropolitan Real Estate Association; also 197th St, n s, 95 ft e of Creston Av, 62.1x140.2; Bertha Pirk to Victor Gerhards, 806 East 169th St, prior mtg $6,000, Oct. 18, due Nov. 15, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St....$800

LOT 50, Block 33, map of Morris Park; Morris Levine to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, June 25, due July 9, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$300

LOT 168, map Pearsall Estate; Simon G. Katzen to Sound Realty Co., 128 Broadway, all dated June 29, all 5 years; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 B'way..$945

LOT 192; same to same....$560

LOTS 165 and 166; same to same....$2,432

LOT 126; Charles M. Bernstein to same.$542

LOT 127; same to same....$717

LOT 308; same to same....$595

LOT 384; same to same....$770

LOT 309; same to same....$595

LOT 271; Simon Abrons to same....$560

LOTS 269 and 270; Louis Abrons to same....$1,120

LOTS 353 and 354; Martin Wetzel to same....$875

LOTS 333 and 334; same to same....$735

LOTS 116 and 117; John J. O'Brien to same....$1,085

LOT 142; same to same....$1,802

LOT 344; Felix M. Rutkiewicz to same.$705

LOTS 312 and 313; Jacob Silverman to same....$1,225

LOTS 54 and 55; Douglas O'D. Tracy to same....$1,347

LOTS 173 to 178; Daniel P. Ritchey to same....$5,337

LOTS 82 and 83; Charles Hamburg to same....$870

LOTS 260 and 261; Joseph McDonough to same....$805

LOT 199; Nathan Halperin and ano to same....$700

LOT 311; Meyer Gladstone to same....$612

LOTS 365 and 366; Gustave Buhr to same, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, same....$600

MARION AV, 2,793, w s, 100 ft s of 198th St, 16.8x125; E. Hart to Harry Cahn, 2,540 Grand Av, and another, prior mtg $3,500, July 8, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$500

MARION AV, 2,489, w s, 25x76.7; Henry E. Kahl to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 9, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

MOSHOLU PARKWAY, w s, 36 ft n of 203d St, 64.7x76; Elise Levy to Luella Pierce, Highland, N. Y., and another, trustees, June 15, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Theron L. Carman, 50 Church St....$10,000

NORTH OAK DRIVE, n s, being Lot 72, east half of Lot 71 and part of Lot 73, amended map of Bronxwood Park, 134.7x irregular; Charles Williams to Gepke Schulte, 359 East 145th St, July 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,000

VAN NEST AV, s e corner of Wallace Av, 24x95; Alcott Realty Co. to Albert Mamlock, 230 West 103d St, prior mtg, $13,000, July 6, 1 year, 6 per cent.; attorney, Samuel Bitterman, 309 Broadway....$1,000

135TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Alexander Av, 25x100; Margaret E. Rich to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, July 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$6,500

167TH ST, s s, 113.3 ft w of Hall Place, 37.6x111; Arthur Alkier, 243 East 5th St, Brooklyn, to George F. Schwartz, 1,470 Beacon St, Brookline, Mass., July 9, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$36,000

167TH ST, s s, 119.1 ft e of Stebbins Av, 37.6x111; same to same, July 9, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$36,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

BOWERY, 321 and 323, stores, &c.; Morris Lederman to William H. Lensh and another, 321 Bowery, 3 8-12 years, from June 1, 1914; attorney, Lewin & Scherer, 320 Broadway....$2,760

LEXINGTON AV, between 46th and 47th Sts, part occupied as restaurant, &c.; Merchants and Manufacturers' Exchange of New York to Harry M. Stevens, 128 West 84th St, 5 2-12 years, from July 9, 1914; attorneys, Crisp, R. & C., 80 Broadway..
25 per cent. of gross receipts

8TH AV, 2,729, store; Ferdinand Brakmann to Harris Levine, 2,729 8th Av, 5 years, from May 1, 1914....$720

136TH ST, 174 West, all; Joseph Shenk to Katherine L. Jones, 135 West 138th St, 5 years, from July 15, 1914; attorney, Joseph M. Edelson, 60 Wall St....$5,500

Bronx.

Clinton Av, e s, 193.2 ft no of McKinley Sq, 102.1x186.11 to Boston Road x 101.7x153 all; McKinley Square Theatre Building Corporation to Lilac Amusement Co., 701 7th Av, 5 years, from Sept. 1, 1914; attorney, M. Sulzberger, 38 Park Row....$12,600

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MANHATTAN AV, 507; Jacob Levin against Henry Schurzer, owner; Israel Becker, contractor....$850

MORNINGSIDE AV, 171; Louis Marks against Jennie Lederer, owner; Charles Bjorkegren, contractor....$64

MORNINGSIDE AV, 56; Wright Lumber Co., Inc., against estate of Frederick Beck, Bertha Beck, Christian F. Tiegan, and Samuel Untermyer, executors, owners; Rosenberg-Goldman Co., contractors....$46

MORNINGSIDE AV East, 25; Morris Levy against Annie E. Medford, owner and contractor....$60

NORTHERN AV, w s, 179th to 180th St, 200x175; John Trainor against Haven Construction Co., owner; Harry Brown, contractor....$370

8TH AV, s w corner of 57th St, 25.5x100; Gilroy Contracting Co. against P. A. Hegeman, owner; Rutan, McAdam & Cooper, contractors; Tulin Construction Co., subcontractor....$40

44TH ST, 14 East; Halpern & Mestel, Inc., against W. Taylor Sherman and L. Pierre Valligny, owners; Harry Pruzansky, J. Kantrowitz, B. Sidelsky, and George J. Payne, contractors....$65

44TH ST, 14 East; Koslow Iron Works, Inc., against Harry T. Sherman, owner; Isidor Kantrowitz and L. Pierre Valligny, contractors....$110

57TH ST, 347 and 349 East; William Beck against Bessie Pekelman, contractor and owner....$57

Bronx.

173D ST East, n s, 57.9 ft e of Webster Av, 50x92.7; Standard Plumbing Co. against Simplex Improvement Co., owner; Frank J. Allvea, contractor....$48

184TH ST, 299 West; Louis J. Schoefer against Joseph Gruber, owner and contractor....$270

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

LEXINGTON AV, 567 to 571, and 51st St, 160 to 166 East; John Simmons Co. against Hammerstein Opera Co and others; Jan. 16, 1914....$3,226

19TH ST, 37 East; Henry H. Meiss & Son, Inc., against Montrose Realty Co. and others; Jan. 23, 1913....$256

SAME PROPERTY; William Dunker against same; Jan. 23, 1913....$555

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,391; Augusta S. Pothemont against P. J. Duff & Sons et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Foster & Cunningham.

GRAND ST, s w corner of Corlears St, 23.5x59.6x irregular; City of New York against Day Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, F. L. Polk.

SCAMMEL ST, 29; Isaac E. Harris against Gussie Vlodofsky et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Gallert & Heilborn.

2D AV, 2,069; Andrew W. Michel against Julius Padve et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Moore & Upson.

11TH AV, s w corner of 177th St, 99.11x100; William T. Rankin against Octav Land Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. R. Adams.

12TH ST, 82 and 84 West; Wilson M. Powell et al. against Harry Rosenwasser et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell, Jr.

16TH ST, 441 and 443 West; Emilie Hoffman against James S. Hannon et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Stern, Barr & Tyler.

18TH ST, 116 East; Emily S. Dow against James M. Motley et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. R. Conklin.

106TH ST, 156 East; Theodore T. Brinckerhoff et al. against Eva Cohn et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Deiches.

110TH ST, 342 East; William Crawford against John Curcio et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

118TH ST, n s, 231 ft w of 2d Av, 29x100.10; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against Bell Improvement Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

Bronx.

ALBANY ROAD, w s, 185.8 ft n of 231st St, 52.1x51.3; Addie Powers against Thomas J. Totten and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. J. Donegan.

LOT 19, (119,) revised map of Seneca Park; Charles Glore and others against M. Kempf Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Clocks, Koch & Reidy.

MAPES AV, w s, 35 ft s of 179th St, 40x100; Clarence Mayer against Charles Schaefer, Jr., Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Frankenthaler.

THIRD AV, w s, 94 ft s of 183d St, 36x119; Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co. against Edmund Powers and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Finck, Cobb & Hubby.

TINTON AV, e s, 6 ft s of 166th St, 20x80; William C. Heppenheimer against James Weston and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Todd & St. John.

156TH ST, 937 East; Samuel L. Feldman against Alexander L. Kenny and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. O. Ernst.

184TH ST, East, n w corner of Marion Av, 63.9x97.7; Peter Handibode against Henry Fursht and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. P. Hallock.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY S. W. POGGENBERG, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, July 23d, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at Chelsea Storage Warehouse, 426 West 26th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of crockery, woodenware, small ware, household articles, fixtures, &c.; also Trustee's right, title and interest in and to the interest of the bankrupt under the will of Henry F. W. Poggenberg, dated Nov. 12, 1889, probated, N. Y. Surrogate's office, Feb. 13th, 1890; also Trustee's right, title and interest in and to the real estate, No. 19 East 162d St., N. Y. C., subject to all liens and incumbrances; also Trustee's right, title and interest to one undivided sixth part in premises known as 505 East 22d St., subject to all liens and decrees. Particulars as to will, real estate, mortgages and all other assets may be obtained at the office of the attorney for Trustee.
MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Trustee.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Trustee, 277 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GREENWALD & SELIGMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 21st, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, machinery, power tables, motors, shafting, forms, desks, chairs, fixtures, &c. Inspection July 18th and 20th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
SIDNEY S. BRAUNBERG, Trustee.
S. H. IMMERGLUCK, Attorney for Trustee, 27 Cedar St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of VENTILATING SYSTEMS CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 21st, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 10th St. and 6th Ave., College Point, Long Island, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ventilators, machines, merchandise for making ventilators, &c.
Inspection July 18th and 20th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Trustee.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Trustee, 277 B'way, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREUND & GLASSER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, July 17th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 28 E. 10th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, piece goods, men's suits, coats, pants, vests, linings, fixtures, &c.
Inspection July 15th and 16th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Receiver.
HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 B'way, New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 19,520.—In Bankruptcy.—McVICKAR-GAILLARD REALTY CO., Bankrupt.
McVickar-Gaillard Realty Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 15th, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on July 24th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated July 10th, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANNIE PISER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 21st, 1914, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 262 West 125th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of millinery, hats, trimmings, cash register, fixtures, &c. Inspection July 18th and 20th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
MORRIS KAMBER, Receiver, 99 Nassau St., New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20,046.—In Bankruptcy.—SOLOMON GOLDENKRANZ, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Solomon Goldenkranz are hereby given notice that on July 3, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City, July 22, 1914, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. Dist., N. Y.—No. 20,043.—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL HANES, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Samuel Hanes are hereby given notice that on July 3, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City, July 22, 1914, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Ever-ready reference to political, social, financial, theatrical, and all other events. The New York Times Index. Date and page quickly found. Of inestimable service to those having frequent occasion for consulting history of recent days. Published quarterly. $8 a year—single issues $2. July volume nearly ready. The New York Times Index, Times Square, New York.—Adv.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CONCORD PETROLEUM CO., Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Concord Petroleum Co.:
Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed its petition, dated the 8th day of July, 1914, setting forth, among other things, that it has offered terms of composition, which terms have been accepted in writing by a majority in number of all creditors whose claims have been allowed, and which represents a majority in amount of such claims; that the consideration to be paid by the bankrupt to its creditors, and the money necessary to pay all debts which have priority and the costs of the proceedings have been duly deposited in a duly designated depository, and asking that said composition may be confirmed by the court.
Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing before the Honorable Judge of the United States District Court on July 20th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee, 82 Beaver Street, New York City.
Dated New York, July 10th, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,772.—JACOB S. ADLER, SIGMUND STOERGER, and DAVID STEINER, individually and as copartners, trading under the name and style of ADLER, STOERGER & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that Jacob S. Adler, Sigmund Stoerger, and David Steiner, alleged bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated July 7, 1914, praying for a confirmation of composition of all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 20th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 8th, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—JOSEPH FRIEDMAN, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Joseph Friedman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, August 10, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—MODEL BUTTON WORKS, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Model Button Works, bankrupt, have filed their petition, praying for a confirmation of composition in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 20th, 1914, at 10.30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 10, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20,031.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES MARGOLIS, individually, and as a member of the partnership of Cravis & Margolis, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Charles Margolis, individually and as a member of the partnership of Cravis & Margolis, are hereby given notice that on June 30, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City, July 21, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 19,796.—In Bankruptcy.—PINCUS SCHNEIDER, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Pincus Schneider are hereby given notice that on June 23, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City, July 22, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 19,232.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH GERSHGALL, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Joseph Gershgall are hereby given notice that on May 18, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City, July 21, 1914, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

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These adjoining wharves are located on Commercial, opposite Hanover Street. They have a large frontage on Commercial Street, extend out to the Harbor Commissioners' Line, are connected with the Union Freight Railway Company by spur tracks, and are the largest and best equipped wharves in the city for the business of a freight or passenger line of steamers.

CONSTITUTION WHARF is covered by a large one-story building with an area of about 60,900 square feet. The north and south docks are each 460 feet in length and have a depth of water at mean low tide of from 16 to 25 feet. The frontage on the harbor is about 450 feet.

BATTERY WHARF—The area of this property is about 200,000 square feet, of which 130,000 square feet are covered by the wharf structure, with floor area under shed slightly in excess of 2 acres, and designed especially for the transportation business, all of which is readily accessible from well-paved driveway and yard. Track facilities enable freight cars to be loaded directly from the Wharf. The north dock is about 433 feet long; the south dock is about 300 feet long. The wharf frontage on the Harbor is about 324 feet. For plans and rents

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Trinity Studios, Broadway at 153d St.	2 & 3 Rooms	$35 & upward	Fine service. All Improvements.

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An elegant Country Residence, white stucco and red tile roof, 16 rooms, 4 baths, steam heat; white enamel interior finish, hardwood floors, and the very latest accessories for conveniences and comfort. 2 ACRES of handsome grounds, shrubbery, trees, Telford roads and paths, sunken garden, vegetable garden, pergola. Most modern garage, room and bath. City water, electric lights; 1¼ miles to station. Estate surroundings. Price $48,000.
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ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the assignment of JOSEPH HOLROYD to MAURICE P. DAVIDSON, for the benefit of creditors.
To Whom It May Concern:
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee will sell at public auction by D. S. Bellows, auctioneer, the property and assets of the above named Joseph Holroyd, on the 23d day of July, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at No. 113 West 48th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. The assets and property below mentioned will be offered for sale as follows:
a. In bulk.
b. In parcels in the manner stated.
c. In single lots.
A bid or combination of bids which realizes the largest amount will be accepted subject to the reservation of the assignee of the right to reject any and all bids and to withdraw said property from sale.
The property to be sold consists of the following:
1. All the right, title and interest of the assignee in and to the lease of premises No. 113 West 48th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, dated the 1st day of February, 1914, and running for a period of 21 years, having an annual rental of $2,100 for the first ten years, and $2,500 for the balance, payable in equal monthly instalments, subject to all arrears now due or which may become due under the terms of this lease, including the charges for the period during which said premises were occupied by the assignee, and subject to any encumbrances of every kind, nature and description.
2. All the right, title and interest of the assignee in and to the portable furniture, fixtures and equipment, including the tables, chairs, linen, glassware, crockery, kitchen utensils and chattels of every kind, nature and description.
Said property will be open for inspection on every week day between the hours of 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Dated, July 10th, 1914.
MAURICE P. DAVIDSON, Assignee.
ALFRED YANKAUER, Attorney for Assignee, 261 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

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Large Corner Apartment with 5 Baths.
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Rev. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., Pastor. Sermon at 11 A. M. Sunday by Rev. J. WILBUR CHAPMAN, D. D.
Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.
Friday, Prayer Meeting, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor. Rev. Dr. MILTON G. EVANS will preach 11 and 8 Sunday.

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, Madison Ave., cor. 31st St. Rev. ERNEST RISLEY EATON will preach Sunday morning and evening. 11 A. M.—"Is Material Fire Worse Than the Torments of a Guilty Conscience?" 8 P. M.—"Courage—A Necessary Force in the Making of a Man." Union Bible Class, 9:45. Dr. J. S. Dunn, Ldr.

WASHINGTON HTS. BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av. Rev. Dr. R. T. Wiltbank of Binghamton, N. Y., preaches at 11 o'clock.

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M. First Church, Cent. Park West and 96th St. Second Church, Cent. Park West and 68th St. Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av. Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St. Fifth Church, Madison Av. and 38th St. Evening Service, 8 P. M., at First Church Only.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St. Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor. Dr. J. L. GORDON of Winnipeg, will preach. 11 A. M., "Can We Be Sure of a Life Hereafter?" 8 P. M., "Can We Foretell Future Events?" Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ (Christian).

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. Rev. AMON F. SANDERSON, B. D., Acting Pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. "Christ's Message, Vital." Strangers welcome.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St. WM. M. HORN, Pastor. Services, 11 A. M. Preacher: Rev. S. G. Trexler, Students' Pastor.

EV. LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY Trinity, Central Park West and 65th St. Rev. Chas J. Smith. Rev. Clarence E. Krumbholz. Pastors. Serivces every Sunday at 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

MADISON AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, corner of 60th Street. Rev. Charles L. Mead, D. D., Pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, M. A. Song service on steps of church at 7:30 P. M., led by the Epworth League. Strangers welcome.

New Thought.

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST. Rev. W. John Murray, Speaker, Sunday, 11. Laurel Room, Hotel Astor. Subject: "Waiting and Waiting."

HAPPINESS TALKS, Wednesdays at 3.—Mrs. MARGARET CUTTING IVES, 60 West 10th St. No charge.

EV. ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH OF the Holy Trinity, Central Park West and 65th St. Rev. Chas. J. Smith. Rev. Clarence E. Krumbholz. Pastors. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway. WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West 57th St. bet. B'way and 7th Av. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.

REV. JOHN McNEIL, the Celebrated Scotch Preacher, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

DR. GEO. F. PENTECOST Preaches Sunday 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. at 105th St. Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., Pastor.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St. Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Rev. F. B. MEYER, Memorial Hall, Farrington St., London, will conduct both services.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St. Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor. The Rev. PAUL DWIGHT MOODY will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Rev. JOHN R. MACKAY, Ph. D., D. D., Minister. Rev. CHAS. N. VAN HOUTEN, LL. B., Assistant Minister.
11 A. M.—Sermon by Rev. C. N. Van Houten.
7 P. M.—Open-air meeting, Riverside Drive and 155th St.
8 P. M.—Sermon by Rev. C. N. Van Houten.
8 P. M.—Wednesday, midweek service.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Ave., 11th to 12th St. REV. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor. 11. Mr. Harold C. Jaquith. 8. Service on Church Lawn.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROADWAY AND 73D STREET. REV. SAMUEL C. HODGE preaches at 11 A. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AVENUE, Corner West 141st St. Thomas W. Smith, D. D., 11 and 8 o'clock.

THE BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Ministers. {WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY. Rev. ALBERT PARKER FITCH, D. D., President of Andover Theological Seminary, will preach at the 11 o'clock service. Noon Service every weekday (except Saturday,) 12:30-12:50.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. 10th St. Rev. GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. Rev. O. CLUDE WEIST, Assistant Minister, at 8 P. M.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., Pastors. Rev. ROBERT E. SPEER, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M.

Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, 174th St., near Broadway. Rev. LYMAN R. HARTLEY will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Bishop McCormick.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Bishop McCormick.
Daily, 7:30 A. M., The Holy Communion.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Avenue and 21st Street. Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector. Services, 11 a. m., 8 p. m. Preacher, Rev. R. S. Brown.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St. Low Masses, 7:30, 9; High Mass and Sermon, 10:45; Evensong at 4.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Av. and 20th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Rev. SAMUEL NEAL KENT.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Rev. OSCAR STUART MICHAEL.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th St. Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L., Rector. Services,
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. Preacher, Rev. Stanley Matthews Cleveland.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 East 27th.—Service demain, 10:30, Rev. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Rev. FLOYD W. TOMKINS, PREACHER, 8; and 11 (Dr. Tomkins); 8 (Mr. Groton.)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av. at 44th St. SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICE 11 A. M. Full Choir Present. Seats Free. Preacher July 12, REV. SAMUEL McCONNELL, D. D.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 53d St.—Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.—8 and 11 A. M., Rev. W. Strother Jones, D.D.

Protestant Episcopal.

THE ASCENSION, 5th Av., 10th St. Rev. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector. 10-11 A. M. Rev. Charles W. Naumann. Church Open Every Day.

THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29TH. Dr. GEORGE C. HOUGHTON, Rector. Communions: 7, 8. Choral EUCHARIST and SERMON, 10:30. Evensong, 4 o'clock.

Reformed.

MADISON AVE. REFORMED CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 57th St. 11 A. M., HUGH BLACK.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, Rev. Henry Kilmer Hotaling will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister. Rev. Peter H. Milliken, D. D., will preach. 11 A. M.—"Faithfulness and Its Reward." 8 P. M.—"Seeing Things."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Av. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister. Church closed during month of July.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister. Rev. Edward G. W. Meury will preach at 11 A. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist.

FIRST GERMAN SPIRITUALIST CHURCH. Services in English Sundays, 8 P. M. Pabst Grand Circle, 59th & Columbus Circle.

Unitarian.

UNITARIAN. Union services of the Unitarian churches of Greater New York at Church of the Messiah, 34th St. and Park Av., 11 A. M. Rev. Frederick M. Bennett of New York will preach. Public cordially invited.

Other Services.

A MIDSUMMER BIBLE CONFERENCE, AUSPICES NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE. The Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP of Edinburgh, Scotland, will speak daily (except Saturday) at the Institute Headquarters Building, 214 West 35th St., July 19 to 26. Sunday, July 19, 4 P. M., subject: "Is Pentecost a Vanquished Glory?" Weekdays, 4 and 8 P. M. For full list of subjects address Don O. Shelton, President. THE PUBLIC CORDIALLY INVITED.

COSMOLOGICAL MEETINGS are held at 600 West 181st St. every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Music. All welcome. Dr. Rivero.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 8th Av. and 44th St. Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. Preaching 10:30 A. M. by the pastor; 7:45 P. M., preaching by Rev. HAROLD STEPHENS, Evangelist.

TENT EVANGEL, W. 124th St., bet. Amsterdam & Morningside. Sunday, 4 P. M., and nightly all week, Rev. John MacNeill; Sunday, 8 P. M., Rev. F. B. Meyer; July 19 to August, Bob Jones (Billy Sunday of the South).

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135 W. 80th.—SWAMI BODHANANDA, "Secret of Powers." 3 P. M.

8TH AV. MISSION, 200 8th Av. S. Wray, Supt. Meetings every night. WELCOME.

HALL TO RENT for religious meetings, societies, &c.; beautifully decorated; piano, electric exhaust fan. Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—THE BOWERY SAVINGS BANK, Plaintiff, against CATHARINE STELJES and JOHN H. STELJES as Executors of and Trustees under the last will and testament of Martin Steljes, deceased, John H. Steljes and "Mary" Steljes, his wife, the said name "Mary" being fictitious, the true first name of said defendant being unknown to this plaintiff, Wilhelmina Steljes, Meta Matilda Mertens, (also known as Matilda S. Mertens,) Martin W. Steljes, and "Laura" Steljes, his wife, the said name "Laura" being fictitious, the true first name of said defendant being unknown to the plaintiff, George H. Steljes and "Sarah" Steljes, his wife, the said name "Sarah" being fictitious, the true first name of said defendant being unknown to the plaintiff, August Bernard, Herman Michelson, Emil Joseph, Lion Brewery of New York City, Harry Longhurst, James Dwyer, Samuel Abeloff doing business as the American Diamond Watch Company, New York Telephone Company, Catharine Steljes, Bertha Schmidt, Defendants. Summons.—Trial desired in the County of New York. Clerk's index No. 5,249, year 1914.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, February 25th, 1914.

CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT, Plaintiff's Attorneys, office and Post Office address, No. 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York.

To the above-named defendants, Bertha Schmidt, August Bernard, Harry Longhurst, and James Dwyer:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated June 19th, 1914, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan and City of New York and State of New York on the 19th day of June, 1914.

Dated New York, June 19th, 1914.

CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT, Attorneys for plaintiff, Post Office and office address, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.—Trial desired in the County of New York.—ANNA ELIZABETH GERSHEL, Plaintiff, against GEORGE GERSHEL, Defendant.—Summons.—Action for a Separation.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 18th, 1914.

CHARLES T. B. ROWE, Plaintiff's Attorney, Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.

To George Gershel, the defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Eugene A. Philbin, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 9th day of June, 1914, and filed this day, with the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in said State.

Dated June 9th, 1914.

CHARLES T. B. ROWE, Plaintiff's Attorney, Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, New York County.—BLANCHE BARRETT, Plaintiff, against CLARENCE F. BARRETT, Defendant.—Action for Absolute Divorce.

To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, the 20th day of June, 1914. WILLIAM WEIL, Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and Post Office Address: 150 Nassau Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.

To Clarence F. Barrett, the above named defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 23d day of June, 1914, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, on the 24th day of June, 1914.

Dated New York, the 24th day of June, 1914. WILLIAM WEIL, Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and Post Office Address: 150 Nassau Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—ORANGE COUNTY.—In the Matter of the Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors of JULIUS N. EVENS to NATHAN M. ABRAMSON.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that by order of the Honorable Isaac N. Mills, Justice of the Supreme Court, the undersigned will sell the assets, consisting of a stock of hosiery, underwear, men's and women's furnishings, &c., now in the auction rooms of Daniel Greenwald at 15 Mercer Street, New York City, on the 21st day of July, 1914, at 2 P. M., at the office of the undersigned. Bids will be received by the undersigned up to and including July 20th, 1914. The merchandise can be inspected during business hours from July 15th to 18th, 1914.

The assignee reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event said property will be sold at public auction at 15 Mercer Street, New York City, by Daniel Greenwald, Auctioneer, on the 22d day of July, 1914, at 2 P. M.

Dated, New York, July 9th, 1914.

NATHAN M. ABRAMSON, Assignee, 35 Nassau Street, New York City.
FISCHER & SOLOMON, Attorneys for Assignee.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS. Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

A.—RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NOS. 120-125, northeast corner 84th.—Handsomely furnished apartments, 8 and 11 rooms, three baths; also unfurnished; low Summer rates. STEWART. See Supt.

121st, 509 West.—Columbia grounds opposite; near Subway, parks, Drive; several choice furnished apartments to sublet; elegant building; restaurant; roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

Sublet delightful 2-room, bath, and kitchenette apartment; magnificent view; well furnished; high-grade building. Apartment 8G, 419 West 119th. Phone 7700 Morningside.

SUBLET, FURNISHED. Two 2-room—one 3-room apartment. HOTEL WALTON. 104 West 70th St.

52 WEST 39TH STREET. Large second floor, 2 rooms and bath; delightfully cool; electricity; telephone extension.

A.—A.—A.—Alliance Hotel, 258 West 44th St.; furnished rooms; suite; with or without board; Summer rates; board optional.

Small, refined apartment, west side, for Summer; three adults. C 60 Times.

93d, (Riverside.)—$50; 6 outside rooms; shower; piano. For information 1026 Riverside.

East Side.

Astounding rates; two beautiful rooms and bath, $9 to $12 weekly; every inducement; southern exposure; full hotel service. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Furnished apartment wanted during Summer; two bedrooms, bathroom, sitting room; telephone; state price. M 99 Times.

Storage

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

2,523 CONEY ISLAND AV.—Two-story and attic frame house; lot 30x120; modern; furnace heat, electric light; beautifully decorated; 10 rooms and bath; new plumbing; thoroughly up to date; near Coney Island, on car line; can keep chickens; worth $6,500; must be sold at once; price $5,500; reasonable terms. Address H. M. EPPES, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Ready for Occupancy.—Goell's 8-room brick houses, 3 with garage; best Flatbush location; latest improvements; only few left; will sell reasonably; Vanderveer Place, near Flatbush Av.; Flatbush Av. car; send for particulars. Phone 9445 Flatbush.

CRAFTSMAN homes on rent-like terms. For beautiful booklet write to OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Bklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

AT QUEENS-COURT. Two exceptional suburban homes, new; price $5,800 and $6,200; 28 minutes from Manhattan; shade trees, tennis courts; every improvement; restricted; easy terms. QUEENS-COURT, 200 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 3877 Cort.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale at a Bargain.—25 very fine lots, situated in Westchester Park subdivision, Town of East Chester, Westchester County, State of New York; fronting on Lincoln Av., Marbledale Road, Maple Av., Glenn Road, and Hall Place. For further particulars apply to THE HOUSE OF BROWNE, LIMITED, Browne Building, Montreal, Canada.

Mount Vernon.

Model homes for sale, $4,500 up. Oliver Hubbard Co., 10 S. 3d Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

New Rochelle.

New Rochelle Bargain.—Attractive cottage, 9 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat. C. B. Allen, 232 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Freeport.—Just far enough out; our houses and plots for sale or exchange are in the best part of the village. Sealy, Freeport, or 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—Four choice plots, situated Ocean Crest, Far Rockaway. For particulars apply to W. S. Vanderveer, 17 White St., Far Rockaway.

Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.—Centrally located; 120-foot plot or will divide; no reasonable terms refused. P 331 Times Downtown.

Colonial house, furnished, unfurnished. Particulars 32 East 76th. Phone 6613 Lenox.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Cottages and semi-bungalows; fine location; 5 minutes from station; large plots; all improvements; guaranteed to please; one visit will convince; may be rented with purchase option. Send for photos. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Nature Lovers' Retreat.—Bungalow on mountainside; overlooking river; established bungalow colony; commutation 13c; open fireplace; 52-foot porch; $650. Unusual value, 56 Times Downtown.

Real Opportunity.—To rent, at $35, new nine-room semi-bungalow, 5 minutes station; large plot, fine section; every improvement. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Farm for sale, 45 acres; 12 acres tillable land; six-room house; within driving distance of Asbury Park; $2,800. Frank Hurley, Farmingdale, N. J.

Westfield.—New houses on large plots; $4,300; free tickets. HOME AND GARDENS CO. H. C. Lockwood, Agent, Woolworth Building, New York.

Fanwood the Beautiful.—Send for pictures of houses. H. C. LOCKWOOD CO., Woolworth Building, New York.

New York State—For Sale or To Let

If you wish to purchase country property, a stock, dairy, poultry, or fruit farm at a reasonable price call at our office and permit us to show you the list of desirable farms that we have for sale in Orange, Ulster, and Dutchess Counties; catalogues mailed free. Birdsall's Farm Agency, 51 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 1986.

Plot 75x150 lake section near Cascade Lake; terms to suit. Address William B. Sweet, 143 Liberty St., New York City.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

CHOICE Litchfield County farm, 100 acres good land, free from stone, new 9-room house, with all improvements, including gas, hot-water heat, bath, cemented cellar, wide veranda, porte cochere, &c.; good barns also; this is an extra nice place, with splendid water and other facilities; $6,000. Address Owner, Box 148, Torrington, Conn.

FOR SALE.—140 acres; magnificent view of Long Island Sound and surrounding country; worth investigating. Write for information, Pease Realty Company, Inc., Bridgeport, Conn. Dealers in country property.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Brooklyn.

7 and 8 room brick houses; large porch; beautiful street; near station; only $25 to $38. Singer, 248 Kings Highway. Phone 635 Bath Beach.

Mortgage Loans.
Thirty-five cents a line.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Mortgage Loan Wanted.

Mortgage loans wanted on improved property in Montreal; first mortgages yield 5 per cent. to 8 per cent. Address E. W. Jacobs & Co., 824 Power Building, Craig St., Montreal, Canada.

Wanted.—$5,000 on 1st mortgage, 5½ per cent. Kings County property; colored tenants. Schreiber, 2,340 Myrtle Av., Bklyn.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

To Let.—Large corner store, size 50x100, northeast corner Broome and Mott Streets. Rent reasonable; alterations to suit. For full particulars address Store, P. O. Box 1,569.

Floor to let for business purposes, 474 8th Av., corner 34th St. Inquire Peck & Son., on premises, or R. M. Brown, 30 East 42d St.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE. Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

To Sublet.—6-room elevator apartment; outside rooms; dining room, 14x18; rental, $62.50, with 5 weeks free, if possession taken July 15. Apartment 5D, 974 St. Nicholas Av., near 159th St.

47th, 16 West.—Attractive kitchenette apartment, 2 rooms; hot water; conveniences; $40.

103d, 112 West.—High-class 4 rooms; electricity; telephone, Subway, "L," $32, $30.

130th, 202 West.—Desirable modern apartments; 7 large, light rooms; $45-$50.

East Side.

Physician's office to let; two large, light rooms. 701 Madison Av., corner 63d St., Hotel Leonori.

Bronx.

1,054 Clay Av.—Elegant apartment, two-family house, 8 large rooms; bath; all improvements.

Upper part 2-family house; 9 rooms. 947 Sherman Av., 163d-164th Sts.

Country Board

Thirty cents a line.

Staten Island.

REFINED BOARDERS wanted in private house, St. George Heights; large grounds, shrubbery; overlooking bay; five minutes from ferry. 51 Hyatt St., New Brighton.

The Willows, Huguenot Park.—Comfortable, modern accommodations; up-to-date in every respect; sea bathing, tennis; excellent cuisine; one hour from city; references.

Long Island.

PRIVATE HOUSE; SPECIAL SEASON rates; best residential section; five minutes' walk to beach; same distance to Edgemere Station; all modern improvements; excellent table service. Address A. Frank, Brackenridge, Atlantic Av., corner Cedar Av., Edgemere.

Bensonhurst.—Beautiful, large, airy rooms, overlooking bay; all modern conveniences; first-class table; excellent bathing and boating; near station. Apply 8,811 22d Av. Phone 1434 Bath Beach.

EUREKA HOUSE—S. TALLEY, PROP. CEDAR AVENUE—FAR ROCKAWAY. Perfect home; spacious grounds; table best; boating, fishing. Refined people only. Moderate terms.

OCEAN VIEW HOUSE, Far Rockaway; beautiful large and single rooms; overlooking ocean; superior board. Phone 1672 Far Rockaway.

Beachhurst on Sound.—Excellent bathing, &c.; half hour from New York; private family. Shanjs, 30th St. and 16th Av.

Accommodations can be had at most beautiful private place in Sea Gate; Nautilus Av. Bryan. Phone 456 Coney Island.

BAYSHORE, L. I. Select boarding; rates $15 to $20 per week. Mrs. B. NOHOWEL.

Rockaway Park, 46 113th Av.—Desirable room; balcony overlooking ocean; excellent board.

New York State.

Pleasant View House, Dover Plains, Dutchess County.—100 acres; excellent board; modern; $8-$9. Ahrens, 32 Union Square, N. Y.

New Jersey.

LENOX MANOR. New, beautifully furnished, homelike, large, airy rooms; private baths; exceptional table; low Summer rates. 75 Lenox Av., East Orange. Phone 5075 Orange.

SIXTH DOOR FROM BOARDWALK. Good home table; large rooms; terms $12 up; $2.50 per day up. 151 St. Charles Place, Atlantic City.

THE NEW ENGLAND, ORANGE, N. J. 211 Lincoln Av.; refined, homelike accommodations.

Connecticut.

THE GUNNERY INN, WASHINGTON, CONN. Pure air and water. Beautiful walks and drives. Good table. A good place for week-end or permanent guests. Golf, tennis. Booklet. GEO. T. SANGER, Mgr.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents a line.

ROOM AND BOARD wanted for lady with two-year-old child near Manhattan Beach or Long Beach. Write Mrs. D. Geiringer, 1,186 Madison Av. Phone Lenox 3750.

Country Property

Thirty cents a line.

To Let—Furnished.

To Let.—For period of eleven weeks, July fifteenth to October first, during owner's absence in Europe, Shorecliff House, the Long Island property of Mr. Vernon Castle, situated on Manhasset Bay, L. I.; large residence completely furnished (including linen, glass, silver, etc.), stable and garage, saddle horses and cows—five acres lawn and garden, house boat and motor boat, bathing beach, tennis court, etc. For terms apply The Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle Management, 105 West 40th street.

ADIRONDACKS—LAKE PLACID, N. Y. Two handsome Summer camps, mainland Lake Placid, for rent. Apply to Allen & Feldstein, leading Adirondack agents, Lake Placid, N. Y.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (Near 5th Av.)—Desirable large, small rooms; private bath; reasonable.

62D, 16 EAST.—Fine rooms; parlor, dining; Summer prices; board optional. Plaza 7613.

LEXINGTON AV., 965, near 70th.—Large and small rooms; electricity; phone; table guests.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

53D, 57 WEST.—First-class rooms; board; excellent transportation; reduced rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

56TH, 332 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent board; telephone; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Room with bath; single rooms; table guests; Summer rates.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private bath; table guests accommodated; Summer rates.

71ST, 62 WEST.—EXCEPTIONAL BOARD; TWO-ROOM SUITE; PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER; ELECTRICITY.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large, front, cool room; table guests; refined neighborhood; references.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large and small, cool, airy rooms; excellent table; table guests.

77TH, 266 WEST.—Attractive rooms; conveniences; excellent table board; Summer prices; references.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Large and small rooms; transients; Southerners; superior board; table guests.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Excellent modern accommodations; Southern cuisine; Summer rates; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, cool, quiet rooms; electricity; ideal location; generous table.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Second floor; private bath; large and small rooms; table board.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; cool, quiet; permanent, transients; table excellent.

84TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private baths; board optional; references.

87TH ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references; table guests.

92D ST., 45 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; near Park, cars; Southerners desired.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Well-furnished, cool rooms; Park, "L"; board optional; telephone.

93D ST., 139 WEST.—Delightful double and single rooms; first-class accommodations; rates moderate.

94TH, 16 WEST.—[illegible] and 2d floor hall room, near park; reference.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Rooms with board, near Park; reference. Tel. 7442 Riverside.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

96TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private baths; superior table board; Park; reference.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large and small airy rooms; Southern cooking; Summer rates.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Large, cool room; elevator apartment; private family; exceptional meals. Peters.

122D, 520 WEST.—Double and single rooms; Summer rates; excellent board. Kerker.

138TH, 608 WEST.—Lady having beautiful home can accommodate a few paying guests for the Summer; meals; all modern improvements. 4914 Audubon.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; rooms, with or without private baths; electricity.

152D ST., 476 WEST.—Detached house with porch; pleasant location; Summer rates.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—All outside rooms; running water; home cooking; table guests.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (near 137th St. Subway,)—Room and board; home cooking. Apartment 34.

THE WOODBURY, 855 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds. Audubon 4412.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable well-furnished rooms; en suite on single.

19TH, 151 EAST, (Fairfax Arms.)—Elegant rooms; high-class elevator house; bath, telephone; all night service; light and airy; refined surroundings; moderate rates.

40TH, (278 Madison Av.)—Handsomely furnished double, single rooms; private baths; kitchenettes, telephone; $3, $7, $9, $10; transients.

25TH, 229 EAST.—Four basement rooms, complete housekeeping, suitable for large family; $6.

28TH, 42 EAST.—Outside rooms, with or without board; Summer rates.

43D, 130 EAST.—Beautifully furnished room in private family for business lady or gentleman; connecting bath; separate entrance; near Grand Central; references. Gammond's bell.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room, with piano; single rooms; private bath; Summer rates; telephone.

50TH ST., 216 EAST.—Elegant, clean, light front parlor; suitable for 2 men; Riverside house; conveniences; Summer rates.

60TH, 240 EAST.—Neat, large front room; small room; comfortable; reasonable.

57TH, 23-25 EAST.—Handsomely furnished double, single suites; electric light; kitchenette; telephone; $3, $4, $7, $8, $10.

65TH, 158 EAST.—Large rooms with kitchenette and running water; also small room.

161ST, 834 EAST, (Prospect Station.)—Large, two-window room; improvements. Sass.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 180 (34th.)—Small and large rooms; desirable studios; Summer rates.

THE BRUCK, 369 LEXINGTON AV., (41st.)—Handsomely furnished rooms; private baths; phone.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite; single; perfect ventilation; like country; references.

11TH ST., 35 WEST.—Extra large room; connecting rooms; select surroundings; phone; reference.

12TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large and small rooms; running water; telephone.

12TH, 61 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front room; Summer rates. Phone 6327 Chelsea.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week: one or two persons; room and suites, with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

43D ST., 113 WEST.—Neatly furnished, airy, large and small rooms; phone.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; gentlemen. 2295 Bryant.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; every convenience; telephone; reasonable; select.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Large, fine front room; shower bath; electricity; select.

47TH, ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. Bryant 4589.

52D, 318 and 320 WEST.—Large and small cool rooms; running water; bath.

57 WEST 53D STREET. Attractive, cool, single rooms, $3 up; references.

53D, 64 WEST.—Single, double rooms; suite; private baths; electricity; references.

55TH ST., 101 WEST, (Apartment 2.)—Outside rooms in newly furnished, freshly renovated apartment; running water; gentlemen; references.

55TH, 326 WEST.—Nicely furnished small, clean rooms; all conveniences; telephone; private family.

55TH, 407 WEST.—Large front hall room; bath; telephone; well-kept house.

58TH, 21-23 WEST.—Elegant suites, single and double rooms; kitchenettes; telephone; $4, $7, $9, $10; transients.

60TH ST., 42 WEST.—A handsome front parlor and two adjoining bedrooms; bath; every convenience; private entrance; Parisian; refined family; $15. Lamballe.

68TH 25 WEST.—Well-appointed, luxurious house; every improvement; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; large single; running water; references.

70TH, 206 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms, running water, Summer rates.

71ST, 151 WEST.—Large, small rooms; Summer rates; refined business people; 72d Subway, "L"; telephone; reference.

71ST, 135 WEST.—LARGE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATH; ELECTRICITY; SINGLE ROOMS; BOARD OPTIONAL.

71ST, 104 WEST.—Large, bright, well-furnished room; private family.

72D to 160TH, BROADWAY TO RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Elegantly furnished rooms and suites in private modern apartments; $4 up. For full details call Howard, Suite 708, 1,482 Broadway, near 42d St.

72D, entrance West End Av., 257.—Elegant rooms, $5 up; gentlemen; telephone.

73D ST., 115 WEST.—Handsomely appointed rooms; single, en suite; private bath optional; references.

73D WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Desirable rooms for gentlemen; private family. Z 322 Times.

73D, 255 WEST.—Two very desirable small rooms to rent; select; reference.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large or small; private baths; reasonable; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms; one private bath; suitable physician; Summer rates.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Large room; private bath; also single room; electricity; telephone; references.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates; references.

78TH, 160 WEST.—Inspection invited, newly furnished renovated house; sanitary; large, small rooms; private baths; extremely low rates.

78TH, 203 WEST.—Front sitting room and bedroom; running water; exceptional cleanliness; $9.

78TH, 203 WEST.—Large bedroom; adjoining bath; clean; attractively furnished; $4. Julien.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private bath; light housekeeping; $3-$10.

78TH ST., 214 WEST. Cool rooms, all with private baths.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful rooms; private bath; twin beds; Subway; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Cool rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; reference.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Beautiful front room; private bath; electricity; also single rooms.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large room; piano; private bath; small room; telephone; "L."

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private bath, electricity, piano; Summer rates.

82D ST.—Outside room; private bath; high-class apartment; breakfast optional; convenient locality; gentleman. M 53 Times.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—New house; near Central Park; large, small rooms; Summer rates.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large, well-furnished light room; bath; telephone; $3.50. Anderson.

82D ST., 134 WEST.—Summer rates; spacious second-floor rooms; private baths.

83D, 11 WEST.—Cool rooms, overlooking park; quiet, homelike; special Summer rates.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Attractive, cool room; desirable apartment; references; moderate. Ochs.

84TH ST., 45 WEST.—Large, medium-sized rooms adjoining bath; select neighborhood; breakfast; telephone.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Large and medium-sized rooms; also hall room; telephone; reference.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Block Subway; cool, outside rooms; special rates Summer; transients.

86TH, 341 WEST.—A small furnished room; exclusive neighborhood; near Subway and Riverside.

87TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room; bath; references; gentlemen; private house.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

91ST, 74 WEST.—Large and small, well-set rooms; reasonable; convenient.

93D, 107 WEST.—Large and small attractive, homelike rooms; private baths; reasonable.

94TH, 71 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, private house, conveniences, electricity, telephone, reasonable.

95TH, 251 WEST.—Handsomely furnished outside rooms; shower bath; every convenience; high-class elevator apartment; reasonable. 1W.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; attractive room; large closets; bath; telephone; gentlemen.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Elegant two-room suite; housekeeping apartment; telephone, electricity; $6, $7; large room, $4; smaller, $2.50. McNamara.

102D, (near Broadway.)—Private family offers a large, well-furnished room, adjoining bath; convenient location; $5. Telephone Riverside 4529.

104TH ST., 64 WEST.—Cozy light room, running water, every convenience, homelike; reasonable. Gardner.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Large, airy, attractively furnished rooms in elevator apartment; southern exposure; private family; references. Apartment 35.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Cool, pleasant parlor, with bedroom; telephone; only $5.50. Wilford.

115TH ST., 620 WEST.—Large, cheerful room, view of Hudson; running water; minute to Subway, also Columbia University; Broadway cars and Riverside bus; reasonable.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Exceedingly reasonable light, cool rooms, near Riverside and Columbia and elevated and Subway; private adult family. Mowbray.

116TH, (25 Claremont Av.)—Three doors from Riverside; cool front room; high-class apartment house. White.

118TH, 414 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—Attractive, home-like rooms; elevator, telephone; reasonable. Smith.

118TH, 417 WEST.—DELIGHTFULLY COOL, CLEAN ROOMS; RESTAURANT; ELEVATOR, ELECTRICITY. DAMERON.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, single, double; elevator; piano; breakfast, dinner. Henderson.

119TH ST., 420 WEST, Near Columbia University.—Large and small outside rooms; elevator; reasonable. Apartments 21 and 61.

119TH, 125 WEST.—Private house, exceptional, large, small rooms, private baths; gentlemen.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; near Subway, parks, Drive; Columbia grounds opposite; beautiful double front room, with kitchenette; single room also; restaurant; roof garden; see Mr. Yetman.

122D, 136 WEST.—Attractive rooms; select house; polite service; gentlemen; phone; Subway.

122D, 500 WEST.—Outside, double; overlooking Park; large single; elevator; near Columbia. Whyte.

122D, 523 WEST.—Single and double; $3 up; teachers specially accommodated. Sherman.

123D, 512 WEST.—Large corner room; modern elevator house; kitchen privilege. Rand.

137TH, 606 WEST.—Near Riverside Drive; desirable large front rooms; elevator; electricity; reasonable. Norbury.

127TH, 64 WEST. — Well-furnished large rooms, running water, bath; select house.

139TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside cool room; next to bath; reasonable; elevator. Apartment 31.

144TH, 513 WEST.—Pleasant room; clean, quiet house; running water; bath; shower; telephone; near Subway; gentlemen only; references.

145TH ST., 334 WEST.—Large room; immaculately clean; running water; private telephone. 5136 Audubon.

Beautifully furnished 3 rooms and bath in modern apartment; reasonable to responsible parties. Phone Col. 8080. Eburna.

BROADWAY, (86th St. Subway.)—Room in select apartment; business gentleman; reference; telephone Schuyler 8915.

BROADWAY, 1,672.—Beautifully furnished room in modern apartment. Phone 8080 Columbus. Eburna.

OUTSIDE ROOM for gentlemen; high-class apartment; private bath; breakfast optional; convenient locality; telephone. Box S 21 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54. — Handsome room, bath adjoining; breakfast optional. Apt. 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (opposite Claremont.)—Choice of two rooms, running water, closets; $5; private family; 'phone. 2916 Riverside.

SUITE, private bath; singly; electric vacuum cleaned; cultured people; references. Riverside 2087.

Brooklyn.

PROSPECT PLACE, 203.—Desirable rooms, convenient subway and Prospect Park; private family.

Long Island.

Large front room for two to rent without board for season with private family; one block from ocean; exceptional opportunity; reasonable. Eichner, Ocean and Ammerman Avs., Arverne, L. I.

Myrtle Av., 59, Jamaica.—20 minutes from 34th St.; large single room in private family for gentleman wishing to commute; breakfast.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

73D, 153 WEST.—Unfurnished second-floor front; electric light, running water; Summer rates.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty cents a line.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; penmanship lessons by appointment, and improvement guaranteed; Summer session; see catalogue. WALWORTH INSTITUTE, (founded 1858,) Broadway, at 72d St.

GIRLS wanted for Gertrude Hofman's new review; well formed, pretty girls, between 16 and 18 years of age; experience unnecessary; splendid salary; long engagement. Miss Hoffman will personally see all applicants at stage door Colonial Theatre, 62d St., near Broadway, Monday and Tuesday, July 13 and 14, 11 A. M.

NURSE MAID.—Irish girl, not over 20, and capable of taking care of little girl, aged 2, and take partial charge of baby boy; must be fond of children and have had some experience with them; must have references that can be personally investigated; country all year around. Apply, by letter, to Room 113, 29 West 34th St. Employment agencies need not apply.

TWO CAPABLE YOUNG WOMEN wanted, who can give references as to reliability, to obtain orders in New Jersey and Long Island coast places for silk skirts and petticoats; the articles are of first-class manufacture and will command a ready sale among private purchasers, and women of good character and ready address will find the proposition remunerative on a commission basis. Address B 29 Times Annex.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

DANCERS wanted for Gertrude Hoffman's new review; young male dancers, six feet tall; first-class dancers; maxixe, tango, one-step, and turkey trot. Miss Hoffman will personally see all applicants at stage door Colonial Theatre, 62d St., near Broadway, Monday and Tuesday, 3 P. M.

ENGINEER.—Night engineer, licensed, white, with clean record for capacity, character, and sobriety, for high-pressure apartment house; salary, $65. Apply 2 P. M. Saturday, basement, 480 Park Av.

FARMER AND WIFE, no children, care of stock and vegetables; Swiss or Danish preferred. Apply, between 10 and 12 A. M., F. B. Colver, 25 Broad St.

MAN, with real selling ability, can earn excellent income securing subscriptions for established financial and commercial magazine on liberal commission basis. Address D 57 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, with an established office and department store trade, to handle a strong line of children's and juniors' dresses; salary or commission. Box 221 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to sell near-by lots and houses; high commission; leads furnished; splendid opportunity. Boundary Realty Co., 30 Church St.

SALESMAN.—Wanted a salesman of men's hat trimmings to carry a side line which is very profitable; commission. Inquire M. Miller, 110 Greene St., City.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell the best disinfectant proposition on the market; liberal commission. Room 401, 118 East 28th.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted to take care of our established New York City and New England trade on WISCO ATHLETIC SHOES on commission basis; a most desirable side line for experienced shoe salesman; references required. Call at McAlpin Hotel Monday, July 13, any time during day. Ask for Mr. W. J. Krauthoefer, Pres. WISCONSIN SHOE CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

STOCK SALESMAN for proven industrial. We can offer one strictly high-grade stock salesman with clientele and proven ability the opportunity of earning quick commissions. If you are a producer answer in strict confidence by mail. 27 N. Edgewood St., Philadelphia, Penn.

Agents Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

USE YOUR SPARE TIME to build up a mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

A FOREDOOR ROADSTER, $450. Account sickness will sacrifice roadster; cost $1,575; only used five months; fully equipped, including demountable rims; electric light equipment throughout; large gas tank and trunk on rear; lots of extras. Call today, Manager, 161 Clymer St., near Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn.

Demonstrating car, 1914 Allen, 40, five or seven passenger; Lion "40" roadster, slightly used; Paterson "33" demonstrator, 5 passenger. Call for demonstration and special prices. W. P. Mallon, 250 West 54th St.

Hupmobile, 1914 touring car; Westinghouse electric lighting and starting system; full equipment; slightly used demonstrator; guaranteed as new; a bargain. Chas. E. Reiss & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway, at 53d St.

A Quick Bargain—Late model five-passenger touring car; cost $2,000; used six months; $650; fully equipped; demonstrate anywhere. Office, 1,205 Myrtle Av., near Broadway, Brooklyn.

Hupmobile, "32" touring; bought in October; electric lights; so new factory newness not worn off; take advantage of an unusual saving of $350. Peets, 229 West 54th St.

Classy five-passenger auto; perfect order; $750. L. R. Rindskopf, 397 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—Case 1913; 5-passenger; finest engine made. Owner M 77 Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

HIGH-GRADE PACKARD CARS. Coney Island, round trip, 4 hours, $12; other rates lowest in town. Madison Square Packard Renting Association, 25 West 24th St. Phone Farragut 9646.

HIGH-GRADE PACKARD CARS. Six cylinder, 1914, 7-passenger Renaults; latest models; by the day, week, or month. Hawes. Phone 1504 Columbus.

Elegant 7-passenger touring cars; limousines; $3-$4 hourly; special rates week-end trips; also special tours arranged. Telephone 5666 Columbus.

For Rent.—Packards and Renaults, by hour or trips anywhere; monthly; reasonable. Saraydar & Co., 160 East 57th. Plaza 3904.

Late model touring cars for rent; rates reasonable. J. C. Greene, 22 West 60th St. Phone 10241 Columbus.

Packard, 7 passenger, for hire day, week, or month; reasonable. Gilbert. Telephone 7476 Columbus.

Seven-passenger touring cars; hour, day, month. Yorkville Garage. Telephone 7188 Lenox.

Packards and Renaults by hour, day, week, month. Bayart, 348 West 50th. Col. 6602.

Ford Touring, hour or day, without driver; week days only. D 53 Times Annex.

Automobile Supplies.

BALL & ROLLER BEARINGS. Gwilliam Co., 253 W. 58th St. (at Broadway.) Col. 8356.

Automobile Instruction.

Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, Brooklyn.—Owners' course featured; eight years' successful experience; write for free booklet and visitor's pass to school. Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ACCOUNTANT, stenographer, typewriter, seeks position as secretary or office manager. L 161 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, TYPIST.—Knowledge of shorthand; 17; conscientious, hard worker; willing to start for $6. A. S., 117 East Houston St. Tel. 8276 Orchard.

CHAPERONE.—Lady of refinement wishes to chaperone two or more girls through Yellow Stone Park, Canadian Rockies, &c., references required. Address X 226 Times Annex.

MAID OR ATTENDANT.—A lady closing her home desires to secure a position for a well-educated, perfectly trained young colored woman as lady's maid or attendant to an invalid; highest references. Address X 224 Times Annex.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT.—WANTED, POSITION AS NURSE OR ATTENDANT FOR A WOMAN OF FIFTY-ODD YEARS, WHO HAS BEEN A FAITHFUL EMPLOYE FOR THE LAST THREE OR FOUR YEARS. SHE IS CHEERFUL, WILLING AND EFFICIENT. P 330 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSE.—Graduate nurse wants care of invalid; experienced; highest references. X 230 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, 26, accurate, rapid, employed, seeks position with growing commercial concern; has selling ability and will do other work. McC., M 100 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; beginner; American; good penman; intelligent; neat appearance; no agency; $8. H 264 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER. — Accurate beginner; excellent school record; American; $6. H 265 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; experienced; will substitute. F. Scheyer, 438 9th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERT, WOULD LIKE EXTRA WORK EVENINGS AND SUNDAYS. M 55 TIMES.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANTS CERTIFIED. No risk is taken when your work is done by CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS: simplified systems installed; books opened, closed, audited, untangled; investigations; charges moderate. Gross Accounting Co., Inc., 132 Nassau. Beekman 2960.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1380.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone 2351 John.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT MANAGER, 24, executive ability, broad education, quick, accurate, industrious, 8 years' office experience. "J. M.," Times, 304 Washington St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accountant, age 33, steady and temperate; 10 years' experience; exceptionally capable; office manager; references. W., P. O. Box 45, N. Y. City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years; conversant general bookkeeping, stock brokerage experience. M 432 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager; competent, experienced, reliable; $25; references. H 314 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, French, mechanic, 32 years old, having worked fifteen years in best French automobile factories, wishes situation as chauffeur; best references; very poor knowledge of English; one year's experience in America. Rombaldi, 248 West 38th.

CHAUFFEUR, 33, wishes position with private family; economical management; careful driver; very obliging; best references; competent mechanic; wages moderate; several years' experience. Porcell, 409 East 115th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, German (34,) 11 years' experience, American and European cars, wishes steady position; highest references. Frank, 249 East 48th St.

CHAUFFEUR desires position; seven years' experience on best French, English, and American cars; best of references; German-American; age, 34. M 83 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—First-class mechanic, also good driver, wishes position. Joseph Fimbel, 293 Theodore St., Long Island City.

EXECUTIVE with real ability; some busy man will be glad to intrust executive details to a man qualified for responsibility by extensive business experience; married, with family; age 37; held responsible position for several years, ending 1914, with one of oldest department stores in New York City; resigned to accept what appeared to be better position; now an officer in a corporation; I desire such a position in a high-grade business and can demonstrate my value; highest references. Box G 2 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE MANAGER, credit man, qualified for responsibility by extensive business experience with several large New York mercantile houses, desires a position either permanent or temporary; aged 45; married; highest references, character, record, and ability. X 217 Times.

GENTLEMAN, 31, employed, has vacation for July and August, desires position for those two months; small salary acceptable; can furnish best of references. Address Box D Times, 2 Rector St.

JAPANESE (seven assistants) desires house-cleaning; hotel or apartment. M 73 Times.

SALESMAN.—I am now covering New Jersey as traveling salesman for large concern and would like to obtain position for similar work in Western New York; unquestionable references as to character and ability. Address Aggressive, X 223 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 24, desires inside position or as salesman; six years' skirt and dress line experience. M 91 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, PACKER—Experienced drugs, glass; good marker. M. Uller, 243 West 48th.

SIGN PAINTER.—First-class, all around; day, contract work. H 208 Times Downtown.

Lost and Found

Thirty-five Cents per agate line. Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, between Kingston Av., Brooklyn, and 42d St., New York, Thursday; monogram, R. N., and name inscribed. R. Niner, 216 Kingston Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Gold pin, snake design, with diamond drop. Liberal reward if returned to office of Hotel Gotham, 5th Av. and 55th St.

LOST—Monday night, New Amsterdam Theatre or Aerial Garden, large diamond horseshoe; liberal reward. Return 65 East 55th.

LOST—Silver tassel, with silver and blue enamel base. Liberal reward if returned M. F. Riddle, 90 Wall St.

LOST.—Chatelaine watch, pin, gold Medusa head, (flowing hair;) suitable reward. 32 East 81st St.

LOST.—Umbrella, inscription on band. Capt. J. F. Wild, 272 Manhattan Av.; liberal reward.

IF THE PARTY who took by mistake package containing lady's white skirt with pink sash attached from rack in smoking car on Jersey Central train due in Jersey City about 9:25 Wednesday morning, July 8, will return same to Room 404, 366 Broadway, corner Franklin, they will be suitably rewarded.

$200 REWARD for round pearl and diamond brooch, lost July 1, between Cedarhurst and Long Beach. TIFFANY & CO., Fifth Av., 37th St.

Found.

FOUND.—Sunday, lady's pearl brooch; must give description. See Janitor, 310 East 40th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Two small Mexican fawn-colored dogs, half grown; strayed from Amboy and Nelson Roads, Great Kills, Staten Island; blue collars; $25 reward. Downs, 2446 Columbus.

LOST.—Forest Hills, L. I., Friday, German police dog, black, brown markings, short hair, cut ears. Return to 58 Continental Av., Forest Hills. Liberal reward.

Business Opportunities

Forty cents a line.

SALESMEN WANTED FOR THE SOUTH-EAST. To locate in the most rapidly developing section of the United States, where the cotton crop recently cashed in for $1,085,000,000, more real money than the gold and silver output of the world. Must be young, college graduates, preferably with some selling experience, clean record, industrious, able to furnish fidelity bond and invest approximately $500 in guaranteed territory, consignment of approximately $10,000 will be furnished and acceptable applicants thoroughly trained to earn from $2,000 to $5,000 per annum. Address A. H. Sawyer, general sales manager, The Adder Machine Company, manufacturers Wales Visible Adding and Listing Machines, Wilkes-Barre, Penn., or W. C. Gookin, district sales manager, Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. WANTED.—An idea! Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write for "Needed Inventions" and "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money." Randolph & Co., Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

MONEY. Active accounts receivable due reliable manufacturers and wholesalers purchased on favorable terms by a financial corporation in a near-by city; novel plan and entirely confidential; sellers make collections. X 220 Times Annex.

MEN WANTED WITH $500 OR MORE to join builder building tenement houses on corner plot; eight city lots; thickly populated section of Bronx; 400 feet from Subway station. Address for interview, Square Deal, M 62, Times.

JOBBER RATED 50 to 75 THOUSAND, good in Dun's and Bradstreet's, would like to exchange papers for use in bank with firm rated same or better. H. S., 196 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL BANKERS open for number of new accounts manufacturers and wholesalers; advances on merchandise; principals only. Address in detail, Z 212 Times Annex.

About to open first-class family hotel and cafe in heart of city; splendid chance for a worker with little capital. L 163 Times.

Gentlemen undertaking manufacture engineering specialty require investment $7,000; correspondence invited. M 68, Times.

A good hustling partner; must have $1,500; a sure winner; good salary; business established. M 97 Times.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

TO DRESSY WOMEN.—Petticoat, charmeuse, attractive design, and first-class material, for $2.50; in every way equal to article sold in stores for $3; this is absolutely guaranteed; money refunded to those not satisfied; state size and color; remit by express or postal order; references, Colonial Bank of New York and Adirondack National Bank of Saranac Lake. Address Franklin Distributing Company, Saranac Lake, N. Y.

FIREPROOF WINDOWS and fire-escape work; Labor Department violations removed. J. Gescheidt, 212 East 52d St. Phone 3583 Plaza.

Jewelry

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Patents.

Men with patentable ideas write Randolph & Co., Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

Pawn Tickets.

Ready cash for pawn tickets & jewelry. Halpert Jewelry Co., Room 1,018, 1,480 B'way, 42d St.

Business Loans.

Forty cents a line.

H. B. CLAFLIN CO. & ALLIED CONCERNS We will make liberal advances on outstanding accounts against any of these firms. WORMSER & CO., Commercial Bankers, 95 Fifth Av., New York.

Liberal advances made on Claflin's accounts; notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Printing and Multigraphing

Forty cents a line.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,005.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

CASH FOR OLD TEETH. We pay cash for any discarded false teeth, watches, diamonds, gold, platinum, or any jewelry, new or broken, any quantity. Send by mail. We send cash in return same day. We hold your goods for ten days and return it at our expense if our cash is returned unsatisfactory. Established 1896. Liberty Refining Co., 431 Liberty Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pawn tickets bought. Gold. Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver. Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum. Benjamin Feingold, 491½ 6th Av., between 29th and 30th Sts. Established 19 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST. Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; liberal percentage for Provident tickets.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate on detail work, four years' business experience, conversant with entire routine of an office, desires position; A1 references. H 290 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT of building construction open for engagement; experienced, reliable man, having best of credentials. L 160 Times.

WELL-KNOWN HANDKERCHIEF MAN wishes agency for representative manufacturer. Address X 216, Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 33, at present and for last 10 years filling executive position, speaks five languages, seeks suitable position; first-class references and connections. William, 22 Irving Pl., City.

YOUNG MAN of 26 desires connection with business house; thoroughly conversant with railroad and steamship traffic, routing, and connections. Answer X 227 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies

Thirty cents a line.

Help Wanted—Domestic.

SWEDISH or German laundress; also second girl; country for Summer; good wages. Campbell's Agency, 73 Court St., Brooklyn.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

HONEST, experienced, willing colored help; Summer resorts. Harlem 5049. Hope's Agency, 5 East 132d St.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE. Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

FAVORS SUBWAY UP CENTRAL PARK WEST

But There Is No Cash to Build Line at Present, McCall Tells Delegation.

WOULD DIG OUT CIRCLE, TOO

Agreement Approved for Wall St. Passageway Similar to Those Urged for Times Square.

Chairman McCall of the Public Service Commission went on record yesterday as favoring the construction of a subway up Central Park West and the hollowing out of Columbus Circle, so as to be ready for any subway plan which might be undertaken at that spot. At the same time he made it quite plain that the city had no money for such a line at present, and that consequently it was useless to come at present to the commission to have it laid out.

He said this at an informal hearing he and Commissioner Maltbie gave yesterday to a deputation of citizens, headed by State Tax Commissioner Joseph S. Schwab, President of the Real Estate Owners' Protective Association. Mrs. A. E. Ellison told the Commissioners that there was $19,000,000 worth of property at present unimproved, which would be affected by a Central Park West subway, and Dudley S. Harde, President of the Central Park West Taxpayers' Association, gave instances in which property had been sold at foreclosure sale for less than its assessed valuation.

Joseph Caccavajo suggested that the proposed line could be hitched up with either the old Interborough Subway at Columbus Circle or with the new B. R. T. line at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. Commissioner Maltbie remarked that the latter line had been laid out with the idea that two of its four tracks in Seventh Avenue, which now end at Fifty-ninth Street, should be carried north by Central Park West.

Chairman McCall in his reply to the delegation began by citing the case of the Corona elevated line. It stopped short of Flushing, according to the Dual Subway System plans, and suggestions were at once made that it be extended to Flushing and then to Bayside. The Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate, said Mr. McCall, was in favor of going as far as Main Street, but even to get the small amount of money necessary for that, it had to make an application to the Appellate Division to have an exemption granted from the debt limit for the funds needed.

"I am only telling you this," said the Chairman, "to show you the financial condition of the city. Speaking for the entire commission, I say we favor a line up Central Park West, and personally I should be in favor of absolutely excavating in its entirety Columbus Circle, so as to make one grand plaza for future use."

Chairman McCall then reiterated his belief in the necessity of the Central Park West line and the certainty that it would be built, but he said that it would be mere buffoonery and would smack of trickery for the commission to lay out the line now. So he referred the delegation to the Board of Estimate.

The commission has approved an agreement between the Interborough and the Adams Express Building Company, by which the former will construct a passageway from its Wall Street station to the new Adams Express Building at 57 to 61 Broadway. The Adams Company will pay the Interborough $600 a year for the passageway, which the railroad must maintain. It must be kept open on working days from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.

This passageway will extend south from the downtown platform of the Wall Street station for about 45 feet. The platform itself is about 480 feet long and from the northern end to 115 Broadway extends another underground passage of about 200 feet. This means that from 115 to 57 Broadway it will be possible to walk underground, a distance of about 725 feet. It was pointed out yesterday that in this way the kind of sub-grade passageways, which have been suggested by A. L. Drum of Chicago for the Times Square district, are actually being developed downtown through the needs of business.

Joseph L. Young of 31 Liberty Street wrote yesterday to the commission to complain on behalf of certain of his clients that the effect of the absorption of the New York City Interborough Railway of the Bronx into the Union Railway system had been to diminish the advantage to the public of the arrangement, by which an 8 cent transfer is exchanged between the New York City Interborough street cars and the subway and elevated lines of the Interborough.

Union Railway cars are running on the City Interborough tracks, and Mr. Young states that his clients complain that this has resulted in a decrease in the number of the City Interborough cars which are operated and an increase in the number of the Union Railway cars, which give and take no 8 cent transfers. Moreover, they object to the repainting of the City Interborough cars in the colors of the Union Railway and the dressing of the City Interborough conductors in the Union Railway uniforms.

When the matter was called yesterday to the attention of Commissioner Wood, he said that it was the first he had heard of it, but that he would take it up immediately. In the same way Joseph Johnson, head of the Transit Bureau of the commission, directed his Inspectors to make an investigation today.

At the offices of the Third Avenue Railway Company, which controls both the Union Railway Company and the New York City Interborough Company, it was admitted yesterday that the impeachment as far as the change in the colors of the cars and uniforms of the conductors, was correct. They are assuming gradually the hues of the Union Railway Company. It was, however, denied that the dress of cars or conductors had any effect on the transfer situation. The service of the City Interborough cars, it was said, had been improved 15 per cent. over that of last year.

THIRD PLAGUE DEATH.

New Orleans Undertakers Warned in Bubonic Epidemic.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—Another death from the bubonic plague was announced today by the Public Health Service officers, making a total of four cases and three deaths since the outbreak of the disease here on June 27. Today's victim was Leon de Jean, a negro, who was found ill at his home, 2,227 St. Ann Street, on July 5 and was removed to an isolation hospital.

Dr. W. P. O'Reilly, City Health Officer, today issued an order to undertakers that no burial permits should be issued until an investigation of the cause of death had been made by Federal health officers. Notice was received at the headquarters of the Public Health Service that all passengers arriving in the Canal Zone from New Orleans would be detained in quarantine for seven days.

DRUG USERS SENTENCED.

Six Men Punished for Having Opium in Their Possession.

Six persons found guilty of having drugs in their possession were sentenced yesterday by Justices Russell, Herrmann, and Kernochan in Special Sessions. Thomas McGovern, a jewelry salesman, of 385 Tenth Avenue, was sent to the workhouse for six months for having morphine. David Johnson, a laborer, of 202 West Thirty-fifth Street; Frank De Mar, a mechanic, of 305 Tenth Avenue, and Harry Kennedy, a driver, received similar sentences.

On Cow, a laundryman, of 17 Doyer Street, who was arrested on July 2 in front of his shop and was found to have opium, was sent to the Tombs for thirty days. Charles Harris, 18 years old, of 38 East Eleventh Street, who was found with cocaine in his possession, was sent to the Reformatory.

STILL HOLD MRS. ANGLE.

Police Say She May Be Accused of Second Degree Murder.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., July 10.—Unexpected developments said to be unfavorable to Mrs. Helen M. Angle caused Coroner Phelan to postpone again his investigation of the death of Waldo R. Ballou to-day. Mrs. Angle has been held without bail here since the last session of the inquest and she will remain in jail not charged with any crime, the Coroner says, until the final hearing on Monday, July 20.

On that day, according to the police, Mrs. Angle will be charged with murder in the second degree. This statement, Chief of Police Brennan said, was based upon new and important evidence. No one would make known the nature of the new evidence, but all the officials interested in the investigation admitted that it was most important. Even in the office of N. C. Downs, Mrs. Angle's chief counsel, it was admitted today that Mrs. Angle probably would be charged with murder in the second degree. Mr. Downs was out of town today, but it was said in his office that he expected the charge to be made after the inquest had been concluded. Mr. Downs does not expect, however, that Mrs. Angle ever will be tried. He believes the Grand Jury will find the evidence of the State insufficient.

While the representatives of the State are working to clear up the mystery of Mr. Ballou's death, Mrs. Angle and her father, Leonard Blondel, are suffering seriously from suspense. Mr. Blondel has aged noticeably since the tragedy and yesterday he collapsed when he heard that it would be more than a week before the case could be developed. He waited in the main corridor of the Town Hall this afternoon for two hours while Coroner Phelan, Chief Brennan, Dr. Bruce S. Weaver, the bacteriologist in the case, and Homer S. Cummings, State's Attorney, were in consultation in Mr. Cummings's office near by. When the Coroner came to the hall, Mr. Blondel did not see him and was not in the court room when he announced the adjournment of the hearing. A few minutes afterward, however, Mr. Blondel heard some one in the corridor repeat the announcement, and he hurried to the Chief of Police's office. He saw Chief Brennan, Dr. Weaver and several others there, and the Chief confirmed the notice of adjournment. Mr. Blondel exclaimed:

"Can't you end this suspense? Why are you trying to kill us both?"

As he spoke he sank into a chair and fainted. Dr. Weaver at once administered a restorative. Some time afterward Mr. Blondel was taken to his home in an automobile.

The contemplation of a charge of second degree murder means, Chief Brennan said, that the State has given up looking for a motive for the killing of Mr. Ballou or for premeditation, but will seek to prove only that Mr. Ballou was killed in Mrs. Angle's rooms while in a quarrel with her.

Dr. Weaver was not prepared to testify today to the nature of all of the stains found in Mrs. Angle's rooms. He already has said that several of the red spots discovered on the floors were blood, but he has not finished his analysis of other and larger ones.

16-YEAR-OLD A SUICIDE.

Allen G. Morse Broke Down Under Strain of Hard Study.

Allen G. Morse, a 16-year-old boy, whose people were well-to-do until a year ago when financial reverses overtook them, was found dead yesterday morning in Fort Washington Park. Mounted Policeman Sullivan, who came upon the body while on patrol duty, found beside it a revolver with one empty and four loaded chambers. The boy seemed to have been dead for some hours.

A crowd which collected in the park was joined by George L. Lowes of 295 Lafayette Street. Mr. Lowes was out searching for his nephew, who had not been home since 9 o'clock Thursday night, according to information conveyed over the telephone from the boy's mother, with whom he lived at 656 West 178th Street. Mr. Lowes identified the body as that of his nephew.

At the office of the Northwestern Mutual Insurance Company, where young Morse was employed as a clerk, it was said that he had confided to other clerks that he might have trouble with an Italian, and so had begun to carry a revolver. The boy's mother, however, scouted the theory of a fight or possible murder.

"My boy," she said, "was worried and distracted about his studies. He was of a morose and silent disposition and studied altogether too hard. I think he broke down under the nervous strain of his hard work at high school last Winter, followed at once by his effort to became an insurance clerk."

Mrs. Morse said her son told her he was going for a walk when he left the house Thursday evening.

OIL SOUGHT IN NEW JERSEY.

Farmers Give Free Leases to Encourage Development.

Special to The New York Times.

CASSVILLE, N. J., July 10.—That the pine barrens of Ocean County abound in oil is the opinion of engineers who have investigated the plant life and geology of the territory lying between Toms River and New Egypt, with this place as the central point. Accordingly drilling machinery is arriving on the tract owned here by Postmaster W. C. Van Hise, and work on the construction of a 100-foot derrick with which to carry on the contemplated operations will be commenced early next week.

Agents of a New York company have three-month leases on nearly 100,000 acres in the district. Land owners welcoming possible developments have given three-month leases free of charge.

The revival of the oil drilling in this territory recalls the efforts of two years ago, when a similar plan, on a much smaller scale, was abandoned after no oil was found. It is declared that the engineers now believe the oil deposits are quite deep, and accordingly the drillings will be sunk 2,500 feet unless gushers are found at lesser depths.

Natural conditions denote the existence of oil in this vicinity, according to naturalists. Plant life peculiar to oil-producing regions is found, they say, and the yellow tops familiar in the oil-bearing regions of California are declared to be found in plenty here. It is asserted that water taken from the ground in some places in the territory is bluish, and that the bubbles from it explode with a crack when a lighted match is held over them. In one place, according to the engineers, some subterranean force is making the water rise above its natural level, and workmen on the property recently found water four feet from the top of a hill surmounting the surrounding land for a quarter of a mile.

LAVA CUTS AWAY SNOW.

Alaska Volcano Stripped of Its Mantle During Eruption.

SEWARD, Alaska, July 10.—Further details of the tremendous volcanic activity along the Alaskan peninsula, west of Seward and reaching to the Aleutian Islands, were given today by Capt. McMullen of the steamer Dirigo, which brought first news of the outburst.

Observations made by the crew of the Dirigo on July 1 showed that a new crater had opened on the north side of Mount Shishaldin, the most westerly of the three peaks in eruption. Flowing lava had cut a wide path through the snow for miles down the side of the mountain. Mount Shishaldin, which is on Unimak Island, is one of the most active volcanoes in the world, and has been in almost continuous eruption for years.

Pavlof Volcano, on the Alaska peninsula, was throwing out a black ash, the light fall of which was noticed on the Dirigo.

When the Dirigo was at Cold Bay, thirty miles west of Mount Katmai, a week ago, the smell of sulphur was strong, but the smoke coming from the mountain was so thick that the extent of the eruption could not be determined.

For more than six weeks the sky has been overcast with heavy clouds high in the air, and there has been more than the usual amount of rain.

M'ANENY'S REPAVING CHECKED BY MITCHEL

Mayor and Controller Hold the Appropriation Down to $1,090,000.

CONNOLLY IN A QUARREL

Has Words with a Finance Clerk and Tilden Adamson Intervenes at Board of Estimate Meeting.

A line-up of the members of the Board of Estimate, which showed a division between Mayor Mitchel and Controller Prendergast on the one side and the five Borough Presidents and President McAneny of the Board of Aldermen on the other, and a row between Borough President Connolly of Queens and an auditor in the Controller's office, which nearly resulted in blows, marked the close yesterday of one of the most exciting sessions the board has held this year.

The division in the board occurred over the question of appropriating money for street paving. In 1912 and 1913, when Mr. McAneny was Borough President, the board appropriated about $5,000,000 a year for street paving purposes. It was decided this year to cut the amount down to $3,000,000. Last March the board voted on account $1,090,000, and the proposition came up yesterday to increase this amount to the $3,000,000 that Mr. McAneny said was necessary to carry on the work.

The Controller and the Mayor thought the amount should remain at $1,090,000. Mr. McAneny explained that while it was really the fight of the Borough Presidents, the policy of replacing old, worn-out pavement with new material of the best grade, which he had adopted while Borough President, should be carried on, and that $3,000,000 was absolutely necessary. The vote which followed was 10 to 6 in favor of Mr. McAneny and the Borough Presidents, the Mayor and the Controller each casting three votes against it.

As the matter was not on the calendar, twelve votes, under the rules of the board, were necessary to adopt the resolution, and it went over until July 30, the next meeting of the board. By that time, Mr. McAneny said, the matter would be put on the calendar, and as only a majority of votes would then be necessary, the expenditure of $3,000,000 would undoubtedly be authorized. Mr. McAneny also made a motion to leave with the Corporate Stock Budget Committee the question of deciding how much each borough should have, and this also went over to the next meeting, although it was decided to let the committee investigate and make a report on the matter.

The row involving Borough President Connolly occurred just as the meeting was ending. Joseph H. Eustace, an auditor of accounts in the Finance Department, held a whispered conversation with Harold Tait, an assistant engineer in President Connolly's office. President Connolly suggested that if Mr. Eustace had any remarks to make he should make them direct to the Borough President. Eustace moved away, and when President Connolly left the room Eustace approached and said to the Borough President:

"You are the meanest scoundrel in the city's employ."

Just then Controller Prendergast and Mr. McAneny came along, and President Connolly, turning to the Controller, said:

"Do you allow an employe of your department to grossly insult a member of the Board of Estimate?"

The Controller said he didn't know what it was all about, and Tilden Adamson, head of the Bureau of Contracts of the Controller's office, suggested that the best way out was for Mr. Connolly to prefer charges against Mr. Eustace in the regular way. The Borough President said he would do so.

At yesterday's session the Board continued the vote on emergency corporate stock items. The first matter that came up was the policy the board would pursue in the matter of public improvements for the next three and a half years. It was decided temporarily to limit the authorization of public improvements, the cost of which is payable from the Street Improvement Fund, to a total amount which in any one year shall be $1,000,000 less than the total amount of assessments which may be collected during that year.

A resolution providing that the limit for 1914 be placed at $5,000,000; for 1915 at $4,000,000 and for subsequent years at $3,000,000, and that a public improvement budget be prepared for the three succeeding years of this Administration, was put over for consideration at the July 30 meeting.

The Board approved the contract with the Underpinning and Foundation Company for the construction of the new subway from the Bowery to Broadway on Canal Street, and authorized $1,822,994 in corporate stock to meet the obligation. The Board voted $18,425 for the New York Zoological Park for the construction of a hospital building and improvements to houses and grounds. To Park Commissioner Weier of Queens was allowed $30,000 for improvements to the park system there.

President Marks, of Manhattan, got $23,800 for improving Morningside Park, and $38,027 to provide for the development of market spaces under the Williamsburg and Manhattan bridges to be used for push cart markets. The matter of allowing increases in the salaries in the budget for next year was laid over until July 30.

TO BUY WHAT THEY WANT.

All Brands of Supplies for Sailors to be Carried by Navy Canteens.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Secretary Daniels announced today that after careful consideration of the matter and a thorough investigation, he had reached a conclusion as to the method to be followed in awarding contracts for supplies for the ships' canteens.

The original opening of bids for these canteens was cancelled, according to a Navy Department statement, because they called for proprietary articles and limited arbitrarily the articles that could be purchased by the sailors with their own money to certain favored brands picked for them by the department. New proposals were issued which threw open competition for these supplies to all bidders and which the department says made quality the basis of comparison rather than trade names.

Secretary Daniels decided that all the bidders on the second opening whose goods pass the test for purity and quality shall be placed on an accepted list at the prices offered and these supplies may in the future be purchased by the enlisted men. To insure the greatest latitude of choice on the part of the men themselves in purchasing what they want the department will order the ships' commissary stores to carry, for the present, some of each of these brands in stock. The subsequent orders will be regulated by the sales.

FIRE ALARM FOR A SHOOTING

Wife of Injured Man Calls Engines in Mistake for an Ambulance.

Two men were shot at a dance that was given by the Robert Kelly Association for Robert Kelly's benefit in the rear of a saloon kept by a Mrs. Van Kroge at 107 Greenwich Street early this morning. The police reserves of the Greenwich Street station were sent to the place and several men were arrested.

The injured men were John C. Borst, a clerk, of 422 Fifth Street, and Joseph Oliver, of 334 Pearl Street. At Cedar and Greenwich Streets, after running from the hall, Oliver collapsed, and his wife turned in a fire alarm, thinking it would bring an ambulance. As the firemen were responding Oliver recovered and, seeing the mistake that had been made, ran on with his wife. He was near Volunteer Hospital when he fell again, and was taken into the hospital, where he was treated, and the police were notified. After he had been questioned the police arrested him.

TO RATE ACCIDENT RISKS.

Leon S. Senior Made Manager of Workmen's Compensation Board.

The Governing Committee of the Compensation Inspection Rating Board announced yesterday the appointment of Leon S. Senior as Manager of the Board, the appointment to take effect immediately upon the acceptance of Mr. Senior's resignation as Chief Examiner of the Workmen's Compensation Bureau of the State Insurance Department.

Mr. Senior, who is a lawyer, was graduated from New York University. He has been connected with the Insurance Department since 1907. With Prof. Whitney he assisted in the preparation of the draft which served as a basis for the New York compensation law.

The Compensation Inspection Rating Board represents thirty-two stock companies and fifteen mutual companies authorized to transact workmen's compensation insurance and the State Insurance Fund created under the provisions of the workmen's compensation law. The Rating Board will inspect and rate all of the manufacturing, contracting and other risks of employers, who are subject to the compensation law. In this work it will have the moral support of the State Insurance Department. Through this inspection and rating the employers in the State may obtain reductions in premiums by satisfactory physical conditions in their plants and favorable accident experience. The Board has appointed as Assistant Manager Charles S. Fowler, formerly Second Deputy in the State Insurance Department, and as Chief Inspector, J. A. McKinnon, who has had extensive experience as a Safety Engineer.

FOG HALTS THE LUSITANIA.

Slowed Down to Five Knots for Safety in Ice Region.

The Lusitania of the Cunard Line arrived here yesterday from Liverpool several hours late owing to fog which she encountered from the Grand Banks off and on to Quarantine. Captain Daniel Dow said he lost eighteen hours leaving New York on his last voyage and when he saw the thick bank at Sandy Hook yesterday he asked the pilot if the weather had cleared since the Lusitania left three weeks ago.

"When I got fog in the ice region," said the Captain, "I stopped and then went ahead at five knots in case one of the bergs had rambled away on its own account and got in my fairway by any chance."

The Lusitania made the voyage of 3,120 miles in 5 days 17 hours at an average speed of 22.77 knots. She had 254 first, 256 second and 1,229 steerage passengers and mails. In the steerage were 200 stewards, firemen and sailors for the Anchor liner Cameronia, which will sail from New York for Glasgow, after being fitted with a new sternpost, on July 25.

The Rev. G. A. Brainville, pastor of St. Joseph's Church, Salem, Mass., returned on the Lusitania, having cut short his trip to Europe to comfort his congregation for the loss of their homes and also the church. He was sent by his congregation to Switzerland and had just arrived there when he heard of the fire that nearly destroyed Salem.

CONEY TO THIRST AFTER 1.

Mayor Will Give No All Night Licenses for Island Saloons.

Mayor Mitchel announced yesterday that after consulting with Police Commissioner Woods he had decided not to issue any all night licenses for saloons or cafés at Coney Island. The Mayor said he did not believe there was any necessity for people there to have their thirst quenched after 1 o'clock, and to allow saloons to keep open all night would attract an undesirable element from Manhattan. He said:

"The Police Commissioner tells me that this season there have been fewer complaints at Coney Island than in many years and that the reason for this is the non-issuance of all-night licenses. He has conferred with the proprietors of several of the large restaurants at the Island and finds it is practically the unanimous opinion that all-night licenses should not be granted.

"One reason is that an undesirable element in the city, turned away from the restaurants and saloons at 1 o'clock, would go to Coney Island to finish the night and disorder would inevitably result. To grant a limited number of licenses at the Island would attract this same undesirable element in large numbers to the reputable places. Early in the season, before this policy was decided upon, two licenses were issued. Both have been revoked."

TAUNTS MAY COST A LIFE.

Negro Baited in a Saloon, Shoots One of His Annoyers.

One negro was injured mortally, another escaped death by a narrow margin, and fifteen others were panicstricken when a negro porter, whose name was said to be Thomas Johnson, became enraged at the taunts of men in the place and "shot up" a saloon in Seventh Avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first Streets, last night. Johnson was employed in the saloon and in the early part of the evening, according to many witnesses, negroes in the saloon made him the butt of their jokes. One negro, known as "Cack," led in baiting the porter, it was said.

"Cack" and fifteen or twenty more men returned to the saloon last night when Johnson's work was done. The porter left the barroom and returned a moment later with his coat on his arm. "Cack" had uttered a parting taunt when Johnson turned upon him, drew a revolver from under his coat, and fired. The bullet missed "Cack," who jumped behind a whiskey barrel. Johnson fired again at the negro's head, which showed above the barrel, and the bullet passed through the crown of "Cack's" straw hat.

The other negroes in the saloon, all of whom were trying to hide behind barrels and kegs, shouted to Johnson to put his revolver away. But the negro's blood was up. He turned to four or five negros huddled in a corner, and fired, at the same time shouting: "I'll kill everybody in the place."

The last bullet struck Walter Ford, of 215 West Thirty-fifth Street, under the left shoulder and passed through the lung. As Ford fell, Johnson ran from the saloon through a rear door. The police of the West Thirtieth Street Station had not been able to find him up to a late hour last night. Ford was taken to the New York Hospital, where it was said he would probably die.

WATCHMAN STOPS BURGLAR

Thief Trying to Force a Door Knocks Guard Unconscious.

Thomas Hart, a watchman in the building at 539 West Twenty-first Street, met a man at 9 o'clock last night in the lower hallway of the building who was trying to pry open the street door with a two-foot iron bar. Hart grappled with the intruder and was knocked unconscious.

Half an hour later Policeman Deleth of the West Twentieth Street Station heard the watchman groaning inside the closed doorway and telephoned to the station through the call-box on his post, and then got into the building by climbing up a ladder to the second story, where he found a window unlocked. Hart was taken to the New York Hospital suffering from a fractured skull. On the fourth floor of the building, in the offices of the Reliable Fur Company, the police found five barrels of raccoon, mink, fox, and squirrel pelts which had been packed hastily for removal.

E&W RED-MAN COLLARS 2 for 25 cts.
"THE RED-MAN"
A typical Summer Style not found in any other line but
Troy's Best Product.


WOMEN MAY NOT WORK AFTER 10 P. M.

Appellate Division Holds the Factory Law to be Constitutional.

RACE WELFARE IN OPINION

Justice Ingraham Tells of Basic Differences Between the Sexes in Deciding Test Case.

The section of the labor law of 1913 which prohibits the employment of women in factories between the hours of 10 P. M. and 6 A. M. was held to be constitutional yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. The prevailing opinion was written by Justice Ingraham, Justices Hotchkiss and Laughlin concurring. A dissenting opinion was written by Justice Clarke, who held that the court was bound to respect an adverse decision handed down by the Court of Appeals in 1913.

Justice Ingraham in his opinion told of the basic differences between the sexes, pointing out that woman was weaker than man and needed laws to guard her, and that it was vitally important, not only for the woman's own welfare but for the welfare of the race, that she should have proper rest and protection. The Justice wrote also of the moral dangers that may come to a woman who goes unprotected during the hours specified in the law. He said:

"Upon the health of women as the child-bearing sex necessarily depends the future health of the succeeding generations. Any occupation that tends to lower the vitality of woman and interferes with her bearing healthy children directly impairs the health and capacity of future generations, and is a subject of the utmost public concern."

The decision of the Appellate Division was handed down in the case of the Charles Schweinler Press, Inc., of 405-421 Hudson Street, which employed Mrs. May Cashel during the hours forbidden by the new law. The evidence was gathered by Miss Esther Packard, an Inspector of the State Factory Investigating Committee, which framed the 1913 Factory law. Assistant District Attorney De Ford and former City Magistrate Alfred E. Ommen brought the case before Magistrate Freschi in the Jefferson Market Court last February to make a test case out of it. Judge Ommen represented not only the defendant company but also a dozen large printing and binding firms.

In the complaint it was alleged that the Charles Schweinler Press had violated Section 93B of the labor law by employing Mrs. May Cashel of 308 West Forty-third Street as a flywoman at 10:24 P. M. on Feb. 3. Mrs. Cashel's duty was to pick up loose sheets of paper from the presses and lay them on a truck for a man to haul away. The testimony showed that the light and air in the factory were good and that nothing about it was unhealthful. Furthermore, Mrs. Cashel liked her work, said it was not hard, that she wanted to work at night, and that if she were not allowed to do so she would have to work for some one else. She said she was the wife of a stevedore and had three children aged 14, 12, and 4. Her husband, she said, could not make enough to support the family, so it was necessary for her to work.

She worked from 6 P. M. until 4 A. M., she said, with one hour for rest, another hour out for supper, and brief rests in between. She said her husband always had breakfast ready for her when she got home, and that her luncheon was always sent to her from a restaurant. In the daytime she slept, she said, for she had no housework to do.

"You see I look sturdy and well," she told Magistrate Freschi, and the Magistrate had to agree that she did.

When the case was taken to the Court of Special Sessions Justices Forker, Herrman, and Fleming upheld the law, calling the employment of Mrs. Cashel illegal. The case was then carried to the Appellate Division. Seven years ago the Court of Appeals held a labor law similar to the 1913 law to be unconstitutional. When the Court of Special Sessions decided that the law was constitutional Miss Josephine Goldmark, Secretary of the National Consumers' League, said:

"The present law is supported by a more enlightened public sentiment than the old law was and the courts are now willing to take account of this sentiment."

SHOE FINDING NEW TO HIM.

Waldorf Visitor Sees Sign of a National Convention.

Though the convention of the National Association of Leather and Shoe Finders was nearing its end yesterday, the big card on the marble column which assisted the collection of badge-bedecked men in the lobby to inform the rest of the public that the Waldorf was its location was in place most of the day—long enough to attract the attention of a visitor from a rural district who had dropped into the Waldorf in a sightseeing tour.

"National Convention of Shoe Finders," he read. Then he turned to one of the clerks. "Well, I've lived many a year before making my first trip to New York," he said, "but by gum I had to come all the way here to find that there was an association for finding shoes. I suppose," he added, "those fellows must work with something like one of these divining rods I have been reading about."

He was gone so quickly that the clerk could not decide whether he was a real "Rube" or a mere wag.

BLACKMAILERS AIDED LAW.

But Court Cuts Resort Keeper's Sentence Because Camorra Informed.

When Giuseppe Piscopo, a butcher, of 16 Leroy Street, was brought before Justices Russell, Herrman, and Kernochan in Special Sessions yesterday for sentence on his conviction for running a disorderly resort, he told the court that his arrest was due to his refusal to give up $1,000 to a band who signed themselves "The Camorra, as it exists in New York."

The Justices were prepared to impose a sentence of a year in the penitentiary, but on Piscopo's assertion and that of Inspector Wakefield that the man's arrest was due to an anonymous communication, they imposed a sentence of three months.

TRIPLETS FOR ZOO BEAVERS

After Long Watching Dr. Hornaday Sees Little Flap-Tails.

Mr. and Mrs. Flap-tail Beaver, whose address is Beaver Island in Beaver Pond, the most secluded spot in the Bronx Zoological Park, are the proud parents of triplets. They are proud, but not boastful. In fact, they are very secretive. It was only after lurking behind a bush for an hour the other morning that Dr. Hornaday, Director of the Zoo, discovered that three little flap-tails had been added to the fold. This is the second time that baby beavers have come to the Zoo. A year ago the Canadian specimens had twins. So this year the American beavers, from Maine, with patriotic fervor, went the Canadians one better.

As a rule beavers do not thrive in captivity. It requires great patience and stealth even to see these little engineers, so canny are they. Though they are far the most industrious animals that live, they won't lift a paw if they think any one is watching them. Since the pond was made for them in the zoo park they have built a fine dam and constructed a house for themselves on the island in the centre. But they have done most of this work by night shifts.

The dam they have built is about 40 feet long and 4 feet high. At the bottom it is as much as 10 feet wide. In the beaver mansion on the island the main entrance is by a submarine door. The doors to their retreat are always concealed. They have several Summer residences along the banks, too, but Mother Beaver and her youngsters are ensconced in their Winter house. It is 10 feet in diameter and about 4 feet high. In building the dam and this house the beavers have cut down more than twenty trees and saplings.

The beavers aren't the only parents in the park by any means. The various families of deer seem to be vying with one another to win the anti-race-suicide medal. There are about 200 deer in the park now. This week four Axis deer were shipped to Atlanta and two to Madison, Wis. They are worth $200 to $300 each.

A new acquisition at the zoo is a stellar sea lion. He arrived on Tuesday from Bering Sea. At present he is quartered in the pool near the administration building, but if he lives and grows fat the pool probably will have to be enlarged, or he will make it overflow its banks. He weighs 300 pounds now, but when he gets a full girth will weigh as much as 3,000 pounds. Six younger specimens of this same variety were formerly in the zoo's collection, but they died. Dr. Hornaday thought they were too young for the change to zoo life.

TWO BOYS UNDER A CAR.

Clothing Caught in Fender, but They Were Released.

David and Benjamin Schneider, brothers, 10 and 5 years old, respectively, who live at 15 East 115th Street, were run down by a Madison Avenue car at 114th Street last night. John Colhane, the motorman, got his brakes and emergency fender working, and the boys were not seriously injured, although they were caught under the car. Several persons tried to get them out without success. Colhane then told the boys he would run the car backward to release their clothing, and they shouted to him to start. He backed the car slowly, and, directed by the shouts of the youngsters, continued until their clothing was free, when they were dragged out.

The younger boy's right foot was crushed and his body bruised, while his brother's scalp was cut and his body bruised. They were taken to Harlem Hospital.

RETIRED TO SAVE HIS MIND.

Injured Fireman's Nerves Give Way Under Strain.

Fireman Frank Boyle has been retired on half pay by the Jersey City Commissioners in the hope that his reason may be saved. Boyle was thrown from an engine, which overturned, a year ago, and suffered injuries, including the displacement of his kidneys. His bodily injuries are healing, but the shock has left him a nervous wreck.

Dr. W. F. Faison appeared before the Commission and said that Boyle must be dismissed or retired or he would die a lunatic. He said that Fire Department affairs were constantly on his mind, and that at the slightest sound he would jump to respond to an imaginary alarm.

With assurance that he was forever freed from the Fire Department and with two years' rest in some quiet place, Dr. Faison said Boyle would probably recover.

GUEST GOT HIS "CHOWDER"

But 'Twas in a Waldorf Bathroom, Not the Men's Cafe.

A man arrived at the Waldorf from Havana on Thursday night and registered.

"What sort of room do you wish, please?" asked the room clerk.

"I vant a chowder," was the reply.

"A chowder?" repeated the clerk.

"Yes, dat's vat you call him—a chowder."

The affable room clerk turned pink behind the ears. He wondered if the other were chaffing him. He turned to his watch mate, Paul J. Hainey, who since he proved able to converse with a Rumanian aeroplanist without going up in the air has been considered the prize linguist of the Waldorf office. Hainey was busy preparing a list of things he wanted to take on his holiday trip to Lake George, and having just noted his new white flannel suit with buckskin shoes to match, had reached a critical point.

"He wants a clam chowder, of course," he translated. "Men's café; down the corridor; second door to the right. Not yet closed." Then he turned to his list.

"But I want not ze dining room," protested the traveler from Havana. "I want a chowder. Surely you have ze chowder?"

"Is it something to eat?" inquired the clerk.

"Ah, no! Eet is in a room. I want a room with chowder. Ze t'ing were zeh water comes out from ze top of ze room, and falls on ze head."

A sigh of relief went up behind the desk.

"Oh! A room with a shower is what you wish."

"Zat's him—chowder." And he was led to it.

Century Chorus Begins Rehearsals.

The chorus of the Century Opera Company began rehearsals yesterday at the Century Opera House for the coming season under the direction of Josiah Zuro, recently engaged as one of the conductors. He was assisted by Alexander Smallens, formerly of the Boston Opera House. The rehearsals will continue until the opening of the season on Sept 14. The Ballet School to be established at the Century will open Aug. 1, when Luigi Albertieri will assemble the ballet of the company, together with about forty pupils who will constitute the school.

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GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. Potash & Perlmutter
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WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th. Evenings at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. PASSING SHOW OF 1914 "OUT-SUMMERS AND OUT-SHOWS ANYTHING SEEN IN NEW YORK."—Times.
39TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20 TOO MANY COOKS
COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8.20. Mats. Today & Tues. 2:20. KITTY MACKAY
CASINO 2 and 4 P. M. Best Seats 25c. Ev. 8:30—15c to 50c Paul J. Rainey's 1914 African Hunt Pictures
Jardin de Danse Mat. Teas SATS. ONLY. 8:30 TO 2. ROOF NIGHTLY CUP CONTESTS AND SURPRISES. Heavenly Twins Rozsika & Yansci DOLLY Sensational appearances 10th Big Week in More New Dances with Carlos Sebastian Mr. & Mrs. Douglas Crane, Dorothy Bentley.
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